

AN ACT

Bill 20-787

**Emergency
Declaration
Res. 20-468
20 DCStat 3410**

**Codification
District of
Columbia
Official Code
2001 Edition**

To amend, on an emergency basis, Title 47 of the District of Columbia Official Code, to provide for limits on legal fees in tax sales, to provide for distribution of equity to former owners where the property was sold at a tax sale and occupied by owners, to provide for clean hands and tax compliance by tax sale purchasers, to clarify that the District may abate penalty and interest associated with a tax sale property, to clarify and limit the amount of interest paid to tax sale purchasers, to allow for refunds to tax sale purchasers pending payment of legal fees to them, to deem a tax sale property's taxes current for purposes of redemption when paid to within \$100; to amend the Business Improvement Districts Act of 1996 to change the rate of interest assessed on any outstanding business improvement district tax to simple interest; to amend An Act To establish a code of law for the District of Columbia to require an owner of real property to notify the Office of Tax and Revenue of a name or address change within 30 days and to record a name change with the Recorder of Deeds; to amend the District of Columbia Deed Recordation Tax Act to exempt from recordation tax a deed on property transferred to a named beneficiary of a revocable transfer on death deed under the Uniform Real Property Transfer of Death Act of 2012 upon the death of the grantor; and to amend An Act To provide for the abatement of nuisances in the District of Columbia by the Commissioners of said District, and for other purposes to broaden the definition of owner.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, That this act may be cited as the “Residential Real Property Equity and Transparency Emergency Amendment Act of 2014”.

**Residential
Real Property
Equity and
Transparency
Emergency
Amendment
Act of 2014**

TITLE I. RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY EQUITY AND TRANSPARENCY

Sec. 101. Title 47 of the District of Columbia Official Code is amended as follows:

(a) Chapter 8 is amended as follows:

(1) Section 47-802(5) is amended as follows:

(A) Subparagraph (D) is amended by striking the word “or” at the end.

(B) Subparagraph (E) is amended by striking the period and inserting the phrase “; or” in its place.

(C) A new subparagraph (F) is added to read as follows:

“(F) For purposes of appealing the assessment of real property sold under § 47-1353(b), the tax sale purchaser or the purchaser’s assignee, as applicable; provided, that the Mayor shall not be required to mail notices or bills issued under this chapter to such tax sale

**Note,
§ 47-802**

purchaser or assignee; provided further, that the owner of record is not appealing the assessment for the same tax year.”.

(2) Section 47-811(c) is amended by striking the phrase “plus interest on the unpaid amount” and inserting the phrase “plus simple interest on the unpaid amount” in its place.

Note,
§ 47-811

(3) Section 47-845.03 is amended as follows:

Note,
§ 47-845.03

(A) Subsection (c) is amended to read as follows:

“(c) Taxes deferred under this section shall bear simple interest at the rate of ½% per month or portion of a month until paid.”.

(B) Subsection (g) is amended to read as follows:

“(g) If a properly completed and approved application is filed, the applicant may choose to have the deferral apply to past years; provided, that the amount deferred shall comply with subsection (d) of this section and the periods of applicability are stated in the application; provided further, that the applicant is responsible for accrued attorneys’ fees.”.

(C) Subsection (p) is repealed.

(4) Section 47-895.31(8) is amended to read as follows:

Note,
§ 47-895.31

“(8) “Lot” means real property as defined in § 47-802(1) where such real property for billing and collection purposes under this subchapter shall be further described with the letters “PC” preceding the sequence of square, suffix and lot, or parcel and lot, numbers under § 47-802(1).”.

(5) Section 47-895.33 is amended by adding a new subsection (b-1) to read as follows:

Note,
§ 47-895.33

“(b-1) A notice, bill, or other correspondence under this subchapter or § 47-1336 shall be mailed to the owner’s specifically designated mailing address as provided in the energy efficiency loan closing documents and as may be updated from time to time by the Chief Financial Officer, which may be different from the general mailing address provided pursuant to § 42-405, or as provided in the transfer and recordation tax return.”.

(b) Section 47-902 is amended by adding a new paragraph (25) to read as follows:

Note,
§ 47-902

“(25) Transfers of property transferred to a named beneficiary of a revocable transfer on death deed under subchapter IV of Chapter 6 of Title 19, by reason of the death of the grantor of the revocable transfer on death deed.”.

(c) Chapter 13A of Title 47 is amended as follows:

(1) The table of contents is amended as follows:

(A) A new section designation is added to read as follows:

“47-1353.01. Post-sale notice.”.

(B) A new section designation is added to read as follows:

Note,
§ 47-1382.01

“47-1382.01. Equity distribution post-judgment – owner-occupant

properties.”.

(2) Section 47-1330 is amended as follows:

Note,
§ 47-1330

(A) Paragraph (2) is amended to read as follows:

“(2) “Tax” means unpaid real property tax and vault rent owing as of October 1,

and unpaid business improvement district tax owing as of September 1, including penalties, interest, and costs, as calculated by the Mayor. The term “tax” includes an assessment or charge due at any time to the District and certified to the Mayor for collection under this chapter in the same manner as a real property tax, along with permitted penalties, interest, and costs, as calculated by the Mayor.”.

(B) A new paragraph (2A) is added to read as follows:

“(2A) “Tax sale date” or “date of the tax sale” means for purposes of the tax sale held under § 47-1346 the date when the tax sale during which the real property was sold concluded.”.

(3) Section 47-1332 is amended by adding new subsections (c) and (d) to read as follows:

Note,
§ 47-1332

“(c) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, the Mayor shall not sell any real property if the real property is a Class 1 Property that is receiving a homestead deduction with respect to which there is an outstanding non-void certificate of sale; provided, that no real property shall be excluded from sale solely pursuant to this paragraph if the non-void certificate of sale has been outstanding for 3 years or more.

“(d) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, the Mayor, in the Mayor’s discretion, may decline to sell any Class 1 Property or any real property for a delinquency in the payment of a non-real property tax that does not have to be certified.”.

(4) Section 47-1334 is amended to read as follows:

Note,
§ 47-1334

“§ 47-1334. Interest rate.

“(a) The rate of simple interest on all amounts due, owing, or paid for the taxes sold or bid off to the District under this chapter shall be 1.5% per month or portion thereof until paid, excluding surplus; provided, that interest on the amount sold at tax sale, excluding surplus, shall accrue at the applicable interest rate beginning the first day of the month following the tax sale. No interest shall accrue for surplus, expenses, or the reasonable value of improvements.

“(b) The purchaser shall receive simple interest of 1.5% per month or portion thereof on the amount paid for the real property, excluding surplus, beginning on the first day of the month immediately following when the real property was sold or the certificate of sale was assigned by the Mayor until the payment to the Mayor is made as required under § 47-1361(a), by another purchaser under § 47-1382(c), or by the trustee under § 47-1382.01(d)(2), and as provided in § 47-1354(b) for the period when such other taxes were paid. The purchaser shall receive no interest for expenses or the reasonable value of improvements.”.

(5) Section 47-1336 is amended as follows:

Note,
§ 47-1336

(A) Subsection (a) is amended by adding the following sentence at the end:

“The special assessment shall be collectible under this chapter notwithstanding any provision to the contrary granting a tax exemption, and the real property formerly described under § 47-895.31(8) shall revert back to its description under § 47-802(1) for purposes of collection under this chapter.”.

(B) Subsection (b)(2) is amended by striking the word “transaction” and inserting the word “sale” in its place.

(C) Subsection (e) is amended as follows:

(i) Paragraph (1) is amended by striking the phrase “contrary,” and inserting the phrase “contrary, provisions in this section excepted,” in its place.

(ii) Paragraph (2) is amended as follows:

(I) The lead-in language is amended by striking the phrase “record owner” and inserting the phrase “record owner at the mailing address provided in § 47-895.33(b-1)” in its place.

(II) Subparagraph (C) is amended by striking the word “and”.

(III) Subparagraph (D) is amended to read as follows:

“(D) Once the complaint is filed, expenses under § 47-1377 shall be owed; and”.

(IV) A new subparagraph (E) is added to read as follows:

“(E) The real property is described under § 47-895.31(8) and billed as such (with account number) for purposes of subchapter IX of Chapter 8 of this title and the correlating description under § 47-802(1) (with square, suffix and lot numbers, or parcel and lot numbers, as applicable) is under which the complaint shall be filed.”.

(6) Section 47-1340 is amended as follows:

(A) Subsection (a) is amended by striking the phrase “Each of the taxing” and inserting the phrase “Subject to the limitation set forth in § 34-2407.02, each of the taxing” in its place.

(B) Subsection (c) is amended to read as follows:

“(c) If a taxing agency does not certify a tax that is due to the District as of the date of the Mayor’s notice under subsection (a) of this section, the tax shall not be collected through such tax sale.”.

(C) Subsection (d) is amended by striking the phrase “Unpaid real property taxes” and inserting the phrase “Unpaid real property taxes, business improvement district taxes, and vault rents” in its place.

(D) Subsection (f) is amended to read as follows:

“(f)(1) If a taxing agency certifies taxes (for which real property is offered for sale) to the Mayor under subsection (a) of this section, and the payment of taxes to the Mayor as specified in § 47-1361(a) or by a purchaser under § 47-1382(c) has occurred for the real property, or the amount in the notice under § 47-1341 is paid before the tax sale, the taxing agency may submit an accounting to the designated agency under § 47-1332(b) in the form that the Mayor requires.

“(2) Upon receipt of the accounting and verification of the payment of taxes to the Mayor as specified in § 47-1361(a) or if payment to the Mayor is made by a purchaser under § 47-1382(c), or the amount in the notice under § 47-1341 is paid before the tax sale, the amount of taxes collected that are not imposed under Chapter 8 of this title shall be disbursed regardless of lien priority from the General Fund for the purpose designated by, and in accordance with, the law creating the obligation for such taxes; provided, that, in the case of a sale under § 47-1353(b), the disbursement shall be limited to the amount available after application of lien priorities to such taxes before certification.”.

Note,
§ 47-1340

(7) Section 47-1341 is amended as follows:

Note,
§ 47-1341

(A) Subsection (b) is amended by striking the phrase “Failure of the Mayor to mail the notice of delinquency as provided in subsection (a) of this section, or to include” and inserting the phrase “Subject to the Mayor’s authority to cancel the sale under § 47-1366(b)(3)(A) and (B), the failure of the Mayor to mail the notice of delinquency as provided in subsection (a) of this section, or to include” in its place.

(B) A new subsection (d) is added to read as follows:

“(d) Action taken under § 47-1336, relating to energy efficient loans, shall be exempt from the notice requirements of this section.”

(8) Section 47-1342 is amended by adding a new subsection (d) to read as follows:

Note,
§ 47-1342

“(d) Action taken under § 47-1336, relating to energy efficient loans, shall be exempt from the notice requirements of this section.”

(9) Section 47-1343 is amended to read as follows:

Note,
§ 47-1343

“§ 47-1343. Real property to be sold in its entirety.

“Subject to § 47-1345, each real property for sale shall be sold in its entirety, which shall be the parcel of real property as assessed in the assessment records under § 47-802(1) or as described under § 47-895.31(8) as related to a sale under § 47-1336.”

(10) Section 47-1345 is amended to read as follows:

Note,
§ 47-1345

“§ 47-1345. Sale of real property subject to possessory interest.

“(a) Whether or not any real property subject to sale under this chapter is subject to an estate for life, or a lease or ground rent for a term (with renewals) that is at least 30 years, the Mayor shall sell the entire fee simple estate; provided, that after the judgment of foreclosure of the right of redemption, no claim for rent unpaid, due, or accruing before the date of the judgment of foreclosure of the right of redemption shall be made by the purchaser (or assignee).

“(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section or any other provision to the contrary, when a real property subject to sale under this chapter is subject to a ground lease and the ground lessor is the District of Columbia, or an instrumentality of the District, the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority, or an entity whose real property is exempt from real property taxation or the enforced collection thereof under the laws of the United States of America, the Mayor shall sell the real property’s improvements only. Any additional representation related to what is being sold shall be ineffectual and shall not affect the validity of the sale.

“(c) The termination of claims on real property sold under this section shall not foreclose any personal claims against previous holders of the interest sold for any damages including rent unpaid, due, or accruing before the date of the judgment of foreclosure.”

(11) Section 47-1346(a)(5) is amended to read as follows:

Note,
§ 47-1346

“(5)(A) A potential purchaser, including a natural person or business entity, who is delinquent in payment of in rem taxes to the District or who has been convicted of a felony involving fraud, deceit, moral turpitude, or anti-competitive behavior may not bid on real

property offered at a sale held under this chapter or otherwise acquire an interest in real property sold under this chapter.

“(B) A potential purchaser, including a natural person or business entity, shall certify under oath, subject to the penalties of perjury, that the potential purchaser is not more than one year in arrears in any jurisdiction in payment of in rem taxes not being contested in good faith and has not been convicted in any jurisdiction of a felony involving fraud, deceit, moral turpitude, or anti-competitive behavior.

“(C) A certificate of sale held by a purchaser that willfully and materially violates the provisions of this paragraph shall be voidable at the discretion of the Mayor; provided, that after the issuance of a final order by the Superior Court of the District of Columbia foreclosing the right of redemption, the certificate is no longer voidable. A certificate that is voided by the Mayor pursuant to this subparagraph shall be subject to the provisions of § 47-1355(b).

“(D) The intent of this paragraph shall not be circumvented by a purchaser through the use of one or more business entities to avoid its intended application.

“(E) For the purposes of this paragraph, a potential purchaser shall include a person owning a 10% or more equity interest in, or an officer of, an entity that owns a 10% or more equity interest in real property on which taxes are delinquent.”.

(12) Section 47-1347.01 is repealed.

(13) Section 47-1348 is amended as follows:

(A) Subsection (a) is amended as follows:

(i) Paragraph (3) is amended by striking the phrase “date of the original public tax sale” and inserting the phrase “date of the tax sale” in its place.

(ii) Paragraph (4) is amended by striking the phrase “purchaser;” and inserting the phrase “purchaser, which shall be the same date as in paragraph (3) of this subsection, if the purchaser purchased the real property at the tax sale held under § 47-1346;” in its place.

(iii) Paragraph (10) is amended to read as follows:

“(10) A statement that the rate of simple interest, upon redemption, shall be 1.5% per month or portion thereof on the amount paid for the real property, excluding surplus, beginning on the first day of the month immediately following the date of the tax sale or the date when the certificate of sale was assigned by the Mayor.”.

(B) Subsection (b) is repealed.

(C) Subsection (c) is amended as follows:

(i) Strike the phrase “telephone number.” and insert the phrase “telephone number. If notice is not provided within 30 days of the assignment, the certificate shall be voidable at the discretion of the Mayor.” in its place.

(ii) Strike the phrase “On redemption, the purchaser will be refunded the sums paid on account of the purchase price, together with interest thereon at the rate of 18% per annum from the date the real property was sold to the date of redemption; provided, that the purchaser shall not receive interest on any surplus.” and insert the phrase “Upon payment to the

**Note, Repeal
§ 47-1347.01
Note,
§ 47-1348**

Mayor as specified in § 47-1361(a) or, if payment to the Mayor is made by another purchaser under § 47-1382(c), the purchaser shall be refunded the sums paid on account of the purchase price, together with simple interest thereon at the rate of 1.5% per month or portion thereof on the amount paid for the real property, excluding surplus, beginning on the first day of the month immediately following the date of the tax sale or the date when the certificate of sale was assigned by the Mayor until the payment to the Mayor is made as required under § 47-1361(a) or § 47-1382(c); provided, that the purchaser shall not receive interest on any surplus.” in its place.

Note,
§ 47-1349

(14) Section 47-1349(c) is amended by adding the following sentence at the end:
“If notice is not provided within 30 days of the assignment, the certificate shall be voidable at the discretion of the Mayor; provided, that after the issuance of a final order by the Superior Court of the District of Columbia foreclosing the right of redemption, the certificate shall be no longer voidable. A certificate that is voided by the Mayor pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to the provisions of 47-1355(b).”.

Note,
§ 47-1352

(15) Section 47-1352(a) is amended by striking the phrase “from the date the real property was bid off,” and inserting the phrase “thereon accruing from the first day of the month following the date of the tax sale where the real property was bid off,” in its place.

Note,
§ 47-1353

(16) Section 47-1353 is amended as follows:

(A) Subsection (a)(1)(B) is amended by striking the word “May” both times it appears and inserting the word “Mayor” in its place.

(B) Subsection (c)(2) is amended by striking the phrase “date of the original tax sale” and inserting the phrase “applicable date of the tax sale” in its place.

(C) Subsection (d) is amended to read as follows:

“(d) Upon payment to the Mayor as specified in § 47-1361(a) or if payment to the Mayor is made by another purchaser as specified in § 47-1382(c), the purchaser shall be refunded the sums paid on account of the purchase price, together with simple interest thereon at the rate of 1.5% per month or portion thereof on the amount paid for the real property, excluding surplus, beginning on the first day of the month immediately following the date of the tax sale to the purchaser or the date when the certificate of sale was assigned by the Mayor until the payment to the Mayor is made as required under § 47-1361(a) or § 47-1382(c); provided, that the purchaser shall not receive interest on any surplus.”.

Note,
§ 47-1353.01

(17) A new section 47-1353.01 is added to read as follows:

“§ 47-1353.01. Post-sale notice.

“(a) Within 30 days after the date of the tax sale, the Mayor shall send notice of the sale by first class mail, postage prepaid, bearing a postmark from the United States Postal Service to the last known address of the owner. If the premises address is different from the address of record of the owner, the Mayor shall send a duplicate copy of the notice to the premises address, addressed to “Property Owner.”

“(b) The notice required pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be in substantively the following form:

[Date]

ATTENTION: YOUR PROPERTY WAS SOLD AT TAX SALE

Subject Property: [Identify by taxation square, suffix, and lot number, or parcel and lot number, and by premises address]

Tax Sale Date: [July __, 20__]

If you do not pay all amounts due, the purchaser will have the right to file a lawsuit to foreclose on the property and you may lose title.

According to the Mayor's tax roll, you own or may have an interest in the real property listed above. **Please follow the below instructions to redeem your property from tax sale and prevent a foreclosure lawsuit.**

- To redeem your property from the tax sale, you must pay all taxes owed, as well as any legal fees and expenses that may become due.
- A tax bill is mailed to you during the month of August. **You should pay the bill in full and on time.**
- If you are receiving this notice after October 31, 20__, or if you have not already paid your tax bill in full, you should contact the Office of Tax and Revenue ("OTR") at for a current tax bill and up-to-date payoff amount.
- **After you have paid your taxes, you should call OTR to confirm that you have redeemed your property. Keep a copy of your proof of payment in case there is a later dispute about the payment.**
- If you have not paid all taxes within four months after the Tax Sale Date stated above, an additional \$381.50 may be added to reimburse the purchaser for some costs.
- If you do not redeem the property within six months of the Tax Sale Date stated above, the tax sale purchaser may file a lawsuit against you to obtain title to the property.
- **If the purchaser files a foreclosure lawsuit, you will be responsible for legal fees and expenses that may total thousands of dollars. You may also lose title to the property.**
- For further information on how to redeem, please read our *Real Property Owner's Guide to the Tax Sale Redemption Process*, available on our Web site at www.taxpayerservicecenter.

com by clicking on “Real Property.” You may also request a copy by visiting or writing to our Customer Service Center at 1101 4th Street, SW, Suite 270W, Washington, DC 20024.

**YOU MAY BE ELIGIBLE FOR FREE LEGAL SERVICES OR OTHER ASSISTANCE.
SEE THE NEXT PAGE FOR MORE INFORMATION.**

Should you have additional questions, please call OTR’s Customer Service Center at (202) 727-4TAX (4829).

**RESOURCES FOR REAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS
IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**

Classification Disputes. If your real property is classified as vacant or blighted and you believe this classification is incorrect, contact the Vacant Building Enforcement Unit of the Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs at for information on how to appeal the property classification.

Senior Citizen and Low-Income Tax Relief. Senior citizens and low-income households may have additional rights to defer property taxes. If think you may be eligible for this tax relief, please contact the Office of Tax and Revenue at..... for more information.

Tax Sale Resource Center. Resource Center attorneys provide legal information to taxpayers and interested parties who do not have their own lawyers on Wednesday mornings from 10:00am to 12:00pm when court is in session. The Resource Center is located in the Moultrie Courthouse at 500 Indiana Ave., NW.

“(c) The tax sale purchaser shall cause a copy of the notice referred to in subsection (b) of this section to be posted on a place on the premises of the real property where it may be conveniently read. The copy of the notice shall be posted no sooner than 4 months after the date of the tax sale but at least 45 days before the filing of a complaint under § 47-1370.

“(d) Subject to the Mayor’s authority to cancel the sale under § 47-1366(b)(3)(A) and (B), the failure of the Mayor to mail the notice as provided in subsections (a) and (b) of this section, or to include any tax amounts in the notice, shall not:

“(1) Invalidate or otherwise affect a tax;

“(2) Invalidate or otherwise affect a sale made under this chapter to enforce payment of taxes;

“(3) Prevent or stay any proceedings under this chapter; or

“(4) Affect the title of a purchaser.

“(e) Action taken under § 47-1336, relating to energy efficient loans, shall be exempt from the notice requirements of this section.”.

(18) Section 47-1354(b) is amended to read as follows:

Note,
§ 47-1354

“(b) Upon payment as specified in § 47-1361(a) or by another purchaser under § 47-1382(c), the purchaser shall receive a refund of its payment made under this section, with interest as required to be paid by the redeemer or the other purchaser. The purchaser shall receive interest only on the principal tax amount paid and not on the interest or penalties paid. The purchaser is entitled to the refund only if the purchaser’s certificate of sale is not void and the purchaser provides proof satisfactory to the Mayor that the purchaser made the payment.”.

(19) Section 47-1355(a)(2) is repealed.

(20) Section 47-1361 is amended as follows:

(A) Subsection (a) is amended as follows:

(i) The lead-in text is amended by striking the phrase “the Mayor, for deposit” and inserting the phrase “the Mayor, except as set forth in paragraph (6A) of this subsection, for deposit” in its place.

(ii) Paragraphs (2) and (3) are amended to read as follows:

“(2) If the real property was bid off to the District, the sale amount with interest thereon beginning on the first day of the month following the **date** of the tax sale where the real property was bid off;

“(3) If the real property was bid off to the District and subsequently sold or the certificate of sale assigned to a purchaser:

“(A) The original sale amount with interest thereon beginning on the first day of the month following the date of the tax sale where the real property was bid off; plus

“(B) Interest accruing thereafter on the sale amount in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph from the first day of the month following the date the real property was subsequently sold or the certificate of sale assigned to the purchaser;”.

(iii) Paragraph (4) is amended by striking the phrase “taxes provided, that the certificate of sale of the purchaser is not void;” and inserting the phrase “taxes;” in its place.

(iv) Paragraph (5) is amended to read as follows:

“(5) All other real property taxes, business improvement district taxes, and vault rents to bring the real property current; provided, that any such amounts that become due and owing after receipt of the payment that permits a refund to issue to the purchaser under subsection (e) of this section shall not be required to be paid to redeem the real property;”.

(v) A new paragraph (5A) is added to read as follows:

“(5A) Any delinquent special assessment owed pursuant to an energy efficiency loan agreement under subchapter IX of Chapter 8 of Title 47; provided, that any such assessment that becomes due and owing after receipt of the payment that permits a refund to issue to the purchaser under subsection (e) of this section shall not be required to be paid to redeem the real property;”.

(vi) Paragraph (6) is amended to read as follows:

“(6) All expenses for which each purchaser is entitled to reimbursement under § 47-1377(a)(1); and”.

(vii) A new paragraph (6A) is added to read as follows:

Note,
§ 47-1355
Note,
§ 47-1361

“(6A) Where an action to foreclose the right of redemption has been properly filed, the person redeeming shall pay directly to the applicable purchaser all expenses to which the purchaser is entitled to reimbursement under § 47-1377(a)(2); and”.

(viii) Paragraph (7) is repealed.

(B) New subsections (b-1) and (b-2) are added to read as follows:

“(b-1) The redeeming party shall not be required to pay any tax that is required to be certified by § 47-1340 unless the tax has been certified by a taxing agency and sold as a lien at a tax sale.

“(b-2) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, the remaining amounts that are payable to the Mayor, including tax, interest, penalties and expenses, for the real property shall be deemed to have been brought current for purposes of redemption if, at any time, the balance falls below \$100; provided, that the remaining balance shall remain due and owing and any remaining expense shall be thereafter deemed a real property tax.”.

(C) Subsection (c) is amended by striking the second sentence.

(D) Subsection (d) is amended to read as follows:

“(d)(1) Subject to the liability threshold set forth in subsection (b-2) of this section, after receipt of the payment set forth in subsection (a)(1) through (6) of this section, the Mayor shall notify the purchaser of the payment. The purchaser shall receive from the Mayor the refund to which the purchaser is entitled, subject to the purchaser’s compliance with all procedures for issuance of the refund, as may be established by the Mayor.

“(2) If a complaint under § 47-1370 has been properly filed, a purchaser may continue to prosecute the complaint until receipt of the expenses owed to the purchaser and payable to the purchaser by the redeeming party as set forth in subsection (a)(6A) of this section, but shall dismiss the complaint upon receipt thereof.

“(3) A complaint to foreclose the right of redemption shall not be maintained solely to await the administrative refund under this subsection.

“(4) Notification by the Mayor under this subsection may be accomplished by making the information publicly available through an electronic medium, including by posting on a website.”.

(E) A new subsection (f) is added to read as follows:

“(f) The Mayor may abate interest or penalties, or compromise taxes, whether arising before or after the tax sale, in the same manner as set forth in § 47-811.04; provided, that the abatement or compromise shall not affect the refund due to the purchaser.”.

(21) Section 47-1362 is amended as follows:

(A) Subsection (a) is amended by striking the phrase “If the real property is redeemed after an action to foreclose the right of redemption is filed and there is a dispute regarding redemption, the” and inserting the phrase “If there is a dispute regarding redemption after an action to foreclose the right of redemption is filed, the” in its place.

(B) Subsection (c) is repealed.

(22) Section 47-1363(a) is amended by striking the phrase “date of the sale” and inserting the phrase “date of the tax sale” in its place.

Note,
§ 47-1362

Note,
§ 47-1363

(23) Section 47-1366 is amended to read as follows:

Note,
§ 47-1366

“§ 47-1366. Cancellation of sale by Mayor.

“(a) The Mayor, in the Mayor’s discretion, may cancel a sale before the issuance of a final order by the Superior Court of the District of Columbia foreclosing the right of redemption to prevent an injustice to the owner or person with an interest in the real property.

“(b) The Mayor shall cancel a sale before the issuance of a final order by the Superior Court of the District of Columbia foreclosing the right of redemption where:

“(1) The record owner or other interested party timely pays the amount set forth in the notice of delinquency to avoid the tax sale as required under § 47-1341(a) or otherwise pays the outstanding taxes before the tax sale;

“(2) The real property meets the qualifications to be exempt from sale under § 47-1332(c); or

“(3) In a sale involving Class 1 property with 5 or fewer units that a record owner (or a person with an interest in the property as heir or beneficiary of the record owner, if the record owner is deceased) occupies as his or her principal residence, the record owner or other interested person proves:

“(A) A failure of the Mayor to mail the notice required by § 47-1341(a) or § 47-1353.01; or

“(B) That the mailing address of the person who last appears as the record owner of the real property on the tax roll, as properly updated by the record owner by the filing of a change of address with the Office of Tax and Revenue in accordance with § 42-405, was not correctly or substantively updated by the Office of Tax and Revenue notwithstanding proper filing.

“(c) Subject to the limitations set forth in § 47-1377(b), (b-1), (c), and (d), if the Mayor cancels a sale pursuant to this section, the Mayor shall pay to the purchaser the amount that the purchaser would have received if the real property had been redeemed, but no part of the amount shall be considered a payment of tax on behalf of the real property. A certificate of redemption, if necessary, shall be executed and filed by the Mayor with the Recorder of Deeds for no fee.”.

(24) Section 47-1370 is amended as follows:

Note,
§ 47-1370

(A) Subsection (a) is amended by striking the phrase “date of sale” and inserting the phrase “date of the tax sale” in its place.

(B) Subsection (c) is amended by adding a new paragraph (4) to read as follows:

“(4) Proof of the posting required under § 47-1353.01 shall be attached to and made part of the complaint. The posting shall be held to the same standard as the proof of posting required under § 47-1372(f).”.

(C) A new subsection (e) is added to read as follows:

“(e) The purchaser shall immediately notify the Chief Financial Officer upon the filing of a complaint under this section.”.

(25) Section 47-1371(b) is amended by adding a new paragraph (2A) to read as follows:

Note,
§ 47-1371

“(2A) The plaintiff shall certify to the Superior Court of the District of Columbia, under penalties of perjury, that a search was conducted for the record owner in bankruptcy records.”.

(26) Section 47-1372(a)(1)(C) is amended by striking the phrase “date of sale” and inserting the phrase “date of the tax sale” in its place.

Note,
§ 47-1372

(27) Section 47-1374 is amended as follows:

Note,
§ 47-1374

(A) Subsection (c) is amended by striking the third sentence in its entirety.

(B) Subsection (e) is amended to read as follows:

“(e)(1) A final judgment may not be entered earlier than the later of:

“(A) One year following the initial scheduling conference in the foreclosure action; or

“(B) Four months following the completion of service on the owner and all parties identified as defendants in § 47-1371.

“(2) Paragraph (1) of this subsection shall not apply to any final judgment in which all interested parties have disclaimed any interest in the property subject to the judgment or in a case where a real property was sold under § 47-1353(a)(3) or (b).”.

(28) Section 47-1377 is amended as follows:

Note,
§ 47-1377

(A) Subsection (a) is amended to read as follows:

“(a) Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, upon redemption, a purchaser is entitled to be reimbursed by the redeeming person for the following expenses incurred in an action, or in preparation for an action, to foreclose the right of redemption:

“(1) If an action to foreclose the right of redemption has not been filed and the property is redeemed more than 4 months after the applicable tax sale’s tax sale date, the purchaser may be reimbursed for the following pre-complaint legal expenses:

“(A) The amount of \$50 for any posting required by § 47-1353.01;

“(B) Costs for recording the certificate of sale; and

“(C) The cost of a title search, not to exceed \$300.

“(2) If an action to foreclose the right of redemption has been filed, the purchaser may also be reimbursed for:

“(A)(i) Reasonable attorneys’ fees as follows:

“(I) In a case in which the property is redeemed before the fifth status hearing, reasonable attorneys’ fees not to exceed \$1,500;

“(II) In a case requiring 5 or more status hearings, reasonable attorneys’ fees not to exceed \$1500, plus \$75 for the fifth status hearing and each additional status hearing thereafter; and

“(III) In a case in which a motion for judgment is filed with the court, additional attorneys’ fees in the amount of \$300.

“(ii) In calculating the number of hearings in a case, any status hearing held before the redeeming party was served shall be excluded from the calculation.

“(iii) For purposes of this paragraph, an initial scheduling conference shall be deemed a status hearing.

“(iv) Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as prohibiting the purchaser from settling attorneys’ fees in a lesser amount than the purchaser may be eligible for under this section.

“(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, in cases requiring prolonged or complex representation not typically necessary to resolve an action filed under this chapter, including cases in which the purchaser incurs attorneys’ fees and expenses under § 47-1382.01(a), other reasonable attorneys’ fees incurred and specifically requested by the purchaser and approved by the court, on a case-by-case basis; provided, that additional attorneys’ fees shall not be awarded if a tax sale is cancelled by the Mayor under § 47-1366, or where a purchaser is required to show good cause under subsection (c) of this section; and

“(C) Expenses actually incurred as follows:

“(i) Filing fee charged by the Superior Court of the District of Columbia;

“(ii) Service of process fee, including fees incurred attempting to serve process;

“(iii) If a second title search is conducted more than 6 months after the initial title search, a title search update fee, not to exceed \$75;

“(iv) Publication fee charged by a newspaper of general circulation in the District;

“(v) Posting fees;

“(vi) Postage and certified mail costs;

“(vii) Substantial repair order fee, not to exceed the fee charged by the government agency issuing the certificate of substantial repair; and

“(viii) Any court approved expense for stabilization or conversion of, or to make safe and compliant with Chapter 31A of Title 42, the property under § 47-1363 or to comply with an action taken against the property by the Mayor in accordance with the applicable building, fire, health, or safety code.”.

(B) Subsection (b) is amended to read as follows:

“(b) No purchaser of a certificate of sale shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred within 4 months after the date of the tax sale. A purchaser other than the District shall not be reimbursed for any expenses if the certificate becomes void under this chapter.”.

(C) A new subsection (b-1) is added to read as follows:

“(b-1) The purchaser shall not be entitled to be reimbursed for any expenses or attorney’s fees not included in this section. Expenses or attorneys’ fees incurred by a purchaser who appeals the assessment or the vacant status of the property are not reimbursable.”.

(D) New subsections (c) and (d) are added to read as follows:

“(c) If the purchaser fails to satisfy the requirements for posting under § 47-1353.01 or fails to provide proof of posting required under § 47-1370(c)(4), the purchaser shall not be entitled to collect the legal expenses set forth in subsection (a) of this section; provided, that

upon a showing to the Superior Court of the District of Columbia of good cause for the failure to meet the posting requirements of § 47-1353.01 or § 47-1370(c)(4), the purchaser shall be entitled to collect those expenses, not to exceed the amounts set forth in subsection (a) of this section, that the Superior Court of the District of Columbia considers reasonable.

“(d) Notwithstanding subsection (c) of this section, if the tax sale is cancelled by the Mayor under § 47-1366, the purchaser shall not be entitled to reimbursement of the expenses permitted under subsection (a)(2) of this section if the purchaser fails to specifically disclose to the Mayor, at least 45 days before the filing of a complaint to foreclose the right of redemption, information that is obtained or should have been obtained from the pre-complaint investigation, including the title examination and review of bankruptcy records under § 47-1371(b)(2) and (2A), that evidences a violation of § 47-1332(c), a violation of a bankruptcy stay, or errors, as prescribed by the Mayor through regulation.”.

(29) Section 47-1380(d) is amended by striking the phrase “the sale.” and inserting the phrase “the sale and the purchaser shall not receive any amounts otherwise due under this chapter.” in its place.

**Note,
§ 47-1380**

(30) Section 47-1382(a) is amended as follows:

**Note,
§ 47-1382**

(A) The lead-in text is amended by striking the phrase “A final” and inserting the phrase “Except as provided in § 47-1382.01, a final” in its place.

(B) Paragraph (1) is amended to read as follows:

“(1) A taxing agency lien that is recorded in the Office of the Recorder of Deeds;”.

(C) Paragraph 4 is amended by striking the word “and”.

(D) Paragraph (5) is amended by striking the period and inserting the phrase “; and” in its place.

(E) A new paragraph (6) is added to read as follows:

“(6) A ground lease described in § 47-1345(b), any recorded covenant, agreement, or other instrument, and any other document incorporated by reference into a recorded covenant, agreement, or other instrument, to which a ground lessor as described in § 47-1345(b) is a party or beneficiary.”.

(31) A new section 47-1382.01 is added to read as follows:

**Note,
§ 47-1382.01**

“§ 47-1382.01. Equity distribution post-judgment – owner-occupant properties.

“(a) This section shall apply to any Class 1 property with 5 or fewer units in which a record owner (or a person with an interest in the property as heir or beneficiary of the record owner, if deceased), was occupying as his or her principal residence when the complaint to foreclose the right of redemption was filed. The purchaser shall bear the burden of establishing that this section is not applicable to the real property.

“(b) Upon issuing a final judgment foreclosing the right of redemption, the Superior Court of the District of Columbia shall appoint a trustee and shall order that the trustee sell the property pursuant to Rule 308 of the D.C. Rules of Superior Court, Rules of Civil Procedure, or its equivalent.

“(c) The trustee shall sell a fee simple interest in the property, subject to the encumbrances set forth in § 47-1382(a).

“(d) The court shall order the trustee to distribute the proceeds of the sale in priority order as follows:

“(1) Reasonable compensation and reasonable expenses due to the trustee or to any other person (including an auctioneer) who provided services relating to the sale of the property, and all other payments the court deems to have been necessary to effect the sale of the real property, including recordation and transfer taxes;

“(2) Payment to the Mayor of:

“(A) All amounts payable to the Mayor for deposit into the General Fund of the District of Columbia under § 47-1361 as of the date of the court’s order regarding distribution;

“(B) Any promissory note executed pursuant to § 47-1353(a)(3); and

“(C) Any lien certified under § 47-1340;

“(3) Payment to the purchaser of all amounts provided for in § 47-1377, as fixed by the court; and

“(4) Any remaining amounts as follows:

“(A) Ten percent or \$20,000, whichever is less, to the purchaser; and

“(B) The remainder to the person or persons (including where appropriate a decedent’s estate) entitled to the balance, in proper proportion as determined by the trustee, or, when necessary, by a court.

“(e)(1) The trustee shall notify the purchaser once payment is made to the Mayor pursuant to subsection (d)(2) of this section, at which time the purchaser shall surrender the certificate of sale and receive from the Mayor the amount to which the purchaser would have been entitled had redemption occurred in accordance with § 47-1361.

“(2) For purposes of calculating the refund due to the purchaser, the date of the court’s order providing for distribution or the sale proceeds in accordance with subsection (d) of this section shall be deemed the date of redemption.

“(f)(1) If the trustee in the trustee’s best judgment determines that a sale of the real property will not generate proceeds sufficient to fund the distributions required under subsection (d)(1) and (2) of this section, the trustee shall timely inform the court of that determination.

“(2) Upon receipt of the trustee’s determination as described in paragraph (1) of this subsection, the court shall:

“(A) Rescind the trustee’s appointment and the order to sell the real property;

“(B) Issue a final judgment foreclosing the right of redemption in accordance with the provisions of § 47-1382; and

“(C) Require the purchaser to pay such fees and expenses of the trustee as the court determines appropriate.”.

(32) Section 47-1384 is amended by striking the phrase “Notwithstanding any other law, the provisions of this chapter” and inserting the phrase “Notwithstanding any other

law, if a court determines that any provision of this chapter is ambiguous, the provision” in its place.

TITLE II. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS

Sec. 201. Section 15(f) of the Business Improvement Districts Act of 1996, effective May 29, 1996 (D.C. Law 11-134; D.C. Official Code § 2-1215.15(f)), is amended by striking the phrase “plus interest on the unpaid amount” and inserting the phrase “plus simple interest on the unpaid amount” in its place.

Note,
§ 2-1215.15

Sec. 202. Section 499d of An Act To establish a code of law for the District of Columbia, effective October 23, 1997 (D.C. Law 12-34; D. C. Official Code § 42-405), is amended to read as follows:

Note,
§ 42-405

“Sec. 499d. Notice of address and name change.

“(a) Any owner, as defined under D.C. Official Code § 47-802(5) of real property entitled to receive notices under Chapter 8 of Title 47 shall notify the Office of Tax and Revenue of a name change or address change within 30 days.

“(b) Any name change shall be evidenced by the recording of a confirmatory deed with the Recorder of Deeds and submission of supporting documents with and as required by the Recorder of Deeds relating to the applicable property.

“(c) Any address change shall be filed with the Office of Tax and Revenue on the form and in the manner as may be prescribed.

“(d) The Chief Financial Officer may issue rules to implement this section.”.

Sec. 203. Section 302 of the District of Columbia Deed Recordation Tax Act, approved March 2, 1962 (76 Stat. 11; D.C. Official Code § 42-1102), is amended by adding a new paragraph (33) to read as follows:

Note,
§ 42-1102

“(33) Deeds to property transferred to a named beneficiary of a revocable transfer on death deed under the Uniform Real Property Transfer of Death Act of 2012, effective March 19, 2013 (D.C. Law 19-230; D.C. Official Code § 19-604.01 *et seq.*), by reason of the death of the grantor of the revocable transfer on death deed.”.

Sec. 204. Section 5(4) of An Act To provide for the abatement of nuisances in the District of Columbia by the Commissioners of said District, and for other purposes, effective April 27, 2001 (D.C. Law 13-281; D.C. Official Code § 42-3131.05(4)), is amended by striking the phrase “Office of Tax and Revenue” and inserting the phrase “Office of Tax and Revenue, and a tax sale purchaser under § 47-1353(b) or the purchaser’s assignee, as applicable, except where the owner of record is challenging or appealing the vacant status of the real property for the same period” in its place.

Note,
§ 42-3131.05

TITLE III. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 301. Fiscal impact statement.

The Council adopts the fiscal impact statement of the Chief Financial Officer as the fiscal impact statement required by section 602(c)(3) of the District of Columbia Home Rule Act, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 813; D.C. Official Code § 1-206.02(c)(3)).

Sec. 302. Effective date.

This act shall take effect following approval by the Mayor (or in the event of veto by the Mayor, action by the Council to override the veto), and shall remain in effect for no longer than 90 days, as provided for emergency acts of the Council of the District of Columbia in section 412(a) of the District of Columbia Home Rule Act, approved December 24, 1973 (87 Stat. 788; D.C. Official Code § 1-204.12(a)).