

Web Design Fundamentals / Basic Web Design

Site Planning and Photoshop Template

– ITEWEBDES / ITWD113



Graphic Design and Page Template Creation

Generally, web designers create a mockup for each page layout in the Web site. This is a sketch of proposed design that indicates the general layout of a Web site home page and other pages.

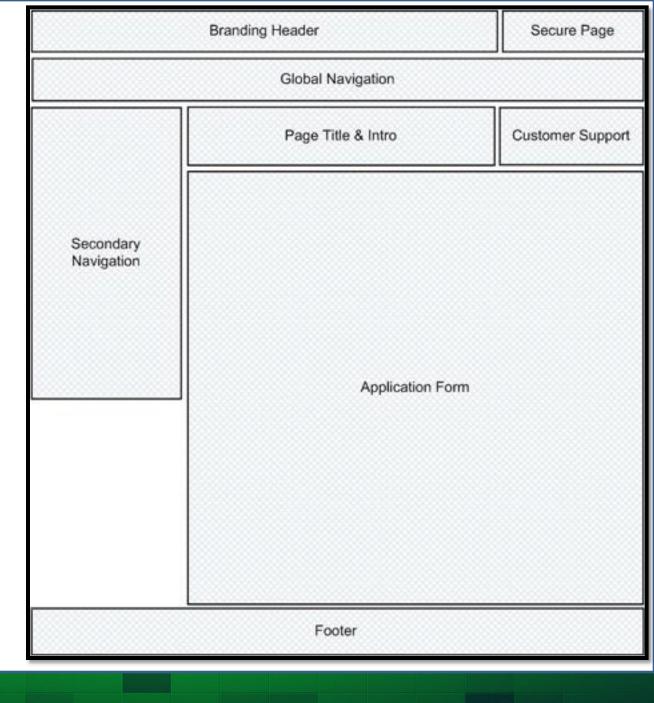


Wireframe

Website wireframes are simple line drawings that show the placement of elements on a web page. Using wireframes is a great way to begin a web site project, as it allows you and your client to focus on layout without the distraction of color, type and other design elements.

Mockups that evolve to a more refined state is called **WIREFRAME.**

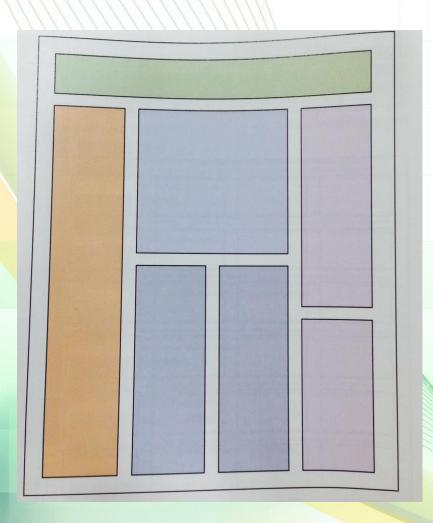
This is a sample wireframe for page layout.





Web site Visual Structure

The structure of a web page is imposed by the grid or page template you choose for your page design



Four-column grid with layout elements

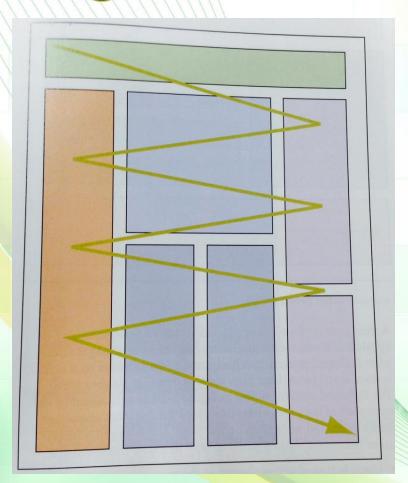
Grid sections can provide placement guidelines for page elements which can cover multiple rows and columns



Areas of active and passive white space

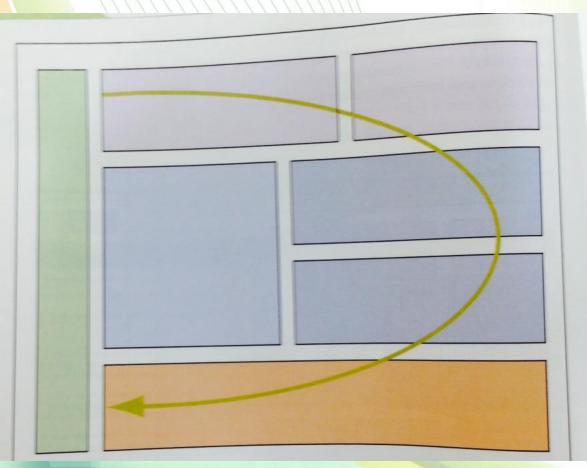
Active white space – it structures and separates content

Passive – includes black areas that border the screen



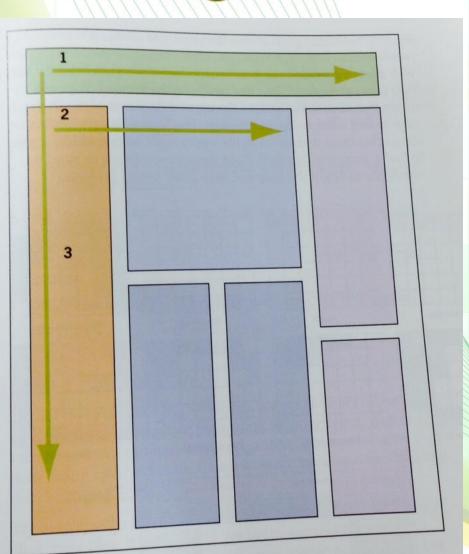
Paper-based reading pattern

According to human engineering studies scan pages with paper-based reading habits making eye moves from left to right and back again.



Landscape-based viewing pattern

In contrast to above pattern, users may also scan information following clockwise pattern



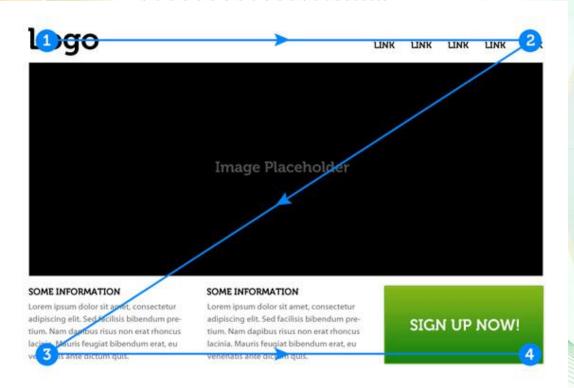
F-based viewing pattern

This is also a pattern found in eye-tracking studies, users often read web pages in an F-shaped pattern.

- 1. Users read first across the top page
- 2. Move down the page a bit
- 3. Then left side in a vertical movement



Z Flow PATTERN



The **Z-Layout** is a great way to start just about any web design project because it addresses the core requirements for any effective site: branding, hierarchy, structure, and call to action.



<u>Parallax</u> scrolling offers a better user experience through interaction, engagement, and depth into the story your brand is trying to tell.

Parallax is a web design technique that allows components of a web page to move at varying speeds when a user scrolls.



WIREFRAME What to include?

 All of the important elements of a web page should be represented in your website wireframe.

 Use simple shapes instead of actual graphics, and label them. These elements include:



Navigation:

 Buttons for users to visit the main sections of your site.

Company logo:

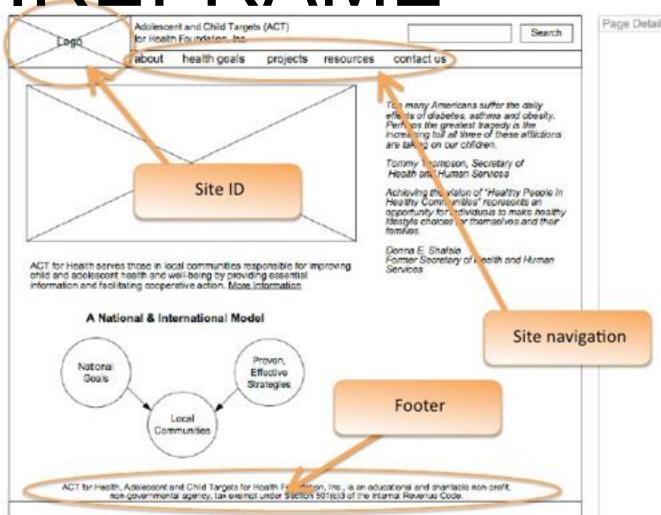
Can just be represented by a box.

Content areas:

- Where will your different sections of content appear?
- Search boxes
- User login areas

WIREFRAME

A wireframe is an outline of a website. It is the first step of the creation of a site.





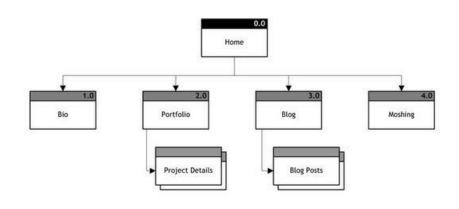
Good web
designers start
out with a
wireframe
sketch in order
to visualize their
ideas on paper.



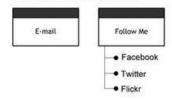


SITEMAP

A **sitemap** is a visual map of the navigation of a website. The more pages your site has, the more complicated your site map will be.



HEADER ELEMENTS



SITE-WIDE ELEMENTS



FOOTER ELEMENTS





WEBSITE MOCKUP AND WEB TEMPLATE PHOTOSHOP SLICE TOOL



 While you could use Photoshop to build real web pages, you shouldn't; you're much better off using a program designed for the job, like Adobe Dreamweaver.



That said, the Slice tool comes in really handy in a few situations:

- Building a website prototype.
 - If you slice up your design and assign different hyperlinks to navigation bars, you can give the client a good idea of how the navigation in the final website will feel.



Making an image map

 The Slice tool lets you add hyperlinks to certain portions of a single image.

Making an image-heavy page load a bit faster

 Chopping images into pieces makes them load a little at a time instead of in one big piece.
 However, this is becoming less of a problem as more people get faster Internet connections.





Creating Slices

- Once you've created an image or design that you want to chop up, you can use the Slice tool to draw the pieces by hand or make *Photoshop* create slices from individual layers by choosing Layer New Layer Based Slices.
 - You can also make Photoshop slice an images according to the guides you've drawn (discussed later in this section).



Steps

- 1. Turn on Photoshop's Rulers and draw guides around the areas you want to slice.
- 2. Press C to grab the Slice tool.
- 3. Trot up to the Options bar and click the Slices From Guides button.







- Resize the slice. Once you select a slice, you can drag any of its corner or center handles (they look like tiny solid squares) to make it bigger or smaller.
- Move the slice. Click within the slice and then drag it to another location. To make it so you can drag the slice only horizontally or vertically, hold the Shift key as you drag.



Saving Slices

- Once you've set all the options for your slices, it's time to save them to use on the Web.
- Use the File→"Save for Web" dialog box to set all those file-type, compression, and other options discussed earlier in this chapter.
 - (If you use File→Save As, all your slice options will fly right out the window.)



When you're finished, click Save and tell
Photoshop where you want to store the files.
If you've assigned URLs to the slices, be sure
to choose "HTML and Images" from the
Format pop-up menu at the bottom of the
Save Optimized As dialog box, as shown.



DESIGN TRENDS FOR 2015

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1. Line Icons and Ghost Buttons – transparent button outlined with a thin line









DESIGN TRENDS FOR 2015

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2. No Header Background Image –large customized photography appeared at a maximum width and ran to the edge of the browser just like magazine









DESIGN TRENDS FOR 2015

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3. Material Design - This Web design trend is a maturation of flat design—a popular technique in User Interface design that focuses on clean, minimal use of color, shapes and typography.





End of Module