

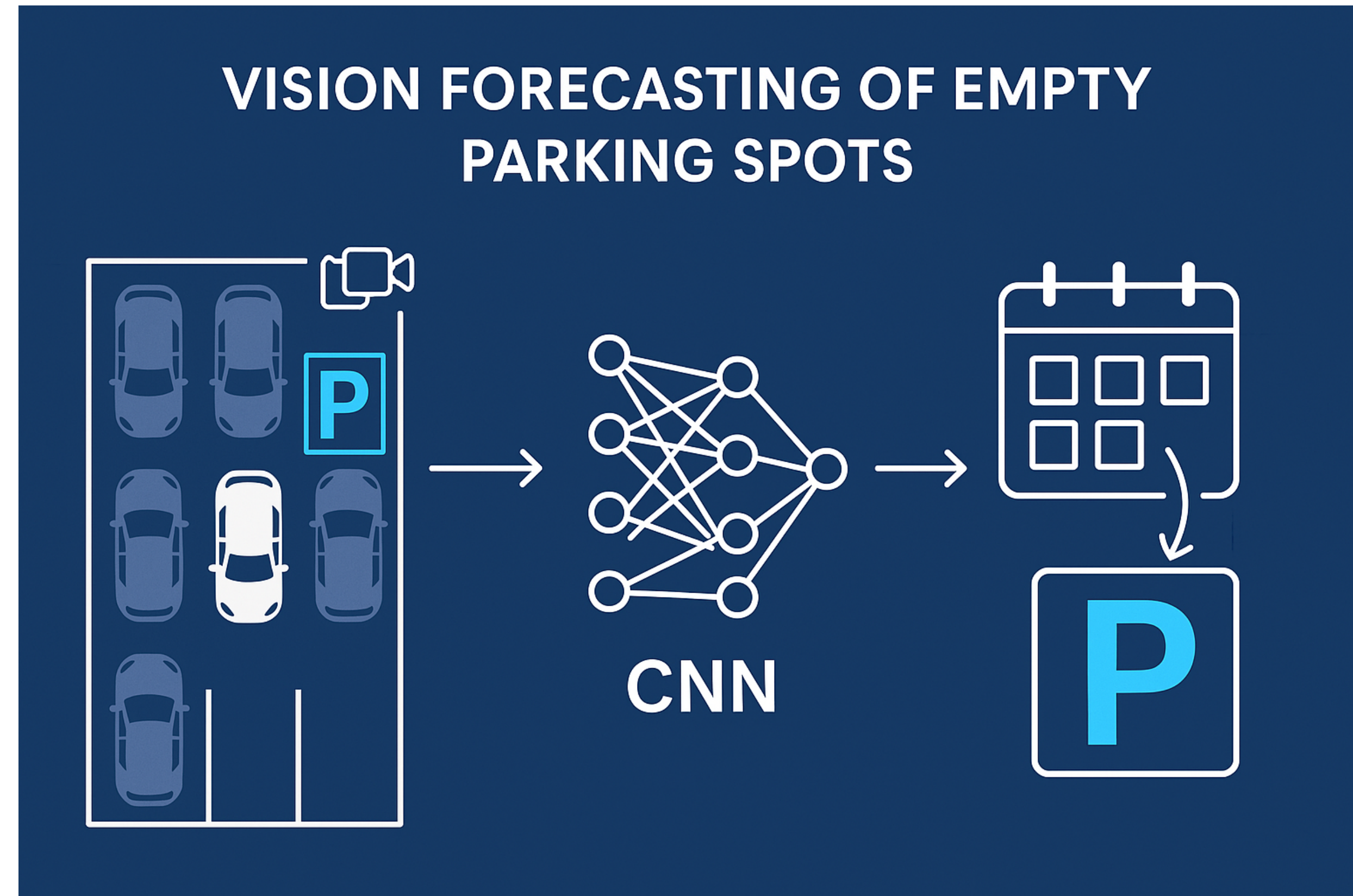
# Parking Spot Detector

Computer Vision

David Thrien, 11. April 2025

# Content

1. Target and Data Basis
2. Data preparation
3. Model
4. Results



# Target and Data Basis

- **Target:**
  - Labeling images of parking spots as „empty“ or „not empty“
- **Data Basis**
  - 6090 images
  - Balanced data set of „not empty“ and „empty“ parking spots

Sample Images from Training Dataset





# Data Preparation

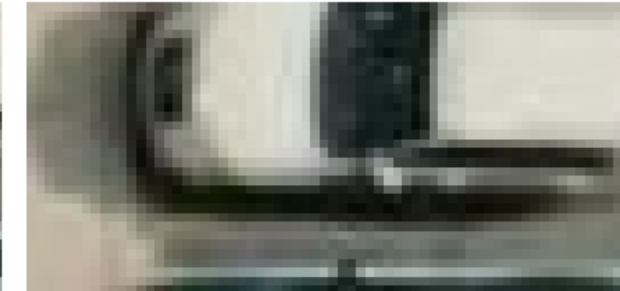
- Resizing the images with padding to 32 x 68 + augmentation
- 80/20-split for training and validation
- Validation data set is again split 80/20 for validation and testing

Sample Augmented Images

Augmented Image 1



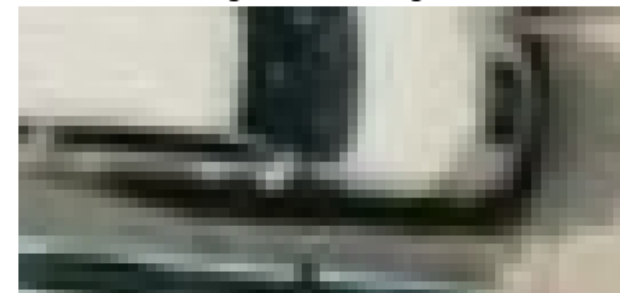
Augmented Image 2



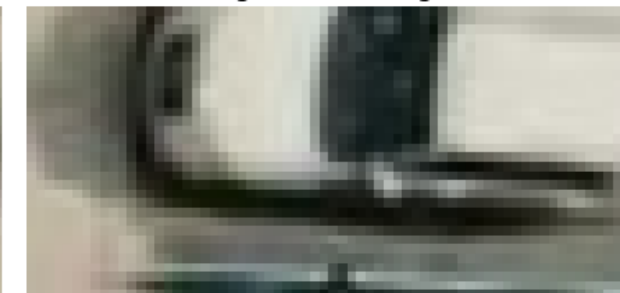
Augmented Image 3



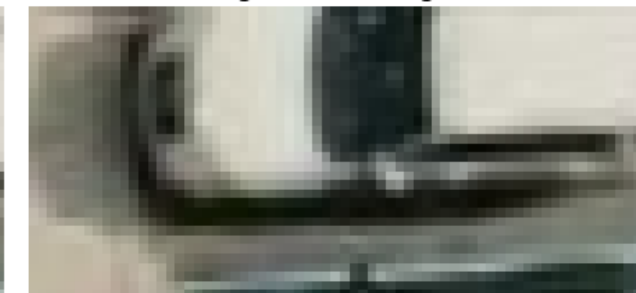
Augmented Image 4



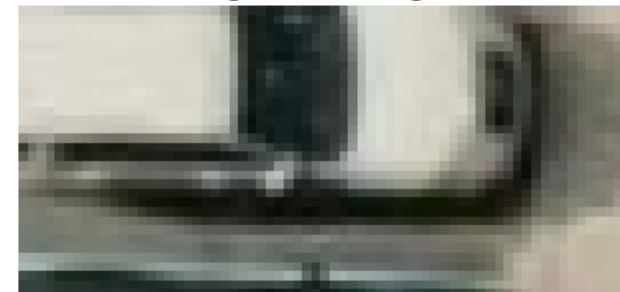
Augmented Image 5



Augmented Image 6



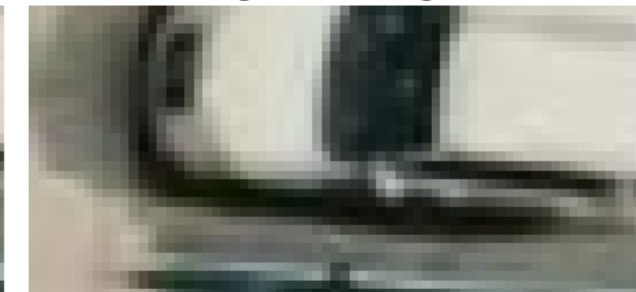
Augmented Image 7



Augmented Image 8

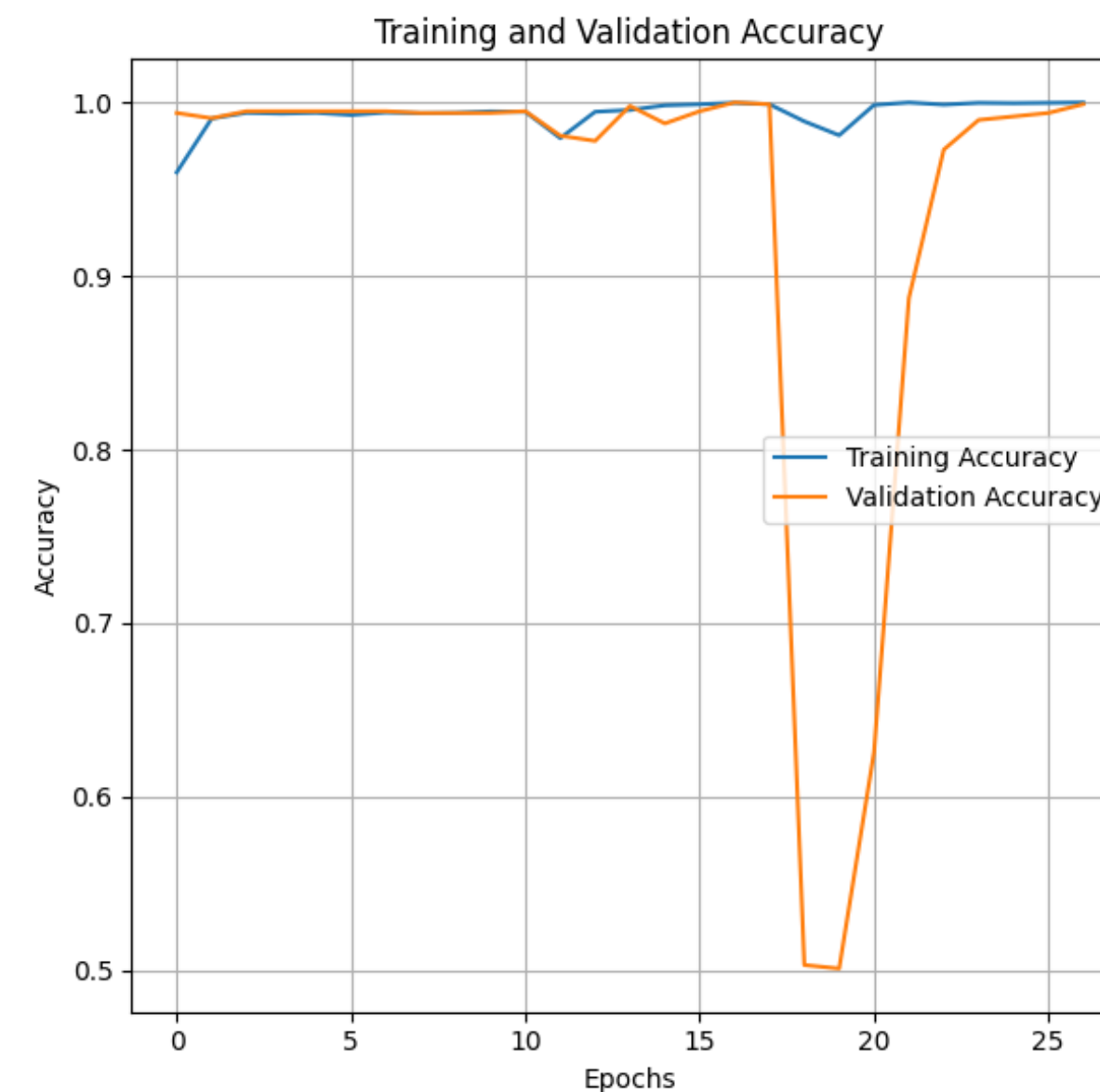


Augmented Image 9

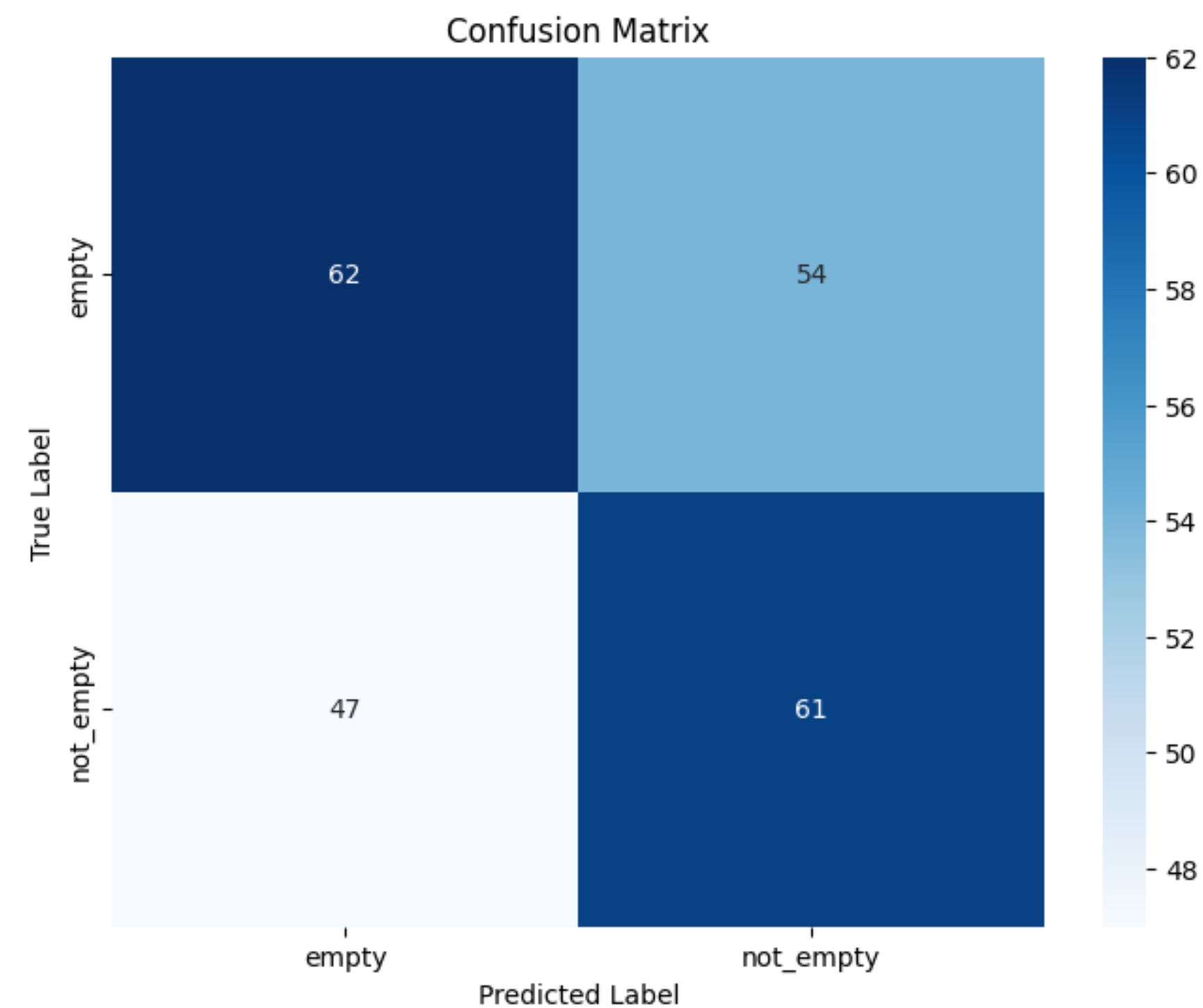


# Model

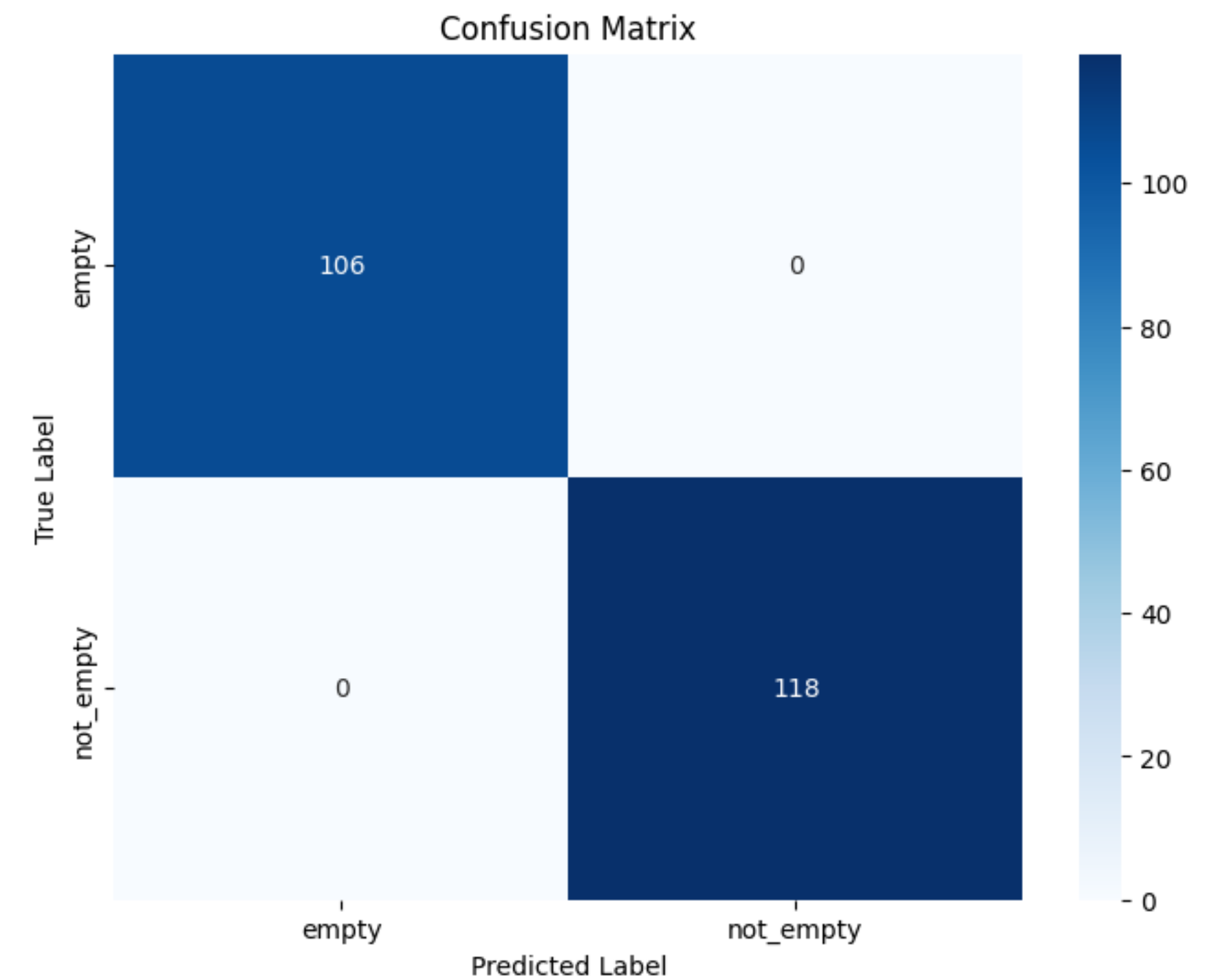
- **MobileNetV2 (transfer learning)**
  - 32 batch size
  - Initial learning rate 0.01 with 0.8 decay and patience of 7
  - Fine-tuning with 10 times lower learning rate and patience of 10



# Results



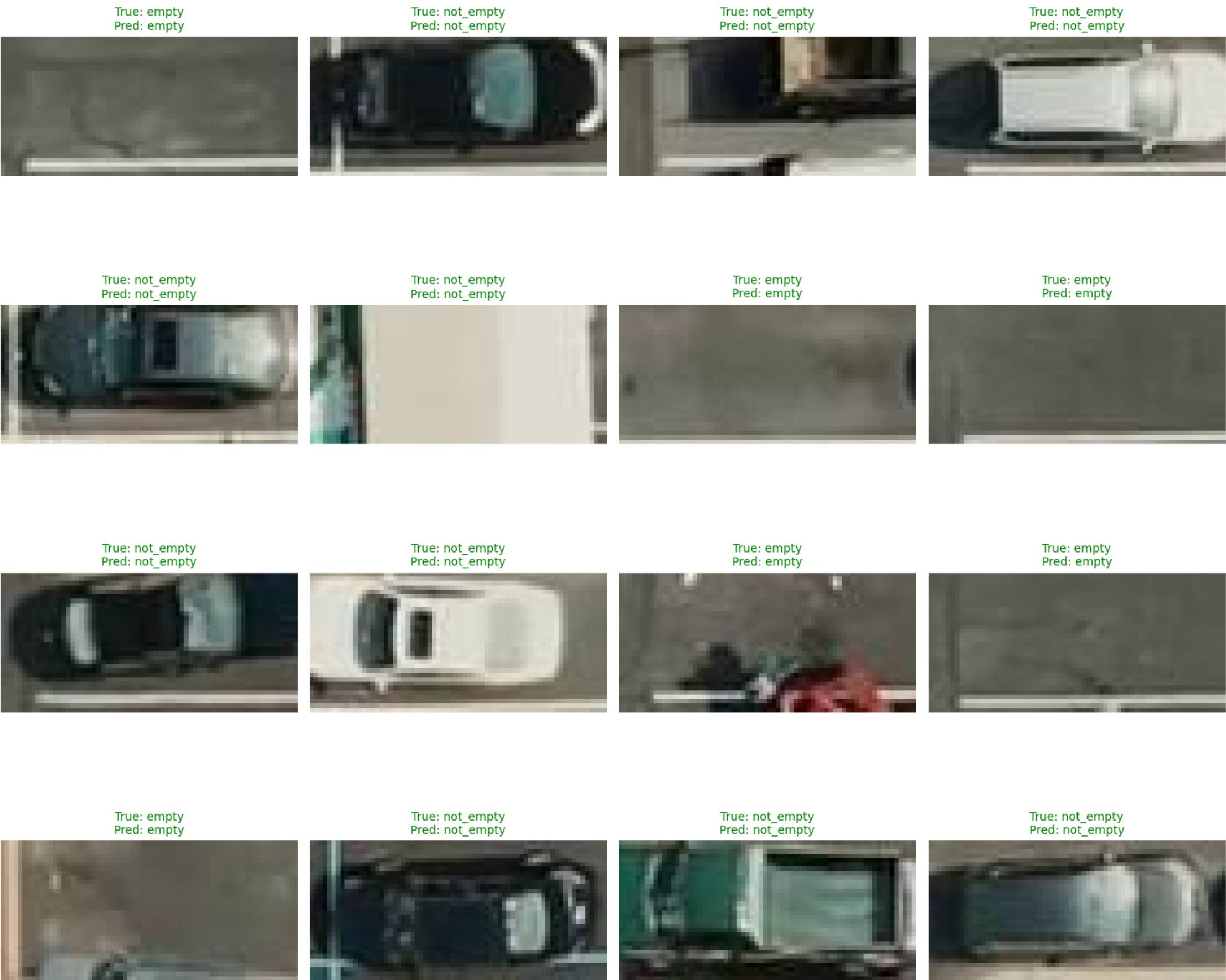
- Suspicion: Overfitting?



- After using a loop and `model.predict` and integers for the binary prediction

# Results

Predictions on Test Data = Model Accuracy of 1



# Thank you!

Q&A