

Assignment #3

Due date: June 14th 9:20 AM
Offline submission at the class

1. [50 pt.] Assume a small 16-bit address space special-purpose processor that can be equipped with one of two direct-mapped caches, C1 or C2. Both C1 and C2 have a total capacity of 64 bytes. C1 has a block size of 4 bytes while C2 has a block size of 16 bytes.

(a) Fill in the complete cache parameters (m , C , B , E , S , t , s , b) for C1 and C2. For the meaning of each parameter, refer to our lecture note.

C1 [5pt]:

m	C	B	E	S	t	s	b
16	64						

C2 [5pt]:

m	C	B	E	S	t	s	b
16	64						

(b) Assume that the cache is initially empty, and we have a program that reads 1-byte data from the following sequence of (hexadecimal) memory addresses: BA00, BA04, AA08, BA05, AA14, AA11, AA13, AA38, AA09, AA0B, BA04, AA2B, BA05, BA06, AA09, AA11.

For each cache option, specify which references are hits (H) and which are misses (M).

C1 [10pt]:

C2 [10pt]:

For each cache option, specify the final data content of the cache. You can use expression "X-Y" to denote the bytes from address X to Y. Leave the cell as empty if the set is not filled.

C1 [10pt]:

set 0:	
set 1:	
set 2:	
set 3:	
set 4:	
set 5:	
set 6:	
set 7:	
set 8:	
set 9:	
set 10:	
set 11:	
set 12:	
set 13:	
set 14:	
set 15:	

C2 [10pt]:

set 0:	
set 1:	
set 2:	
set 3:	

2. [50 points]

Consider a cache with parameters $m = 32$, $b = 8$, $s = 8$ and $E = 4$. The cache is initially empty.

Assume that:

sizeof(element)	= 8 bytes
@x[256]	= AAAA0000
@y[256]	= AABB0000
@a[512]	= AAAA8000
@b[512]	= AABB8000
Only x and y are in main memory	
LRU eviction	

Consider the following code segment:

```
for (i = 0; i < 256; i++) {
    value1 = x[ i ] * y[ i ]
    for (j = 0; j < 2; j++)
        value2 = a[ i×2+j ] + b[ i×2+j ]
}
```

(a) Fill in the complete cache parameters (m , C , B , E , S , t , s , b) for the cache. [5pt]

m	C	B	E	S	t	s	b
32			4			8	8

(b) After the first iteration of the outer loop with "i", which cache sets are filled? [5pt]

A. ()

- (c) After the first iteration of the outer loop with "i", which elements of x[], y[], a[], and b[] are stored in cache set #0, #64, #128, and #192? You can use expression “arr[i – j]” to denote the elements from index “i” to index “j”. Leave the cell as empty if the set is not filled. [10pt]

set 0:	
set 64:	
set 128:	
set 192:	

- (d) How many cache sets are filled after the completion of the outer loop with "i"? [10pt]

A. (_____) sets

- (e) Which elements of x[], y[], a[], and b[] are stored in cache set #143 after the completion of the outer loop with "i"? [10pt]

set 143:	
----------	--

- (f) What is the overall hit rate of this code? **Answer in fraction.** [10pt]

A. (_____)