Managing Policy-Managed Oracle RAC Databases - Part II

By Ahmed Baraka

Objectives

In this lecture, you will learn how to perform the following:

- Describe and create the following components in the Clusterware:
 - Server categorization
 - Cluster configuration policy
 - Cluster configuration policy set
- Obtain and set Server Configuration Attributes

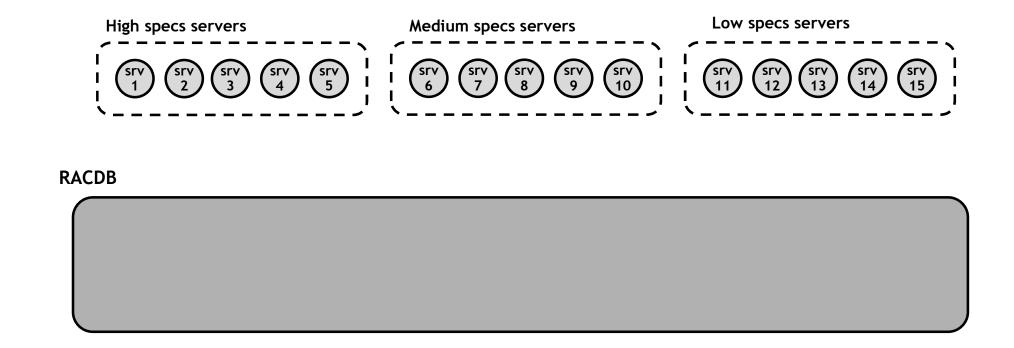


Policy-Management Benefits

- Ensuring database service start order
- Better service failover:
 - Automatically uses any server in the FREE server pool for failover
 - Provides priority to important services for failover

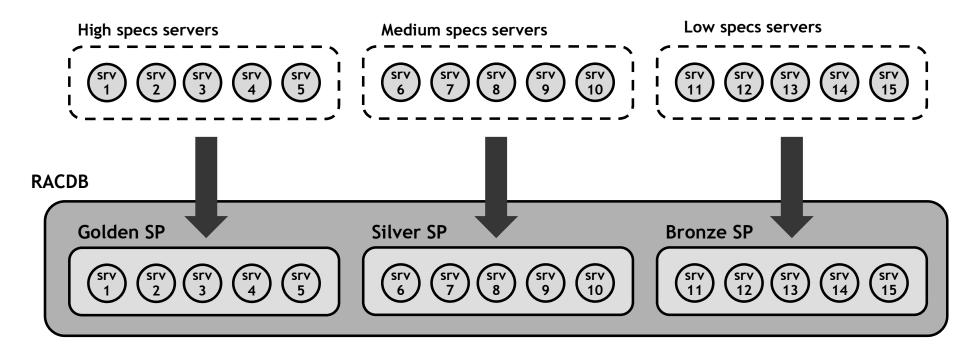


Policy-managed Oracle RAC: Server Categorization





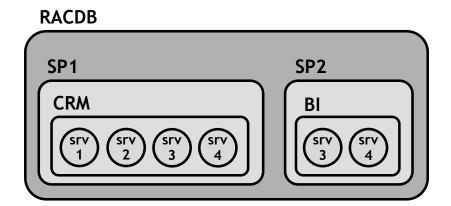
Policy-managed Oracle RAC: Server Categorization





Policy-managed RAC: Dynamic Resource Provisioning

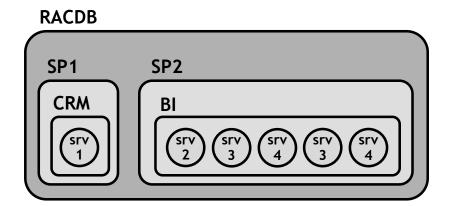
Daytime





Policy-managed RAC: Dynamic Resource Provisioning

Night time





About Server Categorization, Cluster Configuration Policies and the Policy Set

- Server categorization enables you to organize servers into particular categories by using attributes
- Cluster configuration policy is a document that contains exactly one definition for each server pool managed by the cluster configuration policy set
- Cluster configuration policy set is a document which contains one or more configuration policies
- Only one policy is active at a time
- Administrators can set the active policy



Cluster servers





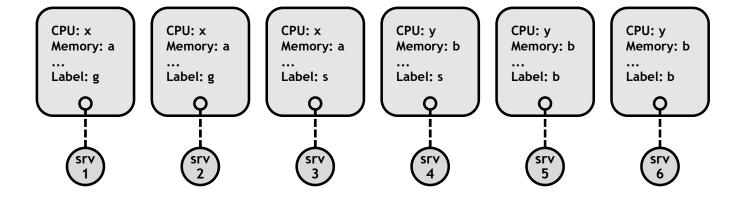




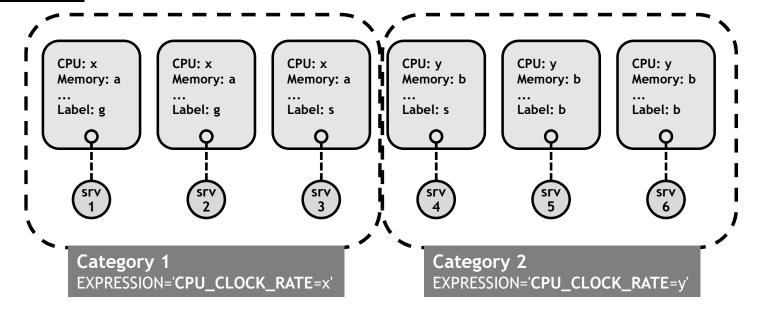




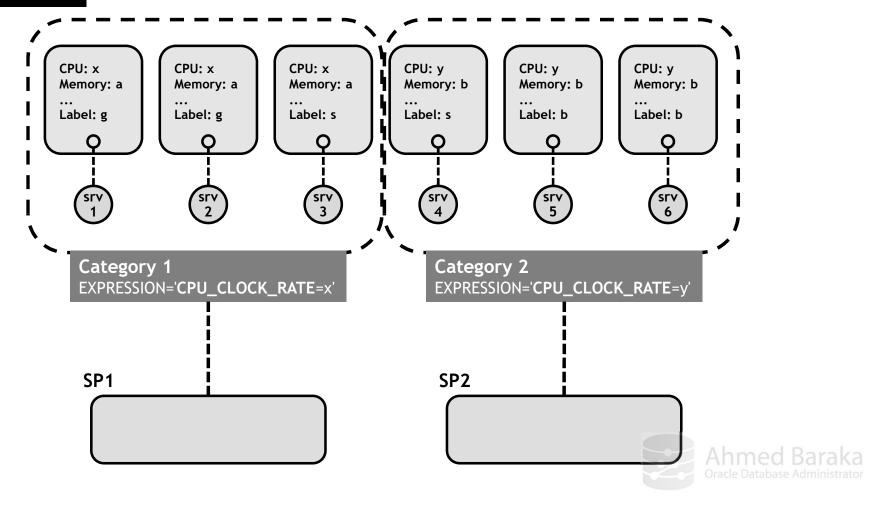


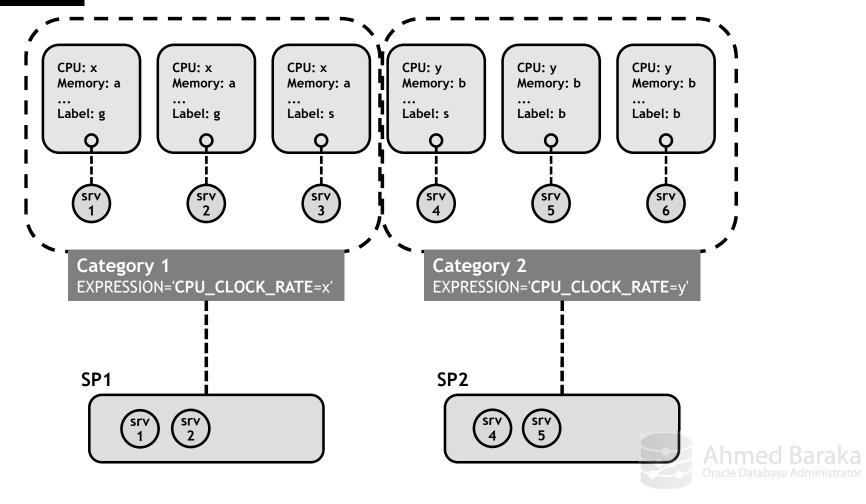












Cluster servers







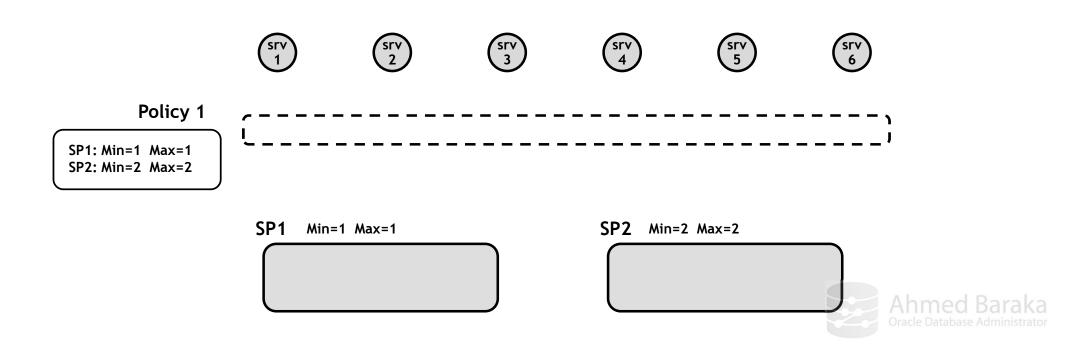




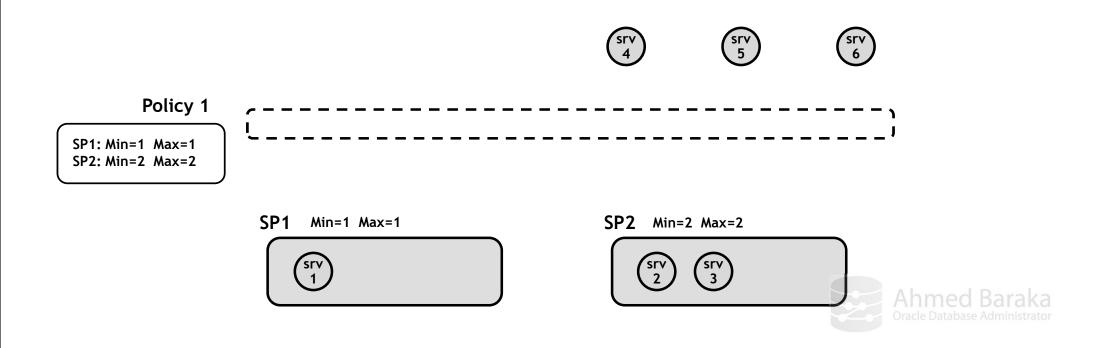




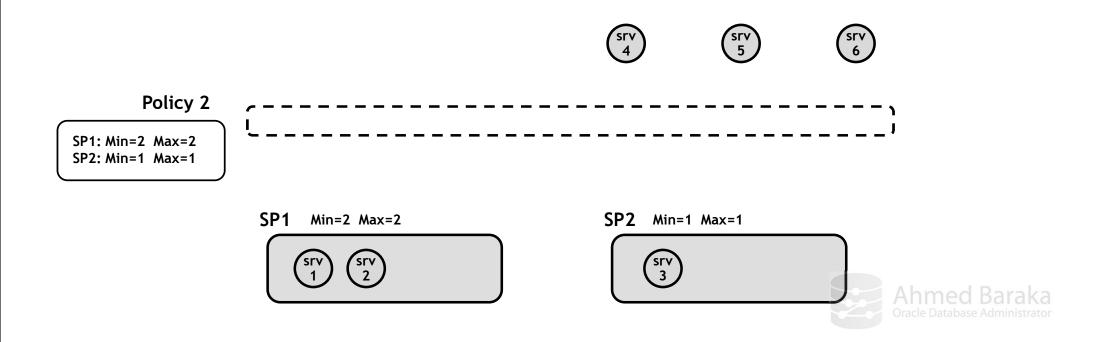
Daytime



Daytime



Night time



Policy-Management Benefits

- Ensuring database service start order
- Better service failover:
 - Automatically uses any server in the FREE server pool for failover
 - Provides priority to important services for failover
- Relocate servers based on their categorizations
- Dynamic resource provisioning: relocate the servers based on time or events

Server Configuration Attributes

Attribute	Description
ACTIVE_CSS_ROLE	Role being performed by the server: LEAF or HUB
CONFIGURED_CSS_ROLE	Configured role
CPU_CLOCK_RATE	CPU clock rate in megahertz (MHz)
CPU_COUNT	Number of processors
CPU_EQUIVALENCY	Relative value that describes the CPU power
MEMORY_SIZE	Memory size in megabytes (MB)
RESOURCE_USE_ENABLED	1:server can be moved, 0:server should stay in FREE
SERVER_LABEL	A label that can be set by the user Ahmed Barak Oracle Database Administra

Setting SERVER_LABEL of a Server

 To set the configuration value of SERVER_LABEL to a server, run the following command locally:

crsctl set server label GoldS

Note: You must restart the Oracle Clusterware technology stack on the node for the changes to take effect.

 To obtain the configuration value of SERVER_LABEL server configuration of a server:

crsctl get server label

Server Category Attributes

Attribute	Description
Name	Name of the server category
EXPRESSION	An expression to determine if a server belongs to the category Acceptable comparison operators include: (=) equal, (eqi): equal case insensitive, (>) greater than, (<) less than, (!=) not equal, (co) contains, (coi) contains case insensitive, (st) starts with, (en) ends with, (nc) does not contain, (nci) does not contain, case insensitive Acceptable boolean operators include: AND, OR EXPRESSION=' ((NAME = srv1) OR (NAME = srv2)) 'Admost Property of the category Acceptable boolean operators include: AND, OR

Create Server Category Examples

Examples of creating server category:

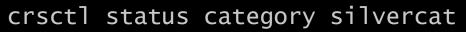
```
crsctl add category silvercat -attr "EXPRESSION='(CPU_COUNT > 2)
AND (MEMORY_SIZE >2048)'"

crsctl add category highIO
  -attr "EXPRESSION='SERVER_LABEL co IOGold'"
```

• To modify an attribute in a category:

```
crsctl modify category silvercat -attr "EXPRESSION=...
```

To obtain information about a server category:



Associating a Server Pool to a Category

Setting the category of a serverpool:

```
srvctl add srvpool gold pool -category goldcat'"
srvctl modify srvpool gold pool -category goldcat'"
```

• To display the associated category of a server pool:

```
crsctl status serverpool goldpool -f | egrep 'CATEGORY'
```



Creating a Policy Set Configuration

Method 1

- 1. Plan all the required policies
- 2. Create the new policies:

```
crsctl add policy daytime -attr "DESCRIPTION='Day Time Policy'"
```

3. Set **SERVER_POOL_NAMES** policy set attribute to define the scope of the server pools that are controlled by the policy set

```
crsctl modify policyset -attr "SERVER_POOL_NAME='Free prodpool devpool testpool'" -ksp
```

Creating a Policy Set Configuration (cont)

Method 1 (cont)

4. Set the attributes for the server pools in every policy

```
crsctl modify serverpool prodpool -attr
"MAX_SIZE=2,MIN_SIZE=2,SERVER_CATEGORY=GoldS" -policy daytime
```

5. Activate the required policy

crsctl modify policyset -attr "LAST_ACTIVATED_POLICY='daytime'"



Creating a Policy Set Configuration (cont)

Method 2

- 1. Plan all the required policies
- 2. Create every policy set in a separate text file
 - The policy defines the server pools it controls and their attributes
- 3. Register the policies in a policy set
- 4. Activate the required policy



Creating a Policy Set Configuration: Example

1. Plan your configuration

```
Day Time:
   app1 uses two servers
   app2 use one server

Night Time:
   app1 uses one server
   app1 uses two servers
```



Creating a Policy Set Configuration: Example (cont)

2. Create every policy in a separate text file:

```
SERVER_POOL_NAMES=Free pool1 pool2

POLICY

NAME=DayTime

SERVERPOOL

NAME=pool1

IMPORTANCE=0

MAX_SIZE=2

MIN_SIZE=2

SERVER_CATEGORY=

....

Ahmed Baraka
```

Creating a Policy Set Configuration: Example (cont)

3. Register the policies in a policy set

crsctl modify policyset -file <file_name>

4. Activate the required policy

crsctl modify policyset -attr "LAST_ACTIVATED_POLICY=DayTime"



Policy-managed Database Considerations

- Must be carefully planned and tested
 - Improper configuration may lead to making services unavailable
 - To check the effect of activating a policy without actually activating it:

crsctl eval activate policy NighShift -admin -l 'resources'

- More challenging troubleshooting
- Different instance naming convention
- Impact on GoldenGate
 - Clusterware Bundled Agents may be required



Summary

In this lecture, you should have learnt how to perform the following:

- Describe and create the following components in the Clusterware:
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