

**Midterm Exam:** 1 hour, 10:30 AM – 12:00PM including preparation/submission.

**Name:** 김다명

**Student ID:** 12201856

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**Honor Code:** Please write this honor code below with your signature either in Korean or in English.

“나는 정직하게 시험에 응할 것을 서약합니다.”

“By signing this pledge, I promise to adhere to exam requirements and maintain the highest level of ethical principles during the exam period.”

나는 정직하게 시험에 응할 것을 서약합니다.

Name/Student ID: 김다명/12201856 Date: 21.04.21 Signature: 김다명

#### **Before the exam**

- Camera should be on during the exam.
- Official student ID card is required for your identification.
- Official answer sheets (from I-Class) should be printed before the exam.

#### **During the exam**

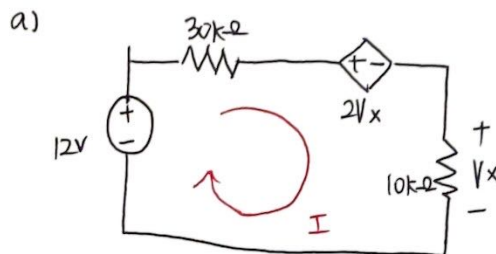
- It is closed book test.
- You can use personal calculator.
- Chatting or discussion is NOT allowed.
- You need to turn on your microphone during the exam.

#### **After the exam**

- Take photos (or scan) of your answer sheets and please check image quality.
- E-mail these photos to you and to instructor: [mgk@inha.ac.kr](mailto:mgk@inha.ac.kr) within 5 mins.
- Upload a combined pdf file to I-Class (midterm section) within 10 mins.
- Submit original papers to Hitech 314 within a week (deadline: 04.30 Fri).

9 Question Number: 4.

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$$-12 + 30kI + 2V_x + 10kI = 0.$$

$$V_x = 10kI$$

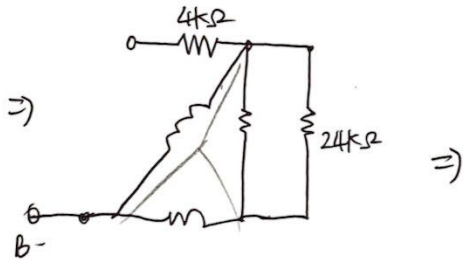
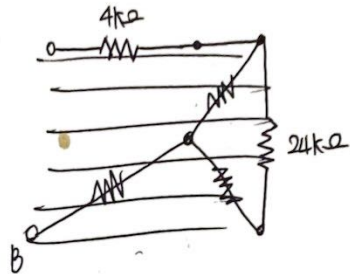
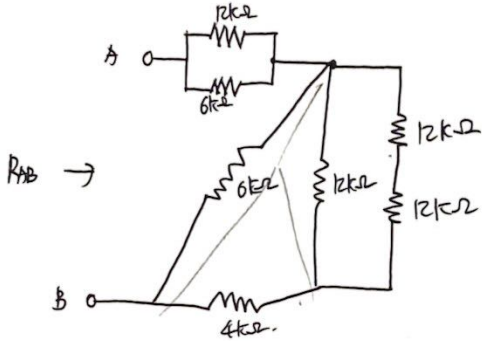
$$40kI + 20kI = 12. \quad 60kI = 12. \quad I = \frac{12}{60k} = 2 \times 10^{-4} A = 2 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 10^2 = 200 \mu A.$$

b)

$$P_{30k\Omega} = (200 \mu A)^2 \cdot 30k = 400 \cdot 10^{-12} \cdot 30 \cdot k = 1.2 \times 10^{-5} W = 12 \mu W.$$

$P_{30k\Omega} > 0$  이므로 소비되는 전력, 즉 전달받는 전력이다.

Question Number: 2.



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Question Number: 3.

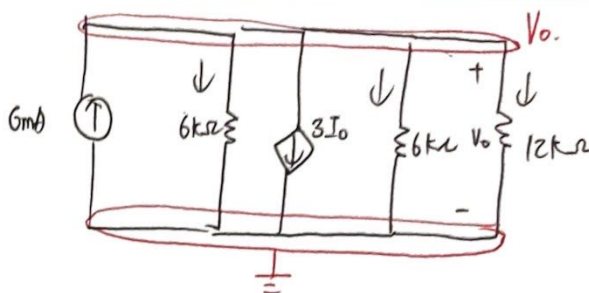
a)  $V_o$  찾기    b)  $12k\Omega$ 의 파워 찾기.

≡

$$(6k\Omega \parallel 3k\Omega) = 2k\Omega$$



$$2k\Omega + 4k\Omega = 6k\Omega$$



by. node voltage method.

$$-6mA + \frac{V_o}{6k} + 3I_o + \frac{V_o}{6k} + \frac{V_o}{12k} = 0.$$

$$I_o = \frac{V_o}{6k} \times \frac{6k}{6k+3k} = \frac{V_o}{9k}$$

$$\frac{V_o}{6k} + \frac{V_o}{3k} + \frac{V_o}{6k} + \frac{V_o}{12k} = 6 \cdot 10^{-3}.$$

$$2V_o + 4V_o + 2V_o + V_o = 12 \cdot 6 = 72$$

$$9V_o = 72, \quad V_o = 8V.$$

b).  $V_o = 8[V]$  이고  $R = 12k\Omega$

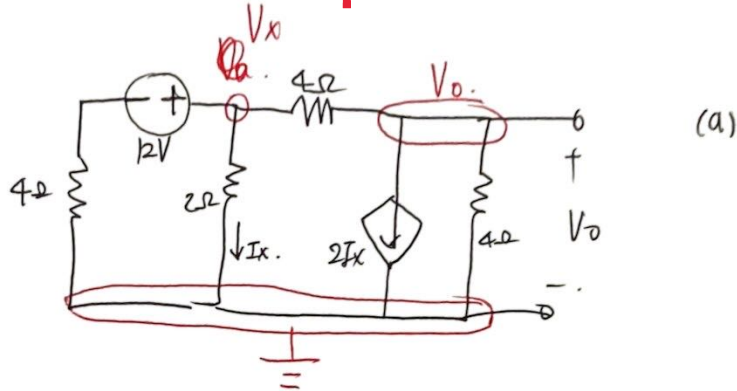
$$P_{12k\Omega} = \frac{V^2}{R} = \frac{64}{12k} = 0.0053 \text{ W} = \underline{5.3 \text{ mW}}.$$

Question Number: 4.

Q

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(a).

 $\downarrow I_x$ 

(b)

$$\frac{V_x - 12}{4} + \frac{V_x}{2} + \frac{V_x - V_o}{4} = 0. \quad V_x - 12 + 2V_x + V_x - V_o = 4V_x - V_o - 12 = 0.$$

$$\frac{V_o - V_x}{4} + 2I_x + \frac{V_o}{4} = 0. \quad 4V_x - V_o = 12.$$

$$V_o - V_x + 8I_x + V_o = 0$$

$$I_x = \frac{V_x}{2}$$

$$\cancel{2V_o - V_x = 0}$$

$$V_o - V_x + 4V_x + V_o = 0.$$

$$2V_o + 3V_x = 0.$$

$$V_x = 2.182 \text{ V}$$

$$V_o = -3.273 \text{ V.}$$

(b)

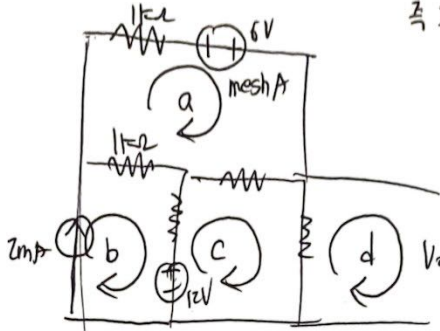
essential nodes 4 3m.

equation 4 3m

Question Number: 5.

(a) open circuit에 70% 부분이  $I_d = 0$ 이다.즉  $I_d = 0$ 이다.  $V_o$ 에 1kΩ 저항이 mesh current 식에 의해.  
 $V_o = 1kI_c$ 이다. $I_a = a, I_b = b, I_c = c, I_d = d.$ 

4 mesh의 수: 4



mesh. a)

$$1k a - 6 + 2k(a - c) + 1k(a - b) = 0.$$

$$= 1ka - 6 + 2ka - 2kc + 1ka - 1kb$$

$$\Rightarrow 4ka - 1kb - 2kc = 6.$$

$$4ka - 2kc = 6 + 1kb = 8.$$

$$2a - c = 4 \cdot 10^{-3}.$$

b)

$$I_b = 2mA = b.$$

c)

$$2kc - a + 1k(c - d) - 12 + 1k(c - b) = 0.$$

$$= 2kc - 2ka + 1kc - 1kd - 12 + 1kc - 1kb = 0$$

$$-2ka + 4kc - kd - 1kb - 12 = 0$$

$$2ka + 1kb - 4kc + kd = -12. \Rightarrow 2ka + 2 - 4kc = -12.$$

$$2ka - 4kc = -14$$

d)

 $V_o$ 가 open circuit.  $I_d = 0.$ 

$$ka - 2kc = -7.$$

$$V_o = 1kI_c \quad V_o + 1k(d - c) = 0.$$

$$a - 2c = -7 \cdot 10^{-3}.$$

$$V_o = 1kI_c.$$

$$a = 5mA.$$

$$b = 2mA.$$

$$c = 6mA.$$

$$\therefore V_o = 1k \cdot 6mA =$$

$$V_o = 1k \cdot 6m = 6V \text{이다.}$$

Question Number: 6.

a).

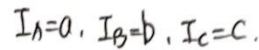
$$60 \parallel 40 = 24 \Omega$$

$$(60 \parallel 40) + 30 = 24 + 30 = \underline{54 \Omega}$$

(b).



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① open.  $V_{th} = 70.71V$ .  $i_{oc} = 0$ .

 ~~$4k(C-a) + 6k.$~~ 

① open일때  $I_C = 0$ .

mesh A.  $-12 + 4k a. + 4k(a-b) = 0.$

$$b = 6 \text{ m A}.$$

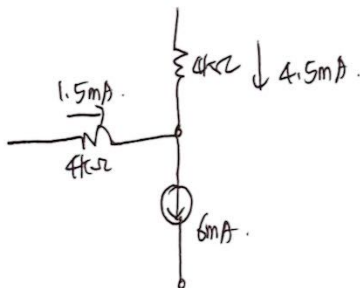
$$-12 + 8ka - 4kb = 0$$

$$6ka = 4kb + 12 = 24 + 12 = 36.$$

$$a = 4.5 \text{ mA}$$

~~Vth - Va~~

~~4102~~      ~~Veh Ve~~



② Shore.

$$I_c = I_{sc} = C. \text{ by Supermesh,}$$

~~GKE~~

$$A = 2.5 \text{ mA}, \quad b = 4 \text{ mA}, \quad C = -2 \text{ mA}.$$

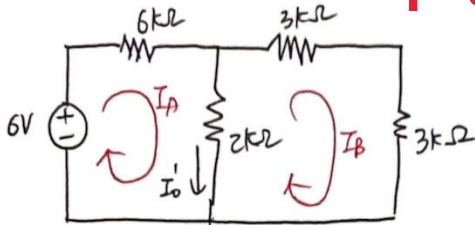
$$Z_{isc} = -Z_{m \text{ in}}$$

$$-8a + 10b + 10c = 0$$

$$-12 + 4k(a-c) + 4k(a-b) = 0.$$



Question Number: 8.

① ~~source~~ deactivate.

$$\text{① } I_0' = I_A - I_B$$



$$-6 + 6kI_A + 2k(I_A - I_B) = 0$$

$$6kI_A + 2kI_A - 2kI_B = 6$$

$$2k(I_B - I_A) + 3k(I_B) + 3kI_{A'} = 0$$

$$8kI_A - 2kI_B = 6$$

$$2(I_B - I_A) + 6I_B = 0$$

$$4I_A - I_B = 3 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$2I_B + 6I_A = 2I_A$$

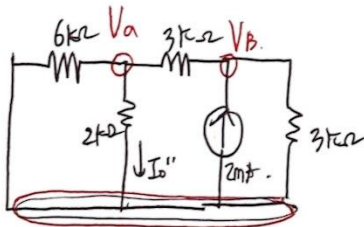
$$I_A = 4I_B$$

$$I_A - 4I_B = 0$$

$$I_A = 800 \mu A$$

$$I_B = 200 \mu A$$

$$I_0' = (800 - 200) \mu A = 600 \mu A$$

② ~~source~~ deactivate.

node voltage eq.

$$\frac{V_A}{6k} + \frac{V_A}{2k} + \frac{V_A - V_B}{3k} = 0$$

$$V_A + 3V_A + 2V_A - 2V_B = 0$$

$$6V_A = 2V_B, \quad 3V_A = V_B$$

$$\frac{V_B - V_A}{3k} - 2mA + \frac{V_B}{3k} = 0$$

$$V_B - V_A - 6 + V_B = 0$$

$$-V_A + 2V_B = 6$$

$$-V_A + 6V_A = 6, \quad 5V_A = 6, \quad V_A = 1.2V, \quad V_B = 3.6V$$

$$I_0'' = \frac{12V}{2k\Omega} = 600 \mu A$$

$$I_0 = I_0' + I_0'' = 600 \mu A + 600 \mu A = 1200 \mu A = 1.2mA$$