

大学习 — 发现学习中的大数据

Big Learning - Unleashing the Data Value in Online Learning

陈滢 博士

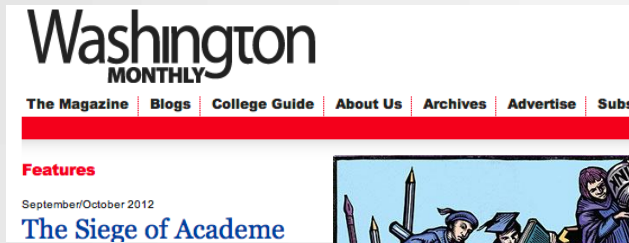
慧科教育集团高级副总裁
慧科教育研究院院长

一起来找茬 千年来教育的变化



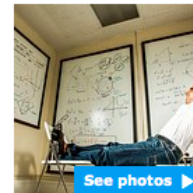
When education meets Internet.

MOOC – The Game Changer



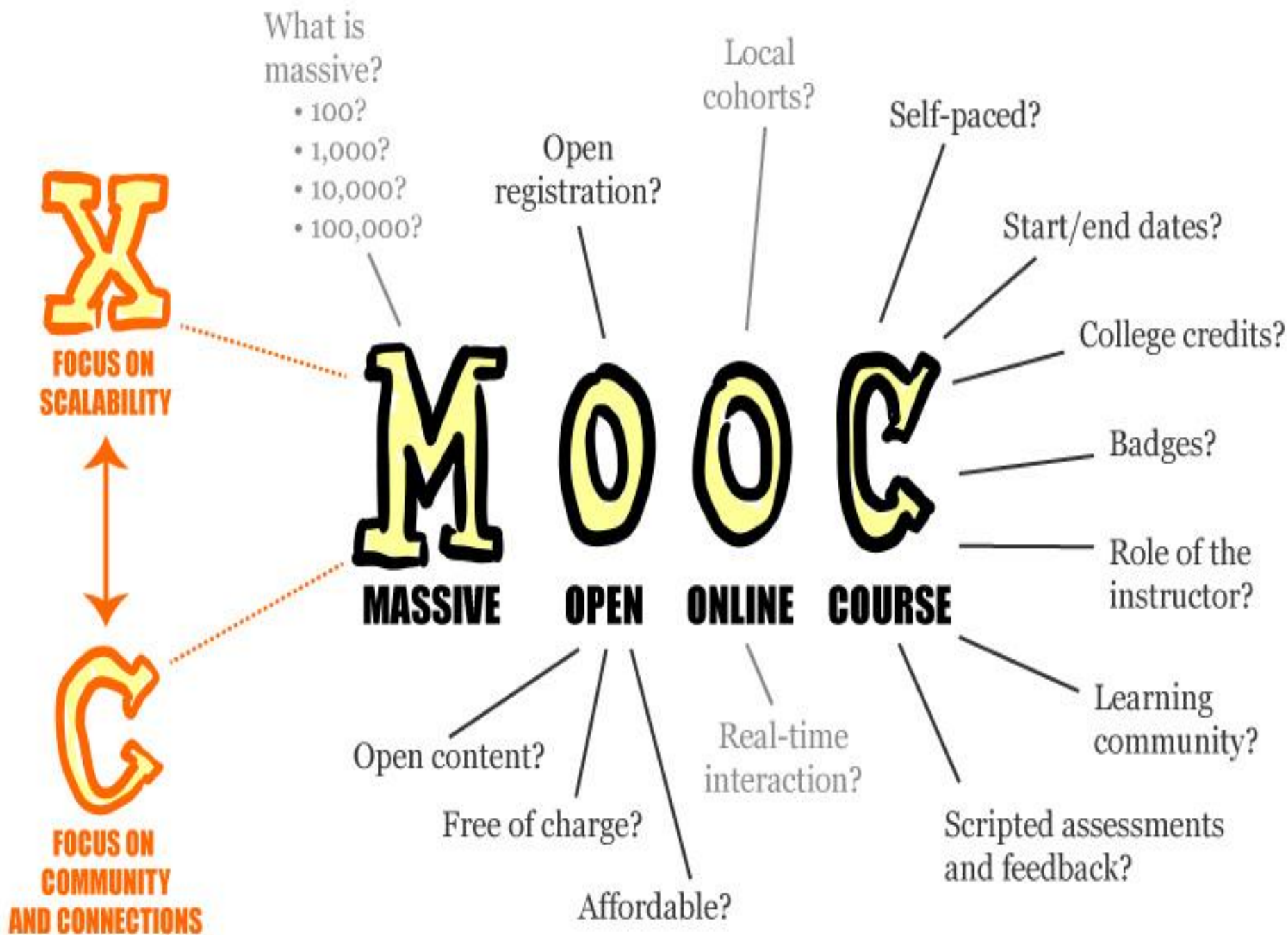
MAGAZINE

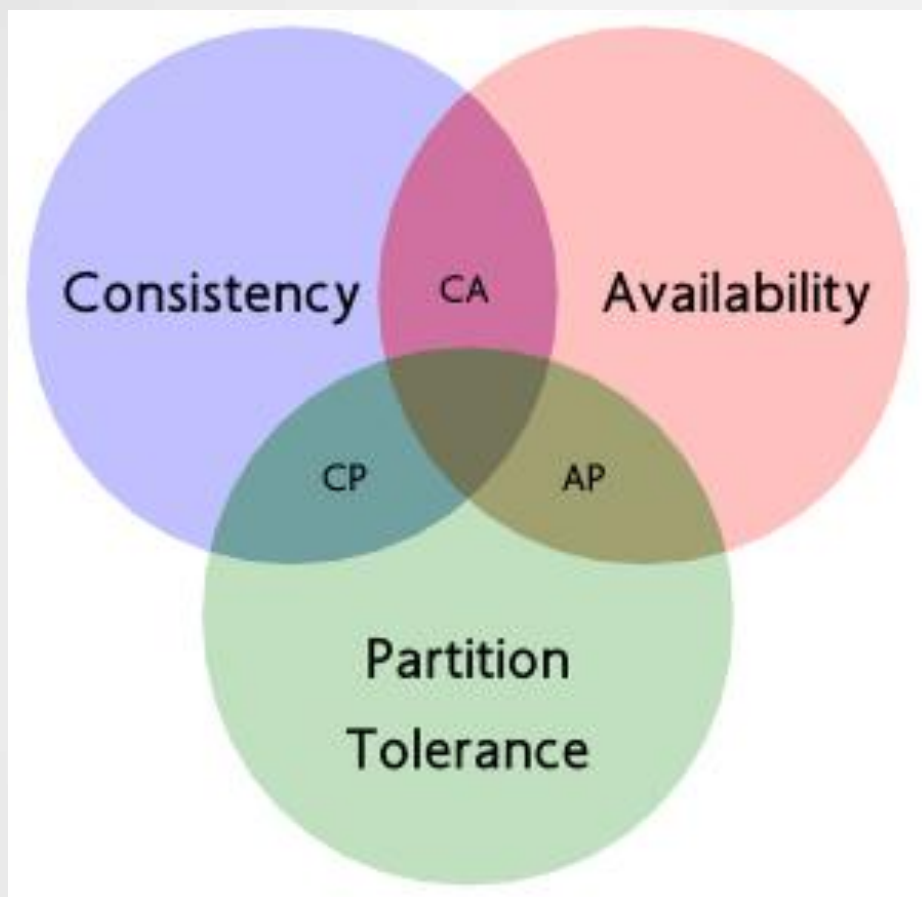
One Man, One Computer, 10 Million Students: How Khan Academy Is Reinventing Education



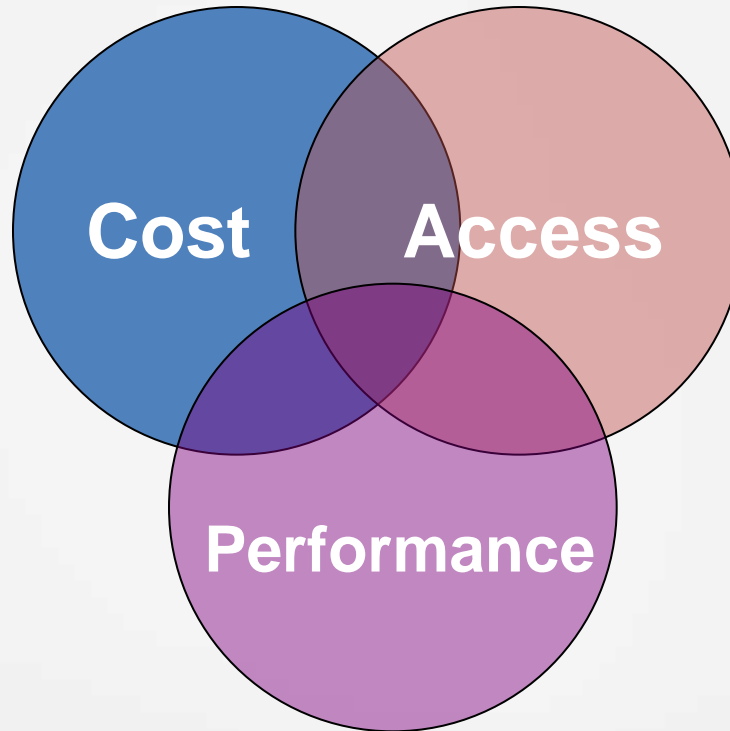
One man. One computer. Ten million students. Our \$1.3 trillion school system is ripe for revolution. [read »](#)







CAP in Education



“The Iron Triangle: College Presidents Talk about Costs, Access, and Quality.” By John Immerwahr, Jean Johnson, Paul Gasbarra.

October 2008. The National Center for Public Policy and Higher Education and Public Agenda.

http://www.highereducation.org/reports/iron_triangle/index.shtml

Internet + Education

O2O

线上下融合

Outside-in Drive

市场力量推动体制转型

Big Learning

大学习

Education Intelligence

教育智能

Crowd-lecturing

众传知识

Big Learning

LOYD (Learning On Your Device)

Any time

Any where

Any course

Cyberspace



Massive collaboration

Student-centric

Peer review

UGC

Data-driven

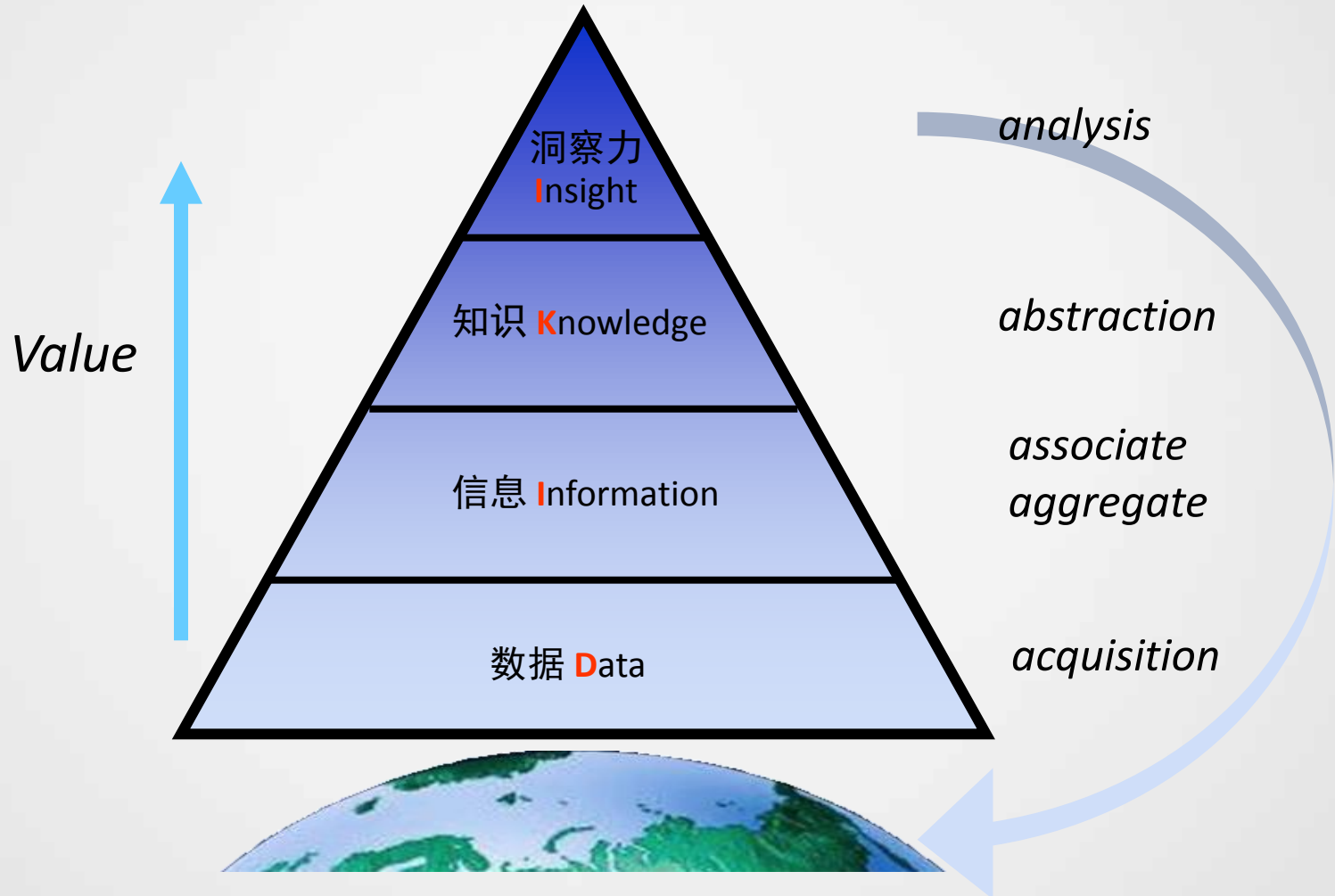
Adaptive Learning

Individualized Learning

Competency-based
evaluation

The Big Data in Learning.

Data Pyramid



A Quiz

73,939,133



eCommerce vs. eLearning

User POV

	eCommerce	eLearning	Implication for eLearning
Transaction Period	Short(minutes)	Long (Days, Months)	Trajectory analysis
Motivation	ACTIVE	ACTIVE or PASSIVE	Retention Stimulate
Contents	TEXT, IMAGE	Multimedia, Forum, Quiz/Test	Learning behaviour, evaluation
Collaboration	NO or FEW	MORE or INTENSE	Sentiment detection, peer review
Comments	on quality of the "product"		Quality,Dropout
Engagement	SHALLOW	DEEP	AWE

Big Learning in Action.



L@S 2015

Learning at Scale
Vancouver, BC, March 14-15, 2015



慧科教育研究院
Ulde Research Institute

[L@S Home](#)[Dates](#)[Calls](#)[Program](#)[Venue](#)[Registration](#)[Committee](#)[L@S 2014](#)

Updates:

- Online proceedings are available [here](#), under Table of Contents.
- Our twitter hashtag is #2015LAS

Thank you for a fantastic conference.

Let's meet again next year, L@S 2016, in Edinburgh.

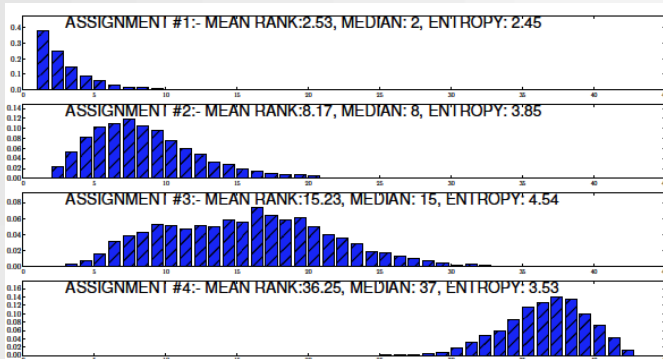


L@S 2015:

The second annual meeting of the ACM Conference on Learning at Scale will be held on **March 14 - 15 in Vancouver, BC, Canada**. This conference is intended to promote scientific exchange of interdisciplinary research at the intersection of the learning sciences

- Usability Studies
- Tools for Automated Feedback and Grading
- Learning Analytics, Analysis of Log Data
- Studies of Application of Existing Learning Theory
- Investigation of Student Behaviour and Correlation with Learning Outcomes
- New Learning and Teaching Techniques at Scale

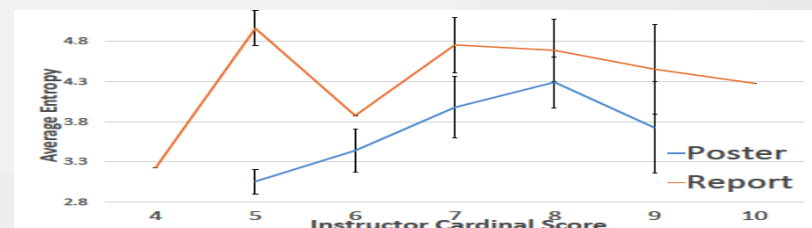
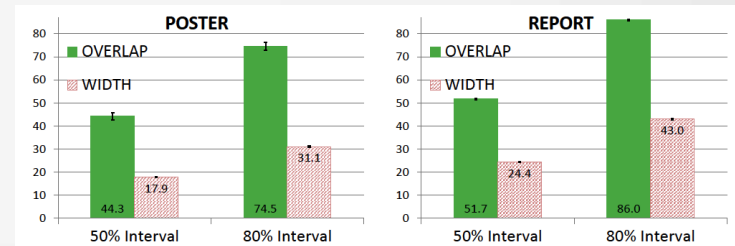
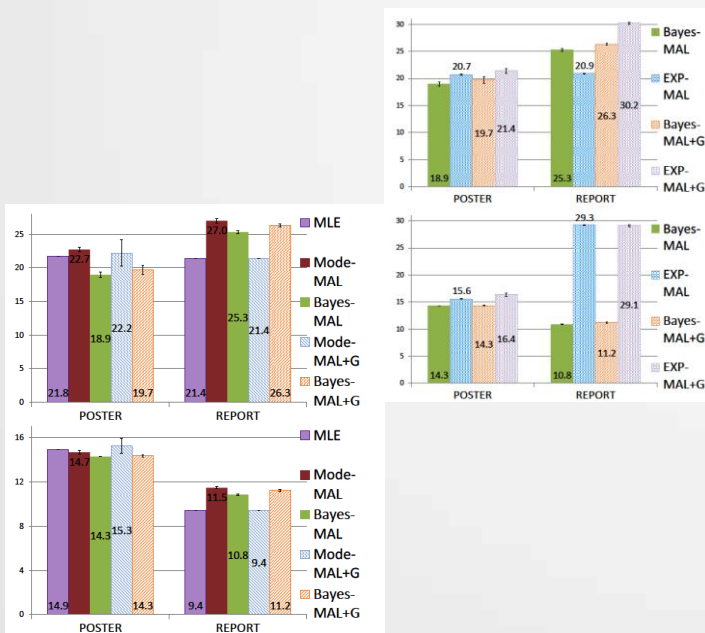
Bayesian Ordinal Peer Grading. Karthik Raman and Thorsten Joachims (Cornell University)



Algorithm 1 Sampling from Mallows Posterior using Metropolis-Hastings

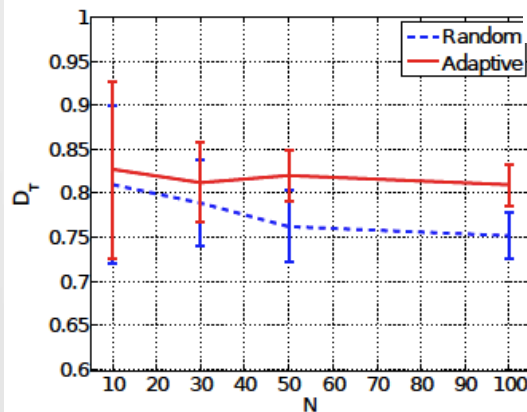
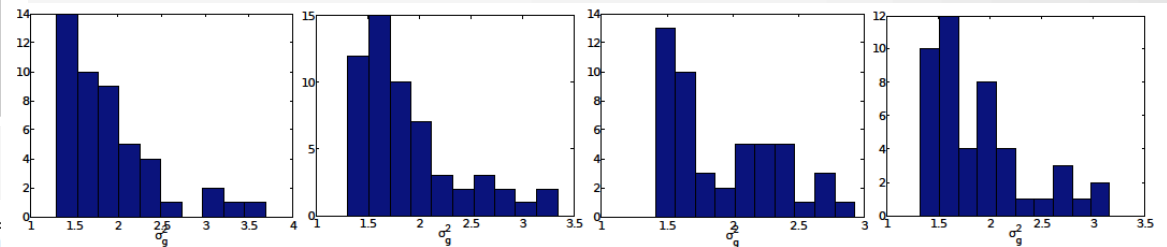
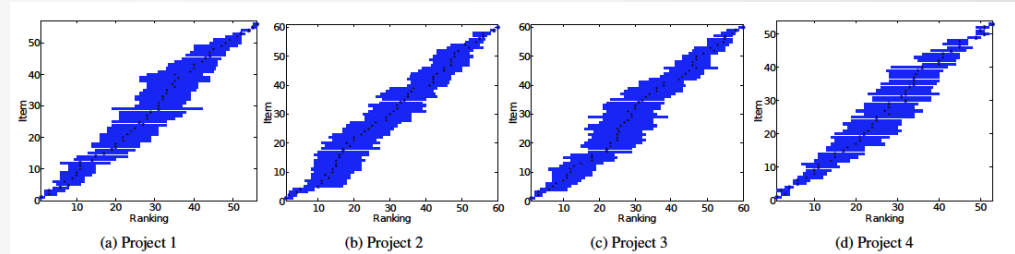
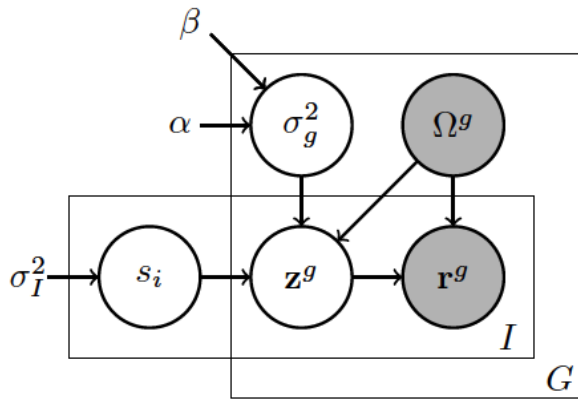
- 1: **Input:** Grader orderings σ^{\oplus} , Grader reliabilities η_g and MLE ordering $\hat{\sigma}$.
- 2: Pre-compute $x_{ij} \leftarrow \sum_{g \in G} \eta_g \mathbb{I}[d_i \succ_{\sigma^{\oplus}} d_j] - \sum_{g \in G} \eta_g \mathbb{I}[d_j \succ_{\sigma^{\oplus}} d_i]$
- 3: $\sigma_0 \leftarrow \hat{\sigma}$ Initialize Markov Chain using MLE estimate
- 4: **for** $t = 1 \dots T$ **do**
- 5: Sample σ' from (MALLOWS) jumping distribution: $J_{MAL}(\sigma' | \sigma_{t-1})$
- 6: Compute ratio $r_t = \frac{P(\sigma' | \{\sigma^{\oplus}, \forall g\})}{P(\sigma_{t-1} | \{\sigma^{\oplus}, \forall g\})}$ using Equation 5
- 7: With probability $\min(r_t, 1)$, $\sigma_t \leftarrow \sigma'$ else $\sigma_t \leftarrow \sigma_{t-1}$
- 8: Add σ_t to samples (if burn-in and thinning conditions met)

$$P(\sigma | \{\sigma^{\oplus}, \forall g\}) = \frac{P(\{\sigma^{\oplus}, \forall g\} | \sigma) P(\sigma)}{\sum_{\sigma' \in \pi(D)} P(\{\sigma^{\oplus}, \forall g\} | \sigma') P(\sigma')} \\ = \frac{P(\{\sigma^{\oplus}, \forall g\} | \sigma)}{\sum_{\sigma' \in \pi(D)} P(\{\sigma^{\oplus}, \forall g\} | \sigma')} \quad (4)$$

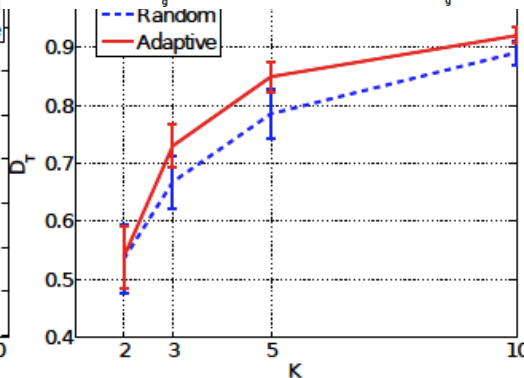


BayesRank: A Bayesian Approach to Ranked Peer Grading.

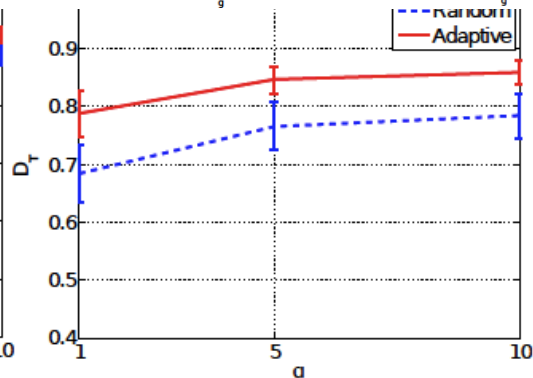
Andrew Waters (Rice University), David Tinapple (Arizona State University), and Richard Baraniuk (Rice University)



(a) D_τ vs. N



(b) D_τ vs. K



(c) D_τ vs. α

Effective Sampling for Large-Scale Automated Writing Evaluation Systems.

Nicholas Dronen (University of Colorado at Boulder & Pearson), Peter Foltz (Pearson & University of Colorado at Boulder), and Kyle Habermehl (Pearson)



Set	m									
	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
1	42	18	10	7	5	4	3	2	2	2
2a	86	69	47	37	26	26	22	18	18	15
2b	94	68	48	39	32	27	26	23	18	17
3	26	18	16	10	8	8	5	5	4	4
4	25	7	<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>	5	4	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>2</u>
5	25	12	7	4	3	2	1	1	1	1
6	59	30	17	12	8	7	5	4	3	3
7	54	29	16	10	6	5	4	2	2	2
8	106	84	62	93	80	65	74	84	50	63

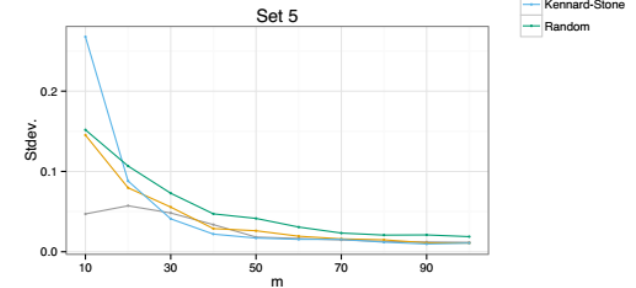
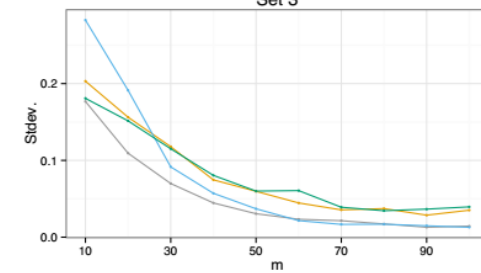
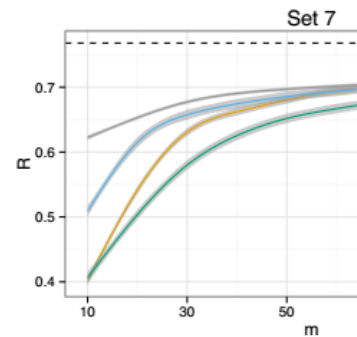
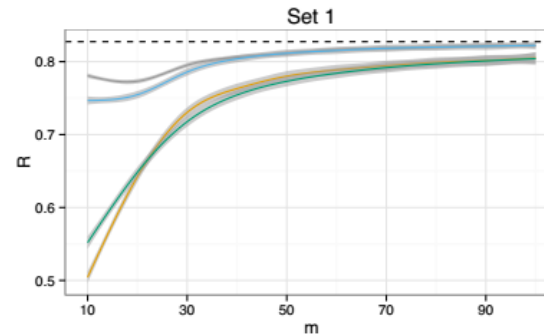
(a) Fedorov

Set	m									
	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
1	36	15	9	6	5	4	3	2	2	2
2a	62	70	48	36	26	26	21	18	18	15
2b	70	67	45	36	30	25	25	22	17	17
3	25	13	13	9	7	9	6	5	5	4
4	-33	<u>-2</u>	<u>-1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>
5	<u>-5</u>	11	7	5	4	3	2	1	1	1
6	52	28	17	11	8	6	4	4	2	3
7	25	22	11	8	5	4	3	2	3	2
8	52	66	45	54	73	53	69	85	53	62

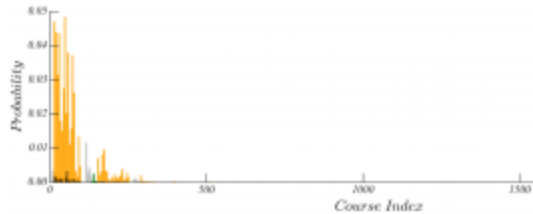
(b) Kennard-Stone

Set	m									
	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
1	-8	<u>-1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
2a	30	42	32	23	17	19	16	13	14	12
2b	53	40	32	28	23	19	20	18	14	14
3	<u>-4</u>	<u>0</u>	5	<u>3</u>	<u>1</u>	3	1	1	1	1
4	13	14	13	7	8	6	4	4	<u>3</u>	<u>0</u>
5	<u>4</u>	9	5	4	3	2	1	1	1	1
6	15	8	10	9	7	6	5	4	3	3
7	<u>0</u>	7	8	6	4	4	3	2	2	2
8	46	52	45	41	40	33	40	43	<u>22</u>	25

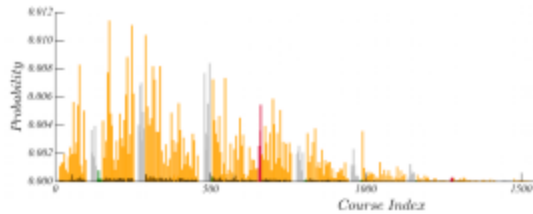
(c) K-means



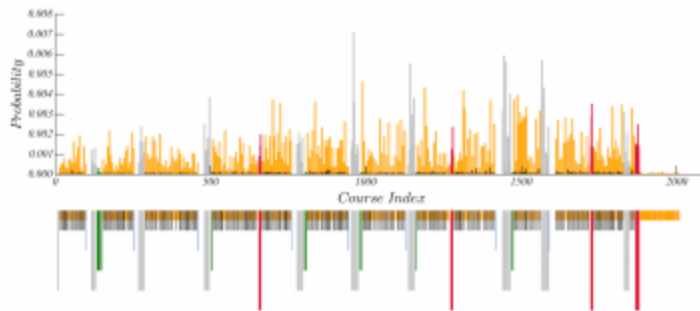
Probabilistic Use Cases: Discovering Behavioral Patterns for Predicting Certification. Cody A. Coleman, Daniel T. Seaton, and Isaac Chuang (MIT)



(a) Shopping use case



(b) Disengaging use case



	3-use case model			5-use case model			10-use case model			50-use case model		
Week	ACC	TNR	TPR	ACC	TNR	TPR	ACC	TNR	TPR	ACC	TNR	TPR
1	0.71±0.01	0.70	0.79	0.77±0.01	0.77	0.76	0.81±0.01	0.81	0.75	0.81±0.01	0.81	0.74
2	0.79±0.01	0.78	0.93	0.83±0.01	0.82	0.90	0.83±0.02	0.82	0.89	0.85±0.02	0.85	0.90
3	0.87±0.02	0.86	0.96	0.84±0.02	0.83	0.96	0.88±0.02	0.87	0.96	0.90±0.02	0.90	0.94
4	0.90±0.01	0.89	0.97	0.91±0.02	0.90	0.97	0.91±0.02	0.90	0.97	0.93±0.02	0.93	0.95
5	0.87±0.02	0.86	0.98	0.91±0.02	0.91	0.98	0.91±0.02	0.91	0.96	0.93±0.02	0.93	0.96
6	0.90±0.02	0.90	0.99	0.91±0.02	0.90	0.99	0.92±0.02	0.91	0.98	0.94±0.02	0.94	0.98
7	0.92±0.02	0.91	0.99	0.91±0.02	0.90	0.99	0.92±0.02	0.92	0.98	0.95±0.02	0.95	0.97
8	0.92±0.02	0.91	0.99	0.94±0.02	0.94	0.99	0.94±0.01	0.93	0.99	0.96±0.02	0.96	0.97
9	0.94±0.01	0.93	0.99	0.95±0.01	0.95	0.98	0.94±0.01	0.94	0.99	0.96±0.01	0.96	0.97
10	0.93±0.02	0.93	0.99	0.94±0.02	0.93	1.00	0.96±0.01	0.96	0.98	0.97±0.01	0.97	0.97
11	0.93±0.02	0.93	1.00	0.95±0.01	0.95	1.00	0.96±0.01	0.96	0.99	0.97±0.01	0.97	0.98
12	0.93±0.02	0.93	1.00	0.93±0.02	0.93	0.99	0.96±0.01	0.96	0.99	0.98±0.01	0.98	0.97
13	0.92±0.02	0.91	0.99	0.95±0.01	0.95	0.99	0.97±0.01	0.97	0.99	0.98±0.01	0.98	0.98
14	0.96±0.01	0.95	0.97	0.97±0.01	0.97	0.99	0.97±0.01	0.97	0.99	0.98±0.01	0.98	0.98
15	0.92±0.02	0.92	0.99	0.95±0.01	0.95	0.99	0.96±0.01	0.96	0.99	0.99±0.01	0.99	0.98
16	0.96±0.01	0.96	1.00	0.95±0.01	0.94	1.00	0.97±0.01	0.97	0.99	0.99±0.01	0.99	0.98
17	0.96±0.01	0.95	1.00	0.97±0.01	0.97	0.98	0.97±0.01	0.97	0.99	0.98±0.01	0.98	0.98
18	0.96±0.01	0.96	1.00	0.96±0.01	0.96	1.00	0.97±0.01	0.97	0.99	0.99±0.00	0.99	0.98

$$\prod_{u=1}^K P(\beta_u) \prod_{t=1}^T P(\phi^t | \alpha) \left\{ \prod_{i=1}^{n_t} \phi_u^t \beta_{m_i | u} \right\}$$

Uncovering Trajectories of Informal Learning in Large Online Communities Of Creators. Seungwon Yang, Carlotta Domeniconi, Matt Reville, Mack Sweeney, Ben U. Gelman, Chris Beckley, and Aditya Johri (George Mason University)

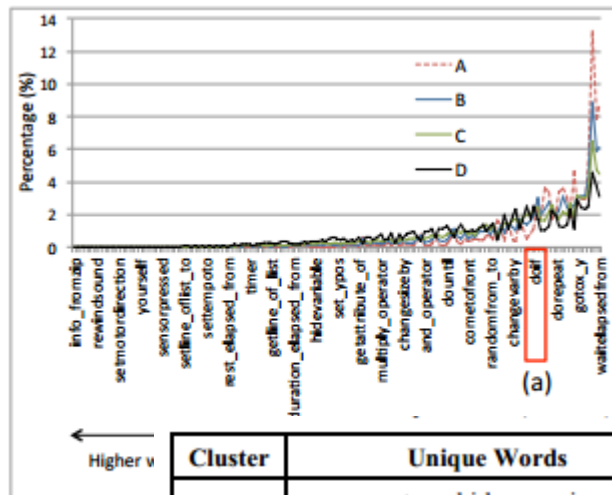
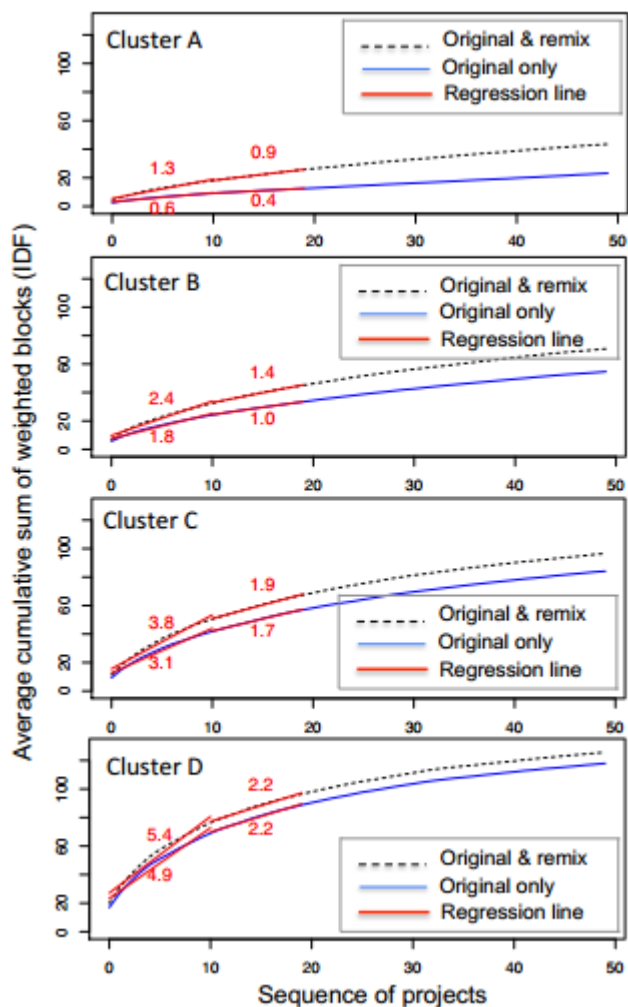


Figure 7. B
graph an

Cluster	Unique Words	Count
A	poor, story, kirby, movie, sad, cookie, anime, car, baby, wolf, shadow, drawing	12
B	king, head, views, meow, dragon, nice	6
C	nyan, spam, watch, astro, darkraiworld, hill, battle, pizza, stick	9
D	color, bros, radas, player, tagger, darkb, mouse, liam, long, version, online, turbo, adventure, survived, scripts, ninja, projects, great, mhm, magic, level, geometry, button, bob, view, erk	26

Table 3. Unique words extracted from the project descriptions and comments in each cluster.

Exploring the Effect of Confusion in Discussion Forums of Massive Open Online Courses. Diyi Yang, Miaomiao Wen, Iris Howley, Robert Kraut, and Carolyn Rose (Carnegie Mellon University)

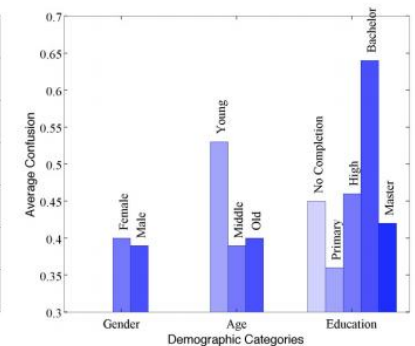
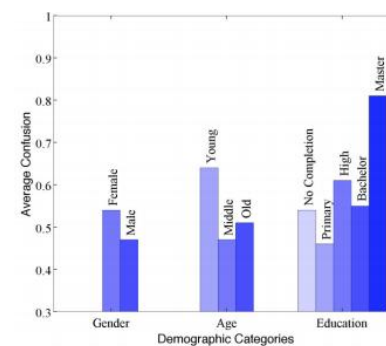
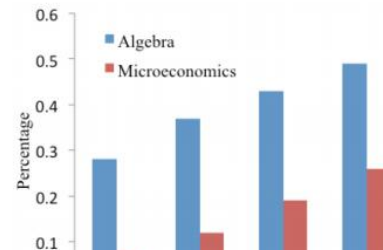


Figure 2. Survival Curves for Students Exposed to Different Levels of Confusion Being Replied

Figure 3. Survival Curves for Students Exposed to Different Levels of Confusion Being Resolved

Table 2. Top Ranked Features for Confusion Detection

Courses	Algebra	Microeconomics
Most Important Features (Feature Weight)	question marker count(1.16) 1st pers singular (1.31) question word count(0.52) click pattern (0.38) impersonal pronouns (-0.15) certainty (-0.17) negation (-0.19) adverbs (-0.20)	question marker count(1.30) start with modal words (1.09) 1st pers singular(0.73) question word count(0.17) adverbs (-0.17) affect (-0.18) click pattern(-0.19) negation (-0.20) insight (-0.28)

Table 2. Top Ranked Features for Confusion Detection



首页

课程

高校邦

微专业

创业微学院

论坛



编程语言

Java PHP MySQL

移动开发

Android iOS

云计算

云架构 云存储

大数据

R语言 hadoop 数据挖掘

交互设计

HTML5 响应式Web设计

市场营销

网络统计 搜索营销 SEO

创新创业

创新思维 商业模式

办公软件

Word Excel PPT

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《互联网+》
——总理的召唤!

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创业团队

项目经理
软考解析

教你玩转
PPT 2013

vmware
威睿云讲堂

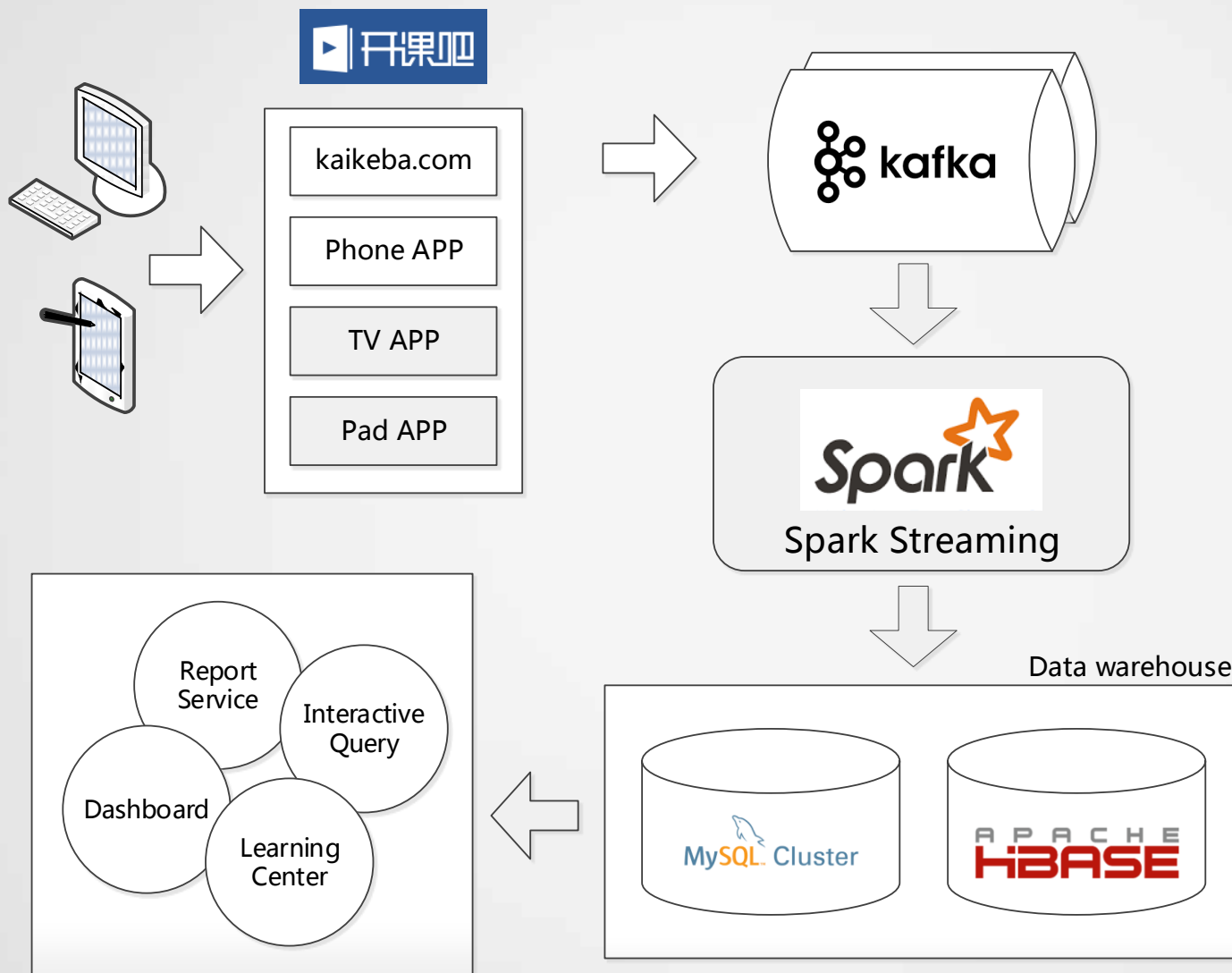


IBM
大数据专区

最新推出&黄金课程
计算思维

移动生产力

What we are doing

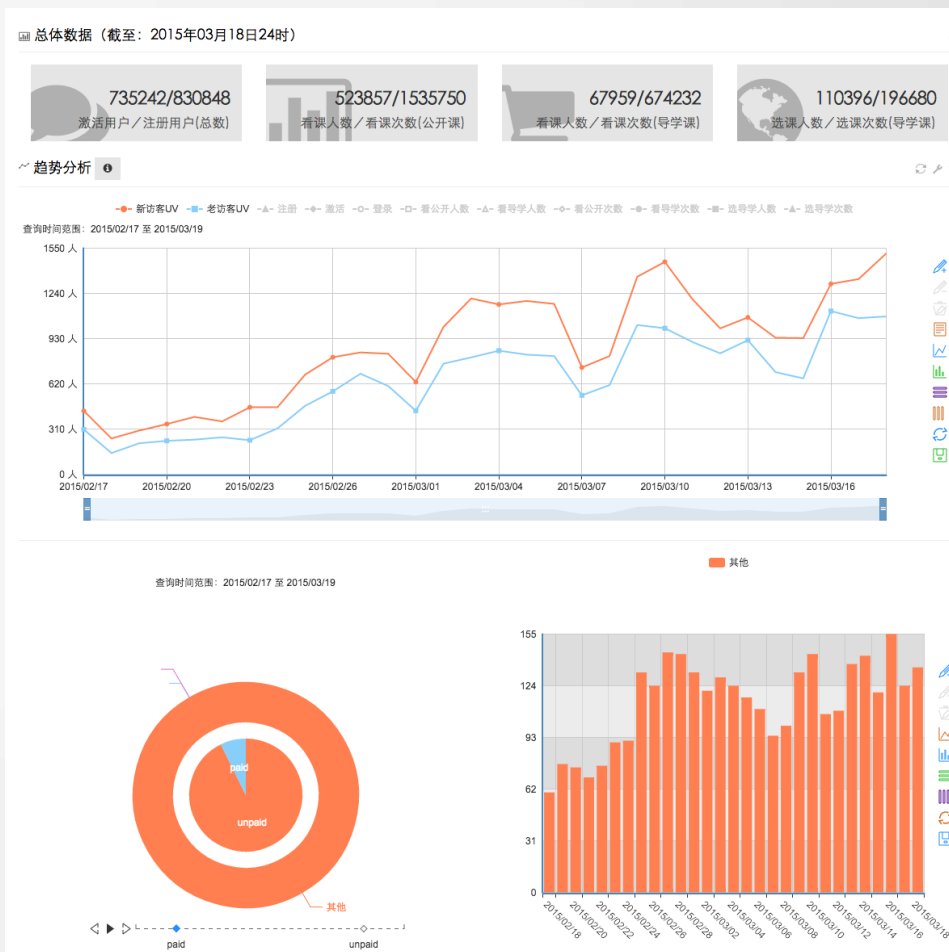


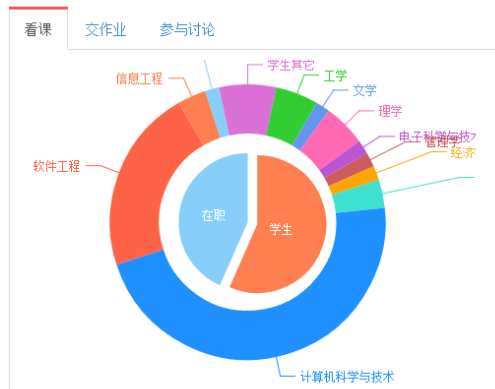
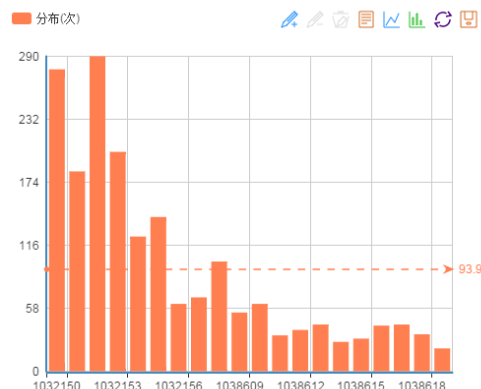
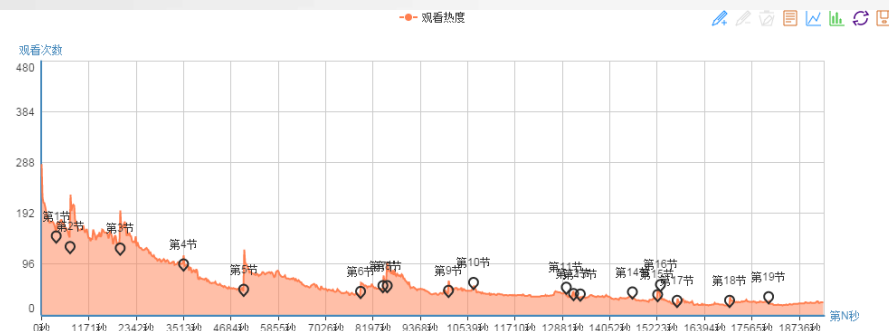
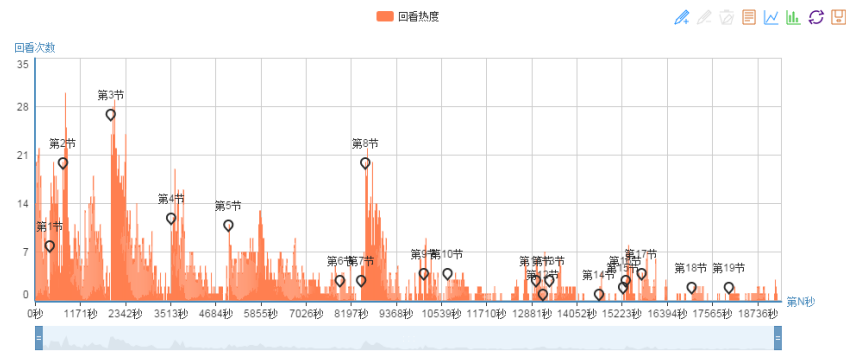


学习时长，完成度
学习专注度
考试成绩
维度：课程分类、教学模式

勤奋指数
(在全体学生中的相对排行)

课程推荐、职位推荐、3D简历生成





课程日、周、月排行榜。

根据学生观看行为，计算
视频观看热度、
回放热度、
暂停热度区域

能看到自己负责课程的学生情况，比如，喜欢一天当中什么时段看视频？做作业？学生的职业/年龄分布？

一起来想象 十年后的教育



**Education changes us for decades,
it is time for us to change education.**



慧科教育研究院
Utide Research Institute