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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 4_COD_Question 1

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 10 Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Imagine a bustling coffee shop, where customers are placing their orders for their favorite coffee drinks. The cafe owner Sheeren wants to efficiently manage the queue of coffee orders using a digital system. She needs a program to handle this queue of orders.

You are tasked with creating a program that implements a queue for coffee orders. Each character in the queue represents a customer's coffee order, with 'L' indicating a latte, 'E' indicating an espresso, 'M' indicating a macchiato, 'O' indicating an iced coffee, and 'N' indicating a nabob.

Customers can place orders and enjoy their delicious coffee drinks.

Input Format

The input consists of integers corresponding to the operation that needs to be performed:

Choice 1: Enqueue the coffee order into the queue. If the choice is 1, the following input is a space-separated character ('L', 'E', 'M', 'O', 'N').

Choice 2: Dequeue a coffee order from the queue.

Choice 3: Display the orders in the queue.

Choice 4: Exit the program.

Output Format

The output displays messages according to the choice and the status of the queue:

If the choice is 1:

- 1. Insert the given order into the queue and display "Order for [order] is enqueued." where [order] is the coffee order that is inserted.
- 2. If the queue is full, print "Queue is full. Cannot enqueue more orders."

If the choice is 2:

- 1. Dequeue a character from the queue and display "Dequeued Order: " followed by the corresponding order that is dequeued.
- 2. If the queue is empty without any orders, print "No orders in the queue."

If the choice is 3:

- 1. The output prints "Orders in the queue are: " followed by the space-separated orders present in the queue.
- 2. If there are no orders in the queue, print "Queue is empty. No orders available."

If the choice is 4:

1. Exit the program and print "Exiting program"

If any other choice is entered, the output prints "Invalid option."

24,180,104,2

24,180,1042

241801042

241801042

Refer to the sample output for the exact text and format.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: 1 L
    1 E
    1 M
    10
    1 N
    10
    Output: Order for L is enqueued.
    Order for E is enqueued.
    Order for M is enqueued.
    Order for O is enqueued.
    Order for N is enqueued.
    Queue is full. Cannot enqueue more orders.
    Orders in the queue are: L E M O N
    Dequeued Order: L
    Orders in the queue are: E M O N
                         24180104
    Exiting program
Answer
    #include <stdio.h>
    #define MAX_SIZE 5
    char orders[MAX_SIZE];
    int front = -1;
    int rear = -1;
    void initializeQueue() {
      front = -1;
      rear = -1;
You are using GCC
```

```
int isEmpty() {
//Type your code here
  return front==rear;
int isFull() {
  //Type your code here
  return rear==MAX_SIZE-1;
int enqueue(char order) {
  //Type your code here
  if (isFull()){
   printf("Queue is full. Cannot enqueue more orders.\n");
    return 0;
  orders[++rear]=order;
  printf("Order for %c is enqueued.\n",order);
  return 1;
}
char dequeue() {
  //Type your code here
  if (isEmpty())
    printf("No orders in the queue.\n");
   return '\0';
  printf("Dequeued Order: %c\n",orders[++front]);
  return orders[front]; V
void display() {
  //Type your code here
  if(isEmpty()){
    printf("Queue is empty. No orders available.\n");
    return;
  }
  printf("Orders in the queue are: ");
  for(int i=front+1;i<=rear;i++){
    printf("%c ",orders[i]);
```

241801042

```
24,80,104,2
        printf("\n");
241301
     int main() {
        char order;
        int option;
        initializeQueue();
        while (1) {
          if (scanf("%d", &option) != 1) {
             break;
          }
itch (o<sub>l</sub> case 1:
          switch (option) {
               if (scanf(" %c", &order) != 1) {
                  break;
               if (enqueue(order)) {
               break;
             case 2:
               dequeue();
               break;
             case 3:
               display();
break case 4:
               break;
                                                         24,80,104,2
               printf("Exiting program");
               return 0;
               printf("Invalid option.\n");
               break;
          }
        }
        return 0;
     }
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

241801042

24,80,1042

241801042

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24,80,1042

24,80,1042

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 4_COD_Question 2

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 10 Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

In a bustling IT department, staff regularly submit helpdesk tickets to request technical assistance. Managing these tickets efficiently is vital for providing quality support.

Your task is to develop a program that uses an array-based queue to handle and prioritize helpdesk tickets based on their unique IDs.

Implement a program that provides the following functionalities:

Enqueue Helpdesk Ticket: Add a new helpdesk ticket to the end of the queue. Provide a positive integer representing the ticket ID for the new ticket. Dequeue Helpdesk Ticket: Remove and process the next helpdesk ticket from the front of the queue. The program will display the ticket ID of the processed ticket. Display Queue: Display the ticket IDs of all the

helpdesk tickets currently in the queue.

Input Format

The input consists of integers corresponding to the operation that needs to be performed:

Choice 1: Enqueue the ticket ID into the queue. If the choice is 1, the following input is a space-separated integer, representing the ticket ID to be enqueued into the queue.

Choice 2: Dequeue a ticket from the queue.

Choice 3: Display the ticket IDs in the gueue.

Choice 4: Exit the program.

Output Format

The output displays messages according to the choice and the status of the queue:

If the choice is 1:

- 1. Insert the given ticket ID into the queue and display "Helpdesk Ticket ID [id] is enqueued." where [id] is the ticket ID that is inserted.
- 2. If the queue is full, print "Queue is full. Cannot enqueue."

If the choice is 2:

- 1. Dequeue a ticket ID from the queue and display "Dequeued Helpdesk Ticket ID: " followed by the corresponding ID that is dequeued.
- 2. If the queue is empty without any elements, print "Queue is empty."

If the choice is 3:

- 1. The output prints "Helpdesk Ticket IDs in the queue are: " followed by the space-separated ticket IDs present in the queue.
- 2. If there are no elements in the queue, print "Queue is empty."

If the choice is 4:

1. Exit the program and print "Exiting the program"

If any other choice is entered, print "Invalid option."

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

241801042

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Sample Test Case

```
Input: 1 101
    1 202
    1 203
    1 204
    1 205
    1 206
3 2
    Output: Helpdesk Ticket ID 101 is enqueued.
    Helpdesk Ticket ID 202 is enqueued.
    Helpdesk Ticket ID 203 is enqueued.
    Helpdesk Ticket ID 204 is enqueued.
    Helpdesk Ticket ID 205 is enqueued.
    Queue is full. Cannot enqueue.
    Helpdesk Ticket IDs in the gueue are: 101 202 203 204 205
    Dequeued Helpdesk Ticket ID: 101
    Helpdesk Ticket IDs in the queue are: 202 203 204 205
Exiting the program

Answer
    Exiting the program
    Answer
    #include <stdio.h>
    #define MAX SIZE 5
    int ticketIDs[MAX_SIZE];
    int front = -1;
    int rear = -1;
    int lastDequeued;
    void initializeQueue() {
ont = -1;
      front = -1;
```

```
24,180,104,5
    // You are using GCC
    int isEmpty() {
      //type your code here ^
      return(front == -1 && rear == -1);
    int isFull() {
      //type your code here
      return((rear+1)%MAX_SIZE==front);
    }
    int enqueue(int ticketID) {
       //type your code here
      if(isFull()){
         printf("Queue is full. Cannot enqueue.\n");
         return 0;
       if (isEmpty()){
         front=rear=0;
       }else{
         rear=(rear+1)%MAX_SIZE;
       ticketIDs[rear]=ticketID;
       printf("Helpdesk Ticket ID %d is enqueued.\n",ticketID);
       return 1;
    }
    int dequeue() {
      //type your code here
      if(isEmpty()){
        return 0;
      lastDequeued=ticketIDs[front];
      if(front==rear){
        front=rear=-1;
      }else{
        front=(front+1)%MAX_SIZE;
      return 1;
                                                      241801042
void display() {
```

24,180,1042

241801042

241801042

```
241801042
                                                       24,180,104,2
if(isEmpty()){
printf("0
       //type your code here
         printf("Queue is empty.\n");
         return;
       printf("Helpdesk Ticket IDs in the queue are:");
       int i=front;
       while(1){
         printf(" %d",ticketIDs[i]);
         if(i==rear)
         break;
         i=(i+1)%MAX_SIZE;
                                                                                  241801042
       printf("\n");
int main() {
       int ticketID;
       int option;
       initializeQueue();
       while (1) {
         if (scanf("%d", &option) == EOF) {
           break;
         }
         switch (option) {
           case 1:
                                                                                  241801042
              if (scanf("%d", &ticketID) == EOF) {
                break;
              enqueue(ticketID);
              break;
           case 2:
              if (dequeue()) {
                printf("Dequeued Helpdesk Ticket ID: %d\n", lastDequeued);
              } else {
                printf("Queue is empty.\n");
              break;
           case 3:
                                                                                  241801042
                                                       241801042
              display();
              break;
           case 4:
              printf("Exiting the program\n");
```

```
24/80/1042
24,80,042
                                                  24,180,1042
             return 0;
efault:
printf("Invalid option.\n");
           default:
             break;
     }
       return 0;
     Status: Correct
                                                                     Marks: 10/10
241801042
                         241801042
                                                                            241801042
                                                  241801042
241801042
                                                                           241801042
                         241801042
                                                  247807042
```

241801042

241801042

247807042

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 4_COD_Question 3

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 10 Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Write a program to implement a queue using an array and pointers. The program should provide the following functionalities:

Insert an element into the queue. Delete an element from the queue. Display the elements in the queue.

The queue has a maximum capacity of 5 elements. If the queue is full and an insertion is attempted, a "Queue is full" message should be displayed. If the queue is empty and a deletion is attempted, a "Queue is empty" message should be displayed.

Input Format

Each line contains an integer representing the chosen option from 1 to 3.

Option 1: Insert an element into the queue followed by an integer representing the element to be inserted, separated by a space.

Option 2: Delete an element from the queue.

Option 3: Display the elements in the queue.

Output Format

For option 1 (insertion):-

- 2. "Queue is full." if the queue is already full and cannot accept more elements.

 For option 2 (deletion):-

- 1. The program outputs: "Deleted number is: <data>" if an element is successfully deleted and returns the value of the deleted element.
- 2. "Queue is empty." if the queue is empty no elements can be deleted.

For option 3 (display):-

- 1. The program outputs: "Elements in the gueue are: <element1> <element2> ... <elementN>" where <element1>, <element2>, ..., <elementN> represent the elements present in the queue.
- 2. "Queue is empty." if the queue is empty no elements can be displayed.

For invalid options, the program outputs: "Invalid option."

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 1 10

```
24,180,104,2
Output: 10 is inserted in the queue.
    Elements in the queue are: 10
    Invalid option.
    Answer
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
    #define max 5
    int queue[max];
    int front = -1, rear = -1;
   You are using GCC
int insertq(int *data)
      //Type your code here
      if((rear+1)%max==front){
        return 0;
      if(front==-1){
        front=rear=0;
      }else{
        rear=(rear+1)%max;
                                                    24,30,104,2
     queue[rear]=*data;
      return 1;
    int delq()
      //Type your code here
      if(front==-1)
        printf("Queue is empty.\n");
        return -1;
                                                    241801042
if(front==rear){
     int data=queue[front];
```

24,180,1042

241801042

24,180,104,2

```
241801042
                                                      24,80,104,2
}else{
        front=rear=-1;
         front=(front+1)%max;
       printf("Deleted number is: %d\n",data);
       return data;
    }
    void display()
       //Type your code here
       if(front==-1){
         printf("Queue is empty.\n");
                                                                                  241801042
        return;
       printf("Elements in the queue are: ");
       int i=front;
       while(1){
         printf("%d ",queue[i]);
         if(i==rear)
         break;
         i=(i+1)%max;
       printf("\n");
    int main()
    int data, reply, option;
       while (1)
         if (scanf("%d", &option) != 1)
           break;
         switch (option)
           case 1:
              if (scanf("%d", &data) != 1)
                break;
              reply = insertq(&data);
                                                                                  241801042
              if (reply == 0)
                printf("Queue is full.\n");
              else
                printf("%d is inserted in the queue.\n", data);
```

```
241801042
241801042
                                                    241801042
             break;
           case 2:
                        Called without arguments
             delq(); //
             break;
           case 3:
             display();
             break;
           default:
             printf("Invalid option.\n");
             break;
         }
       }
       return 0;
                         24,180,104,5
Status : Correct
                                                                      Marks : 10/10
```

241801042

0A18010A2

24,180,104,2

241801042

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24,80,1042

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 4_COD_Question 4

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 10 Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

In an office setting, a print job management system is used to efficiently handle and process print jobs. The system is implemented using a queue data structure with an array.

The program provides the following operations:

Enqueue Print Job: Add a print job with a specified number of pages to the end of the queue. Dequeue Print Job: Remove and process the next print job in the queue. Display Queue: Display the print jobs in the queue

The program should ensure that print jobs are processed in the order they are received.

Input Format

The input consists of integers corresponding to the operation that needs to be performed:

Choice 1: Enqueue the print job into the queue. If the choice is 1, the following input is a space-separated integer, representing the pages to be enqueued into the queue.

Choice 2: Dequeue a print job from the queue.

Choice 3: Display the print jobs in the queue.

Choice 4: Exit the program.

Output Format

The output displays messages according to the choice and the status of the queue:

If the choice is 1:

- 1. Insert the given page into the queue and display "Print job with [page] pages is enqueued." where [page] is the number of pages that are inserted.
- 2. If the queue is full, print "Queue is full. Cannot enqueue."

If the choice is 2:

- 1. Dequeue a page from the queue and display "Processing print job: [page] pages" where [page] is the corresponding page that is dequeued.
- 2. If the queue is empty without any elements, print "Queue is empty."

If the choice is 3:

- 1. The output prints "Print jobs in the queue: " followed by the space-separated pages present in the queue.
- 2. If there are no elements in the queue, print "Queue is empty."

If the choice is 4:

1. Exit the program and print "Exiting program"

If any other choice is entered, the output prints "Invalid option."

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 1
    10
    1
    20
    30
40
    50
    1
    60
    3
    2
    3
    4
    Output: Print job with 10 pages is enqueued.
    Print job with 20 pages is enqueued.
    Print job with 30 pages is enqueued.
    Print job with 40 pages is enqueued.
Print job with 50 pages is enqueued.
    Queue is full. Cannot enqueue.
    Print jobs in the queue: 10 20 30 40 50
    Processing print job: 10 pages
    Print jobs in the queue: 20 30 40 50
    Exiting program
    Answer
```

```
// You are using GCC

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

#define MAX_SIZE 5
```

241801042

241801042

241801042

241801042

24,180,104,5

```
24,180,1042
      int queue[MAX_SIZE];
  int front = -1;
      int rear = -1;
      void enqueue(int pages) {
        if (rear == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
           printf("Queue is full. Cannot enqueue.\n");
        } else {
           if (front == -1) {
             front = 0:
                                                                                      241801042
           rear++;
          queue[rear] = pages;
           printf("Print job with %d pages is enqueued.\n", pages);
      void dequeue() {
        if (front == -1 || front > rear) {
           printf("Queue is empty.\n");
        } else {
           printf("Processing print job: %d pages\n", queue[front]);
           front++;
           if (front > rear) {
             front = rear = -1:
 2413012013
      void display() {
        if (front == -1 || front > rear) {
           printf("Queue is empty.\n");
        } else {
           printf("Print jobs in the queue: ");
           for (int i = front; i <= rear; i++) {
...t("%
printf("\n");
             printf("%d ", queue[i]);
                                                                                      241801042
                                                         241801042
```

```
24,80,042
                          241801042
                                                     24,180,104,2
int choice;
int page
       while (1) {
         scanf("%d", &choice);
         switch (choice) {
           case 1:
              scanf("%d", &pages);
             enqueue(pages);
             break;
                                                                                24,80,1042
           case 2:
                                                     24,180,104,2
             dequeue();
             break;
           case 3:
             display();
             break;
           case 4:
             printf("Exiting program\n");
             exit(0);
           default:
             printf("Invalid option.\n");
        }
      }
                                                     24,180,104,2
                          24,80,042
       return 0;
                                                                         Marks: 10/10
    Status: Correct
```

24,80,1042

241801042

24,80,04,7

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NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 4_COD_Question 5

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 10 Marks Obtained : 10

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

You are tasked with implementing basic operations on a queue data structure using a linked list.

You need to write a program that performs the following operations on a queue:

Enqueue Operation: Implement a function that inserts an integer element at the rear end of the queue.Print Front and Rear: Implement a function that prints the front and rear elements of the queue. Dequeue Operation: Implement a function that removes the front element from the queue.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the number of elements to be inserted into the queue.

The second line consists of N space-separated integers, representing the queue elements.

Output Format

The first line prints "Front: X, Rear: Y" where X is the front and Y is the rear elements of the queue.

The second line prints the message indicating that the dequeue operation (front element removed) is performed: "Performing Dequeue Operation:".

The last line prints "Front: M, Rear: N" where M is the front and N is the rear elements after the dequeue operation.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 5
   12 56 87 23 45
   Output: Front: 12, Rear: 45
   Performing Dequeue Operation:
   Front: 56, Rear: 45
   Answer
   #include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
   struct Node {
     int data:
      struct Node* next:
   };
   struct Node* front = NULL;
   struct Node* rear = NULL;
   // You are using GCC
   void enqueue(int d) {
   //Type your code here
     struct Node* newnode=(struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
```

```
newnode->data=d;
    newnode->next=NULL;
       if (rear==NULL){
         front=rear=newnode;
         return;
       }
       rear->next=newnode;
       rear=newnode;
    }
    void printFrontRear() {
printf("Front: None, Rear: None\n");
}
else{
         printf("Front: %d,Rear: %d\n",front->data,rear->data);
       }
    }
    void dequeue() {
       //Type your code here
       if(front==NULL){
         printf("Queue is empty. nothing to dequeue.\n");
         return;
       struct Node*temp=front;
      front=front->next;
       if(front==NULL){
         rear=NULL;
       free(temp);
    int main() {
       int n, data;
       scanf("%d", &n);
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
         scanf("%d", &data);
                                                     241801042
         enqueue(data);
   printFrontRear();
       printf("Performing Dequeue Operation:\n");
```

24,80,1042

241801042

dequeue(); printFrontRear(); return 0; }	24,180,104,2	24,180,104,2	24,180,104,2
Status : Correct			Marks : 10/10
241801042	24,180,104,2	24,180,104,2	24,180,104,2
241801042	24,180,104,2	24,180,104,2	24,180,104,2