1、通过fork创建子进程,让父子进程都打印pid,都处于while(1),然后用ps进程查看,查看完毕,用kill命令杀掉

```
2515 49
                                                            19:56 pts/1
                                                                             00:00:20 ./homework01
 R dcrsgk
                2907
                                  80
                                              1126 -
                                                            19:56 pts/1
19:57 pts/0
 R dcrsgk
                2908
                        2907 49
                                 80
                                        0 - 1126 -
                                                                             00:00:20 ./homework01
                                        0 - 11693 -
                2913
                        1755 0 80
R dcrsgk
                                                                             00:00:00 ps -elf
crsgk@ubuntu:~/day31/homework/homework01$ kill -9 2908
crsgk@ubuntu:~/day31/homework/homework01$ ps -elf
                         2907 47 80
1755 0 80
1 Z <mark>dersgk</mark>
0 R <mark>dersgk</mark>
                                                                              00:00:27 [homework01] <d
                  2914
                                        0 - 11693 -
                                                             19:57 pts/0
                                                                              00:00:00 ps -elf
dcrsgk@ubuntu:~/day31/homework/homework01$
```

• kill杀死子进程之后父进程变成僵尸进程(未写wait语句)

2、能够得到孤儿进程;

```
0 R dcrsgk
                2925
                        2515 47
                                 80
                                       0 -
                                            1126 -
                                                         20:15 pts/1
                                                                         00:00:04 ./homework01
                                                                         00:00:04 ./homework01
1 R <mark>dcrsgk</mark>
                2926
                        2925 47
                                 80
                                      0 -
                                            1126 -
                                                         20:15 pts/1
                        1755 0 80
                                      0 - 11693 -
                                                                         00:00:00 ps -elf
0 R dcrsgk
                2927
                                                         20:15 pts/0
dcrsgk@ubuntu:~/day31/homework/homework01$ kill -9 2925
                                                                      00:00:00 [kworker#256:1
                         2 0 80
                                                      20:13 ?
 I root
               2922
                                    0 -
                                            0 -
               2926
                         1 60 80
                                    0 - 1126 -
                                                      20:15 pts/1
                                                                      00:00:29 ./homework01
 R dcrsgk
R <mark>dcrsgk</mark>
               2928
                                                                      00:00:00 ps -elf
                       1755 0 80
                                     0 - 11693 -
                                                      20:16 pts/0
dcrsgk@ubuntu:~/day31/homework/homework01$
```

- 孤儿进程被init接收
- 上文用kill杀死父进程之后子进程变成孤儿进程 (未写wait语句)
- 3、通过fork创建进程,能够产生僵尸进程;

```
2515 49 80
                                                                  1126 -
                                                                                      19:56 pts/1
                                                                                                               00:00:20 ./homework01
                       2907
                                                          0 -
     donsak
                       2908
                                  2907 49 80
                                                                                      19:56 pts/1
                                                                                                               00:00:20 ./homework01
     dorsgk
                                                         0 -
                                                                 1126 -
R dcrsgk
                                  1755 0 80
                                                        0 - 11693 -
                                                                                      19:57 pts/0
                                                                                                               00:00:00 ps -elf
crsgk@ubuntu:~/day31/homework/homework01$ kill -9 2908

      crsgk@ubuntu:~/day3//homework/homework01$ ps -elf

      S III
      DTD DDTD C DDT NT ADDD S7 WCHAN

      1 Z dcrsgk
      2908
      2907
      47
      80
      0 -

      0 R dcrsgk
      2914
      1755
      0
      80
      0 -
      11693

                                                                                      19:56 pts/1
19:57 pts/0
                                                                                                                TTMF CMD
00:00:27 [homework01] <d
0 R dcrsgk
                                                                                                                00:00:00 ps -elf
 dcrsgk@ubuntu:~/day31/homework/homework01$
```

• kill杀死子进程之后父进程变成僵尸进程(未写wait语句)

4、通过fork创建子进程,然后父进程通过wait回收,同时拿到子进程的返回值

```
i am father precess, pid = 3505
i am chile precess, pid = 3506
child exit success.
the child exitCode is 2
dcrsgk@ubuntu:~/day31/homework/homework04$
```

5、通过execl拉起来一个add进程,并给其传参3和4,让其求和最终 得到7

附加作业:

1、验证ps显示的是有效用户ID,还是真实用户ID

有效用户id: 真正执行程序的用户ID真实用户id: 真正执行程序的用户ID

•

- 2、验证sudo里边是使用了setuid, 还是seteuid
 - sudo内用了setuid
 - 查阅文档得知sudo通过 /etc/sudoers 配置文件确定用户是否有获得root权限的资格;如果有,则给调用程序设置 sticky 标识,这样用户就能运行程序了;最后,再去掉 sticky 标识(sudo命令只对一条命令有效)