Matrix Algebra

DARTH workgroup

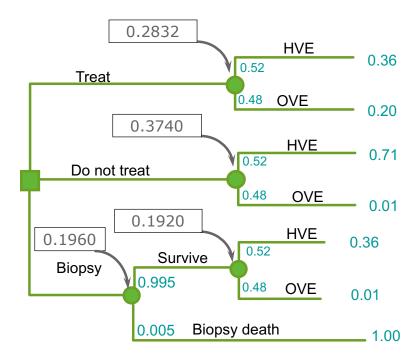
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Why matrix algebra in decision analysis?

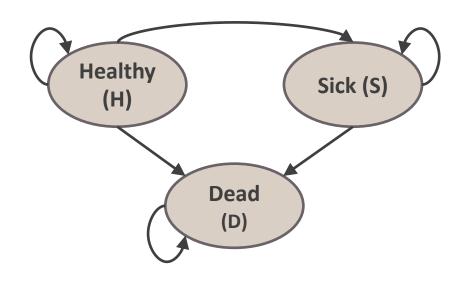
Calculations in decision analysis involve a lot of multiplying and adding one of the strengths of matrix algebra

Decision tree



Folding back method in decision trees: Involves multiplication and addition.

State-transition model



Estimation of proportion in a specific health states also involves multiplication and addition.

people in sick =

$$(p_{Sick,Sick})*Pr(Sick) + (p_{Healthy,Sick})*Pr(Healthy) + (p_{Dead,sick})*Pr(Dead) - (p_{sick,dead})*Pr(Sick)$$

Matrix Addition and Subtraction

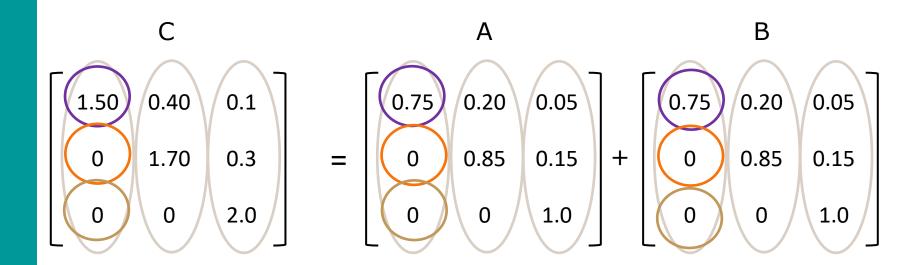
- Matrix addition and subtraction are element-wise operations.
- Only matrices with the same dimensions can be added/subtracted

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 1 \\
5 & 8 \\
-2 & 3 \\
4 & 0 \\
1 & -6
\end{pmatrix}
+
\begin{pmatrix}
3 & 0 \\
9 & 1 \\
-2 & -3 \\
3 & 1 \\
7 & 2
\end{pmatrix}
=
\begin{pmatrix}
4 & 1 \\
14 & 9 \\
-4 & 0 \\
7 & 1 \\
8 & -4
\end{pmatrix}$$

In R

This works similar for subtractions

Matrix Addition and Subtraction (2)



In R: $m_A + m_B$

This works similar for subtractions

Matrix Multiplication

Multiple a matrix by a number

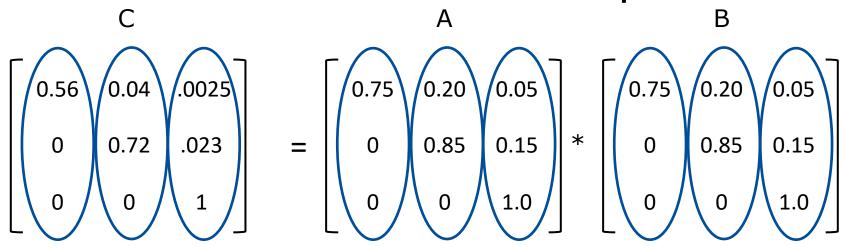
Each element in the matrix multiplied with that number

$$2 \times \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ -2 & 5 & 3 & -5 \\ 5 & 7 & -3 & 0 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 16 & 0 & 4 & 4 \\ -4 & 10 & 6 & -10 \\ 10 & 14 & -6 & 0 \\ 6 & -2 & 2 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

In R

Matrix Multiplication (2)

Matrix Element-wise Multiplication



In R: m_A * m_B

This works similar for divisions

Matrix Multiplication (3)

Multiple a matrix by a matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ -2 & 5 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 0 & 2 \\ -2 & 5 & 3 \\ 5 & 7 & -3 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 80 & 12 & 12 \\ -8 & 45 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2 \times 4$$

$$4 \times 3$$

$$2 \times 3$$

Matrix multiplication requires the first matrix to have the same number of columns and the number of rows in the second matrix

$$= 8 \times 8 + 0 \times (-2) + 2 \times 5 + 2 \times 3 = 80$$

$$= 8 \times 0 + 0 \times 5 + 2 \times 7 + 2 \times (-1) = 12$$

Matrix Multiplication in R

 The standard multiplication operator in R * gives element-wise multiplication

Matrix multiplication is achieved using the %*% operator

```
> matD <- matrix(c(8, -2, 0, 5, 2, 3, 2, 1), nrow = 2, ncol = 4)
> matE <- matrix(c(8, -2, 5, 3, 0, 5, 7, -1, 2, 3, -3, 1), nrow = 4, ncol = 3)
> matD %*% matE
    [,1] [,2] [,3]
[1,] 80 12 12
[2,] -8 45 3
```

Matrix Transpose

- The transpose of a matrix is where the first row of the original matrix becomes the first column of the transposed matrix
- This is sometimes required to match the dimensions of matrices for calculations

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 5 & 8 \\ -2 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 \\ 1 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B^{T} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 5 & -2 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 8 & 3 & 0 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

In R

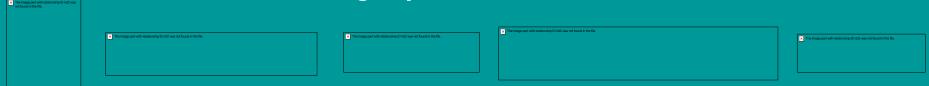
DARTH Workgroup

Fernando Alarid-Escudero, PhD¹ Eva A. Enns, MS, PhD² M.G. Myriam Hunink, MD, PhD³,⁴ Hawre J. Jalal, MD, PhD⁵ Eline M. Krijkamp, MSc³ Petros Pechlivanoglou, PhD6

In collaboration of:

- 1 Drug Policy Program, Center for Research and Teaching in Economics (CIDE) CONACyT, Aguascalientes, Mexico
- 2 University of Minnesota School of Public Health, Minneapolis, MN, USA
- 3 Erasmus MC, Rotterdam, The Netherlands
- 4 Harvard T.H. Chan School of Public Health, Boston, USA
- 5 University of Pittsburgh Graduate School of Public Health, Pittsburgh, PA, USA
- 6 The Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto and University of Toronto, Toronto ON, Canada

www.darthworkgroup.com



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