[[https://d3njjcbhbojbot.cloudfront.net/api/utilities/v1/imageproxy/https:/coursera-course-photos.s3.amazonaws.com/30/5544004a2111e7ab700f068f7eca4b/UM-logo-for-Coursera.jpg?auto=format%2Ccompress&dpr=1&w=256&h=32](https://www.coursera.org/)](https://www.coursera.org/)

Explore

Top of Form



Interact with this item to access more suggestions.

Bottom of Form

[Skip to Main Content](https://www.coursera.org/learn/html/exam/Dlayy/week-one-html-web-basics/attempt?redirectToCover=true#main)

* ravindra

[Introduction to HTML5](https://www.coursera.org/learn/html/home/welcome)

[Week 1](https://www.coursera.org/learn/html/home/week/1)

Week One - HTML/Web basics

[Prev](https://www.coursera.org/learn/html/supplement/G4s1c/notice-for-auditing-learners-assignment-submission)

[Next](https://www.coursera.org/learn/html/lecture/BCsCq/02-01-the-document-object-model-dom)

* **Welcome**
* **History and Evolution**

**[Video:](https://www.coursera.org/learn/html/lecture/Lhlau/01-02-the-evolution-of-html)**[Lecture01.02 - The Evolution of HTML](https://www.coursera.org/learn/html/lecture/Lhlau/01-02-the-evolution-of-html)

[. Duration: 9 minutes9 min](https://www.coursera.org/learn/html/lecture/Lhlau/01-02-the-evolution-of-html)

**[Reading:](https://www.coursera.org/learn/html/supplement/oYYws/optional-the-browser-wars)**[OPTIONAL - The browser wars](https://www.coursera.org/learn/html/supplement/oYYws/optional-the-browser-wars)

[. Duration: 10 minutes10 min](https://www.coursera.org/learn/html/supplement/oYYws/optional-the-browser-wars)

**[Reading:](https://www.coursera.org/learn/html/supplement/rszMA/optional-the-origins-of-mosaic)**[OPTIONAL - The origins of MOSAIC](https://www.coursera.org/learn/html/supplement/rszMA/optional-the-origins-of-mosaic)

[. Duration: 10 minutes10 min](https://www.coursera.org/learn/html/supplement/rszMA/optional-the-origins-of-mosaic)

* **How It Works**
* **Tools and Tips**
* **Review**

**QUIZ • 30 MIN**

**Week One - HTML/Web basics**

**Submit your assignment**

**DUE DATE**Nov 9, 11:59 AM +04

**ATTEMPTS**3 every 8 hours

Try again

**Receive grade**

**TO PASS**70% or higher

**Grade**

96.66%

View Feedback

We keep your highest score

Week One - HTML/Web basics

Graded Quiz • 30 min

**Due** Nov 9, 11:59 AM +04

**Congratulations! You passed!**

**TO PASS**70% or higher

Keep Learning

**GRADE**

96.66%

**Week One - HTML/Web basics**

**LATEST SUBMISSION GRADE**

96.66%

1.

Question 1

What does HTML stand for?

**1 / 1 point**

hyper text markup language

**Correct**

2.

Question 2

HTML5 tags have the same semantic meaning, regardless of the browser being used.

**1 / 1 point**



True



False

**Correct**

Correct!

3.

Question 3

FTP stands for

**1 / 1 point**



File Transfer Protocol



Files to Push



File Transmission Pipe

**Correct**

4.

Question 4

What does HTTP stand for?

**1 / 1 point**

hypertext transfer protocol

**Correct**

5.

Question 5

Which of the following is part of a URL?

**1 / 1 point**



HTML



editor



domain (or host)

**Correct**

6.

Question 6

The Internet is a type of

**1 / 1 point**



Hypertext Network



Local Area Network



Wide Area Network

**Correct**

7.

Question 7

What is the Request/Response Cycle?

**1 / 1 point**



The process that happens when a client requests a page and a server responds with the appropriate files



The process that happens when a HTML5 is created with an editor



The process that happens when a server requests a page and a client responds with the appropriate files

**Correct**

8.

Question 8

A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a computer that is in charge of handling resource requests from multiple computers.

**1 / 1 point**

Server

**Correct**

9.

Question 9

Which of the following is an example of a top-level domain?

**1 / 1 point**



.com



umich.edu



wikipedia.org

**Correct**

10.

Question 10

The Domain Name Service looks up the domain and returns the

**1 / 1 point**



IP address



server



host



document

**Correct**

11.

Question 11

Which organization is responsible for assigning top-level domain names?

**1 / 1 point**



Internet Corporation for Assigned Numbers and Names (ICANN)



Internet Domain Name Server (IDNS)



World Wide Web Consortium (W3C)

**Correct**

12.

Question 12

A single web page may require several iterations of the Request-Response Cycle.

**1 / 1 point**



True



False

**Correct**

13.

Question 13

What does LAN stand for?

**1 / 1 point**

Local Area Network

**Correct**

14.

Question 14

What does WAN stand for?

**1 / 1 point**

Wide Area Network

**Correct**

15.

Question 15

Which is the correct file extension for a web page?

**1 / 1 point**



.html



.ppt



.txt



.doc

**Correct**

16.

Question 16

HTML uses \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to annotate documents. This is a way of marking up the content to identify specific HTML elements.

**1 / 1 point**

tags

**Correct**

17.

Question 17

Which of the following best explains the difference between ***syntax*** and ***semantics***.

**1 / 1 point**



Syntax and semantics are interchangeable.



A browser may have trouble displaying a page if the syntax is incorrect.



A browser may have trouble displaying a page if the semantics is incorrect.

**Correct**

18.

Question 18

The first graphical browser was.... (please use one word answer)

**1 / 1 point**

Mosaic

**Correct**

19.

Question 19

What are ***proprietary*** tags?

**1 / 1 point**



Tags that work only on certain browsers



Tags that displayed copyright information



Tags used to define ownership of the content

**Correct**

20.

Question 20

Which of these tags breaks the tenet of the separation of content and layout?

**0 / 1 point**



br



center



p

**Incorrect**

21.

Question 21

Which of the following are browsers?

**1 / 1 point**



Safari, Chrome, Internet Explorer



Internet Explorer, Windows, Safari



Firefox, Chrome, Safari, Sublime

**Correct**

22.

Question 22

W3C stands for

**1 / 1 point**



World Wide Web Consortium



WWW Compliance



World Wide Web Community

**Correct**

23.

Question 23

A basic functionality of browsers is to translate HTML documents into viewable webpages.

**1 / 1 point**



True



False

**Correct**

24.

Question 24

Which version of HTML introduced different document types?

**1 / 1 point**



HTML5



HTML 2.0



HTML 4.01



HTML 3.2

**Correct**

25.

Question 25

The predecessor of the internet was

**1 / 1 point**



Arpanet



Al Gore



CompuServe



DARPA

**Correct**

26.

Question 26

URL stands for

**1 / 1 point**



Uniform Resource Locator



Unordered Resource Location



Universal Relation Locator

**Correct**

27.

Question 27

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is used to create rules about the color, font, and layout of our pages

**1 / 1 point**

CSS

**Correct**

28.

Question 28

CSS1 was introduced for public use in

**1 / 1 point**

1996

**Correct**

29.

Question 29

What editor are you using?

**1 / 1 point**

SUBLIME

**Correct**

If you aren't already, consider using Sublime. This is the editor I will be using in lectures. I will include supplementary information on how to set up Sublime to use special tools to fill in part of your code for you.

30.

Question 30

What browser(s) are you using?

**1 / 1 point**

gOOGLE CHROME

**Correct**

Make sure to have at least two different browsers to test your code. This will help you to see the differences in HTML5 implementation. Many developers like to use Firefox since it has so many built in tools. I will be using Chrome in lectures.