# DIABETES PREDICTION ANALYSIS

### **IMPORTING PACKAGES**

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns
```

#### **DATA COLLECTION**

```
In [2]: df=pd.read_csv('diabetes-dataset.csv', encoding='unicode_escape')
In [3]: df.head()
                        Glucose BloodPressure SkinThickness
                                                               Insulin BMI DiabetesPedigreeFunction
            Pregnancies
                                                                                                     Age
                                                                                                          Outcome
         0
                     2
                                             62
                                                           35
                                                                                                      47
                             138
                                                                    0 33.6
                                                                                              0.127
                                                                                                                 1
                     0
                              84
                                             82
                                                           31
                                                                  125 38.2
                                                                                               0.233
                                                                                                      23
                                                                                                                 0
         1
         2
                      0
                             145
                                             0
                                                            0
                                                                    0 44.2
                                                                                               0.630
                                                                                                      31
                                                                                                                 1
         3
                      0
                             135
                                             68
                                                           42
                                                                  250 42.3
                                                                                               0.365
                                                                                                      24
```

41

480 40.7

0

0.536

21

In [4]: df.shape

4

Out[4]: (2000, 9)

# **DATA CLEANING**

1

139

62

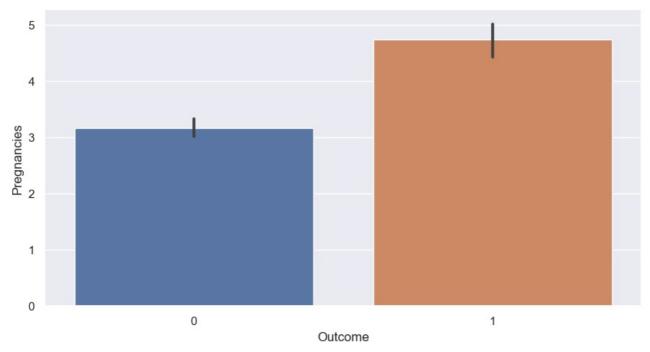
```
In [5]: df.info()
       <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
       RangeIndex: 2000 entries, 0 to 1999
       Data columns (total 9 columns):
        #
           Column
                                      Non-Null Count Dtype
        0
           Pregnancies
                                      2000 non-null
                                                      int64
            Glucose
                                       2000 non-null
                                                       int64
            BloodPressure
                                      2000 non-null
                                                      int64
            SkinThickness
                                       2000 non-null
                                                      int64
            Insulin
                                       2000 non-null
                                                       int64
        5
            BMI
                                       2000 non-null
                                                       float64
            DiabetesPedigreeFunction 2000 non-null
        6
                                                       float64
        7
            Age
                                       2000 non-null
                                                       int64
        8
                                       2000 non-null
                                                       int64
           Outcome
       dtypes: float64(2), int64(7)
       memory usage: 140.8 KB
In [6]: pd.isnull(df).sum()
Out[6]: Pregnancies
                                     0
        Glucose
                                     0
        BloodPressure
                                     0
        SkinThickness
                                     0
        Insulin
        BMT
                                     0
        {\tt DiabetesPedigreeFunction}
                                     0
        Age
                                     0
        Outcome
                                     0
        dtype: int64
In [7]: df.describe()
```

it[7]:		Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	BMI	DiabetesPedigreeFunction	Age
	count	2000.000000	2000.000000	2000.000000	2000.000000	2000.000000	2000.000000	2000.000000	2000.000000
	mean	3.703500	121.182500	69.145500	20.935000	80.254000	32.193000	0.470930	33.090500
	std	3.306063	32.068636	19.188315	16.103243	111.180534	8.149901	0.323553	11.786423
	min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.078000	21.000000
	25%	1.000000	99.000000	63.500000	0.000000	0.000000	27.375000	0.244000	24.000000
	50%	3.000000	117.000000	72.000000	23.000000	40.000000	32.300000	0.376000	29.000000
	75%	6.000000	141.000000	80.000000	32.000000	130.000000	36.800000	0.624000	40.000000
	max	17.000000	199.000000	122.000000	110.000000	744.000000	80.600000	2.420000	81.000000
	4								<b></b>

# **DATA VISUALIZATION**

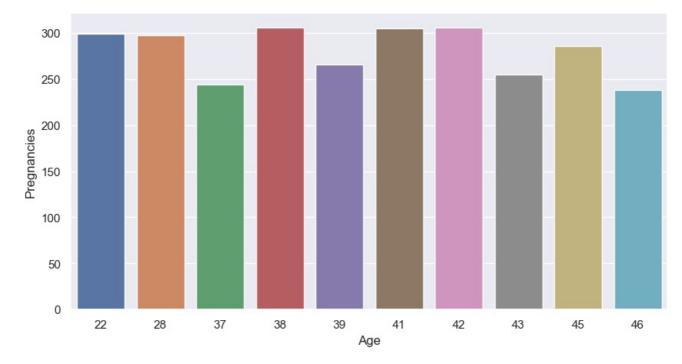
```
In [12]: sns.set(rc={'figure.figsize':(10,5)})
sns.barplot(x='Outcome',y='Pregnancies',data=df)
```

Out[12]: <Axes: xlabel='Outcome', ylabel='Pregnancies'>



```
In [46]: diabetes_df=df.groupby(['Age'],as_index=False)['Pregnancies'].sum().sort_values(by='Pregnancies',ascending=False)
sns.barplot(x='Age',y='Pregnancies',data=diabetes_df)
```

Out[46]: <Axes: xlabel='Age', ylabel='Pregnancies'>



```
In [16]: plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7))
    sns.heatmap(df.corr(), annot=True, linewidths=0.2, fmt='.1f', cmap='coolwarm')
    plt.show()
```

										1.0
Pregnancies	1.0	0.1	0.1	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	-0.0	0.5	0.2	1.0
Glucose	0.1	1.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.5	- 0.8
BloodPressure	0.1	0.1	1.0	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	
SkinThickness	-0.1	0.1	0.2	1.0	0.4	0.4	0.2	-0.1	0.1	- 0.6
Insulin	-0.1	0.3	0.1	0.4	1.0	0.2	0.2	-0.1	0.1	- 0.4
BMI	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.2	1.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	
DiabetesPedigreeFunction	-0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	1.0	0.0	0.2	- 0.2
Age	0.5	0.3	0.2	-0.1	-0.1	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.2	
Outcome	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	1.0	- 0.0
	Pregnancies	Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	BMI	DiabetesPedigreeFunction	Age	Outcome	

# **FEATURE SELECTION**

Out[27]:		Glucose	BloodPressure	SkinThickness	Insulin	ВМІ	DiabetesPedigreeFunction	Age
	0	138	62	35	0	33.6	0.127	47
	1	84	82	31	125	38.2	0.233	23
	2	145	0	0	0	44.2	0.630	31
	3	135	68	42	250	42.3	0.365	24
	4	139	62	41	480	40.7	0.536	21

```
In [28]: outcome_column =df['Outcome']
   outcome_column.head()
```

Out[28]: 0 1 1 0 2 1 3 1 4 0

Name: Outcome, dtype: int64

```
In [29]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
In [30]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split( feature_columns, outcome_column, test_size=0.2, random_start
```

```
In [31]: print(X_train.shape)
    print(X_test.shape)
    print(y_train.shape)
    print(y_test.shape)
```

```
(1600, 7)
(400, 7)
(1600,)
(400,)
```

#### LOADING MODEL FOR PREDICITION

```
In [32]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
    from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix

In [33]: model = LogisticRegression()

In [34]: model = model.fit(X_train, y_train)

In [35]: score = model.predict(X_train)
```

### MODEL TESTING AND EVALUATION

```
In [36]: print("Training Score: ", model.score(X_train, y_train))
     print("Testing Score: ", model.score(X_test, y_test))
    Training Score: 0.76375
    Testing Score:
             0.7825
In [37]: pred = model.predict(X test)
     print("Model Accuracy is : ", pred)
    Model Accuracy is : [0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0
     0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1]
In [38]: model.intercept
Out[38]: array([-7.93210317])
In [39]: model.coef
Out[39]: array([[ 0.03281421, -0.00826399, 0.00221131, -0.00136201, 0.07054979,
          0.76528042, 0.0341431 ]])
In [40]: accuracy_score(y_test, pred)
Out[40]: 0.7825
In [41]: df.columns
Out[41]: Index(['Pregnancies', 'Glucose', 'BloodPressure', 'SkinThickness', 'Insulin',
         'BMI', 'DiabetesPedigreeFunction', 'Age', 'Outcome'],
        dtype='object')
```

### THANK YOU!

#### **CONNECT WITH ME:**

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GitHub: https://github.com/DATAPREDICTS

Instagram: https://www.instagram.com/datapredicts?utm\_source=gr&igsh=czVzc2k5c3oxOWQ4

YouTube: https://youtube.com/@Datapredicts?si=eDKAqVciVxg23zab

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