PSA: Three-strategy decision tree in R - HVE

The DARTH workgroup

Developed by the Decision Analysis in R for Technologies in Health (DARTH) workgroup:

Fernando Alarid-Escudero, PhD (1)

Eva A. Enns, MS, PhD (2)

M.G. Myriam Hunink, MD, PhD (3,4)

Hawre J. Jalal, MD, PhD (5)

Eline M. Krijkamp, MSc (3)

Petros Pechlivanoglou, PhD (6,7)

Alan Yang, MSc (7)

In collaboration of:

- 1. Drug Policy Program, Center for Research and Teaching in Economics (CIDE) CONACyT, Aguas-calientes, Mexico
- 2. University of Minnesota School of Public Health, Minneapolis, MN, USA
- 3. Erasmus MC, Rotterdam, The Netherlands
- 4. Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health, Boston, USA
- 5. University of Pittsburgh Graduate School of Public Health, Pittsburgh, PA, USA
- 6. University of Toronto, Toronto ON, Canada
- 7. The Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto ON, Canada

Please cite our publications when using this code:

- Jalal H, Pechlivanoglou P, Krijkamp E, Alarid-Escudero F, Enns E, Hunink MG. An Overview of R in Health Decision Sciences. Med Decis Making. 2017; 37(3): 735-746. https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/abs/10.1177/0272989X16686559
- Krijkamp EM, Alarid-Escudero F, Enns EA, Jalal HJ, Hunink MGM, Pechlivanoglou P. Microsimulation modeling for health decision sciences using R: A tutorial. Med Decis Making. 2018;38(3):400–22. https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/abs/10.1177/0272989X18754513
- Krijkamp EM, Alarid-Escudero F, Enns E, Pechlivanoglou P, Hunink MM, Jalal H. A Multidimensional Array Representation of State-Transition Model Dynamics. Med Decis Making. 2020 Online first. https://doi.org/10.1177/0272989X19893973

Copyright 2017, THE HOSPITAL FOR SICK CHILDREN AND THE COLLABORATING INSTITUTIONS. All rights reserved in Canada, the United States and worldwide. Copyright, trademarks, trade names and any and all associated intellectual property are exclusively owned by THE HOSPITAL FOR Sick CHILDREN and the collaborating institutions. These materials may be used, reproduced, modified, distributed and adapted with proper attribution.

Change eval to TRUE if you want to knit this document.

```
rm(list = ls())  # clear memory (removes all the variables from the workspace)
```

01 Load packages

```
if (!require('pacman')) install.packages('pacman'); library(pacman) # use this package to
# load (install if required) packages from CRAN
p_load("here", "dplyr", "devtools", "scales", "ellipse", "ggplot2", "lazyeval", "igraph", "truncnorm",
# load (install if required) packages from GitHub
# install_github("DARTH-git/dampack", force = TRUE) # Uncomment if there is a newer version
# install_github("DARTH-git/dectree", force = TRUE) # Uncomment if there is a newer version
p_load_gh("DARTH-git/dampack", "DARTH-git/dectree") # load one or more GitHub packages
```

02 Load functions

```
source(here('functions','Functions.R'))
```

03 Define parameter input values

```
v_names_str <- c("No Tx", "Tx All", "Biopsy")</pre>
                                                  # names of strategies
                                                  # number of strategies
             <- length(v_names_str)
n_str
wtp
             <- 100000
                                                  # willingness to pay threshold
# Probabilities
            <- 0.52 # prevalence of HVE
p_HVE
p_HVE_comp <- 0.71 # complications with untreated HVE
p_OVE_comp <- 0.01 # complications with untreated OVE
p_HVE_comp_tx <- 0.36 # complications with treated HVE
p_OVE_comp_tx <- 0.20 # complications with treated OVE
p_biopsy_comp <- 0.05</pre>
                       # probability of complications due to biopsy
# Costs
c_{	extsf{VE}}
             <- 1200 # cost of viral encephalitis care without complications
c_VE_comp
            <- 9000 # cost of viral encephalitis care with complications
             <- 9500 # cost of treatment
c_tx
           <- 25000 # cost of brain biopsy
c_biopsy
# QALYs
q_VE
             <- 20
                       # remaining QALYs for those without VE-related complications
             <- 19
                       # remaining QALYs for those with VE-related complications
q_VE_comp
q_loss_biopsy <- -0.01 # one-time QALY loss due to brain biopsy
# store the parameters into a list
l_params_all <- as.list(data.frame(p_HVE, p_HVE_comp, p_0VE_comp, p_HVE_comp_tx, p_0VE_comp_tx, p_biops</pre>
```

04 Create and run decision tree model

```
decision_tree_HVE_output <- with(as.list(l_params_all), {</pre>
 # Create vector of weights for each strategy
 v_w_no_tx <- c( p_HVE * p_HVE_comp , # HVE, complications</pre>
                   p_HVE * (1-p_HVE_comp) , # HVE, no complications
                 (1-p_HVE) * p_OVE_comp , # OVE, complications
                 (1-p_HVE) * (1-p_OVE_comp)) # OVE, no complications
 v_w_tx <- # your turn
 v_w_biopsy <- # your turn</pre>
 # Create vector of outcomes (QALYs) for each strategy
 v_qaly_no_tx <- c(q_VE_comp , # HVE, complications</pre>
                    q_VE , # HVE, no complications
                    q_VE_comp , # OVE, complications
                                # OVE, no complications
                    q VE)
 v_qaly_tx <- # your turn</pre>
 v_qaly_biopsy <- # your turn</pre>
 # Create vector of costs for each strategy
 v_cost_no_tx <- c(c_VE_comp , # HVE, complications</pre>
                          , # HVE, no complications
                    c_VE
                    c_VE_comp , # OVE, complications
                    c_VE)
                                # OVE, no complications
              <- # your turn
 v_costs_tx
 v_costs_biopsy <- # your turn</pre>
 # Calculate total utilities for each strategy ####
 total_qaly_no_tx <- v_w_no_tx %*% v_qaly_no_tx
 total_qaly_tx <- v_w_tx %*% v_qaly_tx
 total_qaly_biopsy <- v_w_biopsy %*% v_qaly_biopsy
 # Calculate total costs for each strategy ####
 total_cost_no_tx <- v_w_no_tx %*% v_cost_no_tx
 total_cost_tx <- v_w_tx %*% v_cost_tx
```

```
total_cost_biopsy <- v_w_biopsy %*% v_cost_biopsy</pre>
  v_total_qaly <- c(total_qaly_no_tx, total_qaly_tx, total_qaly_biopsy) # vector of total QALYs
  v_total_cost <- c(total_cost_no_tx, total_cost_tx, total_cost_biopsy) # vector of total costs
  v_nmb
               <- v_total_qaly * wtp - v_total_cost
                                                                            # calculate vector of nmb
  # Name outcomes
  names(v_total_qaly) <- v_names_str # names for the elements of the total QALYs vector
 {\tt names}({\tt v\_total\_cost}) \ {\tt <-v\_names\_str} \quad \textit{\# names for the elements of the total cost vector}
                      <- v_names_str # names for the elements of the nmb vector
  names(v nmb)
 df_output <- data.frame(Strategy = v_names_str,</pre>
                           Cost = v_total_cost,
                           Effect = v_total_qaly,
                           NMB = v_nmb)
 return(df_output)
})
# model output
decision_tree_HVE_output
```

04.1 Plot the decision tree

```
# your turn
```

05 Cost-Effectiveness Analysis

```
# your turn
```

05.1 Plot frontier of Decision Tree

```
# your turn
```

06 Deterministic Sensitivity Analysis

06.1 List of input parameters

```
# your turn
```

06.2 Load decision tree model function

your turn 06.3 One-way sensitivity analysis (OWSA) # your turn 06.3.1 Plot OWSA # your turn 06.3.2 Optimal strategy with OWSA # your turn 06.3.3 Tornado plot # your turn 06.4 Two-way sensitivity analysis (TWSA) # your turn 06.4.1 Plot TWSA # your turn 07 Probabilistic Sensitivity Analysis (PSA) # your turn 07.2 Create PSA object for dampack # your turn

07.2.1	Save	PSA	ob	\mathbf{jects}
--------	------	-----	----	------------------

your turn

07.3 Create probabilistic analysis graphs

your turn

Vector with willingness-to-pay (WTP) thresholds.

your turn

07.3.1 Cost-Effectiveness Scatter plot

your turn

07.4 Conduct CEA with probabilistic output

your turn

07.4.1 Plot cost-effectiveness frontier

your turn

07.4.2 Cost-effectiveness acceptability curves (CEACs) and frontier (CEAF)

your turn

07.4.3 Expected Loss Curves (ELCs)

your turn

07.4.4 Expected value of perfect information (EVPI)

your turn