

03/ Septiembre / 2025

$$① -2f(x_{i+1}) = 2f(x_i) - 2f'(x_i)h - \frac{2f''(x_i)h^2}{2!} + o(h^2)$$

$$h = x_{i+1} - x_i = x_{i+2} - x_{i+1}$$

$$② + f(x_{i+2}) = f(x_i) + f'(x_i) \underbrace{(x_{i+2}-x_i)}^{2h} + \frac{f''(x_i) \underbrace{(x_{i+2}-x_i)^2}_{2h^2}}{2!} + o(h^2)$$

$$f(x_{i+2}) - 2f(x_{i+1}) = -f(x_i) + \frac{2f''(x_i)h^2}{2!} + o(h^2)$$

Diferencia finita

$$f''(x_i) = \frac{f(x_{i+2}) - 2f(x_{i+1}) + f(x_i))}{h^2} + \frac{o(h^2)}{h^2} \quad \text{Expresión hacia adelante}$$

$$f''(x_i) = \frac{f(x_{i+1}) - 2f(x_i) + f(x_{i-1}))}{h^2} + o(h^2) \quad \text{Expresión hacia atrás}$$

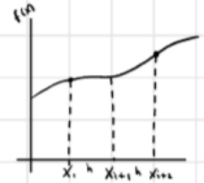
$$f''(x_i) = \frac{f(x_{i+1}) - 2f(x_i) + f(x_{i-1}))}{2h^2} + o(h^2) \quad \text{Centrada}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{f(x_{i+1}) - f(x_i) - f(x_{i-1}) + f(x_{i-2}))}{h \cdot h}$$

* TAREA completar como se llega?

De las 3 expresiones demostrar una de la tercera derivada y demostrar la de ártus y la central de la 2da derivada.

MARTES



Propagación del error

$$\Delta f(\tilde{x}) = |f(x) - f(\tilde{x})| = |f'(\tilde{x})| |\tilde{x} - x|$$

Usando la serie de Taylor

$$f(x) = f(\tilde{x}) + f'(\tilde{x})(x - \tilde{x}) + \frac{f''(\tilde{x})(x - \tilde{x})^2}{2!} + \dots$$

$$f(x) \approx f(\tilde{x}) + f'(\tilde{x})(x - \tilde{x})$$

$$f(x) - f(\tilde{x}) \approx f'(\tilde{x})(x - \tilde{x})$$

¿Cómo se propaga el error?

Ejemplo: sea $\tilde{x} = 2.5$ $\Delta x = 0.01$

Estabilidad y condición

$$f(x) = f(\tilde{x}) + f'(\tilde{x})(x - \tilde{x})$$

$$\frac{f(x) - f(\tilde{x})}{f(\tilde{x})} = \frac{f'(\tilde{x})(x - \tilde{x})}{f(\tilde{x})} = \frac{f'(\tilde{x})}{f(\tilde{x})} \cdot \frac{(x - \tilde{x})}{\tilde{x}} \quad \text{Error relativo en } x$$

$$\text{Condición} = \frac{f'(\tilde{x})}{f(\tilde{x})} \tilde{x}$$

-1 → lo esperado
+1 → prob. mal condicionado
nuestro aprox. factorial

¿Cuál es el error resultante para $f(x) = x^3$?

$$\Delta f(\tilde{x} = 2.5) = f'(2.5) \Delta x = 3(2.5)^2 \cdot 0.01 = 0.1875$$

$$f(2.5) = 15.625 \pm 0.1875$$

Operación		Error relativo
Adición	$\Delta(\tilde{u} + \tilde{v})$	$\Delta\tilde{u} + \Delta\tilde{v}$
Resta	$\Delta(\tilde{u} - \tilde{v})$	$\Delta\tilde{u} - \Delta\tilde{v}$
Multiplicación	$\Delta(\tilde{u} \cdot \tilde{v})$	$\Delta\tilde{u} \cdot \tilde{v} + \tilde{u} \cdot \Delta\tilde{v}$
División	$\Delta(\tilde{u} / \tilde{v})$	$\frac{\Delta\tilde{u} \cdot \tilde{v} - \tilde{u} \cdot \Delta\tilde{v}}{\tilde{v}^2}$