DTGen Tiers Demonstration

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Table of Contents

ntroduction:	1
Exercise #1: Simple Mid-Tier	
Exercise #2: Materialized Views.	
Exercise #3: User Security	
Exercise #4: Global Locks	
Exercise #5: DB Tier Streamlining.	

Introduction:

The exercises in this demonstration are focused on DTGen functionality that enables and enhances tiered deployment. All functionality in these exercises is available through both command line and graphical user interface (GUI) mode. For simplicity in understanding the under-lying workings of DTGen, these exercises are conducted entirely in command-line mode.

Tiered deployment as described here includes 2 forms of deployment:

- database/mid-tier server tiers
- database user/schema tiers

Multi-tiered hardware deployment is a common aspect of many systems. The database and mid-tier servers use a software deployment stragey that increases capacity and improves security. Capacity can be increased by adding servers to existing systems instead of replacing centralized servers with larger servers. Common deployment architectures used by Oracle for the Transaction Performance Processing Council's TCP-C Benchmark (http://www.tpc.org/tpcc/default.asp) were used as a model for DTGen's multi-tiered deployment in that all possible functionality is moved from the database tier to the mid-tier

Security can be improved through the user of layered access to applications and data. Layered security can also be found in many systems. Oracle e-Business Suite layers application schema behind a common database application login. The layered security generated by DTGen was created to assist in compliance with "The Defense Information Services (DISA) Oracle Database Security Readiness Review (SRS)"

("http://iase.disa.mil/stigs/downloads/zip/unclassified_oracle10_v8r1.8_checklist_20100827.zip") Specific references in the "U_DB_oracle10_v8r1.8_Checklist_20100827.pdf" file include:

- V0005683 Application object owner accounts should be disabled when not performing installation or maintenance actions.
- V0015613 Each database user, application or process should have an individually assigned account.
- V0015629 Application users privileges should be restricted to assignment using application user roles.
- V0003847 Database application user accounts should be denied storage usage for object creation within the database.

The exercises in this demonstration do not entirely conform to the DISA Oracle Database SRS because they use only 1 database and there is only 1 configuration for the application. Full compliance is obtained with multiple databases in that the same shema name is be duplicated between database and mid-tier servers.

The "basic" and "asof" demonstrations should be reviwed before running these exercises. Serveral concepts introduced in those exercises are not explained here. Exercise #1 in this demonstration is similar to Exercise #1 in the asof demonstration. Additionally, the "DML & API Calls" and "Other Object Location" diagrams in the "DTGen_Notes.pdf" document in the "docs" directory provide a graphical layout of the multi-tier deployments created by DTGen.

This demonstration requires the creation of a database link, which uses Oracle's loopback to the same database. Configuration of this loopback is a normal part of the installation of an Oracle database. If this loopback is not working or has been disabled, these exercises will return errors.

The exercises in this directory are numbered and must be executed in sequential order. The demonstration users must be created with the "create_demo_users.sql" script in the parent directory before the first exercise is run. The demonstration users must be dropped with the "drop_demo_users.sql" script before the "create_demo_users.sql" script can be re-run. These exercises also assume that the default username/password (dtgen/dtgen) is still in use for the generator. Names and passwords are set in the "vars.sql" script and can be modified, if necessary. Also, the DTGen database objects must be installed in the database and the DTGen must be ready to generate code.

Exercise #1: Simple Mid-Tier

Command Line:

sqlplus /nolog @e1

Exercise #1 modifies the database. The "drop_demo_users.sql" and "create_demo_users.sql" scripts must be used to reset the database before re-running this exercise.

Based on the demobld.sql script, this exercise implements the EMP and DEPT tables using DTGen. The script for this exercise performs the following functions:

- 1. Removes any old DEMO1 Items from DTGEN
- 2. Creates new DEMO1 Items in DTGEN
- 3. Generates the DEMO1 Application in DTGEN
- 4. Creates the "install db.sql" and "install mt.sql" scripts

- 5. Runs the "install_db.sql" script
- 6. Loads Data
- 7. Runs the "install mt.sql" script
- 8. Reports Data

Steps 1-3 are captured in the "e1.LST" file. Following is a example of e1.LST.

```
Login to dtgen
Connected.
Remove old DEMO3 Schema from DTGEN
create a DEMO3 Schema in DTGEN
Generate Demo3 Application
Capture install_db.sql and install_mt.sql Scripts
```

Step 4 is captured in the "install_db.sql" and "install_mt.sql" files. These files have a combined size of about 216 kbytes and over 8,000 lines. Due to their size, they are not listed here. They contain all the code generated by DTGen for this exercise.

Steps 5 through 8 are captured in the "install.LST" file. Step 5 is the execution of the install_db.sql script.

```
Login to dtgen db demo
Connected.
FILE_NAME
-) create_glob
FILE NAME
-) create_ods
TABLE NAME
*** dept ***
TABLE_NAME
*** emp ***
FILE NAME
____
-) create_integ
TABLE NAME
*** dept ***
TABLE NAME
*** emp ***
FILE NAME
-) create_oltp
TABLE NAME
*** dept ***
TABLE NAME
*** emp ***
FILE NAME
-) create_aa
TABLE NAME
```

```
*** dept ***

TABLE_NAME

*** emp ***

FILE_NAME

-) create mods
```

The above listing represents a successful installation of the simulated database tier in the "dtgen_db_demo" schema. The application is small in that it only has 2 tables. The data is loaded silently (Step 6). An explain plan for a simple query is run to demonstrate the query runs locally.

The above explain plan shows that the query of EMP has no REMOTE operations. This query was run locally. The output for Step 7 is below.

```
Login to dtgen_mt_demo
Connected.
FILE NAME
-) create_gdst
FILE NAME
-) create dist
TABLE_NAME
*** dept ***
TABLE NAME
*** emp ***
FILE NAME
_____
-) create oltp
TABLE NAME
*** dept ***
TABLE NAME
_____
*** emp ***
```

The above listing represents a successful installation of the simulated mid-tier in the "dtgen_mt_demo". A database link is used to access the data in the tables at the simulated database tier ("dtgen_db_demo" schema). An explain plan for the same simple query is run to demonstrate the query runs remotely.

The explain plan above is identical to the previous explain plan, except for the note showing that it is a "fully remote statement". This confirms that the simulated tiers are working. The queries below also confirm that the data is accessible from the simulated mid-tier.

```
SQL>
SQL> select deptno, id, dname, loc, aud beg usr, aud beg dtm
     from dept act order by deptno, id;
         ID DNAME LOC AUD_BEG_
DEPTNO ID DNAME
                                AUD_BEG_ AUD_BEG_D
    10 1 ACCOUNTING NEW YORK Dataload 01-NOV-80
20 2 RESEARCH DALLAS Dataload 01-NOV-80
30 3 SALES CHICAGO THOMPSON 17-AUG-82
40 4 OPERATIONS BOSTON JAMES 12-FEB-82
SOT<sub>2</sub>>
SQL> select deptno, dept id, dname, loc, aud beg usr,
          aud beg dtm, aud end usr, aud end dtm
       from dept aud
  4 order by deptno, dept_id, aud_beg_dtm;
DEPTNO DEPT ID DNAME LOC AUD_BEG_ AUD_BEG_D AUD_END_ AUD_END_D
_____
        3 SALES ST LOUIS Dataload 01-NOV-80 THOMPSON 17-AUG-82
    2.0
             4 OPERATIONS BUFFALO Dataload 01-NOV-80 JAMES 12-FEB-82
    40
SQL> select empno, id, ename, job, mgr emp nk1, hiredate,
  2 sal, dept_nkl, aud_beg_usr, aud_beg_dtm
3 from emp_act
  4 order by empno, id;
                               MGR HIREDATE SAL DEPT_ AUD_BEG_ AUD_BEG_D
EMPNO ID ENAME JOB
_____ _____
7369 3 SMITH CLERK 7902 17-DEC-80 800 20 SMITH 26-FEB-83 7499 4 ALLEN SALESMAN 7698 20-FEB-81 1600 30 THOMPSON 12-MAY-81 7521 5 WARD SALESMAN 7698 22-FEB-81 1250 30 THOMPSON 14-MAY-81
```

```
7566 6 JONES MANAGER 7839 02-APR-81 2975 20 SMITH 29-NOV-81 7654 14 MARTIN SALESMAN 7698 28-SEP-81 1250 30 SMITH 26-SEP-81 7698 8 BLAKE MANAGER 7839 01-MAY-81 2850 30 SMITH 30-NOV-81 7782 9 CLARK MANAGER 7839 09-JUN-81 2450 10 SMITH 26-NOV-81
   7698 8 BLAKE MANAGER 7839 01-MAY-81 2850
7782 9 CLARK MANAGER 7839 09-JUN-81 2450
7788 20 SCOTT ANALYST 7566 09-DEC-82 3000
7839 15 KING PRESIDENT 17-NOV-81 5000
   7788 20 SCOTT ANALYST 7566 09-DEC-82 3000 20 JAMES 11-DEC-82 7839 15 KING PRESIDENT 17-NOV-81 5000 10 SMITH 18-NOV-81 7844 13 TURNER SALESMAN 7698 08-SEP-81 1500 30 SMITH 06-SEP-81 7876 21 ADAMS CLERK 7788 12-JAN-83 1100 20 SMITH 12-JAN-83 7900 17 JAMES CLERK 7698 03-DEC-81 950 30 SMITH 05-DEC-81
  7876 21 ADAMS CLERK 7788 12-JAN-83 1100 20 SMITH 12-JAN-83 7900 17 JAMES CLERK 7698 03-DEC-81 950 30 SMITH 05-DEC-81 7902 18 FORD ANALYST 7566 03-DEC-81 3000 20 SMITH 01-DEC-81 7934 19 MILLER CLERK 7782 23-JAN-82 1300 10 JAMES 21-JAN-82
SOT<sub>2</sub>>
SQL> select empno, emp_id, ename, job, mgr_emp_id,
                         aud_beg_usr, aud_beg_dtm, aud_end_usr, aud_end_dtm
                  from emp hist
               order by empno, emp_id, aud_beg_dtm;
EMPNO EMP ID ENAME
                                                                      JOB
                                                                                                           MGR_ AUD_BEG_ AUD_BEG_D AUD_END_ AUD_END_D
   ______
                                  1 ELLISON PRESIDENT DAVIS 04-NOV-80 THOMPSON 28-JUN-81 2 DAVIS CLERK 1 DAVIS 14-NOV-80 THOMPSON 25-JUN-81
   7301

        1 ELLISON
        PRESIDENT
        DAVIS
        04-NOV-80
        THOMPSON
        28-JUN-81

        2 DAVIS
        CLERK
        1 DAVIS
        14-NOV-80
        THOMPSON
        25-JUN-81

        2 DAVIS
        CLERK
        11 THOMPSON
        25-JUN-81
        THOMPSON
        20-AUG-81

        2 DAVIS
        CLERK
        12 THOMPSON
        20-AUG-81
        SMITH
        29-NOV-81

        2 DAVIS
        CLERK
        15 SMITH
        29-NOV-81
        SMITH
        06-DEC-81

        3 THOMPSON
        CLERK
        1 DAVIS
        15-DEC-80
        THOMPSON
        25-JUN-81

        3 THOMPSON
        CLERK
        1 DAVIS
        15-DEC-80
        THOMPSON
        25-JUN-81

        3 SMITH
        CLERK
        1 THOMPSON
        25-JUN-81
        SMITH
        21-AUG-81

        3 SMITH
        CLERK
        12 SMITH
        21-AUG-81
        SMITH
        01-DEC-81

        3 SMITH
        CLERK
        15 SMITH
        21-AUG-81
        SMITH
        26-FEB-83

        4 ALLEN
        SALESMAN
        1 THOMPSON
        17-FEB-81
        THOMPSON
        12-MAY-81

        5 WARD
        SALESMAN
        1 THOMPSON
        24-JUN-81
        SMITH

   7344
   7344
   7344
   7344
   7369
   7369
   7369
    7369
    7499
   7521
    7566
    7566
                            6 JONES MANAGER 11 THOMPSON 24-JUN-81 SMITH 22-AUG-81 6 JONES MANAGER 12 SMITH 22-AUG-81 SMITH 29-NOV-81 7 MARTIN SALESMAN 1 THOMPSON 16-APR-81 THOMPSON 13-MAY-81 8 BLAKE MANAGER 1 THOMPSON 02-MAY-81 THOMPSON 24-JUN-81 8 BLAKE MANAGER 11 THOMPSON 24-JUN-81 THOMPSON 19-AUG-81 8 BLAKE MANAGER 12 THOMPSON 19-AUG-81 SMITH 30-NOV-81 9 CLARK MANAGER 1 THOMPSON 07-JUN-81 THOMPSON 23-JUN-81 9 CLARK MANAGER 11 THOMPSON 23-JUN-81 SMITH 23-AUG-81
    7566
   7654
   7698
   7698
    7698
    7782
   7782
                            9 CLARK MANAGER 12 SMITH 23-AUG-81 SMITH 26-NOV-81
10 SCOTT ANALYST 6 THOMPSON 10-JUN-81 JAMES 09-MAR-82
11 KING PRESIDENT THOMPSON 18-JUN-81 SMITH 30-AUG-81
12 LANE PRESIDENT THOMPSON 12-AUG-81 SMITH 29-NOV-81
   7782
    7788
    7839
                                                                      PRESIDENT THOMAS 6 SMITH
                                                                                                                           THOMPSON 12-AUG-81 SMITH 29-NOV-81 SMITH 20-NOV-81 JAMES 13-JUN-82
                                12 LANE
    7840
                               16 ADAMS CLERK
    7876
```

With the completion of exercise 1, a new application was defined in DTGen, generated, and loaded into a single database using 2 different schema names, which correctly simulates a simple mid-tier.

Exercise #2: Materialized Views

Command Line:

sqlplus /nolog @e2

Exercise #2 does not modify the database. This exercise can be repeated without problem.

In the exercise #1, a basic generation and installation of a simple mid-tire was completed. 2 explain plans were completed, showing how the same query running on the simulated mid-tier performed remote operations to retrieve data from the database tier.

Exercise #3: User Security

Command Line:

sqlplus /nolog @e3

Exercise #3 does not modify the database. This exercise can be repeated without problem.

In this exercise, indexes on foreign keys and natural keys are explored. Following is a query of the DTGen setup used to generate this application

Exercise #4: Global Locks

Command Line:

sqlplus /nolog @e4

Exercise #4 modifies the database. The "drop_demo_users.sql", "create_demo_users.sql", and "e1.sql" scripts must be used to reset the database before re-running this exercise.

Each table defined in DTGen is generated with a corresponding "active view". The DEPT and EMP tables have an active view called "DEPT_ACT" and "EMP_ACT", respectively. In most cases, these views should be used for all DML (Data Manipulation Language - insert, update, and delete)

Exercise #5: DB Tier Streamlining

Command Line:

sqlplus /nolog @e5

Exercise #5 does not modify the database. This exercise can be repeated without problem.

As stated in the Introduction, system capacity can be increased by adding servers to existing systems instead of replacing centralized servers with larger servers. A chief goal in this method of capacity increase is to isolate application logic from database storage (i.e. DML).