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10th anniversary

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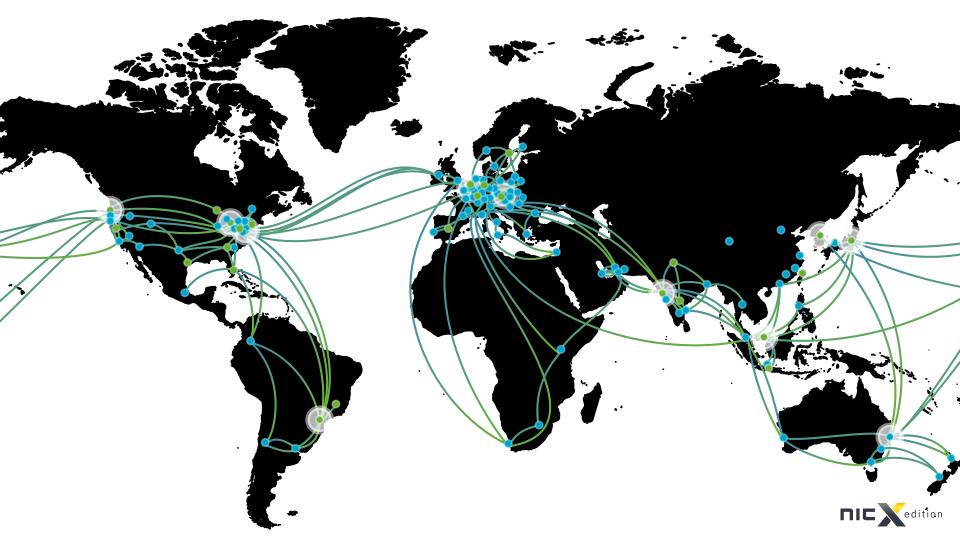
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Hybrid Connectivity with Cloud



# Networking concepts





### Enterprise networks

- Mostly based on physical devices
- Device type and placement determines capabilities
- Typically slow to change
- Segmentation in VLAN's
- Generally a single IP forwarding domain
- Often static addressing
- Network centric admission and access control



#### Cloud networks

- Software defined networks (VPC)
- Subnets typically correlated with physical locations
- Typically high rate of change
- Dynamic IP addressing
- Application centric admission and access control



#### How did we get to hybrid networks?

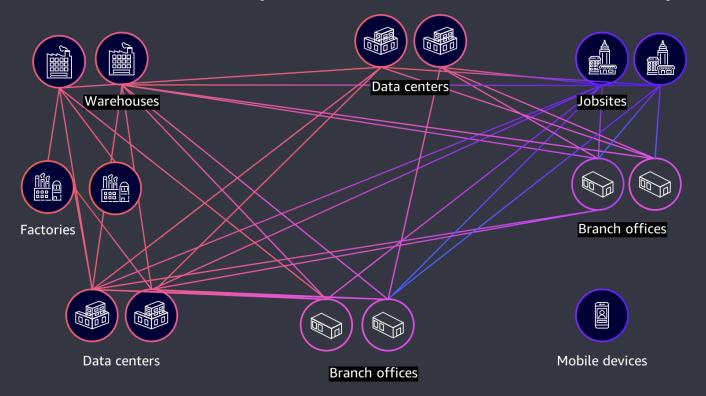


## What are hybrid networks?

- A network that enables data exchange between
  - cloud services
  - your data centers
  - branch offices
  - remote teams



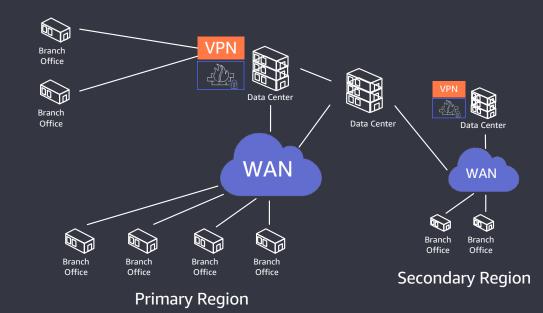
#### Traditional enterprise networks are complex





## The old corporate WAN

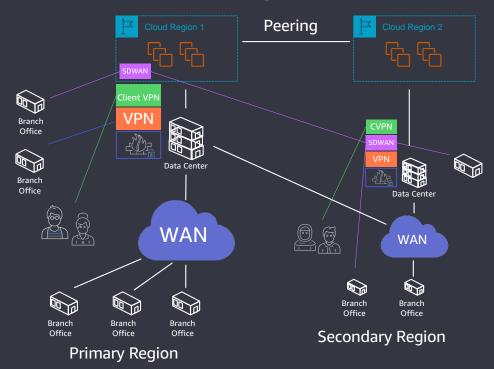
- Traditional technology
  - MPLS & VPN
- Traffic
  - User at sites
  - Apps in data centers
- Making changes
  - New offices can take months
  - New regions take even longer





## Modern WAN, new challenges

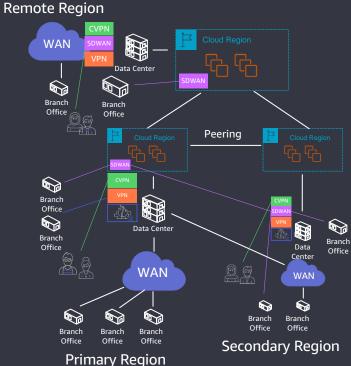
- More software-driven
  - SD-WAN, Cloud, Client VPN
  - Increased security needs
  - Network operations
- Dynamic Traffic
  - Users everywhere
  - Apps in the cloud
  - Network config by developers





## Modern WAN, but now global

- More software-driven
  - SD-WAN, Cloud, Client VPN
  - Increased security needs
  - Network operations
- Dynamic Traffic
  - Users everywhere
  - Apps in the cloud
  - Network config by developers
  - Adapt to changing site requirements





## Challenges

- Navigating a patchwork of technologies
- Sourcing hard-to-change connections
- Difficult to segment to improve security
- Hard to manage and monitor
- Mix of legacy and modern networks
- Complexity of overlay networks



#### Where do we go from here?

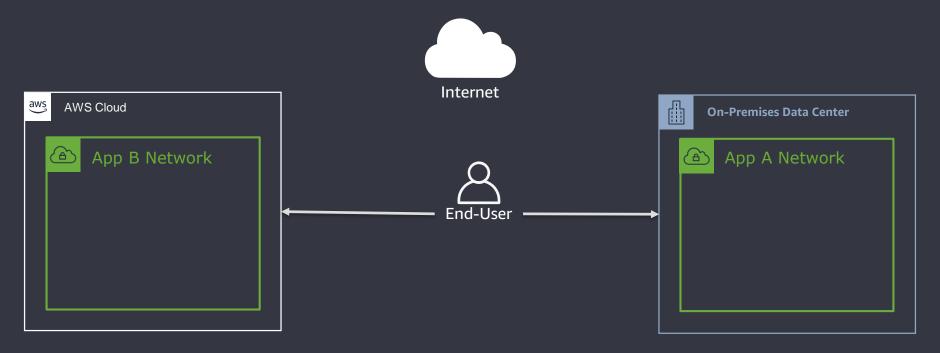


# Our vision for the hybrid network



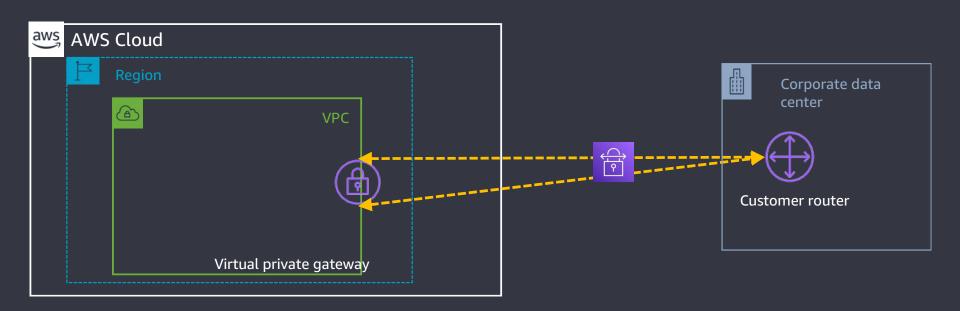


# Easiest "Hybrid" Network



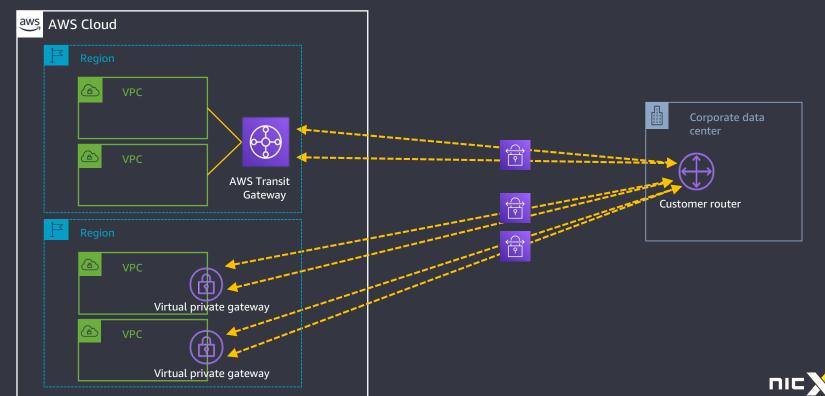


# Getting started

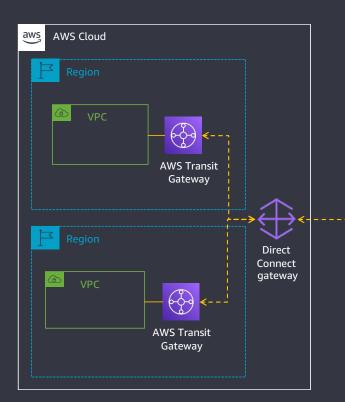


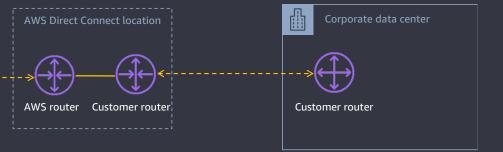


# Quickly running into scaling challenges



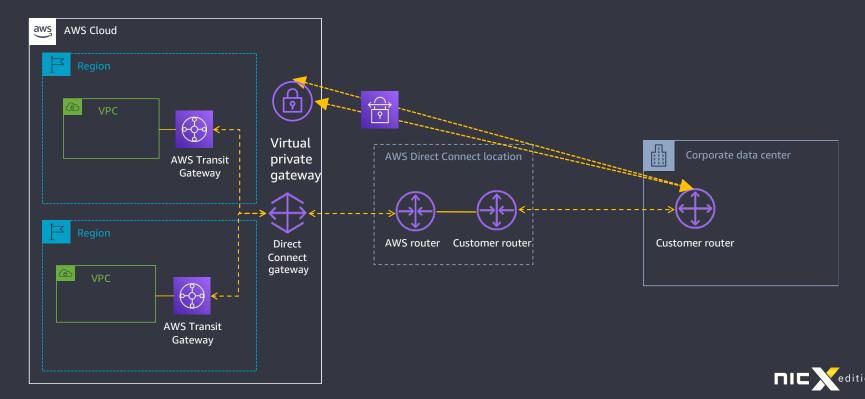
## Slowly evolving architectures



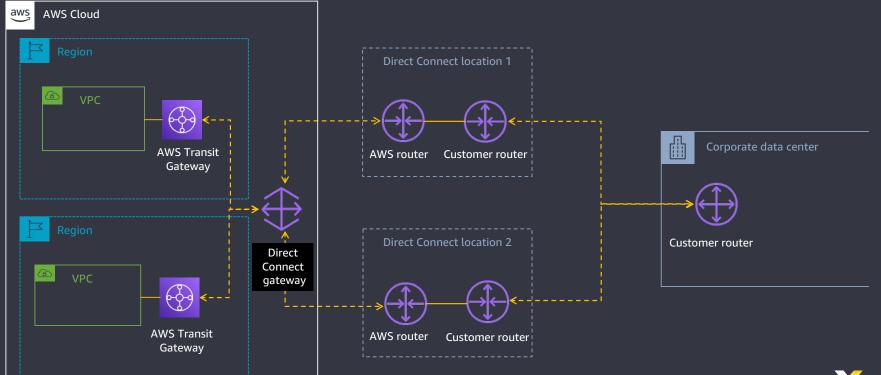




# Surviving your first outage

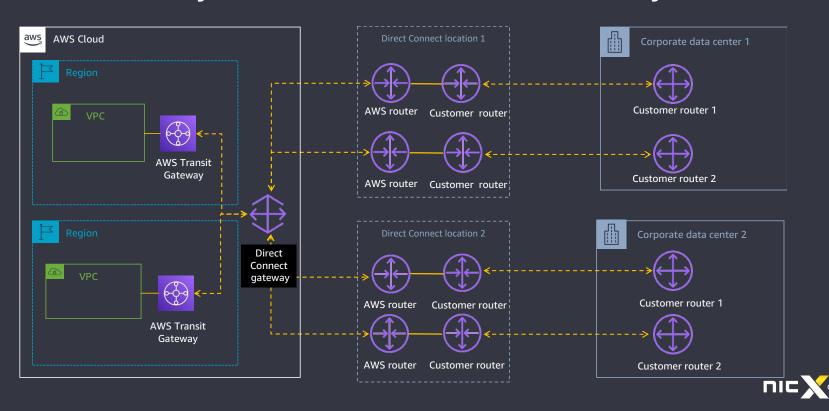


# Adding further resilience





## Maybe even more resiliency



### Common pitfalls

- Mixing resilient direct circuits and VPN to the same location
- Not simplifying the cloud network setup
- Manual configuration instead of automation
- Treating cloud networking as a copy of your on-premises network
- Not being aware of limits in the cloud



#### Limits in the cloud?!

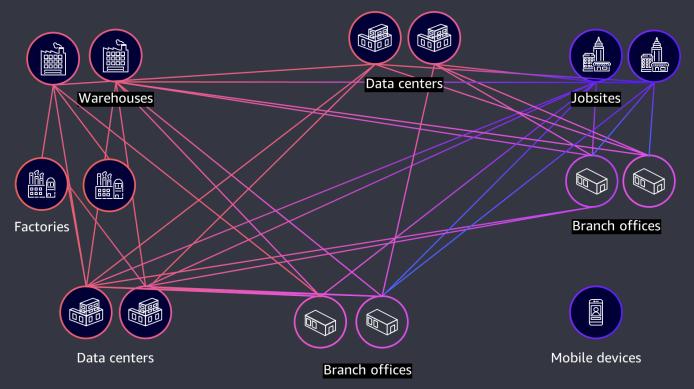
- Route prefix counts
- Placement on separate devices in the same location
- Availability Zone specific connections
- Need to choose between public and private routing
- Unsupported features (QoS, VLAN etc.)
- Plan for required maintenance
- Cost



### Opportunity for improvements



## Traditional enterprise networks are messy





### How to prevent this mess in the cloud?

- Develop a well-defined IP addressing allocation scheme across your VPCs and on-premises networks and automate the management
- Reduce the risk of overlapping CIDR ranges between VPC and on-premises networks by utilizing IPAM tools
- Use unique ASNs across your hybrid networks



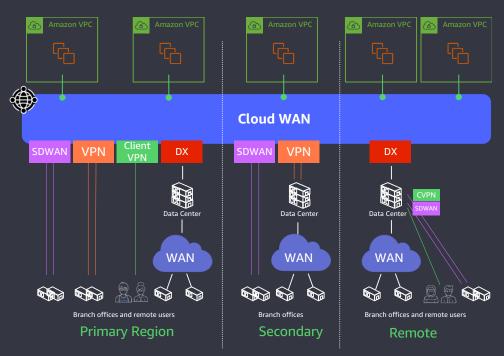
#### Build a cloud WAN

- Use the cloud as a global backbone
- Simplify WAN networking
- Segment traffic with centralized policies
- Use a single vendor solution or choose cloud native solutions
- Automate as much as possible



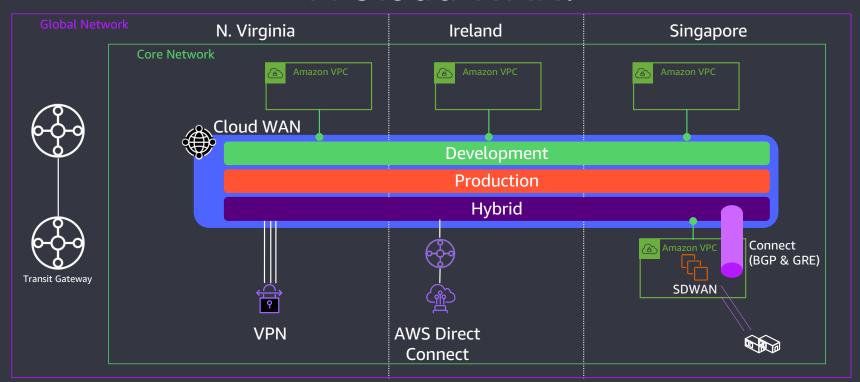
#### A Cloud WAN?

- Create connectivity across regions
- Dynamic routing
- Built-in automation
- Single control plane
  - VPCs
  - VPNs
  - SD-WAN
  - Client VPN
  - Firewalls





#### A Cloud WAN.





## Growing vendor ecosystem























