Lecture 2: Functional vs. Object-Oriented Programming

May 10th, 2022

What We've Covered So Far:

In Fundies 1 - Functional design
In Fundies 2 - Started Object-Oriented

The Problem

Given a book or article, I want the citation for it in one of two styles:

- APA
- MI A

The Functional Approach

• Start with data definitions

```
;; A Publication is one of:
;; -- (make-book [String String String Number])
;; -- (make-article String String String Number Number Number)

(define-struct book [title author publisher location year])
(define-struct article [title author journal volume issue year])

;; Examples:
(define gray.v1
   (make-book "Beasts of Prey" "Ayana Gray" "G.P. Putnam" "New York" 2021))

(define lubin.v1
   (make-article "How statically-type functional programmers write code" "Justin Lubin" "PACMPL" 5 3 2021))
```

• Define a template

- How do we cite?
- Write a function to format a string
 - $\circ\hspace{0.4cm}$ The function acts on the data, the data does NOT own the function

```
(define (cite-mla pub)
   (cond
     [(book? pub)
       (format "~a. ~a ~a: ~a, ~a."
         (book-author pub)
         (book-title pub)
         (book-location pub)
         (book-publisher pub)
         (book-year pub))]
     [(article? pub)
       (format "~a.\"~a.\" ~a ~a.~a (~a)"
          (article-author pub)
          (article-title pub)
          (article-journal pub)
          (article-volume pub)
          (article-issue pub)
          (article-year pub))])))
```

• Now for APA, copy-paste and change some things

```
(define (cite-apa pub)
   (cond
     [(book? pub)
       (format "~a ~(a), ~a. ~a: ~a."
         (book-author pub)
         (book-year pub)
         (book-title pub)
         (book-location pub)
         (book-publisher pub))]
     [(article? pub)
       (format "~a (~a). ~a ~a, ~a (~a)"
          (article-author pub)
          (article-year pub)
          (article-title pub)
          (article-journal pub)
          (article-volume pub)
          (article-issue pub))])))
```

- What happens when we add new data?
 - Add a new type: website
 - We have to add a new cond case for websites to every function we have
 - Extending our code is cumbersome
- What happens when we add new functionality?
 - We can easily add Chicago, just write a new function

The Functional Design Style

Pro: Adding new behavior is easy Con: Adding new data is pervasive

The Object-Oriented Approach

• Consider defining a Publication as a function

- Define a type of data that can cite itself like a book
 - · Note the language "can cite itself"

• Examples:

```
(define gray.v2 (create-books "Beasts of Prey" "Ayana Grey" "G. P. Putnam" "NY" 2021))

;; Cite gray.v2
(gray.v2 "mla")
;; or
(gray.v2 "apa")
```

- Focusing on what we can do as opposed to what we can act on
- In this style, we can add new data really easily
 - $\circ \;\;$ Want to create webpage? Just write a new function
- However, adding a new citation style is cumbersome

The Object-Oriented Design Style

What can they do → then consider the data Pro: Adding new data types is easy Con: Adding new operations is pervasive

What Does This Look Like in Java?

- Java explicitly defines classes and interfaces, etc.
- Let's take the same classes we wrote, but in Java
- 1. Define the Publication interface this defines our operations for all publications
 - Answers the question "what can a publication do?"
 - A Publication can cite itself in APA or MLA style
 - Note that Publication is public we want it to be used outside the interface

```
/**

* Specifies operations for formatting citations for different publications

*/

/*

* public is an ACCESS MODIFIER

* An access modifier tells someone where they can use something

*

* public tells us that it can be used anywhere

*/

public interface Publication {

/**

* Formats a citation in APA style

* @return the formatted citation

*/

String citeApa();

/**

* Formats a citation in MLA style

* @return the formatted citation

*/

String citeMla();

}

String citeMla();
```

2. Create the Book class-defines the Publication operations for a book

```
/**
 * The \{\emptyset \text{code Book}\}\ \text{class represents the bibliographic info for books.}
public class Book implements Publication {
  // private - can only be accessed from this class
  // - INFORMATION HIDING
  // final - cannot be changed once initialized
  private final String title, author, publisher, location;
  private final int year;
  // Constructor for a Book
   * Constructs a {@code Book} object.
   \ensuremath{^*} @param title the title of this book
   st @param author the author of this book
   * @param publisher the publisher of this book
   ^{st} @param location the location of the publisher of this book
   st @param year the year this book was published
   */
  // the constructor is public because we want clients to be able to create books
  public Book(String title, String author, String publisher, String location, int year) {
    this.title = title;
    this.author = author;
    this.publisher = publisher;
   this.location = location;
    this.year = year;
  }
}
```

- 3. Define operations for a Book
 - · A Book can cite itself in MLA and APA

```
// in the Book class
public class Book implements Publication {
 // ... above code ...
  // implement interface methods
 // - citeApa();
 // - citeMla();
 @Override // annotation
 // don't need JavaDoc since it does the same thing described in the interface
 public String citeApa() {
   return this.author + " (" + this.year + "), " + this.title + ". " + this.location + ": " + this.publisher + ".";
 }
 @Override // annotation
 // don't need JavaDoc since it does the same thing described in the interface
 public String citeMla() {
   return this.author + ". " + this.title + ". " + this.location + ": " + this.publisher + ", " + this.year + ".";
}
```

- 4. Write tests for the Book class
 - o Create a new file called BookTest using IntelliJ features
 - In OOD, tests are separate from our code

```
// import JUnit for testing
import org.junit.Before;
import org.junit.Test;
// import JUnit's assert functions
import static org.junit.Assert.*;
public class BookTest {
 // create a new example book
 Publication rushdie;
 // @Before notes that this method should be run before every test
 @Before
 public void init() {
   this.rushdie = new Book("Midnight's Children", "Salman Rushdie", "Jonathan Cape", "London", 1980);
 }
 @Test
 public void testCiteApa() {
   // assertEquals goes in the order: expected, actual
   assertEquals("Salman Rushdie (1980). Midnight's Children. "
                   + "London: Jonathan Cape.",
           rushdie.citeApa());
 }
 @Test
 public void testCiteMla() {
   assertEquals("Salman Rushdie. Midnight's Children. London: "
                   + "Jonathan Cape, 1980.",
           rushdie.citeMla());
 }
}
```

JavaDoc

- Allows us to generate documentation
- In IntelliJ go to Tools → Generate JavaDoc