

Managing Dynamic Database Services

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Objectives

In this lecture you will learn how to perform the following:

- Describe the benefits about database services
- Create, start, stop, enable and disable database services
- Modify service configuration
- Relocate services
- Enable and disable parallel operations in services
- Enable statistics aggregation



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About Oracle Dynamic Database Services

- Clients should connect to Oracle RAC using services
- Services are defined of applications, workloads, or modules
- Using Service benefits:
 - Integration with Resource Manager: control resource distribution on the services
 - Load balancing: control how the service sessions should be distributed on the instances
 - Tight integration with clusterware: resource profile automatically created:
 - How Oracle Clusterware should manage the service
 - Define service dependencies



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About Oracle Dynamic Database Services (cont)

- AWR reports and OEM provide performance metric data for services: can be aggregated by module/action
- Multiple terms:
 - dynamic database service
 - database service
 - service connection



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Default Service Connections

- Services created by default:
 - **DB_UNIQUE_NAME** or **DB_NAME**
 - **PDB_NAME** (in a **CDB**)
- Additionally, the database supports two internal services:
 - **SYS\$USERS** is the default service for user sessions that are not associated with any application service.
 - **SYS\$BACKGROUND** is used by background processes only.



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Administering Services

- In Oracle RAC, create them using `srvctl` or Enterprise Manager, but do not use `DBMS_SERVICE`
- Service administration tasks include:
 - Create and delete a service
 - Check the status and configuration of a service
 - Start or stop a service
 - Enable or disable a service
 - Relocate a service to a different instance
 - Modify a service attribute
 - Map a service to a consumer group



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Service Attributes

- Service name
- Service management policy: **AUTOMATIC**, **MANUAL**
- Instance preference | Server pool assignment
- Connection load balancing goal
- Load balancing advisory goal for run-time connection
- TAF settings
- Database role for a service



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Creating, Starting, and Stopping Services

- To create a service called hrsrv with preferred instance rac1 and an available instance rac2:

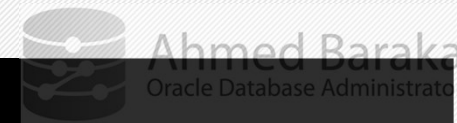
```
srvctl add service -db rac -service hrsrv -preferred rac1  
-available rac2
```

- To start the service:

```
srvctl start service -db rac -s hrsrv
```

- To stop the service:

```
srvctl stop service -db rac -s hrsrv
```



Client Side Configuration Example to Connect to a Service

```
SOESRV =  
  (DESCRIPTION =  
    (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP)(HOST = srv-scan)(PORT = 1521))  
    (CONNECT_DATA =  
      (SERVER = DEDICATED)  
      (SERVICE_NAME = hrsrv)  
    )  
  )
```



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Enabling and Disabling Services

- To enable/disable a service:

```
srvctl enable service -db rac -service hrsrv  
srvctl disable service -db rac -service hrsrv
```

- To enable/disable a service in an instance:

```
srvctl enable service -db rac -service hrsrv -instance rac1  
srvctl disable service -db rac -service hrsrv -instance rac1
```



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Obtaining Information about Services

- To know the status of all services in a database:

```
srvctl status service -db rac
```

- To know the status of a specific service in a database:

```
srvctl status service -db rac -s hrsrv
```

- To obtain the configuration information of a service:

```
srvctl config service -db rac -service hrsrv
```



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Modifying the Configuration of Services

- Set an available instance as a preferred instance:

```
srvctl modify service -db rac -s hrsrv -instance rac2  
-preferred
```



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Relocating Services

- Relocate a service from one instance to another:

```
srvctl relocate service -db rac -service hrsrv -oldinst rac1  
-newinst rac2 [-force]
```



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Parallel Operations in Services

- By default, Oracle RAC may decide to execute a SQL statement using more than one instance (in parallel)
- Parallel execution introduce heavy traffic in the interconnect
- You can control the parallel execution in Oracle RAC using the parameter **PARALLEL_FORCE_LOCAL**
- Services can be used to limit the number of instances that participate in a parallel SQL operation



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Gathering Performance Statistics by Service in AWR

- Service-level statistics gathered automatically by AWR
- Further granularity (Statistics Aggregation) can be enabled:
 - Service/Module
 - Service/Module/Action
- Statistics aggregation settings are persistent across instance restart.



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Enabling Statistics Aggregation

- Monitoring all actions in a module:

```
DBMS_MONITOR.SERV_MOD_ACT_STAT_ENABLE(SERVICE_NAME =>  
'HRSRV', MODULE_NAME=> 'PAYROLL', ACTION_NAME => NULL);
```

- Monitoring specific action in a module:

```
EXECUTE DBMS_MONITOR.SERV_MOD_ACT_STAT_ENABLE(SERVICE_NAME  
=> 'HRSRV', MODULE_NAME=> 'PAYROLL',  
ACTION_NAME => 'EXCEPTIONS PAY');
```

- **DBA_ENABLED_AGGREGATIONS** view to verify that you have enabled monitoring for application modules and actions



Obtaining Information about Services Performance

V\$SERVICE_STATS

V\$SERVICE_EVENT

V\$SERVICE_WAIT_CLASS

V\$SERVICEMETRIC

\$SERVICEMETRIC_HISTORY

V\$SERV_MOD_ACT_STATS

DBA_ENABLED_AGGREGATIONS

DBA_ENABLED_TRACES



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Enabling Tracing Aggregation

- Enable tracing for all actions in a module:

```
DBMS_MONITOR.SERV_MOD_ACT_TRACE_ENABLE(  
    SERVICE_NAME => 'HRSRV',  
    MODULE_NAME  => 'PAYROLL',  
    ACTION_NAME   => DBMS_MONITOR.ALL_ACTIONS,  
    WAITS         => TRUE,  
    BINDS        => FALSE,  
    INSTANCE_NAME=> NULL);
```

- Use trcsess tool to collect generated traces it into a single file
- Disable the tracing once the required data is obtained



Summary

In this lecture you should learnt how to perform the following:

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