There are six MDS principles introduced in Chris’s lecture. They are being Rangatiratanga (Authority), Whakapapa (Relationships), Whanaungatanga (Obligations), Kotahitanga (Collective benefit), Manaakitangi (Reciprocity), Kaitiakitanga (Guardianship). With each of them talking about how data is beneficial to humans, how can it be used on humans from the past to the future?

Based on MDS principles, the data created by Stat NZ is used for operational purposes and is not of statistical use. These data are mostly used by the government to create short-term and long-term goal and their planning for the future. Therefore, people who have no or minimal contact with the institutions will not be recorded in the system. This inaccurate count has violated Rangatiratanga (Authority), Manaakitanga (Reciprocity), Kotahitanga (Collective Benefit), and kaitiakitanga (Guardianship). My advice on this is hiring people to go around the city and measure, or ask the minority to receive the data from them, or do a survey within the whole country to receive the data from citizens who do not have good contact with the government.