







# CONTENTS

- Introduction
  - Background and motivation
- Finnsurveytext package
  - Demos

Presentation materials (including demo code):

[https://github.com/DARIAH-FI-Survey-Concept-Network/Workshop-on-Survey-Statistics-2024\\_finnsurveytext](https://github.com/DARIAH-FI-Survey-Concept-Network/Workshop-on-Survey-Statistics-2024_finnsurveytext)



# MOTIVATION

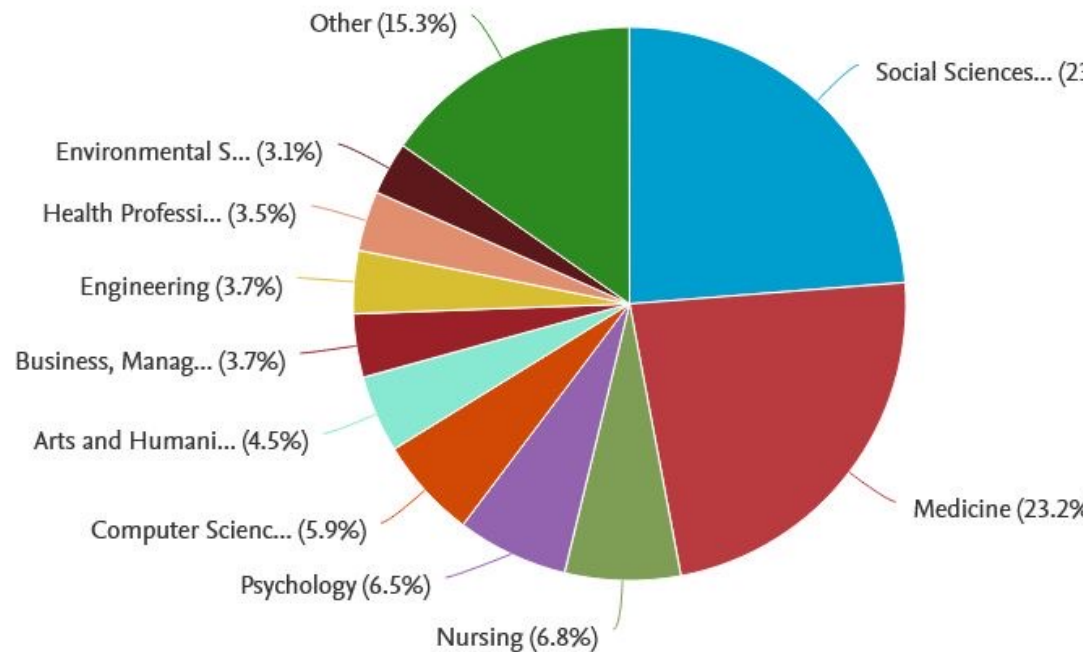
- Open-ended questions are an **important** but **challenging** way to obtain informative data in surveys.
  - Open-ended question data usually requires **extra time investment** (Fielding et al., 2013), but open-ended questions are particularly useful if researchers do not want to constrain respondents' answers to **pre-specified selections**. Open-ended questions allow respondents to provide diverse answers based on their experience, and some answers are probably never thought of by researchers. (He & Schonlau, 2021.)
  - *Hypothesis: Sometimes these divergent experiences may bring to view completely new, emerging societal phenomena.*
- There's limited support for conducting qualitative analysis on **Finnish** open-ended survey responses, so open responses tend not to be utilized properly
- Our aim is to build tools for text data that work with Finnish language with sufficient ease and to support explorative analysis of open responses
  - Integrating tools with R workflows
  - R package to visualize, describe and analyze



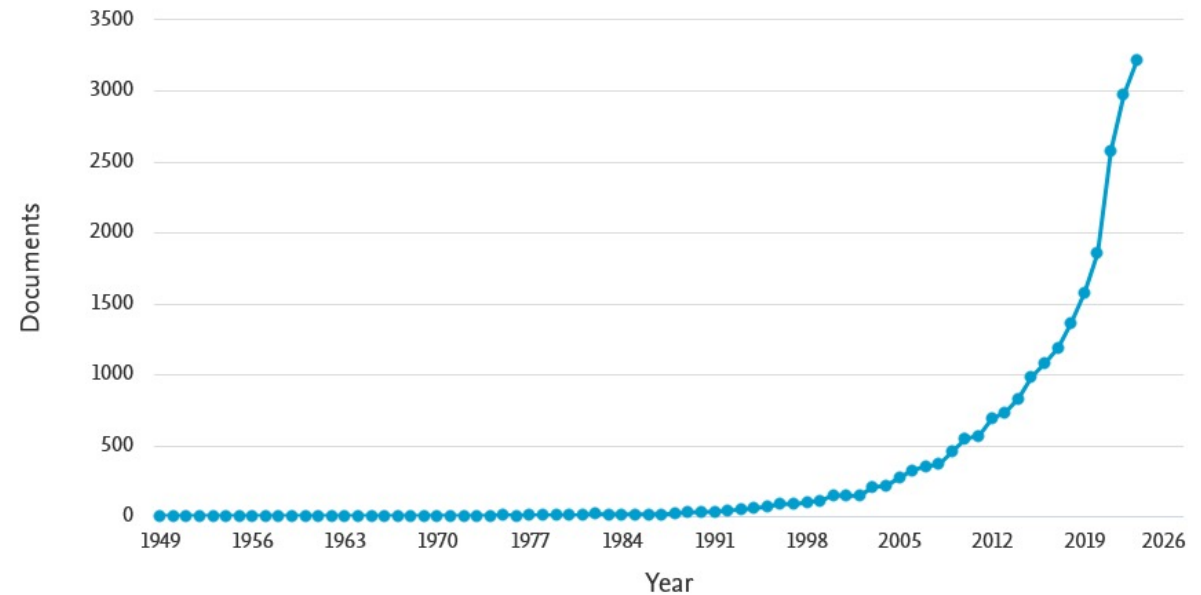
# BIBLIOMETRIC ANALYSIS

Scopus: all fields includes open+ended and question and survey

## Documents by subject area



## Documents by year, All fields

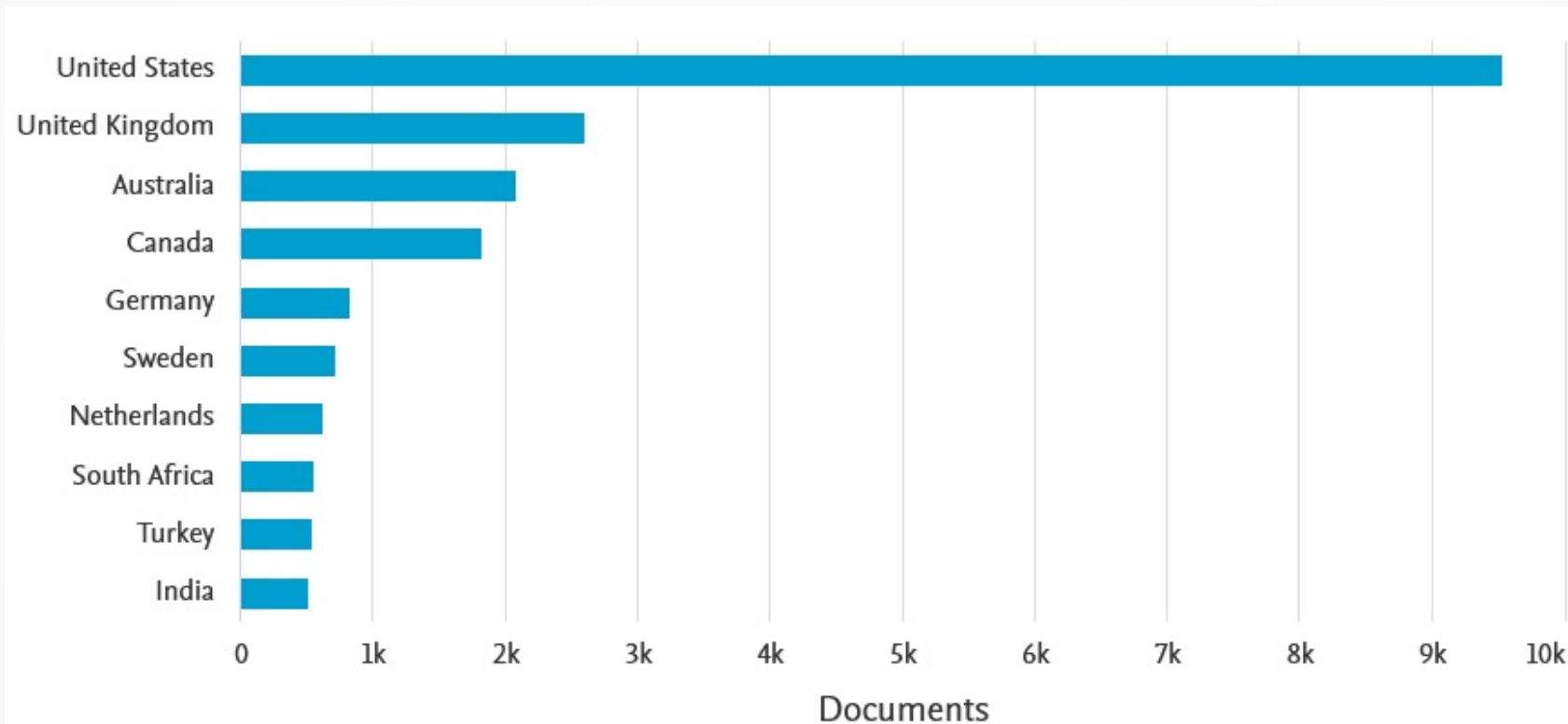




# BIBLIOMETRIC ANALYSIS

Scopus: all fields includes open+ended and question and survey

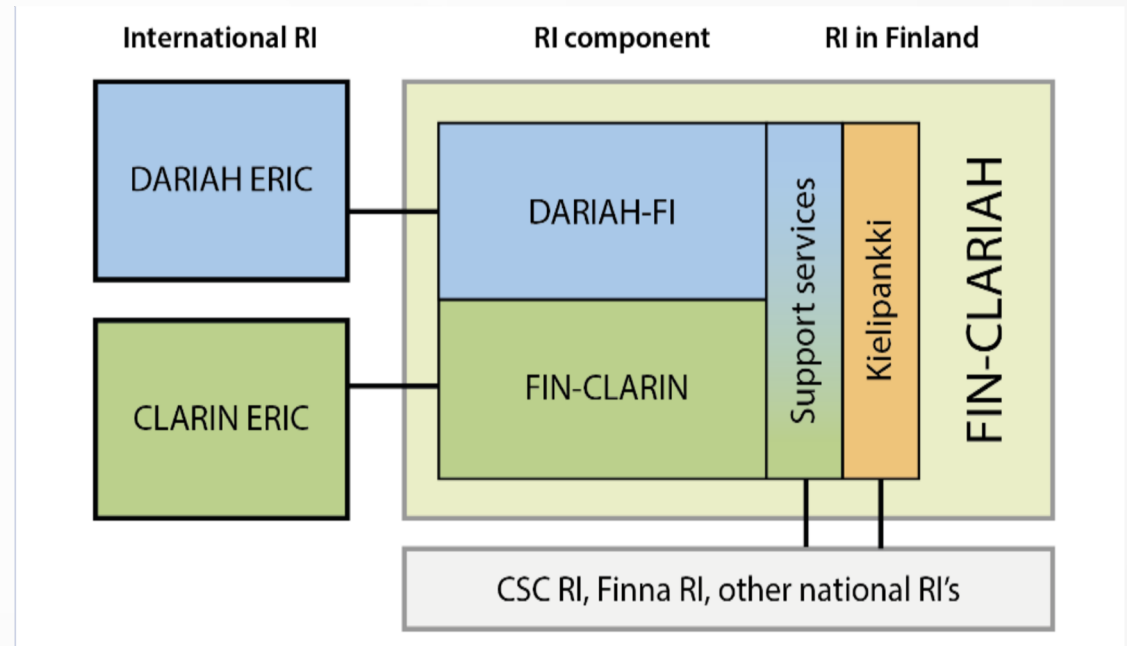
By country





# BACKGROUND

- FIN-CLARIAH is the premier Finnish digital research infrastructure (RI) for Social Sciences and Humanities (SSH) comprising two components, FIN-CLARIN and DARIAH-FI
- The project involves all Finnish universities with research in SSH
- Project aims is to ensure that a digital transformation happens in an orderly fashion without duplication of efforts or reinventing the wheel
- Funding periods:
  - I. 01.01.2022 – 31.12.2023
  - II. 01.01.2024 – 31.12.2025



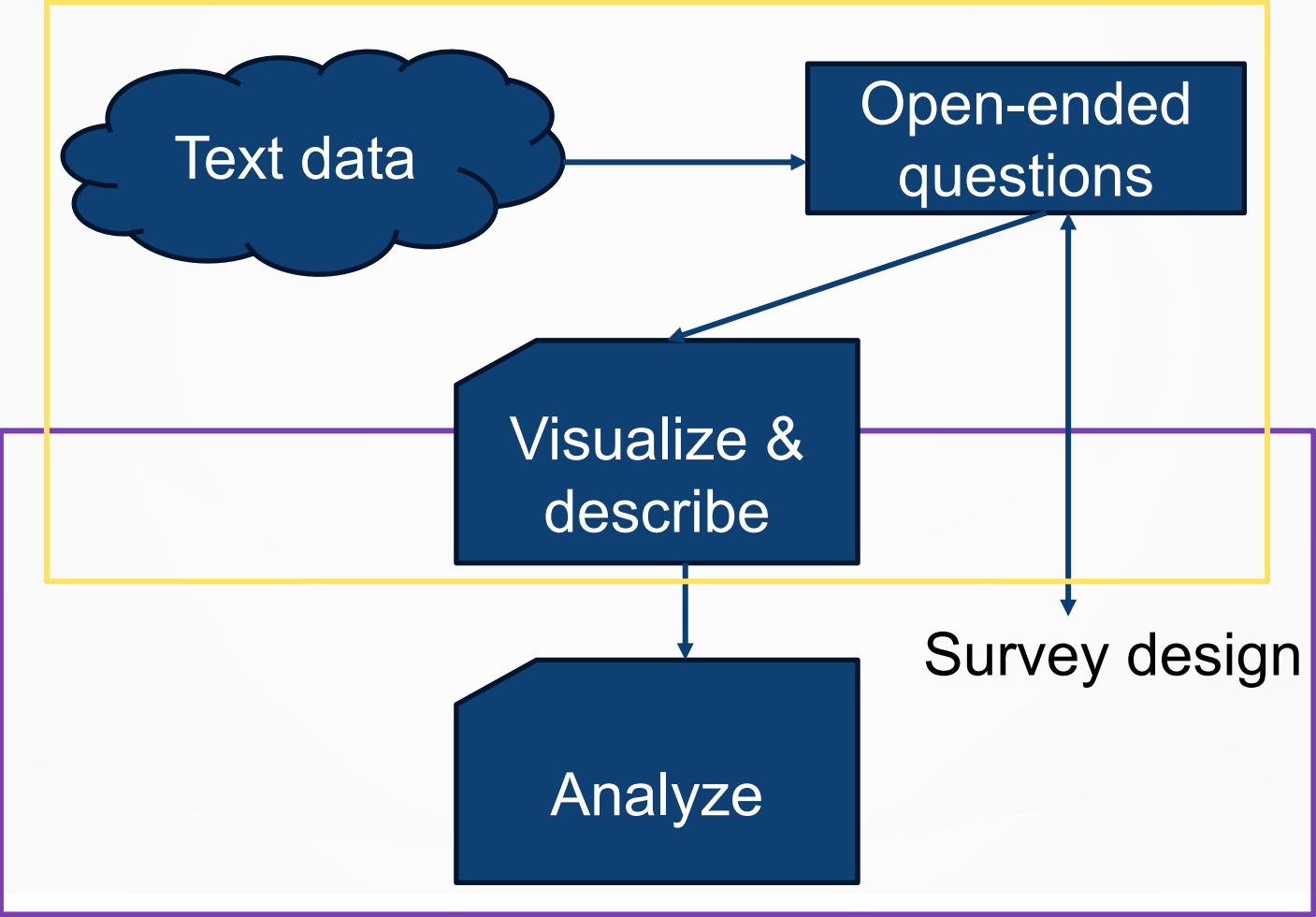


FUNDING PERIODS: 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2023 & 01.01.2024 – 31.12.2025

01/2022 –  
12/2023



01/2024 –  
12/2025





# FINNSURVEYTEXT PACKAGE

- The finnsurveytext package can be found on the CRAN here: [CRAN: Package finnsurveytext](#)
- Package website: <https://dariah-fi-survey-concept-network.github.io/finnsurveytext/>
  - The website contains a number of tutorials covering the package including one about using languages other than Finnish with the package: [Extra-AnalysingOtherLanguages](#)
- To learn more about *TextRank* – the unsupervised algorithm used to within our Concept Network to rank keywords in responses – you may want to look at paper TextRank: Bringing Order into Text (Mihalcea & Tarau, EMNLP 2004)
- The released version of finnsurveytext can be installed from the CRAN:  
`install.packages("finnsurveytext")`





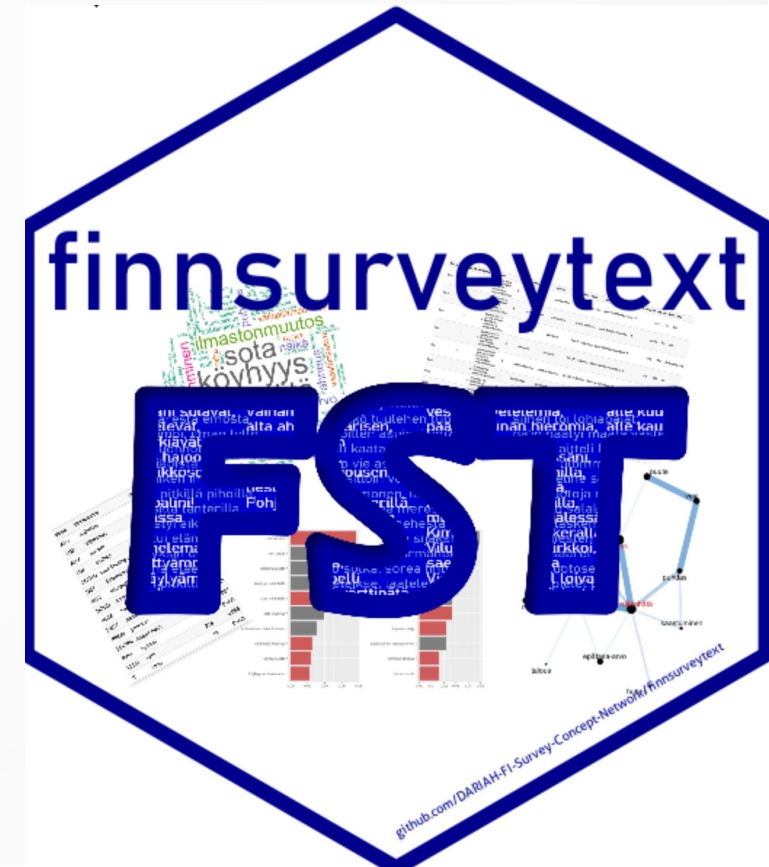
# HOW TO USE THE PACKAGE

Install and load package from CRAN:

```
> install.packages("finnsurveytext",  
  type = "source")  
> library(finnsurveytext)
```

Run (BETA) RShiny app:

```
> runDemo()
```





# FINNSURVEYTEXT DEMOS

- Demo part 1: Introduction, Data Preparation and Summary Tables
- Demo part 2: Wordclouds and N-Grams
- Demo part 3: Concept Network
- Demo part 4: Comparison functions
- Demo part 5: R Shiny App



# LANGUAGE-SPECIFIC PARAMETERS FOR FST\_PREPARE()

Language	language	model	stopword_list
Estonian	'et'	'estonian-edt' <b>OR</b> 'estonian-ewt'	'stopwords-iso'
Finnish	'fi'	'finnish-ftb' <b>OR</b> 'finnish-tdt'	'stopwords-iso' <b>OR</b> 'snowball' <b>OR</b> 'nltk'
Latvian	'lv'	'latvian-lvtb'	'stopwords-iso'
Lithuanian	'lt'	'lithuanian-alksnis' <b>OR</b> 'lithuanian-hse'	'stopwords-iso'
Polish	'pl'	'polish-lfg' <b>OR</b> 'polish-pdb' <b>OR</b> 'polish-sz'	'stopwords-iso'
Ukrainian	'uk'	'ukrainian-iu'	'stopwords-iso'





# EXAMPLE FST\_PREPARE()

```
df <- fst_prepare(data = survey_data,           # Req'd
                  question = 'open-ended qn',   # Req'd
                  id = 'ID',                    # Req'd
                  model = 'polish-lfg',         # Req'd
                  stopword_list = 'stopwords-iso', # Req'd
                  language = 'pl',              # Req'd
                  weights = 'weight',           # Optional
                  add_cols = 'col1, col2',      # Optional
                  manual = FALSE,               # DEFAULT
                  manual_list = ''              # DEFAULT
)
```



# EXAMPLE FST\_PREPARE\_SVYDESIGN()

```
df <- fst_prepare(svydesign = survey,           # Req'd
                  question = 'open-ended qn',  # Req'd
                  id = 'ID',                   # Req'd
                  model = 'latvian-lvtb',       # Req'd
                  stopword_list = 'stopwords-iso', # Req'd
                  language = 'lv',             # Req'd
                  use_weights = TRUE,          # Optional
                  add_cols = 'col1, col2',     # Optional
                  manual = FALSE,              # DEFAULT
                  manual_list = ''             # DEFAULT
                )
```



If you try the package, we would welcome your feedback.





## REFERENCES

Fielding, J., Fielding, N., & Hughes, G. (2013). Opening up open-ended survey data using qualitative software. *Quality & Quantity*, 47(6), 3261–3276.  
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s11135-012-9716-1>.

He, Z., & Schonlau, M. (2021). Coding Text Answers to Open-ended Questions: Human Coders and Statistical Learning Algorithms Make Similar Mistakes. *Methods, Data, Analyses*, 15(1), Article 1. <https://doi.org/10.12758/mda.2020.10>.

Rada Mihalcea & Paul Tarau. 2004. [TextRank: Bringing Order into Text](#). In *Proceedings of the 2004 Conference on Empirical Methods in Natural Language Processing*, pages 404–411, Barcelona, Spain. Association for Computational Linguistics.