

Homework 12

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Problem 1

Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$, $B = \{a, b, c, d\}$, and $f_1 : A \rightarrow B = \{\langle 1, c \rangle, \langle 2, c \rangle, \langle 3, b \rangle, \langle 4, a \rangle, \langle 5, d \rangle\}$, $f_2 : B \rightarrow A = \{\langle a, 2 \rangle, \langle b, 5 \rangle, \langle c, 1 \rangle, \langle d, 3 \rangle\}$. Determine whether f_1, f_2 have left or right inverse. If so, find the left or right inverse for each function.

Solution.

1. Right Inverse. $\{\langle a, 4 \rangle, \langle b, 3 \rangle, \langle c, 1 \rangle, \langle d, 5 \rangle\}$
2. Left Inverse. $\{\langle 1, c \rangle, \langle 2, a \rangle, \langle 3, d \rangle, \langle 4, c \rangle, \langle 5, b \rangle\}$

Problem 2

Let $h \in A_A$, prove that the state "for any $f, g \in A_A$, if $h \circ f = h \circ g$ then we have $f = g$ " is true if and only if h is injective, or:

$$(\forall f)(\forall g)((f \in A_A \wedge g \in A_A \wedge h \circ f = h \circ g) \rightarrow f = g) \Leftrightarrow h \text{ is injective}$$

Solution.

Method 1

1. \Leftarrow : If h is injective

Then h has a left inverse m such that $m \circ h = I_A$. Then :

$$\begin{aligned} h \circ f &= h \circ g \\ \Rightarrow m \circ (h \circ f) &= m \circ (h \circ g) \\ \Leftrightarrow (m \circ h) \circ f &= (m \circ h) \circ g \\ \Rightarrow I_A \circ f &= I_A \circ g \\ \Rightarrow f &= g \end{aligned}$$

2. \Rightarrow : If $(\forall f)(\forall g)((f \in A_A \wedge g \in A_A \wedge h \circ f = h \circ g) \rightarrow f = g)$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\forall f)(\forall g)((f \in A_A \wedge g \in A_A \wedge h \circ f = h \circ g) \rightarrow f = g) \\
& \Rightarrow (\forall f)(\forall g)((f \in A_A \wedge g \in A_A \wedge f \neq g) \rightarrow (h \circ f \neq h \circ g))
\end{aligned}$$

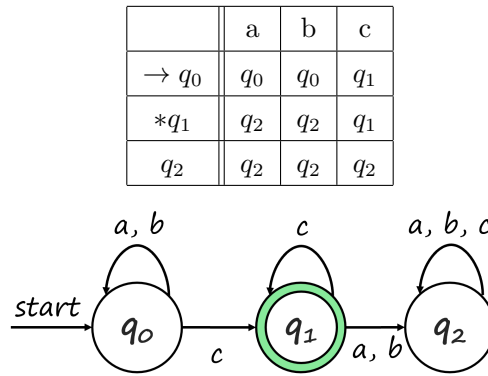
We can let $f(x) = x_1, g(x) = x_2, x_1, x_2 \in A$, then:

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\forall f)(\forall g)((f \in A_A \wedge g \in A_A \wedge f \neq g) \rightarrow (h \circ f \neq h \circ g)) \\
& \Rightarrow (\forall x_1)(\forall x_2)((x_1 \in A \wedge x_2 \in A \wedge x_1 \neq x_2) \rightarrow h(x_1) \neq h(x_2)) \\
& \Rightarrow h \text{ is injective}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 3

Design a DFA accepting the language $(a|b)^*c^+$ over the alphabet $\{a, b, c\}$. (Transition table, transition diagram or giving the transition functions are all acceptable). And show how it accepts the string "abaacc" by showing all the changes of states in whole process.

Solution.

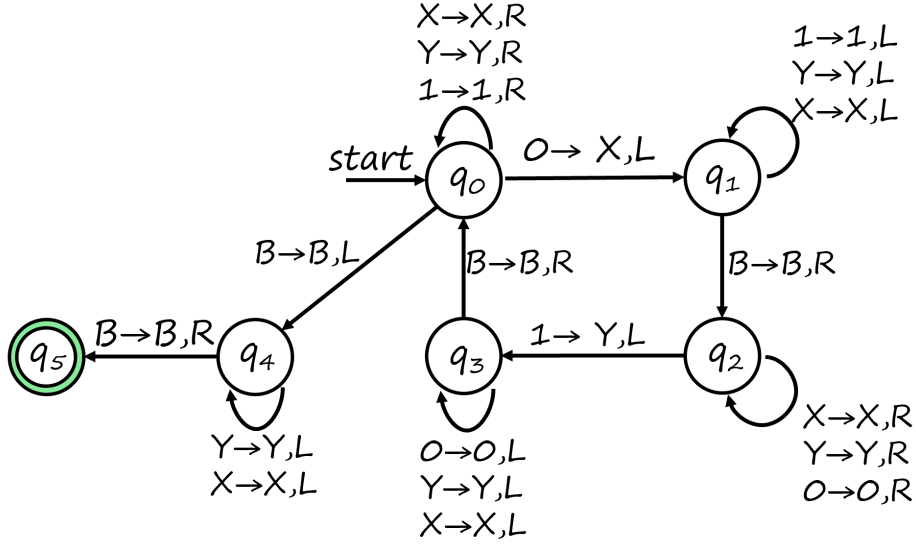


$$\begin{aligned}
\hat{\delta}(q_0, a) &= q_0 \\
\hat{\delta}(q_0, ab) &= \delta(q_0, b) = q_0 \\
\hat{\delta}(q_0, aba) &= \delta(q_0, a) = q_0 \\
\hat{\delta}(q_0, abaa) &= \delta(q_0, a) = q_0 \\
\hat{\delta}(q_0, abaac) &= \delta(q_0, c) = q_1 \\
\hat{\delta}(q_0, abaacc) &= \delta(q_1, c) = q_1
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 4

Design a Turing Machine for the language $\{w|w \text{ has an equal number of 0's and 1's}\}$ over input alphabet $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$. (Transition table, transition diagram or giving the transition functions are all acceptable) And show how it accepts the string 100011 by instantaneous descriptions.

Solution.



$q_0 100011 \vdash_M 1q_0 00011 \vdash_M q_1 1X0011 \vdash_M q_1 B1X0011 \vdash_M q_2 1X0011 \vdash_M q_3 BYX0011$
 $\vdash_M q_0 YX0011 \vdash_M Yq_0 X0011 \vdash_M YXq_0 0011 \vdash_M Yq_1 XX011 \vdash_M q_1 YXX011$
 $\vdash_M q_1 BYXX011 \vdash_M q_2 YXX011 \vdash_M Yq_2 XX011 \vdash_M YXq_2 X011 \vdash_M YXXq_2 011$
 $\vdash_M YXX0q_2 11 \vdash_M YXXq_3 0Y1 \vdash_M YXq_3 X0Y1 \vdash_M Yq_3 XX0Y1 \vdash_M q_3 YXX0Y1$
 $\vdash_M q_3 BYXX0Y1 \vdash_M q_0 YXX0Y1 \vdash_M Yq_0 XX0Y1 \vdash_M YXq_0 X0Y1 \vdash_M YXXq_0 0Y1$
 $\vdash_M YXq_1 XXY1 \vdash_M Yq_1 XXXY1 \vdash_M q_1 YXXXXY1 \vdash_M q_1 BYXXXXY1 \vdash_M q_2 YXXXXY1$
 $\vdash_M Yq_2 XXXY1 \vdash_M YXq_2 XXY1 \vdash_M YXXq_2 XY1 \vdash_M YXXXq_2 Y1 \vdash_M YXXXXYq_2 1$
 $\vdash_M YXXXq_3 YY \vdash_M YXXq_3 XYY \vdash_M YXq_3 XXY \vdash_M Yq_3 XXXYY \vdash_M q_3 YXXXYY$
 $\vdash_M q_3 BYXXXYY \vdash_M q_0 YXXXYY \vdash_M Yq_0 XXXYY \vdash_M YXq_0 XYY \vdash_M YXXq_0 XYY$
 $\vdash_M YXXXq_0 YY \vdash_M YXXXq_0 Y \vdash_M YXXXYYq_0 B \vdash_M YXXXq_4 Y \vdash_M YXXXq_4 YY$
 $\vdash_M YXXq_4 XYY \vdash_M YXq_4 XXY \vdash_M Yq_4 XXXYY \vdash_M q_4 YXXXYY \vdash_M q_4 BYXXXYY$
 $\vdash_M q_5 YXXXYY$