Features



### +5V-Powered, Multi-Channel RS-232 Drivers/Receivers

#### **General Description**

The MAX220-MAX249 family of line drivers/receivers is intended for all EIA/TIA-232E and V.28/V.24 communications interfaces, and in particular, for those applications where ±12V is not available.

These parts are particularly useful in battery-powered systems, since their low-power shutdown mode reduces power dissipation to less than 5µW. The MAX225, MAX233, MAX235, and MAX245-MAX247 use no external components and are recommended for applications where printed circuit board space is critical.

#### **Applications**

Portable Computers
Low-Power Modems
Interface Translation
Battery-Powered RS-232 Systems
Multi-Drop RS-232 Networks

#### Superior to Bipolar

- ◆ Operate from Single +5V Power Supply (+5V and +12V—MAX231/MAX239)
- Low-Power Receive Mode in Shutdown (MAX223/MAX242)
- ♦ Meet All EIA/TIA-232E and V.28 Specifications
- ♦ Multiple Drivers and Receivers
- ♦ 3-State Driver and Receiver Outputs
- ♦ Open-Line Detection (MAX243)

#### **Ordering Information**

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX220CPE	0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX220CSE	0°C to +70°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX220CWE	0°C to +70°C	16 Wide SO
MAX220C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX220EPE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX220ESE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX220EWE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Wide SO
MAX220EJE	-40°C to +85°C	16 CERDIP
MAX220MJE	-55°C to +125°C	16 CERDIP

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

\*Contact factory for dice specifications.

#### Selection Table

	Power	No. of		Nominal	SHDN	Rx				
Part	Supply	RS-232	No. of	Cap. Value	& Three-	Active in	Data Rate			
Number	(V)	Drivers/Rx	Ext. Caps	(μF)	State	SHDN	(kbps)	Features		
MAX220	+5	2/2	4	4.7/10	No		120	Ultra-low-power, industry-standard pinout		
MAX222	+5	2/2	4	0.1	Yes		200	Low-power shutdown		
MAX223 (MAX213)	+5	4/5	4	1.0 (0.1)	Yes	~	120	MAX241 + receivers active in shutdown		
MAX225	+5	5/5	0	-	Yes	~	120	Available in SO		
MAX230 (MAX200)		5/0	4	1.0 (0.1)	Yes		120	5 drivers with shutdown		
MAX231 (MAX201)	+5 and	2/2	2	1.0 (0.1)	No		120	Standard +5/+12V or battery supplies;		
	+7.5 to +13.2							same functions as MAX232		
MAX232 (MAX202)	+5	2/2	4	1.0 (0.1)	No		120 (64)	Industry standard		
MAX232A	+5	2/2	4	0.1	No		200	Higher slew rate, small caps		
MAX233 (MAX203)	+5	2/2	0		No		120	No external caps		
MAX233A	+5	2/2	0		No		200	No external caps, high slew rate		
MAX234 (MAX204)	+5	4/0	4	1.0 (0.1)	No		120	Replaces 1488		
MAX235 (MAX205)		5/5	0	-	Yes		120	No external caps		
		4/3	4	1.0 (0.1)	Yes		120	Shutdown, three state		
MAX237 (MAX207)	+5	5/3	4	1.0 (0.1)	No		120	Complements IBM PC serial port		
MAX238 (MAX208)	+5	4/4	4	1.0 (0.1)	No		120	Replaces 1488 and 1489		
MAX239 (MAX209)	+5 and	3/5	2	1.0 (0.1)	No		120	Standard +5/+12V or battery supplies;		
	+7.5 to +13.2							single-package solution for IBM PC serial port		
MAX240	+5	5/5	4	1.0	Yes		120	DIP or flatpack package		
MAX241 (MAX211)	+5	4/5	4	1.0 (0.1)	Yes		120	Complete IBM PC serial port		
MAX242	+5	2/2	4	0.1	Yes	~	200	Separate shutdown and enable		
MAX243	+5	2/2	4	0.1	No		200	Open-line detection simplifies cabling		
MAX244	+5	8/10	4	1.0	No		120	High slew rate		
MAX245	+5	8/10	0	-	Yes	~	120	High slew rate, int. caps, two shutdown modes		
MAX246	+5	8/10	0	-	Yes	~	120	High slew rate, int. caps, three shutdown modes		
MAX247	+5	8/9	0	-	Yes	~	120	High slew rate, int. caps, nine operating modes		
MAX248	+5	8/8	4	1.0	Yes	<b>~</b>	120	High slew rate, selective half-chip enables		
MAX249	+5	6/10	4	1.0	Yes	~	120	Available in quad flatpack package		

MIXIM

Maxim Integrated Products 1

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS—MAX220/222/232A/233A/242/243**

Note 1: Input voltage measured with  $T_{OUT}$  in high-impedance state,  $\overline{SHDN}$  or  $V_{CC}$  = 0V.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX220/222/232A/233A/242/243

( $V_{CC}$  = +5V ±10%, C1-C4 = 0.1 $\mu$ F, TA = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS			TYP	MAX	UNITS
RS-232 TRANSMITTERS	•					<del></del>
Output Voltage Swing	All transmitter of	All transmitter outputs loaded with 3kΩ to GND				V
Input Logic Threshold Low				1.4	0.8	V
Input Logic Threshold High			2	1.4		V
Lania Dull Haffarant Comment	Normal operation			5	40	<u> </u>
Logic Pull-Up/Input Current	SHDN = 0V, MA	AX222/242, shutdown		±0.01	±1	μA
Outrout Landson Courses	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V, SH	DN = 0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = ±15V, MAX222/242		±0.01	±10	
Output Leakage Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = SHDN =	0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = ±15V		±0.01	±10	μA
Data Data	Except MAX220	), normal operation		200	116	kbits/
Data Rate	MAX220			22	20	sec
Transmitter Output Resistance	$V_{CC} = V_{+} = V_{-} = 0V, V_{OUT} = \pm 2V$			10M		Ω
Output Short-Circuit Current	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V			±22		mA
RS-232 RECEIVERS						<del> </del>
RS-232 Input Voltage Operating Range					±30	V
DC 222 Innut Throphold I au	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	Except MAX243 R2 <sub>IN</sub>	8.0	1.3		V
RS-232 Input Threshold Low		MAX243 R2 <sub>IN</sub> (Note 2)	-3			
DC 200 land Through I like	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	Except MAX243 R2 <sub>IN</sub>		1.8	2.4	V
RS-232 Input Threshold High		MAX243 R2 <sub>IN</sub> (Note 2)		-0.5	-0.1	1 '
D0 000 les allestates	Except MAX243	3, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, no hyst. in shdn.	0.2	0.5	1	T.,
RS-232 Input Hysteresis	MAX243			1		\
RS-232 Input Resistance			3	5	7	kΩ
TTL/CMOS Output Voltage Low	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 3.2mA			0.2	0.4	V
TTL/CMOS Output Voltage High	IOUT = -1.0mA			V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		V
TTL/CMOS Output Short-Circuit Current	Sourcing Vout = GND			-10		
	Shrinking V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>			30		mA mA
TTL/CMOS Output Leakage Current	SHDN = V <sub>CC</sub> or 0V ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ V <sub>C</sub>	$\overline{\text{EN}} = \text{V}_{\text{CC}} (\overline{\text{SHDN}} = 0 \text{V for MAX222}),$		±0.05	±10	μΑ

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX220/222/232A/233A/242/243 (continued)

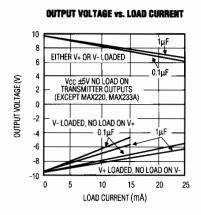
(V<sub>CC</sub> = +5V  $\pm 10\%$ , C1-C4 = 0.1 $\mu$ F, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted.)

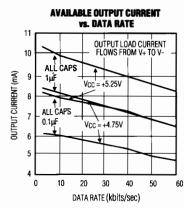
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
EN Input Threshold Low	MAX242		1.4	0.8	V	
EN Input Threshold High	MAX242		2.0	1.4		V
POWER SUPPLY						
Operating Supply Voltage			4.5		5.5	V
	No load	MAX220		0.5	2	
Vcc Supply Current (SHDN = Vcc),	No load	MAX222/232A/233A/242/243		4	10	
igures 5, 6, 9, 19	3kΩ load	MAX220		12		mA
	both inputs	MAX222/232A/233A/242/243		15		1
		T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		0.1	10	
Object designs Coursely Coursely	MAY000/040	$T_A = 0^{\circ} \text{ to } +70^{\circ}\text{C}$		2	50	1
Shutdown Supply Current	MAX222/242	T <sub>A</sub> = -40° to +85°C		2	50	μA
		T <sub>A</sub> = -55° to +125°C		35	100	1
SHDN Input Leakage Current	MAX222/242				±1	μA
SHDN Threshold Low	MAX222/242			1.4	0.8	V
SHDN Threshold High	MAX222/242	2.0	1.4		V	
AC CHARACTERISTICS						
Transition Slew Rate	$C_L$ = 50pF to 2500pF, $R_L$ = 3k $\Omega$ to 7k $\Omega$ , $V_{CC}$ = 5V, $T_A$ = +25°C, measured from +3V to -3V or -3V to +3V	MAX222/232A/233A/242/243	6	12	30	- V/µs
		MAX220	1.5	3	30	
	tPHLT tPLHT	MAX222/232A/233A/242/243		1.3	3.5	- µs
Transmitter Propagation Delay TLL to RS-232 (normal operation),		MAX220		4	10	
Figure 1		MAX222/232A/233A/242/243		1.5	3.5	
		MAX220		5	10	
	tphlr	MAX222/232A/233A/242/243		0.5	1	μs
Receiver Propagation Delay RS-232 to TLL (normal operation),		MAX220		0.6	3	
Figure 2	tour	MAX222/232A/233A/242/243		0.6	1	
	tPLHR	MAX220		0.8	3	
Receiver Propagation Delay	tphls	MAX242		0.5	10	us
RS-232 to TLL (shutdown), Figure 2	tplhs	MAX242		2.5	10	] µs
Receiver-Output Enable Time, Figure 3	ter	MAX242		125	500	ns
Receiver-Output Disable Time, Figure 3	tDR	MAX242		160	500	ns
Transmitter-Output Enable Time (SHDN goes high), Figure 4	ter	MAX222/242, 0.1µF caps (includes charge-pump start-up)		250		μs
Transmitter-Output Disable Time (SHDN goes low), Figure 4	tor	MAX222/242, 0.1μF caps		600		ns
Transmitter + to - Propagation	tour tour	MAX222/232A/233A/242/243		300		ns
Delay Difference (normal operation)	tphlt - tplht	MAX220		2000		113
Receiver + to - Propagation	tphur - tpuhr	MAX222/232A/233A/242/243		100		ns
Delay Difference (normal operation)	PHLK - PLHK	MAX220		225		"

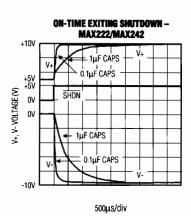
**Note 2:** MAX243 R2<sub>OUT</sub> is guaranteed to be low when R2<sub>IN</sub> is  $\geq$  0V or is floating.

#### Typical Operating Characteristics

#### MAX220/MAX222/MAX232A/MAX233A/MAX242/MAX243







#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS—MAX223/MAX230-MAX241

Vcc	0.3V to +6V	20-Pin Wi
V+	(Vcc - 0.3V) to +14V	24-Pin Wi
V		28-Pin Wi
Input Voltages		44-Pin Pla
T <sub>IN</sub>	0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)	14-Pin CE
R <sub>IN</sub>		16-Pin CE
Output Voltages		20-Pin CE
Tout(V+	+ 0.3V) to (V 0.3V)	24-Pin Na
ROUT	0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)	
Short-Circuit Duration, Tout	Continuous	24-Pin Si
Continuous Power Dissipation (TA = +70°C	C)	28-Pin SS
14-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 10.00mW/°C ab	ove +70°C)800mW	Operating
16-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 10.53mW/°C ab	ove +70°C)842mW	MAX2
20-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 11.11 mW/°C at	oove +70°C)889mW	MAX2
24-Pin Narrow Plastic DIP		MAX2
(derate 13.33mW/°C above	e +70°C)1.07W	Storage Te
24-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 9.09mW/°C abo	ve +70°C)500mW	Lead Temp
16-Pin Wide SO (derate 9.52mW/°C above	∍ +70°C)762mW	

20-Pin Wide SO (derate 10 00mW/°C above +70°C)800mW
24-Pin Wide SO (derate 11.76mW/°C above +70°C)941mW
28-Pin Wide SO (derate 12.50mW/°C above +70°C)1W
44-Pin Plastic FP (derate 11.11 mW/°C above +70°C)889mW
14-Pin CERDIP (derate 9.09mW/°C above +70°C)727mW
16-Pin CERDIP (derate 10.00mW/°C above +70°C)800mW
20-Pin CERDIP (derate 11.11mW/°C above +70°C)889mW
24-Pin Narrow CERDIP
(derate 12.50mW/°C above +70°C)1W
24-Pin Sidebraze (derate 20.0mW/°C above +70°C)1.6W
28-Pin SSOP (derate 9.52mW/°C above +70°C)762mW
Operating Temperature Ranges
MAX2 C0°C to +70°C
MAX2 E40°C to +85°C
MAX2 M55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +160°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX223/MAX230-MAX241**

 $(MAX223/230/232/234/236/237/238/240/241 \ V_{CC} = +5V \ \pm 10\%, \ MAX233/MAX235 \ V_{CC} = 5V \ \pm 5\%, \ C1-C4 = 1.0 \mu F \ MAX231/MAX239 \ V_{CC} = 5V \ \pm 10\%, \ V_{+} = 7.5 V \ to 13.2 V, \ T_{A} = T_{MIN} \ to \ T_{MAX}, \ unless \ otherwise \ noted.)$ 

PARAMETER		CONDITIONS			MAX	UNITS
Output Voltage Swing	All transmitter of	All transmitter outputs loaded with 3kΩ to ground				V
		MAX232/233		5	10	
VCC Power-Supply Current	No load, TA = +25°C	MAX223/230/234-238/240/241		7	15	mA
	1A = 120 0	MAX231 /239		.4	1	1
V+ Power-Supply Current		MAX231		1.8	5	- m A
	MAX239		5	15	mA	
Shutdown Supply Current	T 0500	MAX223		15	50	μА
	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	MAX230/235/236/240/241		1	10	
Input Logic Threshold Low	TIN; EN, SHON	T <sub>IN</sub> ; EN, SHDN (MAX223), EN, SHDN (MAX230/235-241)			0.8	V
	T <sub>IN</sub>		2.0			
Input Logic Threshold High	h EN, SHDN (MAX223), EN, SHDN (MAX230/235/236/240/241)		2.4			V
Logic Pull-Up Current	T <sub>IN</sub> = 0V	T <sub>IN</sub> = 0V			200	μA
Receiver Input Voltage Operating Range			-30		30	V

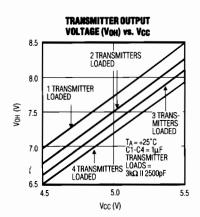
#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX223/MAX230-MAX241 (continued)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
RS-232 Input Threshold Low	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C,	Normal operation SHDN = 5V (MA SHDN = 0V (MA	0.8	1.2			
	VCC = 5V	Shutdown (MAX2) SHDN = 0V, EN = 5V (R4 <sub>IN</sub> ,	,	0.6	1.5		V
RS-232 Input Threshold High	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C,	Normal operation SHDN = 5V (MA SHDN = 0V (MA	X223) X235/236/240/241)		1.7	2.4	
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	Shutdown (MAX2) SHDN = 0V, EN = 5V (R4 <sub>IN</sub> ,	,		1.5	2.4	- v
RS-232 Input Hysteresis	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V; no hys	steresis in shutdow	٦	- 0.2	0.5	1.0	V
RS-232 Input Resistance	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V			3	5	7	kΩ
TTL/CMOS Output Voltage Low	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1.6mA (MAX231-233 I <sub>OUT</sub> = 3.2mA)					0.4	V
TTL/CMOS Output Voltage High	Iout = -1mA			3.5	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.4		V
TTL/CMOS Output Leakage Current	0V ≤ R <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ; EN = 0V (MAX223); EN = V <sub>CC</sub> (MAX235-241)				0.05	±10	μA
Receiver Output Enable Time	Normal	MAX223			600	**	ns
Receiver Output Enable Time	operation	MAX235/236/239/240/241			400		113
Receiver Output Disable Time	Normal	MAX223			900		ns
Theceiver Output Disable Time	operation	MAX235/236/239/	240/241		250		113
	RS-232 IN to	Normal operation			0.5	10	
Propagation Delay	TTL/CMOS OUT,	SHDN = 0V	tphls		4	40	μs
	C <sub>L</sub> = 150pF	(MAX223)	tplhs		6	40	
MAX223/MAX230/MAX234-241 $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , $V_{CC} = 5V$ , $R_L = 3k\Omega$ to $7k\Omega$ , $C_L = 50pF$ to 2500pF, measured from +3V to -3V or -3V to +3V			3	5.1	30		
Transition Region Slew Rate	MAX231/MAX232/MAX233 $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , $V_{CC} = 5V$ , $R_L = 3k\Omega$ to $7k\Omega$ , $C_L = 50pF$ to 2500pF,  measured from +3V to -3V or -3V to +3V			4	30	- V/μs	
Transmitter Output Resistance	V <sub>CC</sub> = V+ = V- = 0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = ±2V						Ω
Transmitter Out Short-Circuit Current					±10		mA

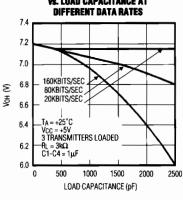
MIXNM \_\_\_

#### **Typical Operating Characteristics**

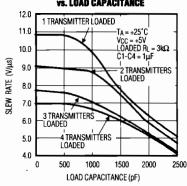
#### MAX223/MAX230-MAX241



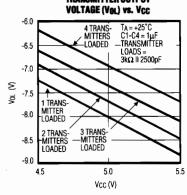




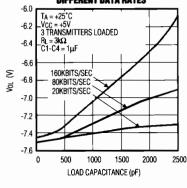
TRANSMITTER SLEW RATE **VS. LOAD CAPACITANCE** 



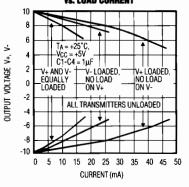
TRANSMITTER OUTPUT



TRANSMITTER OUTPUT VOLTAGE (Vol.) VS. LOAD CAPACITANCE AT DIFFERENT DATA RATES



TRANSMITTER OUTPUT VOLTAGE V+, Vvs. LOAD CURRENT



V+, V- WHEN EXITING SHUTDOWN (1µF CAPACITORS)



\*SHUTDOWN POLARITY IS REVERSED FOR THE MAX241

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS—MAX225/MAX244-MAX249

Supply Voltage (VCC)	
Input Voltages	28-Pin Wide SO (derate 12.50mW/°C above +70°C)1W
T <sub>IN</sub> , ENA, ENB, ENR, ENT, ENRA,	40-Pin Plastic DIP (derate 11.11mW/°C above +70°C)611mW
ENRB, ENTA, ENTB0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V	) 44-Pin PLCC (derate 13.33mW/°C above +70°C)1.07W
R <sub>IN</sub> ±25	Operating Temperature Ranges
T <sub>OUT</sub> (Note 3)±15	/ MAX225C, MAX24 C0°C to +70°C
ROUT0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V	
Short Circuit (one output at a time)	Storage Temperature Range65°C to +160°C
Tout to GNDContinuou	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)+300°C
Pour to CND	

Note 3: Input voltage measured with transmitter output in a high-impedance state, shutdown, or VCC = 0V.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX225/MAX244-MAX249

(MAX225 V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V  $\pm$ 5%; MAX244-MAX249 V<sub>CC</sub> = +5.0V  $\pm$ 10%, external capacitors CI-C4 = 1 $\mu$ F, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS			TYP	MAX	UNITS
RS-232 TRANSMITTER	<del>/</del>					
Input Logic Threshold Low				1.4	0.8	V
Input Logic Threshold High			2	1.4		٧
Logic Pull-Up/Input Current	Tables 1a-1d	Normal operation		10	50	
Logic Full-Op/input Current	Tables la-lu	Shutdown		±0.01	±1	μΑ
Data Rate	Tables 1a-1d, n	ormal operation		120	64	kbits/sec
Output Voltage Swing	All transmitter o	utputs loaded with 3Ωk to GND	±5	±7.5		٧
Output Leakage Current (shutdown)	Tables 1s 1d	ENA, ENB, ENT, ENTA, ENTB = VCC, VOUT = ±15V		±0.01	±25	
	Tables 1a-1d	Vcc = 0V, Vout = ±15V		±0.01	±25	μA
Transmitter Output Resistance	VCC = V+ = V-	= 0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = ±2V (Note 4)	300	10M		Ω
Output Short-Circuit Current	Vout = 0V		±7	±30		mA
RS-232 RECEIVERS						
RS-232 Input Voltage Operating Range					±25	V
RS-232 Input Threshold Low	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V		0.8	1.3		V
RS-232 Input Threshold High	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V			1.8	2.4	V
RS-232 Input Hysteresis	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V		0.2	0.5	1.0	٧
RS-232 Input Resistance			3	5	7	kΩ
TTL/CMOS Output Voltage Low	$I_{OUT} = 3.2mA$			0.2	0.4	V
TTL/CMOS Output Voltage High	I <sub>OUT</sub> = -1.0mA			Vcc - 0.2		٧
TTU/CMOS Quitaut Short Circuit Current Sourcing Vout = GND		= GND	-2	-10		m 1
TTL/CMOS Output Short-Circuit Current	Shrinking Vout = Vcc			30		mA
TTL/CMOS Output Leakage Current		Normal operation, outputs disabled, Tables 1A-1D, 0V ≤ V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> , ENR_ = V <sub>CC</sub>			±0.10	μА

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX225/MAX244-MAX249 (continued)

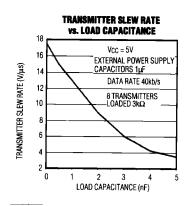
(MAX225 V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.0V  $\pm$ 5%; MAX244-MAX249 V<sub>CC</sub> = +5.0V  $\pm$ 10%, external capacitors Cl-C4 = 1 $\mu$ F, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted.)

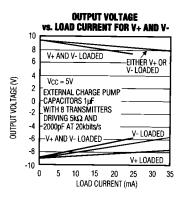
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS			TYP	MAX	UNITS
POWER SUPPLY AND CONTROL LO	GIC					
On and the Country Value		MAX225	4.75		5.25	V
Operating Supply Voltage		MAX244-MAX249	4.5		5.5	1 °
	No load	MAX225		10	20	
Vcc Supply Current	No load	MAX244-MAX249		11	30	mA
(normal operation)	3kΩ loads on	MAX225		40		1 mA
	all outputs	MAX244-MAX249		57		
Shutdown Supply Current	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C			8	25	μА
Shataowii Supply Current	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{N}$	MAX			50	μA
	Leakage currer	nt			±1	μA
Control Input	Threshold low			1.4	0.8	V
	Threshold high		2.4	1.4		
AC CHARACTERISTICS						
Transition Slew Rate		$C_L$ = 50pF to 2500pF, $R_L$ = 3k $\Omega$ to 7k $\Omega$ , $V_{CC}$ = 5V, $T_A$ = +25°C, measured from +3V to -3V or -3V to +3V			30	V/µs
Transmitter Propagation Delay TLL to RS-232 (normal operation),	tphlt		1.3	3.5	μs	
Figure 1	tplht		1.5	3.5	μѕ	
Receiver Propagation Delay TLL to RS-232 (normal operation),	t <sub>PHLR</sub>		0.6	1.5	us	
Figure 2	tplhr		0.6	1.5	μ5	
Receiver Propagation Delay TLL to RS-232 (low-power mode),	tphls		0.6	10	μs	
Figure 2	tplhs .			3.0	10	l hs
Transmitter + to - Propagation Delay Difference (normal operation)	tphlt - tplht			350		ns
Receiver + to - Propagation Delay Difference (normal operation)	tPHLR - tPLHR		350		ns	
Receiver-Output Enable Time, Figure 3	tER		100	500	ns	
Receiver-Output Disable Time, Figure 3	tor			100	500	ns
Transmitter Enable Time		MAX246-MAX249 (excludes charge-pump start-up)		5		μs
	tet .	MAX225/MAX245-MAX249 (includes charge-pump start-up)		10		ms
Transmitter Disable Time, Figure 4	tor			100		ns

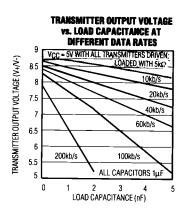
Note 4: The  $300\Omega$  minimum specification complies with EIA/TIA-232E, but the actual resistance when in shutdown mode or  $V_{CC} = 0$  is  $10M\Omega$  as is implied by the leakage specification.

#### **Typical Operating Characteristics**

#### MAX225/MAX244-MAX249







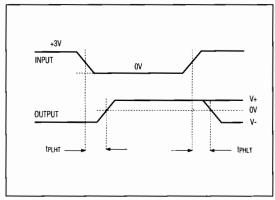


Figure 1. Transmitter Propagation Delay Timing

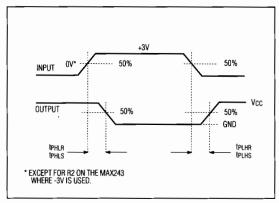


Figure 2. Receiver Propagation Delay Timing

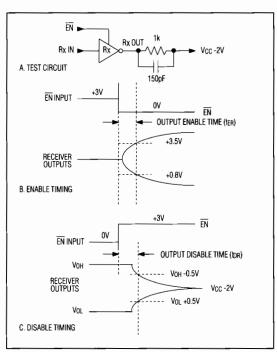


Figure 3. Receiver-Output Enable and Disable Timing

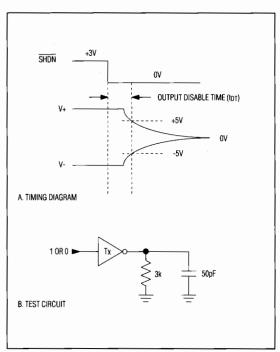


Figure 4. Transmitter-Output Disable Timing

### Table 1a. MAX225 Control Pin Configurations

ENT	ENR	OPERATION STATUS	TRANSMITTERS	RECEIVERS
0	0	Normal Operation	All Active	All Active
0	1	Normal Operation	All Active	All 3-State
1	0	Shutdown	All 3-State	All Low-Power Receive Mode
1	1	Shutdown	All 3-State	All 3-State

#### Table 1b. MAX245 Control Pin Configurations

ENT E	ENR	OPERATION	TRAN	SMITTERS	REC	RECEIVERS	
	ENR	STATUS	TA1-TA4	TB1-TB4	RA1-RA5	RB1-RB5	
0	0	Normal Operation	All Active	All Active	All Active	All Active	
0	1	Normal Operation	All Active	All Active	RA1-RA4 3-State RA5 Active	RB1-RB4 3-State RB5 Active	
1	0	Shutdown	All 3-State	All 3-State	All Low Power Receiver Mode	All Low Power Receiver Mode	
1	1	Shutdown	All 3-State	All 3-State	RA1-RA4 3-State RA5 Low-Power Receiver Mode	RB1-RB4 3-State RA5 Low-Power Receiver Mode	

#### Table 1c. MAX246 Control Pin Configurations

ENA	ENB	OPERATION	TRAN	SMITTERS	REC	RECEIVERS	
ENA		STATUS	TA1-TA4	TB1-TB4	RA1-RA5	RB1-RB5	
0	0	Normal Operation	All Active	All Active	All Active	All Active	
0	1	Normal Operation	All Active	All 3-State	All Active	RB1-RB4 3-State RB5 Active	
1	0	Shutdown	All 3-State	All Active	RA1-RA4 3-State RA5 Active	All Active	
1	1	Shutdown	All 3-State	All 3-State	RA1-RA4 3-State RA5 Low-Power Receiver Mode	RB1-RB4 3-State RA5 Low-Power Receiver Mode	

Table 1d. MAX247/248/249 Control Pin Configurations

					-	TRANSMITTERS		RECEIVERS	
ENTA	ENTB	ENRA	ENRB	OPERATION	MAX247	TA1-TA4	TB1-TB4	RA1-RA4	RB1-RB5
ENIA	ENIA ENIB	ENHA	ENND	STATUS	MAX248	TA1-TA4	TB1~TB4	RA1-RA4	RB1-RB4
	ļ				MAX249	TA1-TA3	TB1-TB3	RA1-RA5	RB1-RB5
0	0	0	0	Normal Operation		All Active	All Active	All Active	All Active
0	0	0	1	Normal Operation		All Active	All Active	All Active	All 3-State, except RB5 stays active on MAX247
0	0	1	0	Normal Operation		All Active	All Active	All 3-State	All Active
0	0	1	1	Normal Operation		All Active	All Active	All 3-State	All 3-State, except RB5 stays active on MAX247
0	1	0	0	Normal Operation		All Active	All 3-State	All Active	All Active
0	1	0	1	Normal Operation		All Active	All 3-State	All Active	All 3-State, except RB5 stays active on MAX247
0	1	1	0	Normal Operation		All Active	All 3-State	All 3-State	All Active
0	1	1	1	Normal Operation		All Active	All 3-State	All 3-State	All 3-State, except RB5 stays active on MAX247
1	0	0	0	Normal Operation	-	All 3-State	All Active	All Active	All Active
1	0	0	1	Normal Operation		All 3-State	All Active	All Active	All 3-State, except RB5 stays active on MAX247
1	0	1	0	Normal Operation		All 3-State	All Active	All 3-State	All Active
1	0	1	1	Normal Operation		All 3-State	All Active	All 3-State	All 3-State, except RB5 stays active on MAX247
1	1	0	0	Shutdown		All 3-State	All 3-State	Low-Power Receive Mode	Low-Power Receive Mode
1	1	0	1	Shutdown		All 3-State	All 3-State	Low-Power Receive Mode	All 3-State, except RB5 stays active on MAX247
1	1	1	0	Shutdown	-	All 3-State	All 3-State	All 3-State	Low-Power Receive Mode
1	1	1	1	Shutdown		All 3-State	All 3-State	All 3-State	All 3-State, except RB5 stays active on MAX247

#### \_Detailed Description

The MAX220-MAX249 contain four sections: dual chargepump DC-DC voltage converters, RS-232 drivers, RS-232 receivers, and receiver and transmitter enable control inputs.

#### **Dual Charge-Pump Voltage Converter**

The MAX220-MAX249 have two internal charge-pumps that convert +5V to  $\pm 10V$  (unloaded) for RS-232 driver operation. The first converter uses capacitor C1 to double the +5V input to +10V on C3 at the V+ output. The second converter uses capacitor C2 to invert +10V to -10V on C4 at the V- output.

A small amount of power may be drawn from the  $\pm 10V$  (V+) and  $\pm 10V$  (V-) outputs to power external circuitry (see Typical Operating Characteristics), except on the MAX225 and MAX245-MAX247, where these pins are not available. V+ and V- are not regulated, so the output voltage drops with increasing load current. Do not load V+ and V- to a point that violates the minimum  $\pm 5V$  EIA/TIA-232E driver output voltage when sourcing current from V+ and V- to external circuitry.

When using the shutdown feature in the MAX222, MAX225, MAX230, MAX235, MAX236, MAX240, MAX241, and MAX245-MAX249 avoid using V+ and V- to power external circuitry. When these parts are shut down, V-falls to 0V, and V+ falls to +5V. For applications where a +10V external supply is applied to the V+ pin (instead of using the internal charge pump to generate +10V), the C1 capacitor must not be installed and the \$\overline{SHDN}\$ pin must be tied to VCC. This is because V+ is internally connected to VCC in shutdown mode.

#### **RS-232 Drivers**

The typical driver output voltage swing is  $\pm 8V$  when loaded with a nominal  $5k\Omega$  RS-232 receiver and  $V_{CC}=+5V$ . Output swing is guaranteed to meet the EIA/TIA-232E and V.28 specification, which calls for  $\pm 5V$  minimum driver output levels under worst-case conditions. These include a minimum  $3k\Omega$  load,  $V_{CC}=+4.5V$ , and maximum operating temperature. Unloaded driver output voltage ranges from  $(V_{T}-1.3V)$  to  $(V_{T}-1.5V)$ .

Input thresholds are both TTL and CMOS compatible. The inputs of unused drivers can be left unconnected since  $400 k\Omega$  input pull-up resistors to VCC are built-in. The pull-up resistors force the outputs of unused drivers low because all drivers invert. The internal input pull-up resistors typically source  $12 \mu A$ , except in shutdown mode where the pull-ups are disabled. Driver outputs turn off and enter a high-impedance state—where leakage current is typically microamperes (maximum  $25 \mu A$ )—when in shutdown mode, in three-state mode, or when device power is removed. Outputs can be driven to  $\pm 15 V$ . The power-supply current typically drops to  $8 \mu A$  in shutdown mode.

The MAX239 has a receiver 3-state control line, and the MAX23, MAX245, MAX235, MAX236, MAX240, and MAX241 have both a receiver 3-state control line and a low-power shutdown control. The receiver TTL/CMOS outputs are in a high-impedance, 3-state mode whenever the 3-state ENable line is high, and are also high-impedance whenever the shutdown control line is high.

When in low-power shutdown mode, the driver outputs are turned off and their leakage current is less than  $1\mu A$  with the driver output pulled to ground. The driver output leakage remains less than  $1\mu A$ , even if the transmitter output is backdriven between 0V and (VCC + 6V). Below -0.5V, the transmitter is diode clamped to ground with  $1k\Omega$  series impedance. The transmitter is also zener clamped to approximately VCC + 6V, with a series impedance of  $1k\Omega$ .

The driver output slew rate is limited to less than 30V/ $\mu$ s as required by the EIA/TIA-232E and V.28 specifications. Typical slew rates are 24V/ $\mu$ s unloaded and 10V/ $\mu$ s loaded with 3 $\Omega$  and 2500pF.

#### **RS-232 Receivers**

EIA/TIA-232E and V.28 specifications define a voltage level greater than 3V as a logic 0, so all receivers invert. Input thresholds are set at 0.8V and 2.4V, so receivers respond to TTL level inputs as well as EIA/TIA-232E and V.28 levels.

The receiver inputs withstand an input overvoltage up to  $\pm 25V$  and provide input terminating resistors with nominal  $5k\Omega$  values. The receivers implement Type 1 interpretation of the fault conditions of V.28 and EIA/TIA-232E.

The receiver input hysteresis is typically 0.5V with a guaranteed minimum of 0.2V. This produces clear output transitions with slow-moving input signals, even with moderate amounts of noise and ringing. The receiver propagation delay is typically 600ns and is independent of input swing direction.

#### **Low-Power Receive Mode**

The low-power receive-mode feature of the MAX223, MAX242, and MAX245-MAX249 puts the IC into shutdown mode, but still allows it to receive information. This is important for applications where systems are periodically awakened to look for activity. Using low-power receive mode, the system can still receive a signal that will activate it on command and prepare it for communication at faster data rates. This operation conserves system power.

#### Negative Threshold—MAX243

The MAX243 is pin compatible with the MAX232A, differing only in that RS-232 cable fault protection is removed on one of the two receiver inputs. This means that control lines such as CTS and RTS can either be driven or left floating without interrupting communication. Different cables are not needed to interface with different pieces of equipment.

The input threshold of the receiver without cable fault protection is -0.8V rather than +1.4V. Its output goes positive only if the input is connected to a control line that is actively driven negative. If not driven, it defaults to the 0 or "OK to send" state. Normally, the MAX243's other receiver (+1.4V threshold) is used for the data line (TD or RD), while the negative threshold receiver is connected to the control line (DTR, DTS, CTS, RTS, etc.).

Other members of the RS-232 family implement the optional cable fault protection as specified by EIA/TIA-232E specifications. This means a receiver output goes high whenever its input is driven negative, left floating, or shorted to ground. The high output tells the serial communications IC to stop sending data. To avoid this, the control lines must either be driven or connected with jumpers to an appropriate positive voltage level.

#### Shutdown—MAX222-MAX242

On the MAX222, MAX235, MAX236, MAX240, and MAX241, all receivers are disabled during shutdown. On the MAX223 and MAX242, two receivers continue to operate in a reduced power mode when the chip is in shutdown. Under these conditions, the propagation delay increases to about 2.5µs for a high-to-low input transition. When in shutdown the receiver acts as a CMOS inverter with no hysteresis. The MAX223 and MAX242 also have a receiver output enable input (EN) that allows receiver output control independent of SHDN. With all other devices, SHDN also disables the receiver outputs.

The MAX225 provides five transmitters and five receivers, while the MAX245 provides ten receivers and eight transmitters. Both devices have separate receiver and transmitter-enable controls. The charge pumps turn off and the devices shut down when a logic high is applied to the ENT input. In this state, the supply current drops to less than 25µA and the receivers continue to operate in a low-power receive mode. Driver outputs enter a high-impedance state (three-state mode). On the MAX225, all five receivers are controlled by the ENR input. On the MAX245, eight of the receiver outputs are controlled by the ENR input, while the remaining two receivers (RA5 and RB5) are always active. RA1-RA4 and RB1-RB4 are put in a three-state mode when ENR is a logic high.

#### Receiver and Transmitter Enable Control Inputs

The MAX225 and MAX245-MAX249 feature transmitter and receiver enable controls.

The receivers have three modes of operation: full-speed receive (normal active), three-state (disabled), and low-power receive (enabled receivers continue to function at lower data rates). The receiver enable inputs control the

full-speed receive and three-state modes. The transmitters have two modes of operation: full-speed transmit (normal active) and three-state (disabled). The transmitter enable inputs also control the shutdown mode. The device enters shutdown mode when all transmitters are disabled. Enabled receivers function in the low-power receive mode when in shutdown

Tables 1a-1d define the control states. The MAX244 has no control pins and is not included in these tables.

The MAX246 has ten receivers and eight drivers with two control pins, each controlling one side of the device. A logic high at the A-side control input ( $\overline{\text{ENA}}$ ) causes the four A-side receivers and drivers to go into a three-state mode. Similarly, the B-side control input ( $\overline{\text{ENB}}$ ) causes the four B-side drivers and receivers to go into a three-state mode. As in the MAX245, one A-side and one B-side receiver (RA5 and RB5) remain active at all times. The entire device is put into shutdown mode when both the A and B sides are disabled ( $\overline{\text{ENA}} = \overline{\text{ENB}} = +5\text{V}$ ).

The MAX247 provides nine receivers and eight drivers with four control pins. The ENRA and ENRB receiver enable inputs each control four receiver outputs. The ENTA and ENTB transmitter enable inputs each control four drivers. The ninth receiver (RB5) is always active. The device enters shutdown mode with a logic high on both ENTA and ENTB.

The MAX248 provides eight receivers and eight drivers with four control pins. The ENRA and ENRB receiver enable inputs each control four receiver outputs. The ENTA and ENTB transmitter enable inputs control four drivers each. This part does not have an always-active receiver. The device enters shutdown mode and transmitters go into a three-state mode with a logic high on both ENTA and ENTB.

The MAX249 provides ten receivers and six drivers with four control pins. The ENRA and ENRB receiver enable inputs each control five receiver outputs. The ENTA and ENTB transmitter enable inputs control three drivers each. There is no always-active receiver. The device enters shutdown mode and transmitters go into a three-state mode with a logic high on both ENTA and ENTB. In shutdown mode, active receivers operate in a low-power receive mode at data rates up to 20kbits/s.

#### **Applications Information**

Figures 5 through 25 show pin configurations and typical operating circuits. In applications that are sensitive to power-supply noise, VCC should be decoupled to ground with a capacitor of the same value as C1 and C2 connected as close as possible to the device.

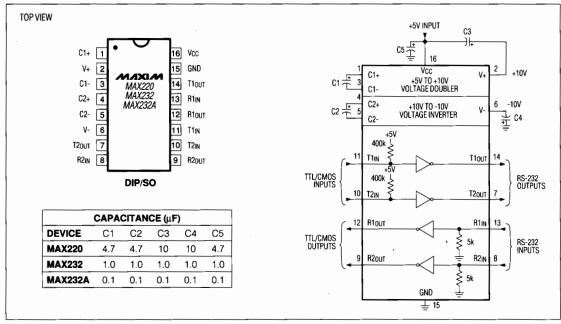


Figure 5. MAX220/232/232A Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

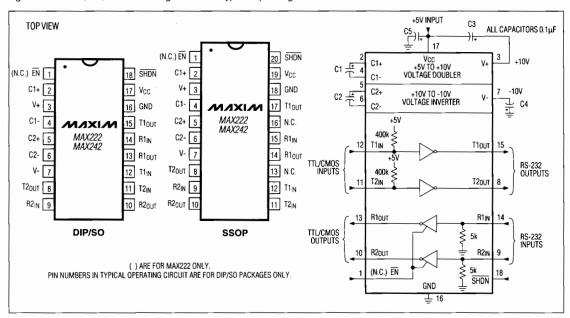


Figure 6. MAX222/MAX242 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

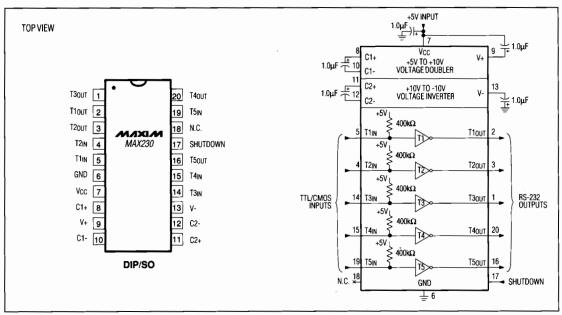


Figure 7. MAX230 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

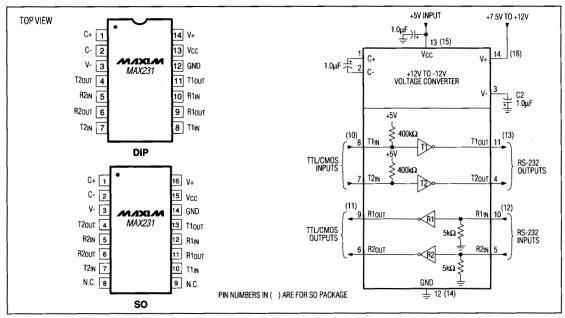


Figure 8. MAX230 Pin Configurations and Typical Operating Circuit

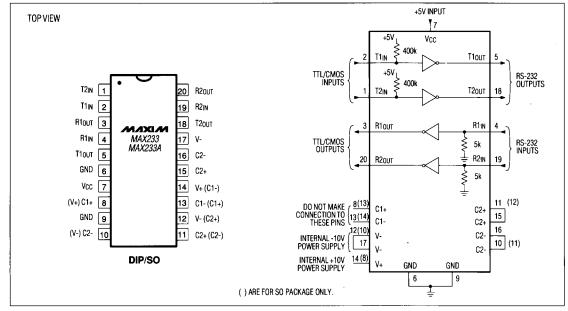


Figure 9. MAX233/MAX233A Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

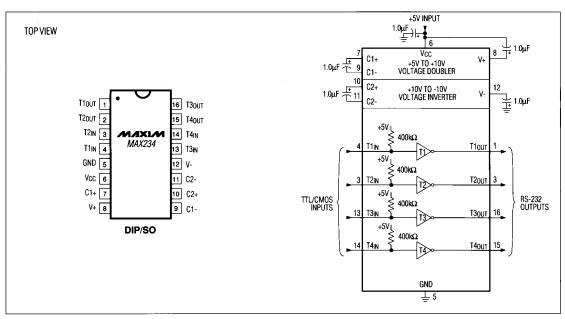


Figure 10. MAX234 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

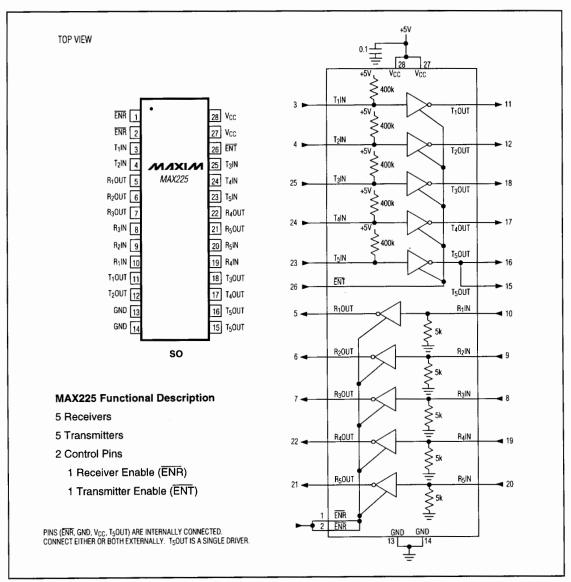


Figure 11. MAX225 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

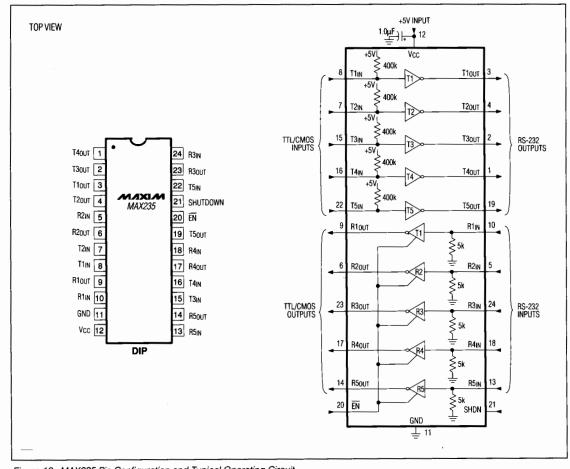


Figure 12. MAX235 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

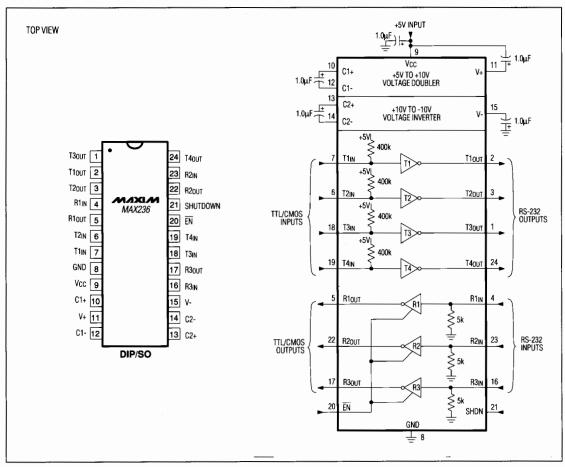


Figure 13. MAX236 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

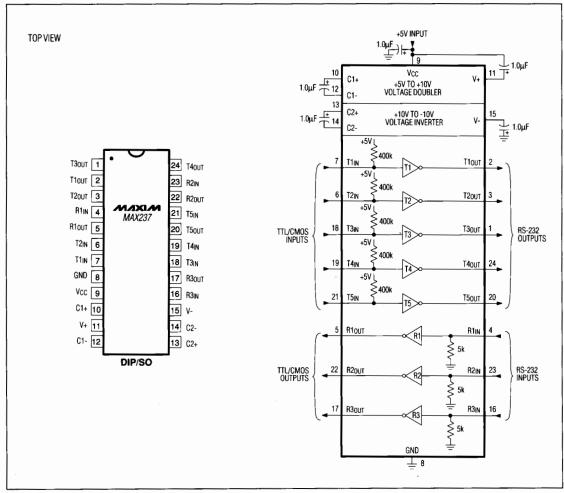


Figure 14. MAX237 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

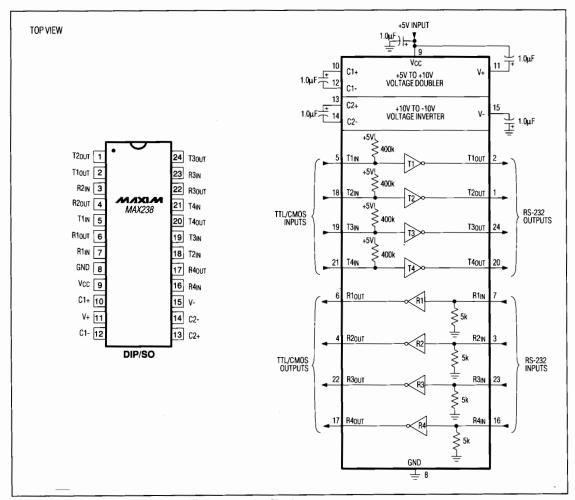


Figure 15. MAX238 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

24

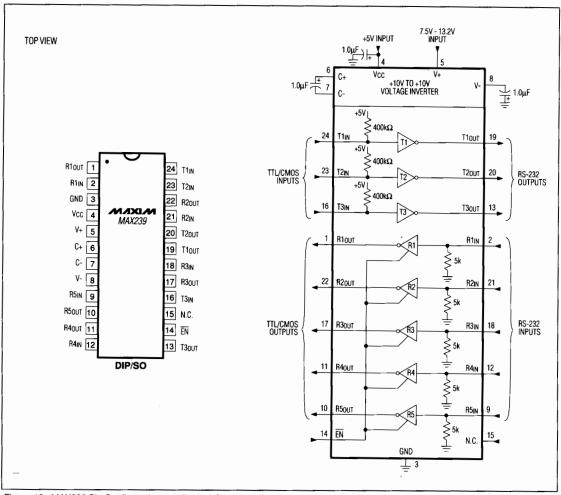


Figure 16. MAX239 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

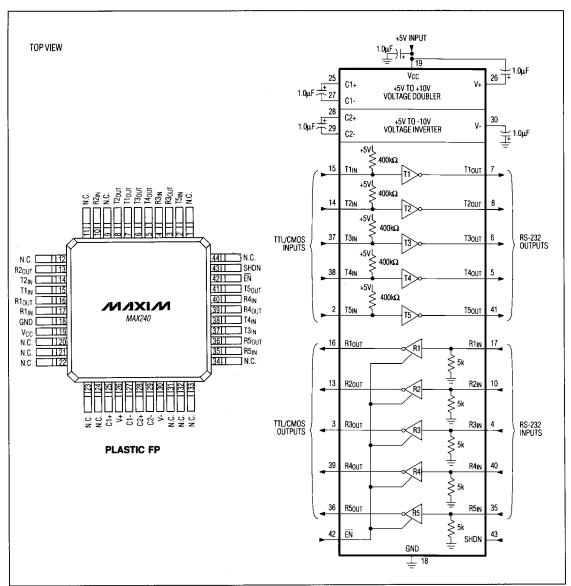


Figure 17. MAX240 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

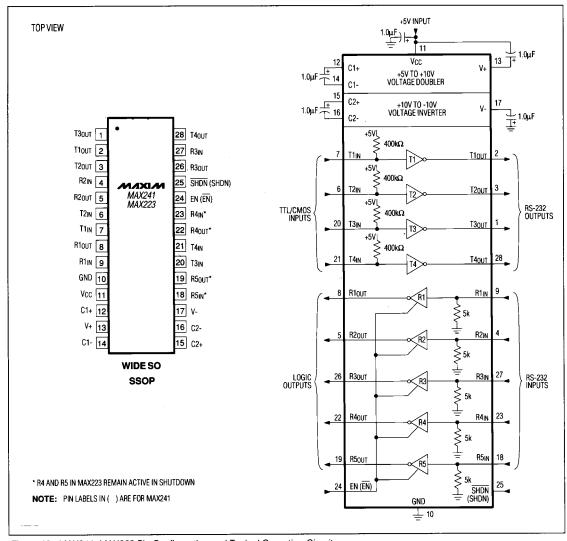


Figure 18. MAX241, MAX223 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

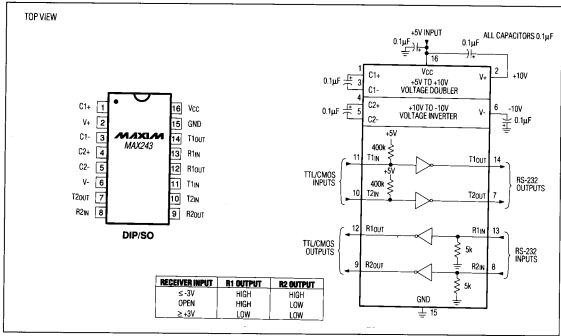


Figure 19. MAX243 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

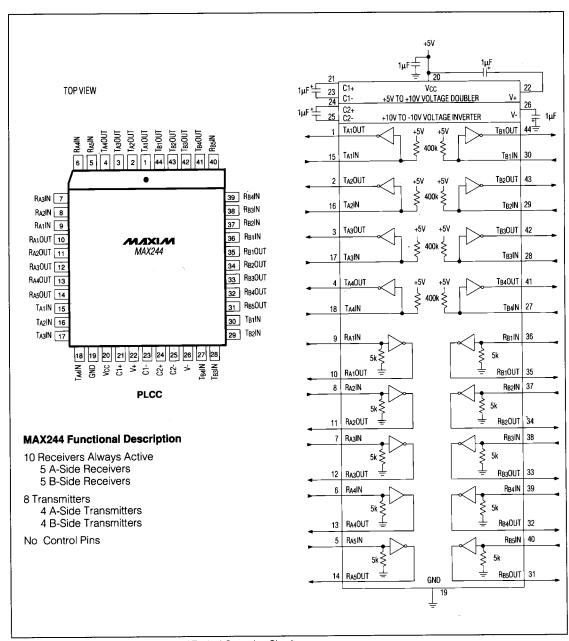


Figure 20. MAX244 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

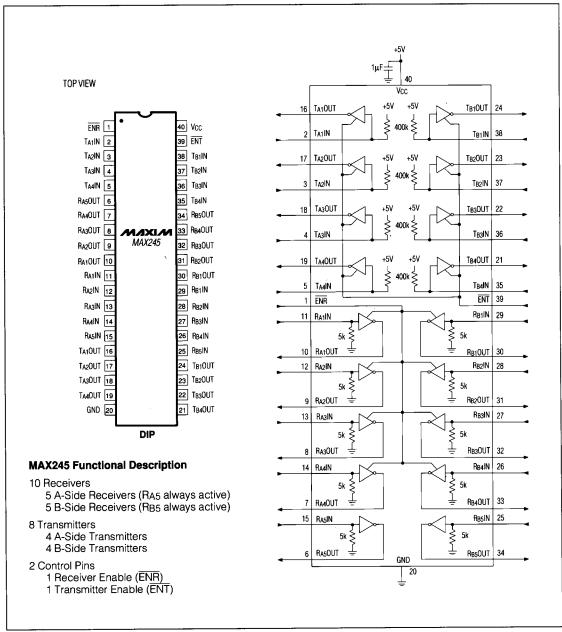


Figure 21. MAX245 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

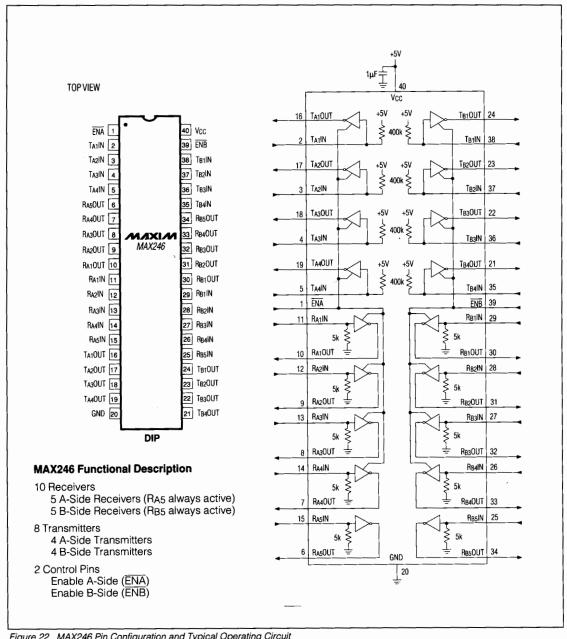


Figure 22. MAX246 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

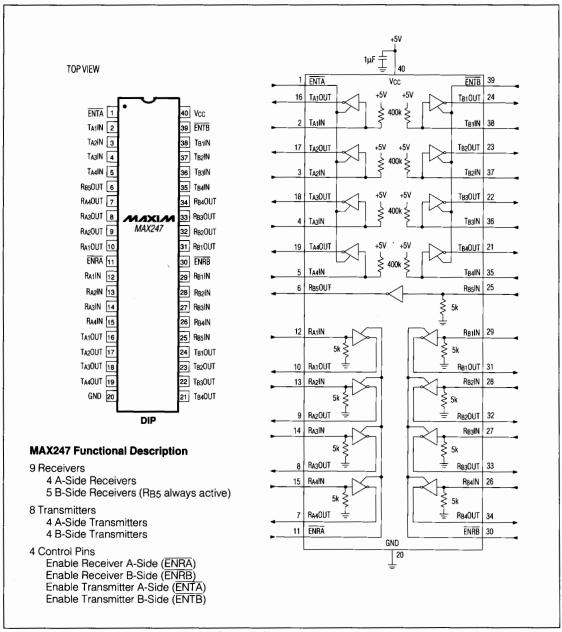


Figure 23. MAX247 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

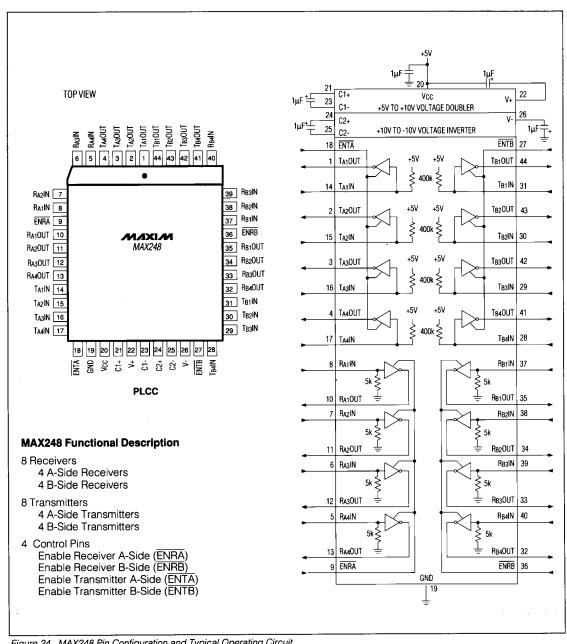


Figure 24. MAX248 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

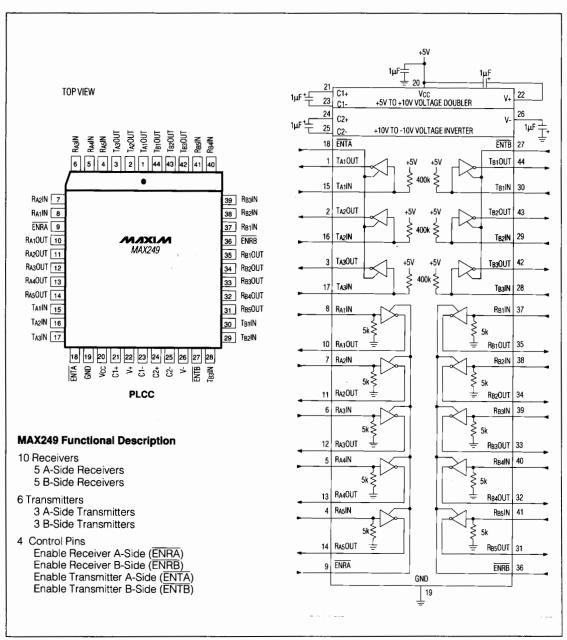


Figure 25. MAX249 Pin Configuration and Typical Operating Circuit

### Ordering Information (continued)

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX222CPN	0°C to +70°C	18 Plastic DIP
MAX222CWN	0°C to +70°C	18 Wide SO
MAX222C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX222EPN	-40°C to +85°C	18 Plastic DIP
MAX222EWN	-40°C to +85°C	18 Wide SO
MAX222EJN	-40°C to +85°C	18 CERDIP
MAX222MJN	-55°C to +125°C	18 CERDIP
MAX223CAI	0°C to +70°C	28 SSOP
MAX223CWI	0°C to +70°C	28 Wide SO
MAX223C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX223EAI	-40°C to +85°C	28 SSOP
MAX223EWI	-40°C to +85°C	28 Wide SO
MAX225CWI	0°C to +70°C	28 Wide SO
MAX225EWI	-40°C to +85°C	28 Wide SO
MAX230CPP	0°C to +70°C	20 Plastic DIP
MAX230CWP	0°C to +70°C	20 Wide SO
MAX230C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX230EPP	-40°C to +85°C	20 Plastic DIP
MAX230EWP	-40°C to +85°C	20 Wide SO
MAX230EJP	-40°C to +85°C	20 CERDIP
MAX230MJP	-55°C to +125°C	20 CERDIP
MAX231CPD	0°C to +70°C	14 Plastic DIP
MAX231CWE	0°C to +70°C	16 Wide SO
MAX231CJD	0°C to +70°C	14 CERDIP
MAX231C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX231EPD	-40°C to +85°C	14 Plastic DIP
MAX231EWE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Wide SO
MAX231EJD	-40°C to +85°C	14 CERDIP
MAX231MJD	-55°C to +125°C	14 CERDIP
MAX232CPE	0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX232CSE	0°C to +70°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX232CWE	0°C to +70°C	16 Wide SO
MAX232C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX232EPE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX232ESE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX232EWE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Wide SO
MAX232EJE	-40°C to +85°C	16 CERDIP
MAX232MJE	-55°C to +125°C	16 CERDIP
MAX232MLP	-55°C to +125°C	20 LCC
MAX232ACPE	0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX232ACSE	0°C to +70°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX232ACWE	0°C to +70°C	16 Wide SO

MAX232AC/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX232AEPE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX232AESE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX232AEWE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Wide SO
MAX232AEJE	-40°C to +85°C	16 CERDIP
MAX232AMJE	-55°C to +125°C	16 CERDIP
MAX232AMLP	-55°C to +125°C	20 LCC
MAX233CPP	0°C to +70°C	20 Plastic DIP
MAX233EPP	-40°C to +85°C	20 Plastic DIP
MAX233ACPP	0°C to +70°C	20 Plastic DIP
MAX233ACWP	0°C to +70°C	20 Wide SO
MAX233AEPP	-40°C to +85°C	20 Plastic DIP
MAX233AEWP	-40°C to +85°C	20 Wide SO
MAX234CPE	0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX234CWE	0°C to +70°C	16 Wide SO
MAX234C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX234EPE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX234EWE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Wide SO
MAX234EJE	-40°C to +85°C	16 CERDIP
MAX234MJE	-55°C to +125°C	16 CERDIP
MAX235CPG	0°C to +70°C	24 Wide Plastic DIP
MAX235EPG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Wide Plastic DIP
MAX235EDG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Ceramic SB
MAX235MDG	-55°C to +125°C	24 Ceramic SB
MAX236CNG	0°C to +70°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP
MAX236CWG	0°C to +70°C	24 Wide SO
MAX236C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX236ENG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP
MAX236EWG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Wide SO
MAX236ERG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Narrow CERDIP
MAX236MRG	-55°C to +125°C	24 Narrow CERDIP
MAX237CNG	0°C to +70°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP
MAX237CWG	0°C to +70°C	24 Wide SO
MAX237C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX237ENG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP
MAX237EWG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Wide SO
MAX237ERG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Narrow CERDIP
MAX237MRG	EE00	24 Narrow CERDIP
WW WEET WITH	-55°C to +125°C	
MAX238CNG	0°C to +70°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP
MAX238CNG MAX238CWG	0°C to +70°C 0°C to +70°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP 24 Wide SO
MAX238CNG	0°C to +70°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP

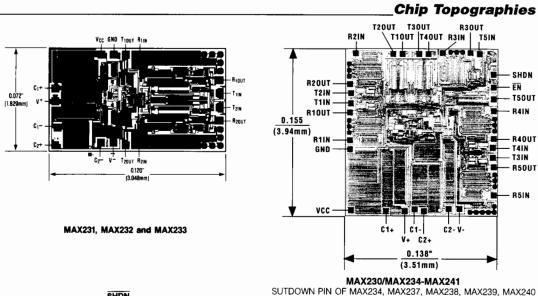
<sup>\*</sup> Contact factory for dice specifications.

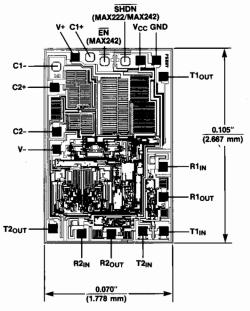
### Ordering Information (continued)

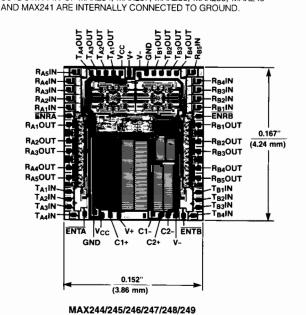
PART	TEMP DANCE	DIN DAOKAGE
	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX238EWG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Wide SO
MAX238ERG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Narrow CERDIP
MAX238MRG	-55°C to +125°C	24 Narrow CERDIP
MAX239CNG	0°C to +70°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP
MAX239CWG	0°C to +70°C	24 Wide SO
MAX239C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX239ENG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Narrow Plastic DIP
MAX239EWG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Wide SO
MAX239ERG	-40°C to +85°C	24 Narrow CERDIP
MAX239MRG	-55°C to +125°C	24 Narrow CERDIP
MAX240CMH	0°C to +70°C	44 Plastic FP
MAX240C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX241CAI	0°C to +70°C	28 SSOP
MAX241CWI	0°C to +70°C	28 Wide SO
MAX241C/D	0°C to +70°C	, Dice*
MAX241EAI	-40°C to +85°C	28 SSOP
MAX241EWI	-40°C to +85°C	28 Wide SO
MAX242CAP	0°C to +70°C	20 SSOP
MAX242CPN	0°C to +70°C	18 Plastic DIP
MAX242CWN	0°C to +70°C	18 Wide SO
MAX242C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX242EPN	-40°C to +85°C	18 Plastic DIP
MAX242EWN	-40°C to +85°C	18 Wide SO
MAX242EJN	-40°C to +85°C	18 CERDIP
MAX242MJN	-55°C to +125°C	18 CERDIP

		•
MAX243CPE	0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX243CSE	0°C to +70°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX243CWE	0°C to +70°C	16 Wide SO
MAX243C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX243EPE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX243ESE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Narrow SO
MAX243EWE	-40°C to +85°C	16 Wide SO
MAX243EJE	-40°C to +85°C	16 CERDIP
MAX243MJE	-55°C to +125°C	16 CERDIP
MAX244CQH	0°C to +70°C	44 PLCC
MAX244C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX244EQH	-40°C to +85°C	44 PLCC
MAX245CPL	0°C to +70°C	40 Plastic DIP
MAX245C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX245EPL	-40°C to +85°C	40 Plastic DIP
MAX246CPL	0°C to +70°C	40 Plastic DIP
MAX246C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX246EPL	-40°C to +85°C	40 Plastic DIP
MAX247CPL	0°C to +70°C	40 Plastic DIP
MAX247C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX247EPL	-40°C to +85°C	40 Plastic DIP
MAX248CQH	0°C to +70°C	44 PLCC
MAX248C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX248EQH	-40°C to +85°C	44 PLCC
MAX249CQH	0°C to +70°C	44 PLCC
MAX249EQH	-40°C to +85°C	44 PLCC

<sup>\*</sup> Contact factory for dice specifications.







MAX220/222/223A/233A/242/243

CONNECT SUBSTRATE TO V+

Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

36 \_\_\_\_\_\_Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 (408) 737-7600