```
1 package prob03;
 3 class Problem03
 4 {
 5
      public static void main(String args[])
 6
 7
          int a = 2147483647;
          byte b = 127;
 8
 9
10
          // prints out the binary value 10111 in decimal (23)
          System. out. println(0B10111);
11
12
          // prints out the octal value 345 in decimal (229)
13
          System. out. println(0345);
14
          // prints out the hex value 0×ABCD in decimal (43981)
15
          System.out.println(0×ABCD);
          // prints out the integer division of 1 and 3, which is 0
16
          System. out. println(1/3);
17
          // prints out the double division of 1 and 3, which is
18
  0.3333333333333333
          System. out. println(1/3.0);
19
          // prints out the double division of 1 and 3, which is
  0.33333333333333333
          System. out. println(1.0/3);
21
          // prints out the float division of 1 and 3, which is
22
  0.33333334
23
          System.out.println(1.0f/3.0F);
          // prints out the scientific notation as regular double
24
  (1.23123)
25
          System.out.println(123.123E-2);
26
          // prints out a, (2147483647)
27
          System.out.println(a);
28
          // prints out b, (127)
29
          System.out.println(b);
          // overflow the byte by one.
30
31
          b = (byte) (b+1);
          // prints -128 due to the overflow
32
33
          System.out.println(b);
          // overflow the int by one.
34
35
          a = (int)(a+1);
          // prints out -2147483648 due to the overflow
36
37
          System.out.println(a);
          // take (128 + 127) and convert to byte
38
          b = (byte)((-b)+127);
39
40
          // prints that conversion (which is -1)
```

```
41
          System.out.println(b);
          // take (-2147483648 + 2147483647) and convert to int
42
          a = (int) ((-a)+2147483647);
43
          // prints that conversion (which is -1)
44
          System.out.println(a);
45
          // set a and b back to initial value.
46
47
          a = 2147483647;
48
          b = 127;
49
          // take 127 + 1270 and put it into a byte
50
          b = (byte) (b+1270);
          // print out that number (117)
51
52
          System.out.println(b);
          // take 2147483647 + 2147483647 and put it into an int
53
          a = (int) (a+2147483647);
54
55
          // print out that number (-2)
          System.out.println(a);
56
      }
57
58 }
```