

# External APIs and ReactJS

**A practical intro**

# API's and You

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# What is an API?

- API stands for Application Programming Interface.
- It allows different software applications to communicate and interact with each other.
- APIs provide a set of rules and protocols for how different software components should interact.

# React and API's

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# Why use External APIs in React?

- External APIs provide a vast range of data and functionality that can enhance your React applications.
- By integrating external APIs, you can access real-time data, perform actions on remote systems, and leverage existing services.

# Making API Requests in React

External API's and React

- React provides different methods and libraries to make API requests.
  - Popular options include the Fetch API, Axios, and the built-in `fetch()` function.
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# The Fetch API

- The Fetch API is a browser-based API for making HTTP requests.
- It provides a simple and flexible way to interact with APIs.
- You can use the `fetch()` function to make GET, POST, PUT, DELETE, and other HTTP requests.
- The `fetch()` function returns a Promise that resolves to the response from the API.

## Example: Making a GET Request with Fetch

```
fetch('https://api.example.com/data')
  .then(response => response.json())
  .then(data => {
    // Handle the data returned by the API
    // Perform operations like updating state or rendering the data in your UI
  })
  .catch(error => {
    // Handle errors if the API request fails
  });
```

- In this example, we make a GET request to <https://api.example.com/data>.
- The response is converted to JSON format using the `response.json()` method.
- We then handle the data in the subsequent `.then()` block.
- If there's an error during the request, it is caught in the `.catch()` block.



# Axios Library

- Axios is a popular JavaScript library for making HTTP requests.
- It provides a simpler and more expressive API compared to the Fetch API.
- Axios supports features like request cancellation, interceptors, and automatic JSON parsing.

## Example: Making a GET Request with Axios

```
axios.get('https://api.example.com/data')
  .then(response => {
    // Handle the response data
    // Update state or render the data in your UI
  })
  .catch(error => {
    // Handle errors if the API request fails
  });
```

- In this example, we use Axios to make a GET request to <https://api.example.com/data>.
- The response data is handled in the `.then()` block.
- Any errors during the request are caught in the `.catch()` block.

# Handling API Responses

- Once you receive a response from the API, you can handle it based on your application's requirements.
- Common tasks include parsing and manipulating the data, updating React component state, and rendering the data in your UI.
- In our case, we will usually handle a JSON response.
  - JSON: JavaScript Object Notation

# Recap

- External APIs provide additional data and functionality to enhance React applications.
- React offers various methods and libraries like Fetch API and Axios to make API requests.
- Remember to handle API responses appropriately and consider error handling.
- NOTE: This is very high level and we will go deeper into promises in the next lecture

Let's Build  
Something!

