

[과제 1] 다음의 각 함수에서 기본 주기를 구하여라.

$$\cos 2x, \quad \sin \pi x, \quad \cos \frac{2\pi nx}{T}, \quad \sin 2k\pi x$$

(풀이) $\frac{2\pi}{2} = \pi$

$$\frac{2\pi}{\pi} = 2$$

$$\frac{2\pi}{\frac{2\pi n}{T}} = \frac{T}{n}$$

$$\frac{2\pi}{2k\pi} = \frac{1}{k}$$

[과제 2] 함수 $f(x) = x$ 와 $g(x) = x^2$ 은 구간 $[-1, 1]$ 에서 서로 직교임을 보이고, 이 두 함수에 대해 $h(x) = x + ax^2 + bx^3$ 가 직교가 되도록 a, b 를 구하여라.

(풀이) $\int_{-1}^1 (x)(x^2)dx = \int_{-1}^1 x^3 dx = 0$

$$\int_{-1}^1 x(x + ax^2 + bx^3)dx = 2 \int_0^1 (x^2 + bx^4)dx = 2 \left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{b}{5} \right) = 0, \quad b = -\frac{5}{3}$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 x^2(x + ax^2 + bx^3)dx = 2 \int_0^1 (ax^4)dx = 2 \left(\frac{a}{5} \right) = 0, \quad a = 0$$

[과제 3] 임의의 실수 a 와 양의 실수 p 에 대하여 집합 $\left\{1, \cos \frac{n\pi}{p}x, \sin \frac{m\pi}{p}x\right\}_{n,m=1}^{\infty}$ 는 구간 $[a, a+2p]$ 의 **직교 집합**임을 보이고, 각 함수의 **노름**을 구하여라.

$$(\text{풀이}) \quad \int_a^{a+2p} \cos \frac{n\pi}{p}x dx = \frac{p}{n\pi} \left[\sin \frac{n\pi}{p}x \right]_a^{a+2p} = 0 \quad \int_a^{a+2p} \sin \frac{m\pi}{p}x dx = -\frac{p}{m\pi} \left[\cos \frac{m\pi}{p}x \right]_a^{a+2p} = 0$$

$$\int_a^{a+2p} \cos \frac{n\pi}{p}x \cos \frac{m\pi}{p}x dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_a^{a+2p} \left(\cos \frac{(m+n)\pi}{p}x + \cos \frac{(m-n)\pi}{p}x \right) dx = 0 \quad (n \neq m)$$

$$\int_a^{a+2p} \sin \frac{n\pi}{p}x \sin \frac{m\pi}{p}x dx = -\frac{1}{2} \int_a^{a+2p} \left(\cos \frac{(m+n)\pi}{p}x - \cos \frac{(m-n)\pi}{p}x \right) dx = 0 \quad (n \neq m)$$

$$\int_a^{a+2p} \cos \frac{n\pi}{p}x \sin \frac{m\pi}{p}x dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_a^{a+2p} \left(\sin \frac{(m+n)\pi}{p}x + \sin \frac{(m-n)\pi}{p}x \right) dx = 0$$

$$\text{노름:} \quad \int_a^{a+2p} 1^2 dx = 2p \Rightarrow \|1\| = \sqrt{2p}$$

$$\int_a^{a+2p} \cos^2 \frac{n\pi}{p}x dx = \int_a^{a+2p} \frac{1 + \cos \frac{2n\pi}{p}x}{2} dx = p \Rightarrow \left\| \cos \frac{n\pi}{p}x \right\| = \sqrt{p}$$

$$\int_a^{a+2p} \sin^2 \frac{m\pi}{p}x dx = \int_a^{a+2p} \frac{1 - \cos \frac{2m\pi}{p}x}{2} dx = p \Rightarrow \left\| \sin \frac{m\pi}{p}x \right\| = \sqrt{p}$$

[과제 4] 주기가 2π 인 주기함수 $f(x) = x^3 - \pi^2 x$ 에 대하여

(1) $f(x)$ 의 푸리에 급수를 구하여라.

(2) (1)의 결과를 이용하여 무한급수 $1 - \frac{1}{3^3} + \frac{1}{5^3} - \frac{1}{7^3} + \dots$ 의 합을 구하여라.

(3) Parseval's identity를 이용하여 $\zeta(6) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^6}$ 의 값을 구하여라.

(풀이) $f(x)$ 는 기함수, $2L = 2\pi$, $L = \pi$

$$\begin{aligned} b_n &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^\pi (x^3 - \pi^2 x) \sin nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \left\{ \left[(x^3 - \pi^2 x) \frac{-1}{n} \cos nx \right]_0^\pi + \frac{1}{n} \int_0^\pi (3x^2 - \pi^2) \cos nx dx \right\} = \frac{2}{n\pi} \int_0^\pi (3x^2 - \pi^2) \cos nx dx \\ &= \frac{2}{n\pi} \left\{ \left[(3x^2 - \pi^2) \frac{1}{n} \sin nx \right]_0^\pi - \frac{1}{n} \int_0^\pi (6x) \sin nx dx \right\} = -\frac{12}{n^2\pi} \int_0^\pi x \sin nx dx = -\frac{12}{n^2\pi} \left\{ \left[x \frac{-1}{n} \cos nx \right]_0^\pi + \frac{1}{n} \int_0^\pi \cos nx dx \right\} = \frac{12(-1)^n}{n^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{12(-1)^n}{n^3} \sin nx$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{2} \text{을 대입하면} \quad \frac{\pi^3}{8} - \frac{\pi^3}{2} = f\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{12(-1)^n}{n^3} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} = 12 \left\{ -1 + \frac{1}{3^3} - \frac{1}{5^3} + \frac{1}{7^3} - \dots \right\} \quad \therefore 1 - \frac{1}{3^3} + \frac{1}{5^3} - \frac{1}{7^3} + \dots = \frac{\pi^3}{32}$$

파르스발 항등식 $\frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L \{f(x)\}^2 dx = 2a_0^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n^2 + b_n^2)$ 에 의해서

$$\frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \{f(x)\}^2 dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^\pi (x^3 - \pi^2 x)^2 dx = \frac{16}{105} \pi^6, \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n^2 = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{144}{n^6}, \quad \therefore \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^6} = \frac{\pi^6}{945}$$

[과제 5] 주기가 2π 인 주기함수 $f(x) = \begin{cases} \pi + x, & -\pi < x < 0 \\ \pi - x, & 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$ 에 대하여

- (1) $f(x)$ 의 푸리에 급수를 구하여라.
- (2) (1)의 결과를 이용하여 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2}$ 의 값을 구하여라.
- (3) Parseval's identity를 이용하여 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^4}$ 의 값을 구하여라.
- (4) (3)의 결과를 이용하여 $\zeta(4) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^4}$ 의 값을 구하여라.

(풀이) $f(x)$ 는 우함수, $2L = 2\pi, \ L = \pi \quad a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (\pi - x)dx = \frac{\pi}{2}$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (\pi - x) \cos nx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \left\{ \left[(\pi - x) \frac{1}{n} \sin nx \right]_0^{\pi} - \int_0^{\pi} -\frac{1}{n} \sin nx dx \right\} = \frac{2}{n\pi} \left[-\frac{1}{n} \cos nx \right]_0^{\pi} = \frac{2}{n^2\pi} (1 - (-1)^n)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1 - (-1)^n}{n^2} \cos nx = \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} \cos(2n-1)x$$

$x = 0$ 을 대입하면 $\pi = f(0) = \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} \quad \therefore \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{8}$

파르스발 항등식 $\frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L \{f(x)\}^2 dx = 2a_0^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n^2 + b_n^2)$ 에 의해서

$$\frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \{f(x)\}^2 dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (\pi - x)^2 dx = \frac{2}{3} \pi^2, \quad 2a_0^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{2} + \frac{16}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^4},$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^4} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n)^4} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^4}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^4} = \frac{1}{16} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^4} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^4}$$

$$\therefore \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^4} = \frac{16}{15} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^4} = \frac{16}{15} \frac{\pi^4}{96} = \frac{\pi^4}{90}$$

$$\therefore \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^4} = \frac{\pi^4}{96}$$

[과제 6] $f(x) = |x|$ ($-2 < x < 2$), $f(x+4) = f(x)$ 의 푸리에 급수를 구하고, 이를 이용하여 $1 + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \cdots + \frac{1}{(2n+1)^2} + \cdots$ 의 합을 구하여라.

(풀이) 우함수, $2L = 4$, $L = 2$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 x dx = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{2} x^2 \right]_0^2 = 1 \quad a_n = \frac{2}{2} \int_0^2 x \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} x dx = \left[x \frac{2}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} x \right]_0^2 - \int_0^2 \frac{2}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} x dx$$

$$= -\frac{2}{n\pi} \left[-\frac{2}{n\pi} \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} x \right]_0^2 = -\frac{4}{n^2 \pi^2} (1 - (-1)^n)$$

$$f(x) = 1 - \frac{4}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1 - (-1)^n}{n^2} \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} x$$

$$= 1 - \frac{8}{\pi^2} \left\{ \frac{1}{1^2} \cos \frac{\pi}{2} x + \frac{1}{3^2} \cos \frac{3\pi}{2} x + \frac{1}{5^2} \cos \frac{5\pi}{2} x + \cdots \right\}$$

$x = 0$ 을 대입

$$0 = f(0) = 1 - \frac{8}{\pi^2} \left\{ 1 + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \cdots \right\} \quad \therefore 1 + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \cdots = \frac{\pi^2}{8}$$

[과제 7] 함수 $f(x) = \begin{cases} \pi^2, & -\pi < x < 0 \\ \pi^2 - x^2, & 0 \leq x < \pi \end{cases}$; $f(x+2\pi) = f(x)$ 의 푸리에

급수를 구하고, 이를 이용하여 무한급수 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n^2}$ 의 값을 구하여라.

(풀이) $2L = 2\pi, L = \pi$ $a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left\{ \int_{-\pi}^0 \pi^2 dx + \int_0^{\pi} (\pi^2 - x^2) dx \right\} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left\{ \pi^3 + \frac{2}{3}\pi^3 \right\} = \frac{5}{6}\pi^2$

$$\begin{aligned} a_n &= \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \int_{-\pi}^0 \pi^2 \cos nx dx + \int_0^{\pi} (\pi^2 - x^2) \cos nx dx \right\} = \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \left[(\pi^2 - x^2) \frac{1}{n} \sin nx \right]_0^{\pi} - \int_0^{\pi} (-2x) \frac{1}{n} \sin nx dx \right\} \\ &= \frac{2}{n\pi} \left\{ \left[x \frac{-1}{n} \cos nx \right]_0^{\pi} - \int_0^{\pi} \frac{-1}{n} \cos nx dx \right\} = -\frac{2}{n^2} (-1)^n = (-1)^{n+1} \frac{2}{n^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} b_n &= \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \int_{-\pi}^0 \pi^2 \sin nx dx + \int_0^{\pi} (\pi^2 - x^2) \sin nx dx \right\} = -\frac{\pi}{n} (1 - (-1)^n) + \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \left[(\pi^2 - x^2) \frac{-1}{n} \cos nx \right]_0^{\pi} - \int_0^{\pi} (-2x) \frac{-1}{n} \cos nx dx \right\} \\ &= -\frac{\pi}{n} (1 - (-1)^n) + \frac{\pi}{n} - \frac{2}{n\pi} \left\{ \left[x \frac{1}{n} \sin nx \right]_0^{\pi} - \int_0^{\pi} \frac{1}{n} \sin nx dx \right\} = \frac{\pi}{n} (-1)^n + \frac{2}{n^2\pi} \left[\frac{-1}{n} \cos nx \right]_0^{\pi} = (-1)^n \frac{\pi}{n} + \frac{2}{n^3\pi} (1 - (-1)^n) \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{5}{6}\pi^2 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[(-1)^{n+1} \frac{2}{n^2} \cos nx + \left((-1)^n \frac{\pi}{n} + \frac{2}{n^3\pi} (1 - (-1)^n) \right) \sin nx \right]$$

$x = 0$ 을 대입하면 $\pi^2 = f(0) = \frac{5}{6}\pi^2 + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n^2}$ $\therefore \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n^2} = 1 - \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} - \frac{1}{4^2} + \cdots = \frac{\pi^2}{12}$

[과제 8] 함수 $f(x) = \begin{cases} -1, & -2 \leq x \leq 0 \\ 2, & 0 < x \leq 2 \end{cases}$; $f(x+4) = f(x)$ 의 푸리에 급수를 구하고, 이를 이용하여 무한급수 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{2n-1}$ 의 값을 구하여라.

(풀이) $2L = 4, L = 2$ $a_0 = \frac{1}{4} \left\{ \int_{-2}^0 (-1)dx + \int_0^2 2dx \right\} = \frac{1}{4} \{-2 + 4\} = \frac{1}{2}$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \int_{-2}^0 (-1) \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} x dx + \int_0^2 2 \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} x dx \right\} = 0$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \int_{-2}^0 (-1) \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} x dx + \int_0^2 2 \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} x dx \right\} = \frac{3}{n\pi} (1 - (-1)^n)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3}{n\pi} (1 - (-1)^n) \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} x = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{6}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{1} \sin \frac{\pi}{2} x + \frac{1}{3} \sin \frac{3\pi}{2} x + \frac{1}{5} \sin \frac{5\pi}{2} x + \cdots \right)$$

$$x = 1 \text{을 대입하면} \quad 2 = f(1) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{6}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{1} \sin \frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \sin \frac{3\pi}{2} + \frac{1}{5} \sin \frac{5\pi}{2} + \cdots \right) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{6}{\pi} \left(1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \cdots \right)$$

$$\therefore \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{2n-1} = 1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \cdots = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

[과제 9] 함수 $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & -\pi < x < 0 \\ \sin x, & 0 \leq x < \pi \end{cases}$; $f(x+2\pi) = f(x)$ 의 푸리에 급수를 구하고, 이를 이용하여 무한급수 $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{35} + \frac{1}{63} + \dots$ 의 값을 구하여라.

(풀이) $2L = 2\pi, L = \pi \quad a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^\pi \sin x dx = \frac{1}{\pi}$

$$a_1 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi \sin x \cos x dx = \frac{1}{2} [\sin^2 x]_0^\pi = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_{n \neq 1} &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi \sin x \cos nx dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi \frac{1}{2} [\sin(1+n)x + \sin(1-n)x] dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left\{ \left[\frac{-1}{(1+n)} \cos(1+n)x + \frac{-1}{(1-n)} \cos(1-n)x \right]_0^\pi \right\} \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left\{ \frac{-1}{(1+n)} (-(-1)^n - 1) + \frac{-1}{(1-n)} (-(-1)^n - 1) \right\} = \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{1}{1-n^2} (1 + (-1)^n) \end{aligned}$$

$$b_1 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi \sin x \sin x dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2} dx = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$b_{n \neq 1} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi \sin x \sin nx dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi \frac{-1}{2} [\cos(1+n)x - \cos(1-n)x] dx = 0$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \sin x - \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1 + (-1)^n}{n^2 - 1} \cos nx = \frac{1}{\pi} + \frac{1}{2} \sin x - \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{3} \cos 2x + \frac{1}{15} \cos 4x + \frac{1}{35} \cos 6x + \dots \right)$$

$$x = 0 \text{을 대입하면} \quad 0 = f(0) = \frac{1}{\pi} - \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1 + (-1)^n}{n^2 - 1} = \frac{1}{\pi} - \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{35} + \dots \right) \quad \therefore \quad \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{35} + \dots = 1$$

[과제 10] 함수 $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < -1 \\ -1, & -1 < x < 0 \\ 2, & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0, & x > 1 \end{cases}$ 의 푸리에 적분을 구하여라.

(풀이)

$$f(x) = \int_0^\infty (A(w) \cos wx + B(w) \sin wx) dw$$

$$A(w) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^\infty f(x) \cos wx dx$$

$$B(w) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^\infty f(x) \sin wx dx$$

$$f(x) = \int_0^\infty \left\{ \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{\sin w}{w} \cos wx + \frac{3}{\pi} \frac{1 - \cos w}{w} \sin wx \right\} dw$$

$$A(w) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-1}^0 (-1) \cos wx dx + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^1 (2) \cos wx dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \left[\frac{-1}{w} \sin wx \right]_{-1}^0 + 2 \left[\frac{1}{w} \sin wx \right]_0^1 \right\} = \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{\sin w}{w}$$

$$B(w) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-1}^0 (-1) \sin wx dx + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^1 (2) \sin wx dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left\{ \left[\frac{1}{w} \cos wx \right]_{-1}^0 + 2 \left[-\frac{1}{w} \cos wx \right]_0^1 \right\} = \frac{3}{\pi} \frac{1 - \cos w}{w}$$

[과제 11] 함수 $f(x) = e^{-|x|} \sin x$ 의 푸리에 사인 적분 또는 코사인 적분을 구하여라.

(풀이) $f(x)$ 는 기함수이므로

$$f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} B(w) \sin wx dw, \quad B(w) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} f(x) \sin wx dx$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{4w \sin wx}{(1 + (1 + w)^2)(1 + (1 - w)^2)} dw$$

$$\begin{aligned} B(w) &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x} \sin x \sin wx dx \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x} \frac{-\cos(1 + w)x + \cos(1 - w)x}{2} dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x} \cos(1 + w)x dx + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x} \cos(1 - w)x dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{\pi} L(\cos(1 + w)x)|_{s=1} + \frac{1}{\pi} L(\cos(1 - w)x)|_{s=1} \\ &= -\frac{1}{\pi} \frac{1}{1 + (1 + w)^2} + \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{1}{1 + (1 - w)^2} = \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{4w}{(1 + (1 + w)^2)(1 + (1 - w)^2)} \end{aligned}$$

[과제 12] 함수 $f(x) = \begin{cases} |x|, & |x| < \pi \\ 0, & |x| > \pi \end{cases}$ 의 푸리에 사인 적분 또는 코사인 적분을 구하여라.

(풀이) $f(x)$ 는 우함수이므로

$$f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} A(w) \cos wx dw, \quad A(w) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} f(x) \cos wx dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} A(w) &= \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x \cos wx dx \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \left\{ \left[x \frac{1}{w} \sin wx \right]_0^{\pi} - \int_0^{\pi} \frac{1}{w} \sin wx dx \right\} \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \left\{ \frac{\pi}{w} \sin w\pi - \frac{1}{w} \left[-\frac{1}{w} \cos wx \right]_0^{\pi} \right\} \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \left\{ \frac{\pi}{w} \sin w\pi + \frac{1}{w^2} (\cos w\pi - 1) \right\} \\ &= \frac{2}{w} \sin w\pi + \frac{2}{\pi w^2} (\cos w\pi - 1) \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x) = \int_0^{\infty} \left\{ \frac{2}{w} \sin w\pi + \frac{2}{\pi w^2} (\cos w\pi - 1) \right\} \cos wx dw$$

[과제 13] 함수 $f(x) = xe^{-2x}$ ($x > 0$)의 푸리에 사인 적분과 코사인 적분을 구하여라.

(풀이) 푸리에 코사인 적분

$$A(w) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} f(x) \cos wx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} xe^{-2x} \cos wx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} L(x \cos wx)|_{s=2}$$

$$g(x) = x \cos wx, \quad g'(x) = \cos wx - wx \sin wx,$$

$$g''(x) = -w \sin wx - w \sin wx - w^2 x \cos wx = -2w \sin wx - w^2 x \cos wx$$

$$L(g'') = -2wL(\sin wx) - w^2L(g) = -2w \frac{w}{s^2+w^2} - w^2L(g)$$

$$L(g'') = s^2L(g) - sg(0) - g'(0) = s^2L(g) - 1$$

$$\frac{-2w^2}{s^2+w^2} - w^2L(g) = s^2L(g) - 1$$

$$L(g) = \left(\frac{-2w^2}{s^2+w^2} + 1 \right) \frac{1}{s^2+w^2} = \frac{s^2-w^2}{(s^2+w^2)^2}$$

$$L(g)|_{s=2} = \frac{4-w^2}{(4+w^2)^2}, \quad A(w) = \frac{2}{\pi} \frac{4-w^2}{(4+w^2)^2}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{4-w^2}{(4+w^2)^2} \cos wx dw$$

[과제 13] 함수 $f(x) = xe^{-2x}$ ($x > 0$)의 푸리에 사인 적분과 코사인 적분을 구하여라.

(풀이) 푸리에 사인 적분

$$B(w) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} f(x) \sin wx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} xe^{-2x} \sin wx dx = \frac{2}{\pi} L(x \sin wx)|_{s=2}$$

$$g(x) = x \sin wx, \quad g'(x) = \sin wx + wx \cos wx,$$

$$g''(x) = w \cos wx + w \cos wx - w^2 x \sin wx = 2w \cos wx - w^2 x \sin wx$$

$$L(g'') = 2wL(\cos wx) - w^2L(g) = 2w \frac{s}{s^2+w^2} - w^2L(g)$$

$$L(g'') = s^2L(g) - sg(0) - g'(0) = s^2L(g)$$

$$\frac{2ws}{s^2+w^2} - w^2L(g) = s^2L(g)$$

$$L(g) = \frac{2ws}{s^2+w^2} \frac{1}{s^2+w^2}$$

$$L(g)|_{s=2} = \frac{4w}{(4+w^2)^2}, \quad B(w) = \frac{8w}{\pi(4+w^2)^2}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{8}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{w}{(4+w^2)^2} \sin wx dw$$

[과제 14] 적분 방정식 $\int_0^\infty f(x) \cos wx dx = e^{-w}$ 의 해 f 를 구하여라.

(풀이) $f(x)$ 를 $(-\infty, \infty)$ 에서 우함수로 생각하면,

$$f(x) = \int_0^\infty A(w) \cos wx dw, \quad A(w) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^\infty f(x) \cos wx dx$$

이므로

$$\int_0^\infty f(x) \cos wx dx = \frac{\pi}{2} A(w) = e^{-w}$$

이다. 따라서 $A(w) = \frac{2}{\pi} e^{-w}$ 이므로 구하는 해 $f(x)$ 는 다음과 같다.

$$f(x) = \int_0^\infty \frac{2}{\pi} e^{-w} \cos wx dw = \frac{2}{\pi} L(\cos wx)|_{s=1} = \frac{2}{\pi} \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

[과제 15] $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$ 의 푸리에 변환 $\hat{f}(w)$ 을 구하여라.

(풀이) $f(x)$ 가 우함수이므로

$$\hat{f}(w) = \hat{f}_c(w) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^2} \cos wx dx = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-|w|} = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{-|w|}$$

516페이지 Laplace Integral : $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos wx}{k^2 + w^2} dw = \frac{\pi}{2k} e^{-kx} \quad (k > 0, x > 0)$

[과제 16] $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - \frac{|x|}{a}, & |x| \leq a \\ 0, & |x| > a \end{cases}$ 에 대하여 $f(x)$ 의 푸리에 변환 $\hat{f}(w)$ 을 구하고 $\lim_{w \rightarrow 0} \hat{f}(w)$ 의 값을 구하여라.

(풀이) $f(x)$ 가 우함수이므로

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{f}(w) = \hat{f}_c(w) &= \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \int_0^a \left(1 - \frac{x}{a}\right) \cos wx dx \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \left\{ \left[\left(1 - \frac{x}{a}\right) \frac{1}{w} \sin wx \right]_0^a - \int_0^a \frac{-1}{a} \frac{1}{w} \sin wx dx \right\} \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{1}{aw} \left[-\frac{1}{w} \cos wx \right]_0^a \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{1}{aw^2} (1 - \cos aw) \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{w \rightarrow 0} \hat{f}(w) = \lim_{w \rightarrow 0} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{1 - \cos aw}{aw^2} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \lim_{w \rightarrow 0} \frac{a \sin aw}{2aw} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{a}{2} = \frac{a}{\sqrt{2\pi}}$$

[과제 17] 다음 적분방정식의 해 $f(x)$ 를 구하여라.

$$\int_0^\infty f(x) \cos wx dx = \begin{cases} 1-w, & 0 \leq w \leq 1 \\ 0, & w > 1 \end{cases}$$

(풀이) $f(x)$ 를 $(-\infty, \infty)$ 에서 우함수로 생각하면,

$$\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \hat{f}_c(w) = \int_0^\infty f(x) \cos wx dx = \begin{cases} 1-w, & 0 \leq w \leq 1 \\ 0, & w > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\hat{f}_c(w) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(1-w), & 0 \leq w \leq 1 \\ 0, & w > 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \int_0^\infty \hat{f}_c(w) \cos wx dw = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \int_0^1 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}(1-w) \cos wx dw \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \left\{ \left[(1-w) \frac{1}{x} \sin wx \right]_0^1 - \int_0^1 (-1) \frac{1}{x} \sin wx dw \right\} \\ &= \frac{2}{\pi} \left\{ \frac{1}{x} \left[-\frac{1}{x} \cos wx \right]_0^1 \right\} = \frac{2(1 - \cos x)}{\pi x^2} \end{aligned}$$

[과제 18] $f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-x}, & x \geq 0 \\ e^x, & x < 0 \end{cases}$ 의 푸리에 코사인 변환 $\hat{f}_c(w)$ 을 구하여라.

(풀이)

$$\hat{f}_c(w) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \int_0^\infty e^{-x} \cos wx dx = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} L(\cos wx)|_{s=1} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{1}{1+w^2}$$