- 1、signal设置信号处理行为,演示不同信号到来时,后来的信号会 打断原有信号的信号处理函数效果
  - 在处理信号2的过程中来了信号3,此时则会先执行信号3,等信号3执行完毕再执行信号2

```
^Cbefore sleep the signal is 2
^\before sleep the signal is 3
after sleep the signal is 3
after sleep the signal is 2
```

2、signal设置信号处理行为,演示相同信号到来时,无法打断本信号的效果

```
    在处理信号2的过程中来了信号2,不影响当前信号的执行
    ^Cocccc^C^C^C^C^C^Cafter sleep the signal is 2
    before sleep the signal is 2
    after sleep the signal is 2
```

3、sigaction实现信号不断重入的执行效果(来回打断的效果)

```
^\^C^\^C^\^Cafter sleep the signal is 2
before sleep the signal is 2
after sleep the signal is 2
after sleep the signal is 3
before sleep the signal is 3
after sleep the signal is 3
```

4、sigaction实现2号信号,屏蔽3号信号的执行效果,同时在2号信号的信号处理流程中,判断 3号信号是否被挂起

```
lcrsgk@ubuntu:~/day36/homework04$ ./homework04
Cthe signal number is 2
CCCC
the 2 signal end
the signal number is 2
the 2 signal end
Cthe signal number is 2
the 2 signal end
Cthe signal number is 2
the 2 signal end
Cthe signal end
Cthe signal end
Cthe 2 signal end
Cthe 3 signal end
Cthe 4 signal end
Cthe 4 signal end
Cthe 5 signal end
Cthe 5 signal end
Cthe 6 signal end
Cthe 6 signal end
Cthe 7 signal end
Cthe 7 signal end
Cthe 8 signal end
Cthe 9 signa
```

5、通过sigaction,打印发送信号的发送者的pid和uid。

```
gcc homework05.c -o homework05
dcrsgk@ubuntu:~/day36/homework05$ ./homework05
^Cthr signal pid = 0,uid = 0
```

- 6、通过sigprocmask阻塞2号信号,睡眠5秒后,解除阻塞,2号信号得到执行;在睡眠后,解除阻塞之前,通过sigpending检测是否有信号挂起
  - sigprocmask没听懂 周末补上
- 7、使用真实计时器,实用计时器,虚拟计时器,统计程序执行时间,在实用计时器及虚拟计时器设定计时后,先睡眠,再让程序处于while (1)
  - 竞争时间可以查看cpu占用率

```
      24 dcrsgk
      20 0 4504 736 676 R 49.7 0.0 0:19.69 while

      25 dcrsgk
      20 0 4504 796 732 R 49.7 0.0 0:10.42 vir_count
```

• 真实计时器:

```
acrsgk@upuntu:~/day36/nomework0/$ ./time_count
now time is:
now time = Thu Apr 23 22:44:50 2020

now time = Thu Apr 23 22:44:51 2020

now time = Thu Apr 23 22:44:52 2020

now time = Thu Apr 23 22:44:53 2020

now time = Thu Apr 23 22:44:54 2020

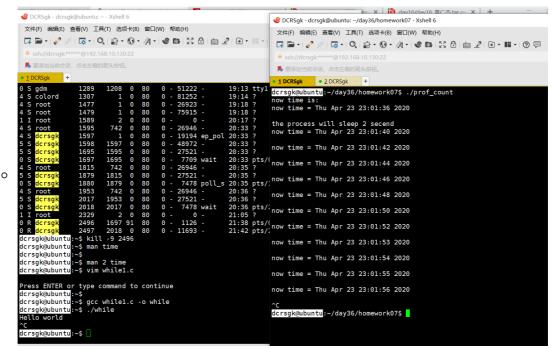
now time = Thu Apr 23 22:44:55 2020

now time = Thu Apr 23 22:44:56 2020

now time = Thu Apr 23 22:44:57 2020

^C
```

- 实用计时器
  - 。 在运行时用while1抢时间片造成运行时间变长



## • 虚拟计时器

```
the process will sleep 3 secend now time = Thu Apr 23 23:09:50 2020 now time = Thu Apr 23 23:09:52 2020 now time = Thu Apr 23 23:09:54 2020 now time = Thu Apr 23 23:09:56 2020 now time = Thu Apr 23 23:09:58 2020 now time = Thu Apr 23 23:10:00 2020 now time = Thu Apr 23 23:10:02 2020 now time = Thu Apr 23 23:10:04 2020 now time = Thu Apr 23 23:10:05 2020 how time = Thu Apr 23 23:10:05 2020 how time = Thu Apr 23 23:10:05 2020 how time = Thu Apr 23 23:10:05 2020
```