

### **Module 4B Questions:**

1. Each of the following accurately represents characteristics of the Chi-Square distribution **except** for:

- A. As the degrees of freedom increase, the critical value of the Chi-Square distribution becomes larger
- B. The region of rejection is always in the left-tail of the Chi-Square distribution
- C. It is a positively skewed distribution
- D. Its shape depends on the number of degrees of freedom

2. What is true about p-value in terms of  $\chi^2$  goodness-of-fit test?

- a. The p-value is the probability of getting a  $\chi^2$  value less than the observed  $\chi^2$  value calculated from the data
- b. The p-value is the probability of getting a  $\chi^2$  value equal to the observed  $\chi^2$  value calculated from the data
- c. The p-value is the probability of getting a  $\chi^2$  value greater than or equal to the observed  $\chi^2$  value calculated from the data
- d. The p-value does not make any significant impact