IBC Considerations in Evaluating Gene Transfer Protocols

Investigational Brochure:

- document produced by the sponsor which summarizes previous findings and data
- may include information about previous animal experiments and clinical trials
- describes previous adverse events(if applicable)

Clinical Protocol:

- is the description of the therapy and will include all participants in a multi-center clinical trial
- describes the scope of the work
- details the procedures to be performed during the therapy

Why

- 1. Why is this research being done?
 - Appendix M-II-A-1-a,b,c,d
 - Informed consent form
 - ➤ Appendix M-III-B-1-a
 - > IBC form summaries

Vector/construct

- 2. Evaluate the potential of risk of the vector to patients (subjects), family members, staff members, or the environment
- 3. Evaluate the source of the vector (company sponsor, proprietary name, biosafety level)
 - Investigational Brochure
 - > IBC form
- 4. What vector is being used?
 - > Appendix M-II-B-1-a-(1)
- 5. What is the structure of the cloned DNA?
 - ➤ Appendix M-II-B-1-a
- 6. What regulatory elements does the construct contain?
 - Appendix M-II-B-1-a-(2)
- 7. How is the DNA construct derived?
 - > Appendix M-B-1-a-(3)
- 8. What is the dose:to be given?
 - > IBC form
 - Clinical protocol
- 9. What is the structure of the material to be administered to the research participant?
- 10. How is it prepared, grown, purified, tested for contamination?
 - > Appendix M-II-B-1-b
 - Investigator's Brochure (May)

Risks/Models/Monitoring

- 11. Evaluate the adverse events in previous clinical trials and animal studies to predict the potential of similar events in future trials
- 12. Establish the appropriate level of monitoring for potential microbial shedding
- 13. Evaluate how the animal and cultured cell models are similar to and different from the proposed human treatment
- 14. Evaluate how the experimental treatment will be monitored for Pathogenicity and the sensitivity of the analyses.

- 15. What preclinical studies and risk-assessments have been done?
 - Appendix M-II-B-2
- 16. What are the intended target cells of the recombinant DNA?
 - > Appendix M-II-B-2-a
- 17. How efficient is this delivery system? How will this be monitored? How many copies per cell?
 - Appendix M-II-B-2-a-(2), (3), (4)
- 18. What animal and cell culture models were used to assess the efficacy of the gene transfer system?
 - > Appendix M-II-B-2-b-(1)
- 19. How will it be determined that new gene sequences have been inserted and that these are being expressed?
 - > Appendix M-II-B-3-d
- 20. Is the gene expressed in cells other than the target cells? If yes, the extent of this expression must be described.
 - > Appendix M-II-B-2-b-(6)
- 21. How will contaminants be detected and effects assessed?
 - ➤ Appendix M-II-B-3-e
- 22. What are the major beneficial and adverse effects of the experimental treatments anticipated?
 - Appendix M-II-3-g
- 23. If a treated human subject dies, what special post-mortem studies will be performed?
 - > Appendix M-II-3-h

Public Health/Exposure Control

- 24. Evaluate the efficacy or potential benefits of the therapy versus the biohazard or other toxicity risk with regard to alternative therapy
- 25. Evaluate if any pre-existing patient medical conditions among the recruited subjects may amplify the risks. Appendix M-II-C
- 26. What are the potential benefits and hazards to persons other than the human subjects receiving the experimental treatment or to the environment? How will the risks be mitigated?
 - Appendix M-II-B-4
 - Informed consent document
 - Exposure control plan
- 27. Evaluate the containment issues: medical waste disposal, personal protective equipment, disinfection/sterilization, hand washing and other good work practices
 - Exposure control plan
- 28. Evaluate the training plan
 - Does it describe gene transfer procedures, risks to patient and staff, exposure control plan?
 - Who will be trained (operating room staff, clinic staff, environmental services, pharmacy, infection control, security, facilities management, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy, nutritional services, etc.)

Qualifications of Investigators/Facilities

- 29. What training and experience do the principal investigators have with gene transfer and with these procedures specifically?
- 30. What specific facilities (operating rooms, clinics, patient care areas, etc) will the patient be in?
 - > Appendix M-II-B-5
 - Informed Consent
 - The IRB is required to approve this and this approval must be sent to the IBC
 - The IBC can review this form and it is also covered in Appendix M-III-B

Privacy Concerns

➤ Appendix M-IV