# FUNDAMENTALS OF DATAFLOW AND SQL

Fundamentals of Data Flow

SELECT
FROM
WHERE
ORDERBY
LIMIT

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# PREVIOUSLY IN DATA ANALYTICS

**Presentations** 

Installing ORACLE SQL Developer

Basic Navigation

Simple Select statement



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# **Prompt for Project**

You have Identified a problem with an actionable solution, gathered requirements, created some metadata.

You are now ready to; Obtain your data, Understand your data and Prepare it using SQL.

## **Prompt for Project**

#### **Initial Draft of Findings:**

Describe the primary dimensions represented in the data.

Describe any initial findings related to your research questions.

Describe what you still need to do for your presentation in order to make a sound recommendation

#### **SQL Queries + Questions:**

List the appropriate business questions you were trying to answer Use correct, efficient syntax for the functions and operators needed Include corresponding output listed in the .sql file Transfer simple Queries to Webi Create an alteryx workflow for complex queries

## **Prompt for Project**

#### **10-minute Presentation:**

Clarify the problem statement to be solved

Summarize the data in your presentation

Summarize your exploration of your assumptions and exploration of data

Using filters, aggregations, and relationships in data provide insights

Compare the two features and create a coherent recommendation.

Identify follow-up problems and questions for future analysis







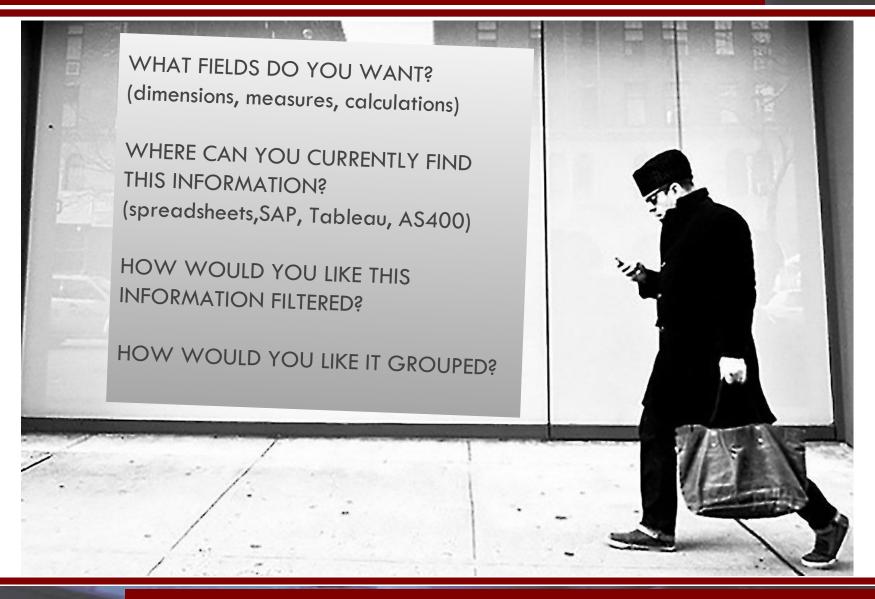






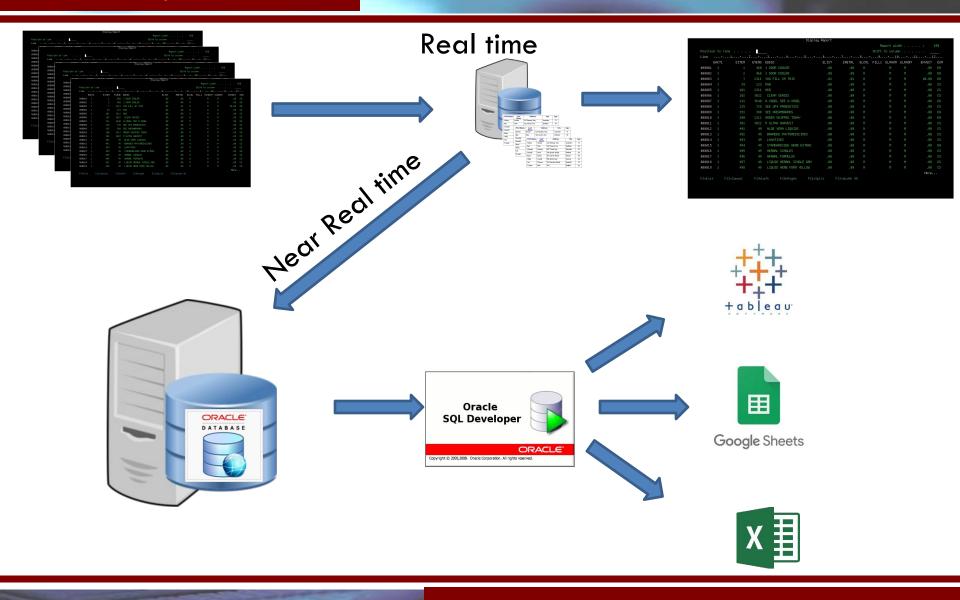
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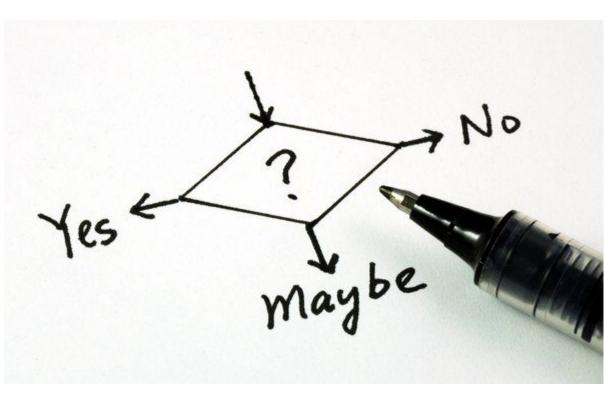


# DATA ECO SYSTEM



## DATA INACCURATE

Timing data not in sync Inaccurate programming Report needs review



## Timing/data not in sync.

There are numerous programs running to validate the complex programs running that are constantly moving and loading data. We have a team of people always reviewing these tables and programs.

Solution Open a Service Desk ticket or try again. Most issues are resolved quickly. Bigger issues sustain usually past 10AM PST



## **INACCURATE PROGRAMMING**

This scenario entails SAP or iSeries400 that has a report with inaccurate logic for a calculation. You may see this with rolled up summary like YTD from detailed information. This is rare if at all the case. Be ready to show extensive proof that you have found a bug.

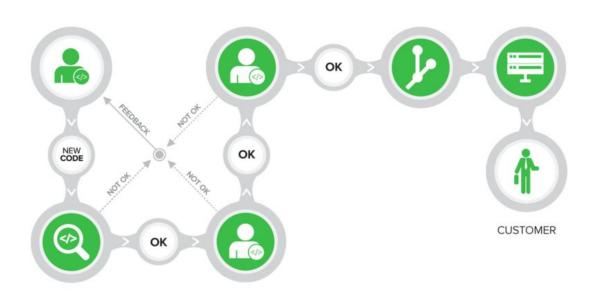


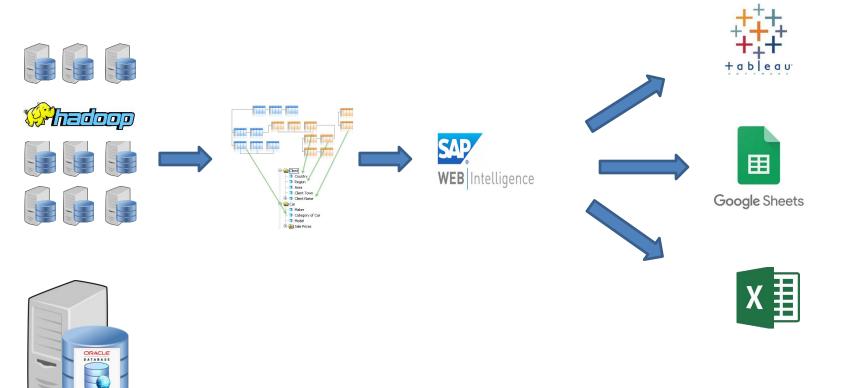
### REPORT NEEDS REVIEW

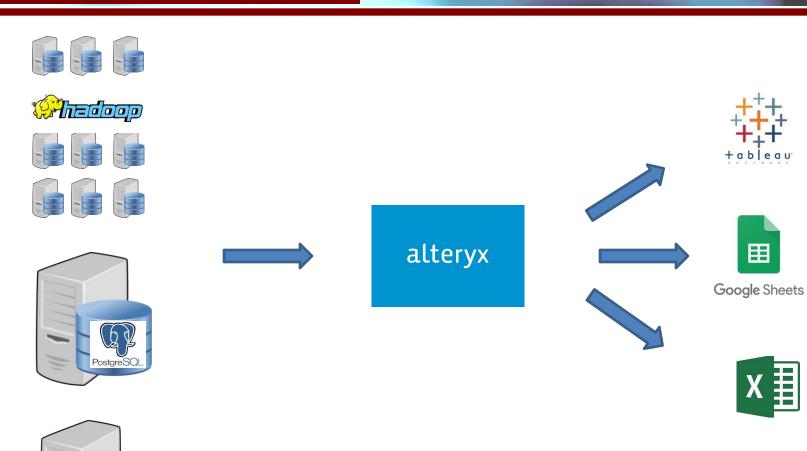
Over 90% of the time this is the culprit. Are you using the tables from the source you are comparing to? Are the fields correct? Are the calcs correct? Are the filters correct? Are the functions correct? Are the Joins correct? Is your 3 Value logic Correct?



# CODE REVIEW

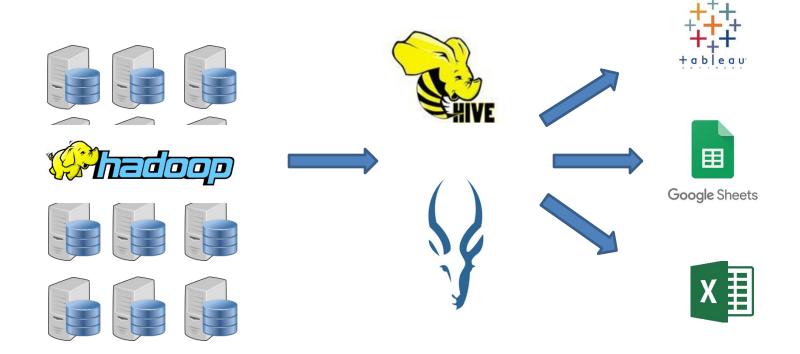






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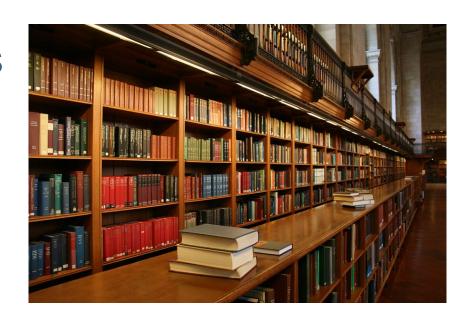
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## SCHEMAS/LIBRARIES/COLLECTIONS

TABLES/FILES/OBJECTS

MEMBERS/PARTITION IN FILES

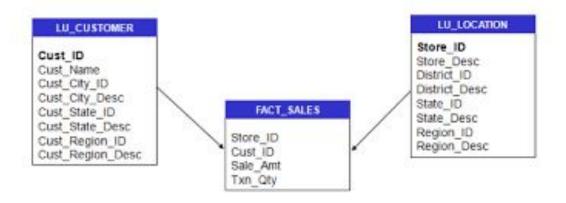




Id	Release date	Record Label	Artist	Song	Album	sales
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						

Id	Artist	Song	Album	sales
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				

SALES		
FIELD ID ARTIST SONG ALBUM	TYPE PK Char 25 Char 225 Char 225	<u>LENGTH</u> 1



## NETWORK

Contacts

Name

Friends

Family

Business Name

Address

Phone number

Occupation

Gift Ideas

Name

Gift ideas

Gifts received

Gifts given

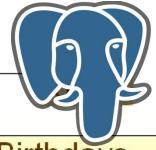
**Party** 

Name

Holidays

Birthday

Anniversaries



Birthdays

Name

Birthday

Gift Ideas

Gifts received

Gifts given

Family



Understanding your data.
What are the tables?
What are the fields?
How might you link the tables?





**SELECT FROM WHERE ORDER BY** LIMIT

**SELECT** \*

SELECT FIELD1, FIELD2 ...

SELECT (FIELD1+FIELD2), FIELD 3...

SELECT SUM(FIELD1), FIELD2

# SELECT DISTINCT Location, NumberOfSales

Location NumberOfSales

Seattle 101

Seattle 40

Tacoma 72

# SELECT DISTINCT Location, NumberOfSales, Date

Number	OfSales	Date
101	10/28	8/17
101	10/2	7/17
40	10/2	6/17
72	10/28	8/17
72	10/2	7/17
	<ul><li>101</li><li>40</li><li>72</li></ul>	101 10/2° 40 10/2° 72 10/2°

WHERE COUNTRY = US

WHERE COUNTRY = US AND STATE = WA

WHERE COUNTRY = US AND STATE = WA AND SALES > 100

**ORDER BY 1** 

ORDER BY 1,2 DESC

**LIMIT 1000** 

ROWNUM <= 1000

CAST(field AS type)

A helpful String function

Oracle uses TO\_ (TO\_DATE, TO\_CHAR ETC)

- Select various fields from the INID table that interest you.
  - \*BE sure to use LIMIT 1000
- 2. Practice using filters.
- 3. Use AND to apply multiple filters Change the sort.
- 4. Save your Query

Use your new skills to review Tables from 1 or more of your options



Better a diamond with a flaw than a pebble without.

- confucius

# Conclusion

SQL is the language of questions and retrieving answers.

Developing good questions is the first step in developing a good SQL Statement.

The next step is knowing where your data resides. In order to find that out you need to find your source behind many reports



# **FEEDBACK**

CLASS: FUNDAMENTALS OF DATA FLOW AND SQL QUESTION:

Which Clause would you use to create your Filters?

