

**2025-1 PPPD**

# Programming in the AI Era

**- Evaluating Code Generation of AI Agent with  
Benchmark and Application on VRPTW Problem**

---

Team Members: 서재원, 송경현, 이동재, 임재민, 장준혁, 최지안



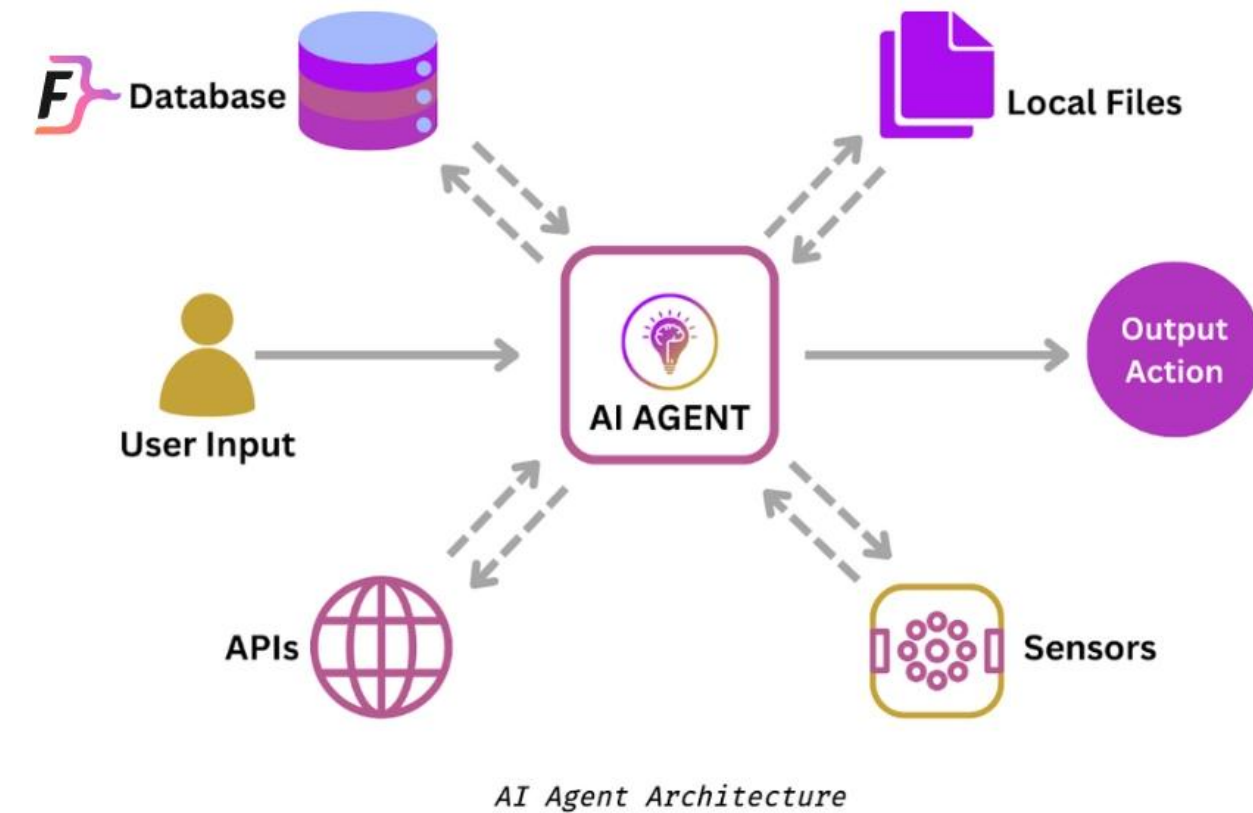
---

# Contents

1. What is Ai Agent?
2. Project Topic
3. Explanation of the VRPTW Problem
4. Development and Implementation
5. Results
6. Implements & Future outlook



# What is an AI Agent?



- AI agents are autonomous systems that make decisions and select the optimal input among multiple inputs to solve a given goal
- It is made up of repetition of the process of ' Perception → Processing → Action → Decision Making'

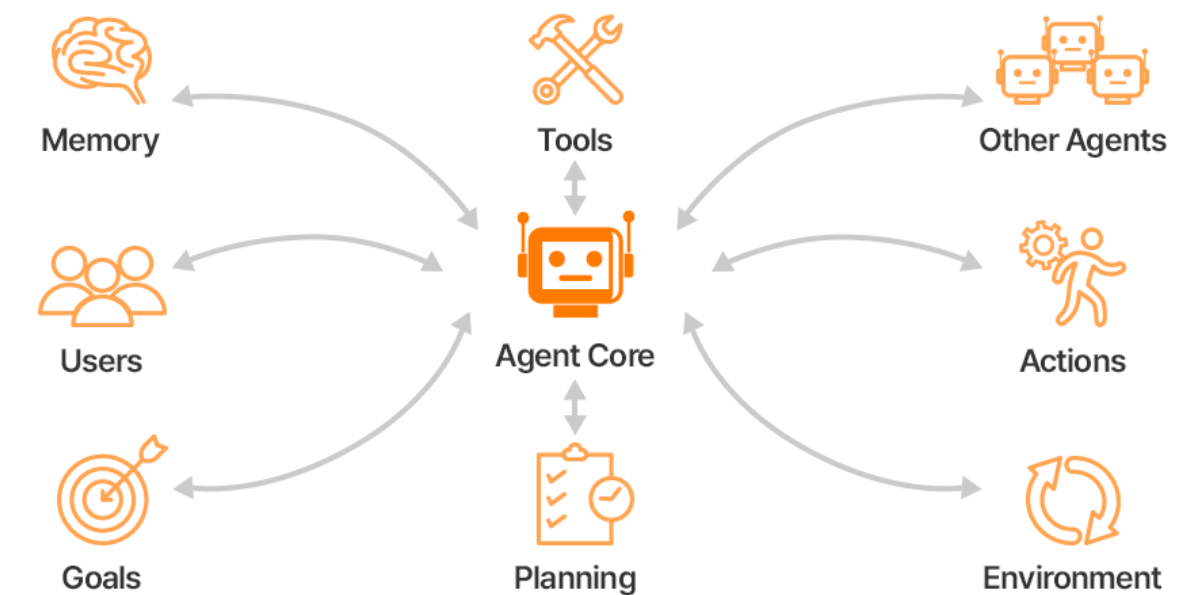


# What is AI Agent?

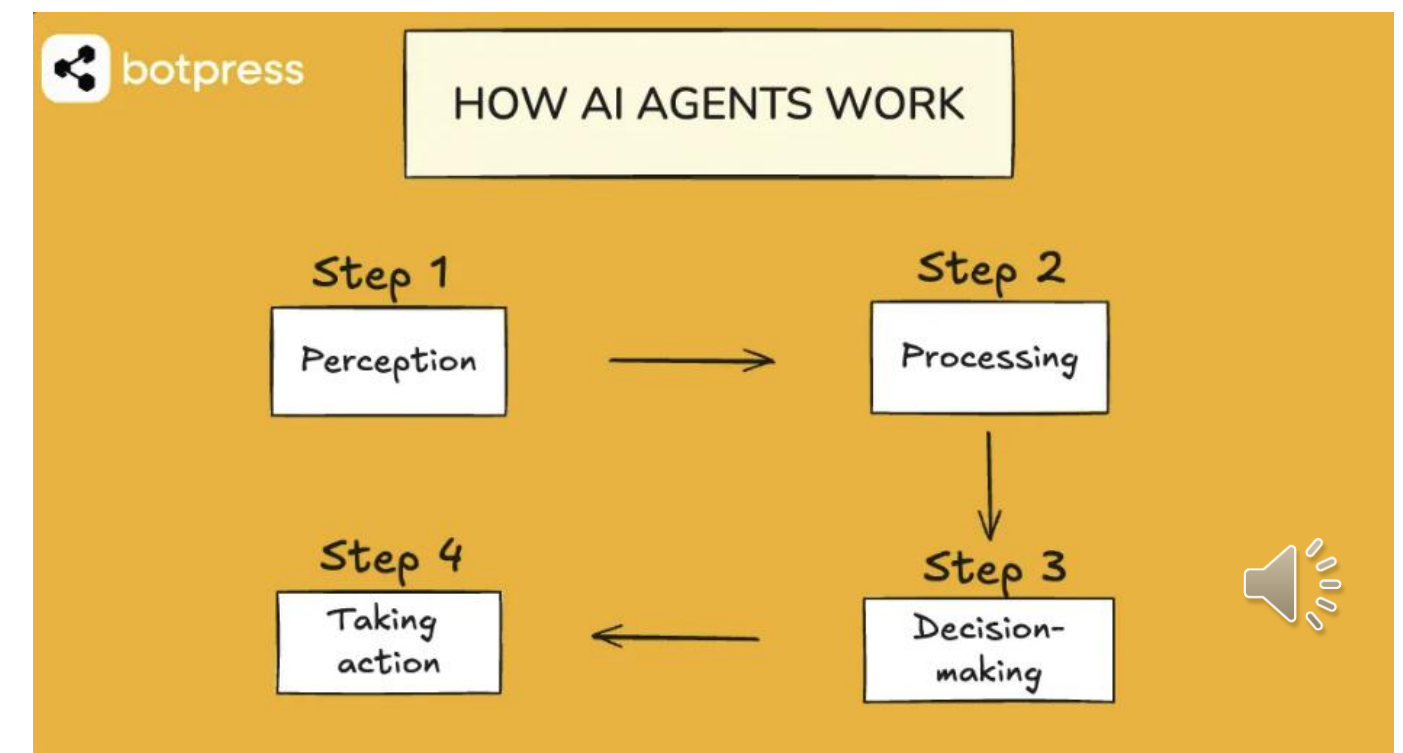
## concept

- Autonomously selects inputs from among multiple inputs and makes decisions on its own to solve given goals
- Perception -> Processing -> Action -> Decision making
- Uses LLM routing: assigns roles to multiple models and makes them interact with each other to find the right answer.

## Agentic AI Architecture



출처 : Blog.ori.co



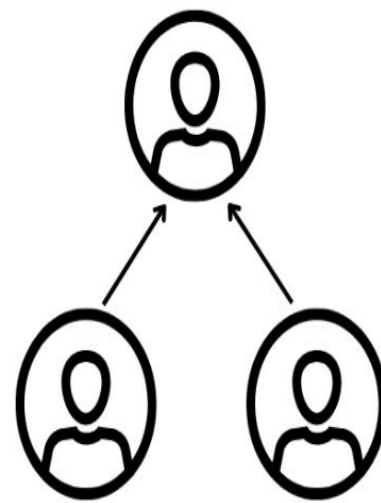
# How AI agents work

## Single Agent Architecture with $n = 1$ agents

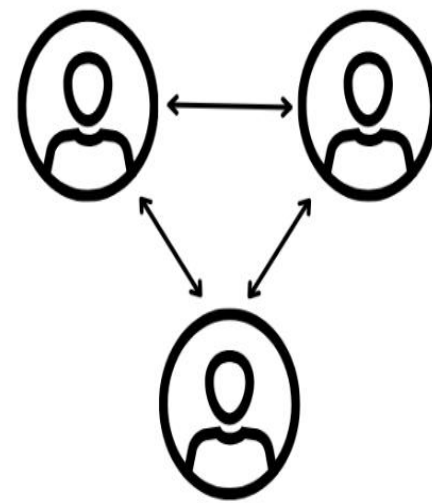


## Multi Agent Architecture with $n > 1$ agents

### Vertical Architecture



### Horizontal Architecture



All agents have agent personas where they are assigned a role, understand the purpose of their tools, and how to leverage them effectively



Most agent implementations have reasoning, planning, and tool calling abilities



- In a multi-agent system, agents with **different roles** interact with each other to solve problems.
- Ability to solve problems autonomously **without human intervention**



Source: Neudesic, an IBM Company

Figure 1: A visualization of single and multi-agent architectures with their underlying features and abilities



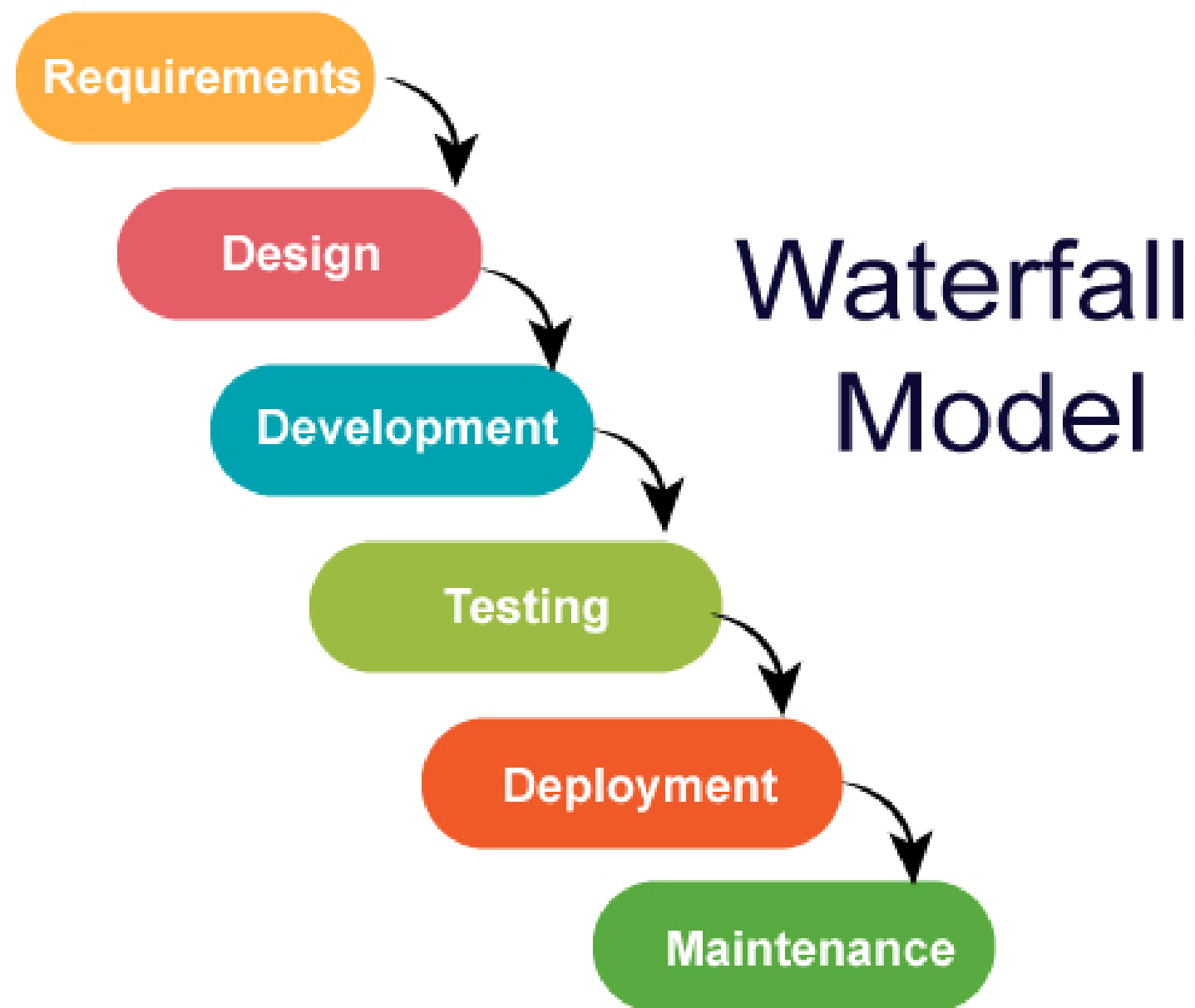
## Project Topic



- Developing AI Agent following software design process (Based on LangGraph)
- Compare AI agent with LLM with Benchmark and solving using case study (VRPTW)
- Evaluate limitations, implications, and directions of development of AI programming



## Process Influenced Our AI Agents

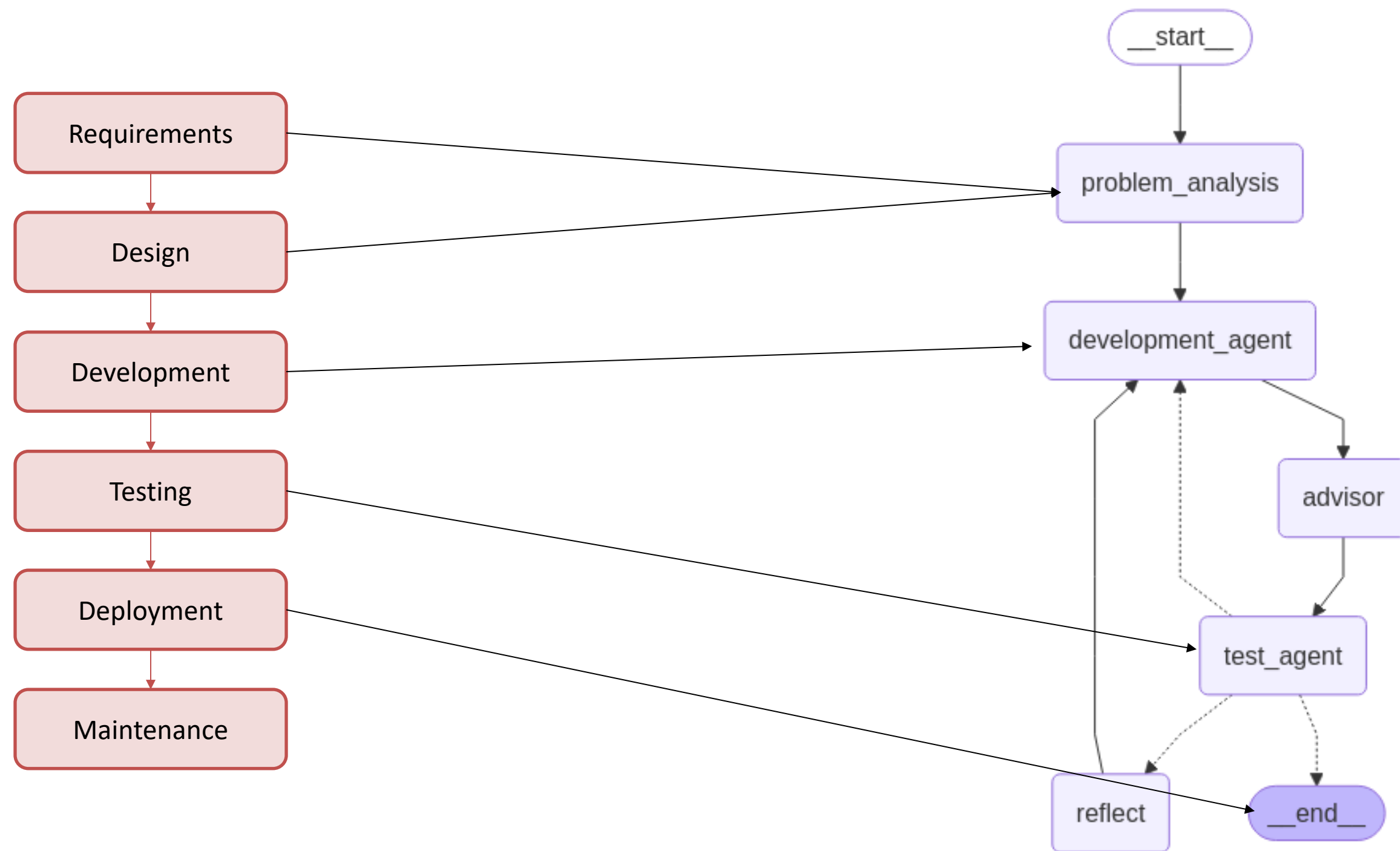


### Influenced by Waterfall Model

- **Requirements:** Collect and document all software
- **System Design:** Translate requirements into system architecture
- **Implementation (Coding):** Develop the software by writing code
- **Testing:** Test the software to identify and fix defects, ensuring it meets the specified requirements.
- **Deployment:** Release the fully developed and tested software to the end-users.
- **Maintenance:** Perform ongoing support and maintenance to fix issues and update the

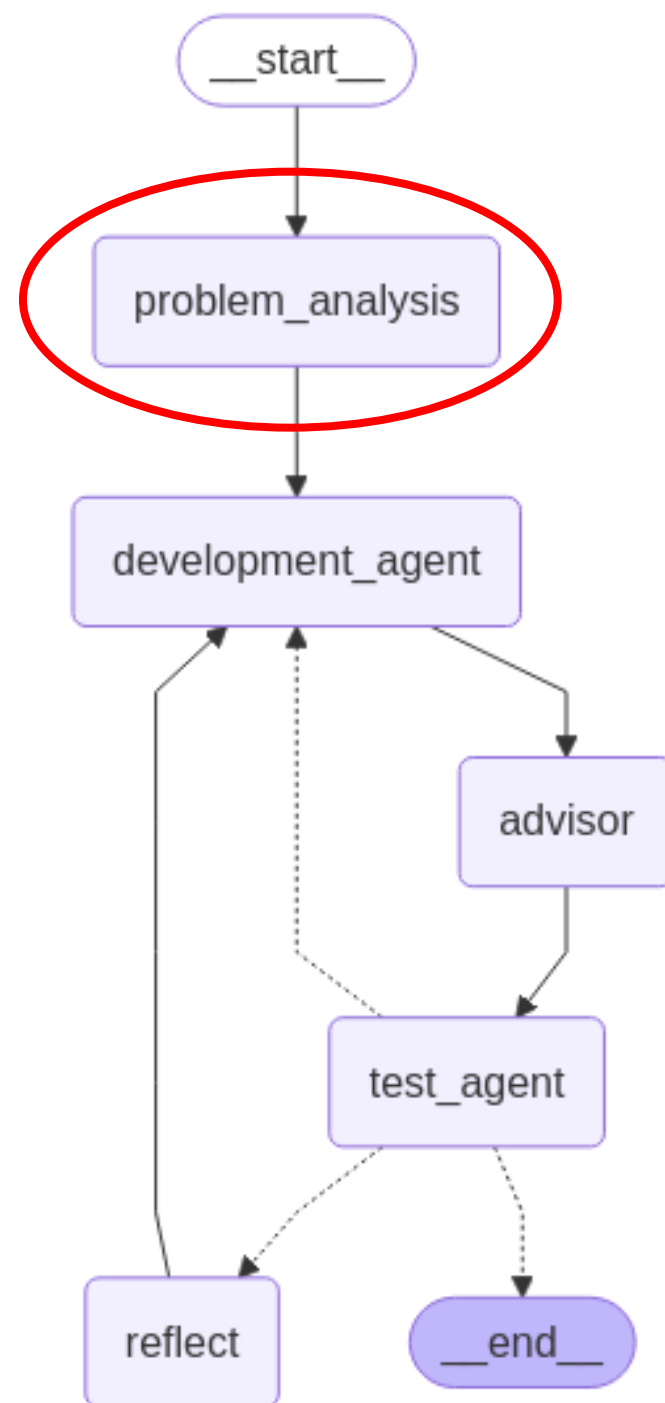


# Structure of AI Agents





# Structure of AI Agent



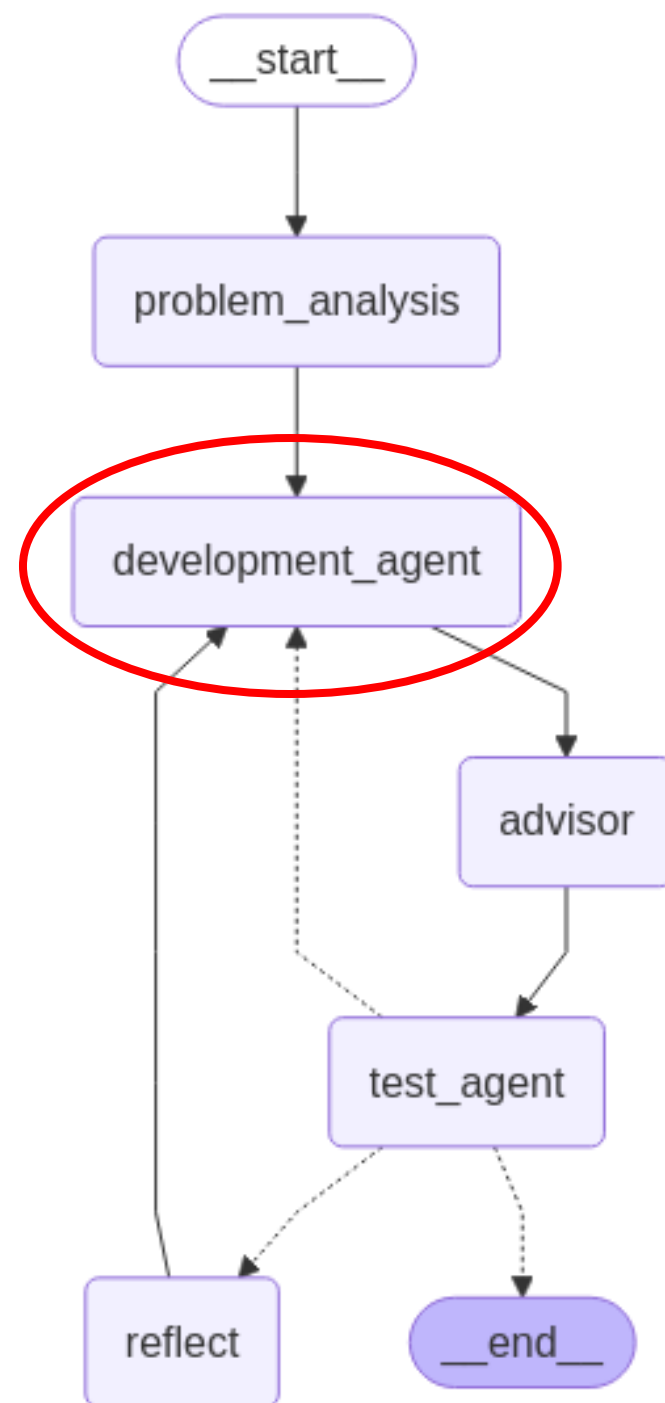
```
problem_defining_prompt = ChatPromptTemplate.from_messages([
    (
        "system",
        """Role: You are a problem defining and analysis agent for general codign problems.\n
        Tasks:\n
        1. Define function and its objective\n
        2. Define input and output format\n
        3. Define functional requirements and constraints\n
        4. Wrute pseudo code\n
        Structure your answer with a description of the problem defining. \n
        Keep length of token under 1600. Here is the user question:""",
        ("placeholder", "{messages}"),
    )
])

class structure(BaseModel):
    analysis: str = Field(description="Description of the problem, functional requirements, constraints, objective.")
    design: str = Field(description="Description of the function, data structures,input format, output format.")
    pseudo_code: str = Field(description="pseudo_code for given problem")
```

- Define problem following given structure of Waterfall Model
- Format: problem description, design of function, pseudo code



# Structure of AI Agent

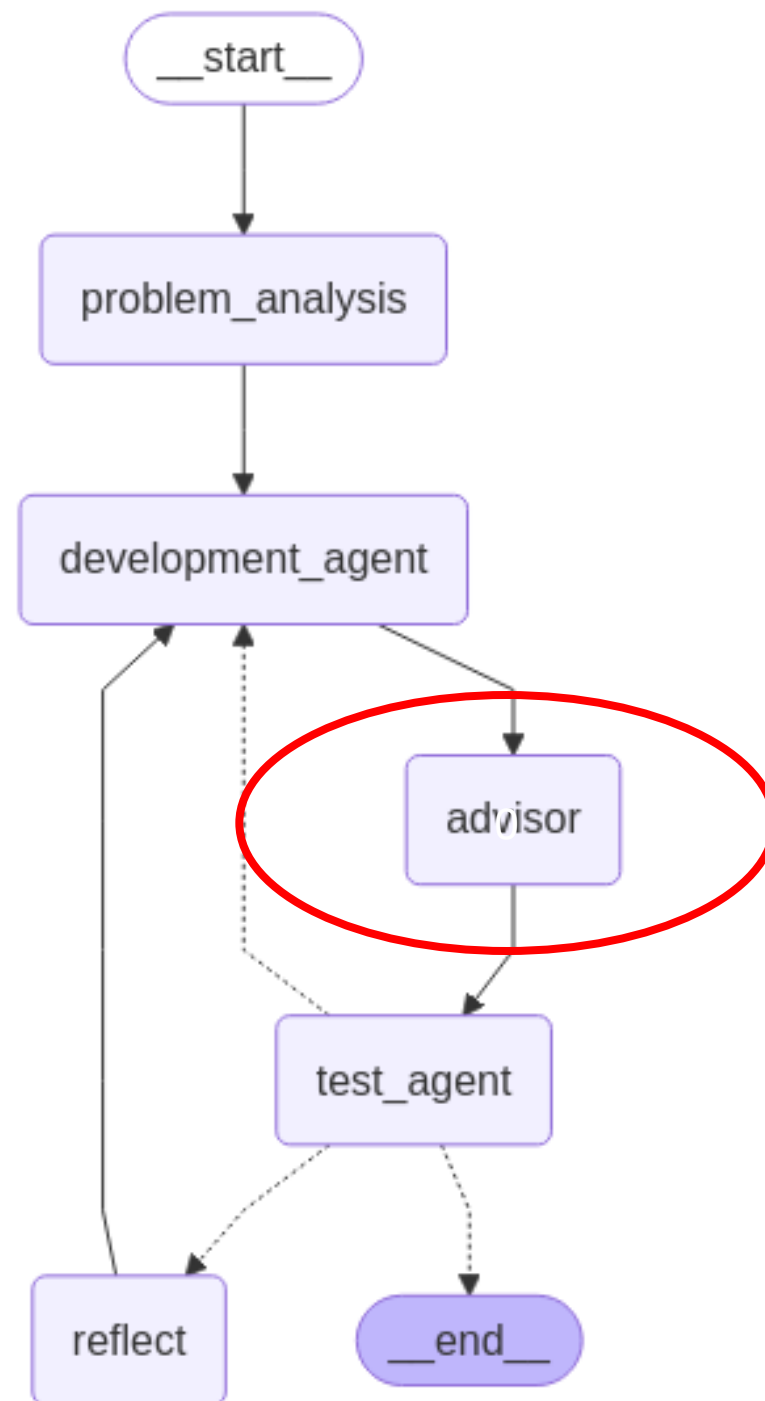


```
code_gen_prompt = ChatPromptTemplate.from_messages([
    (
        "system",
        """You are a coding assistant for general codign problems. Ensure any code you provide can be executed \n
        with all required imports and variables defined. Structure your answer with a description of the code solution. \n
        Then list the imports. And finally list the functioning code block. Here is the user question:""",
    ),
    ("placeholder", "{messages}"),
])

# Data model
class code(BaseModel):
    prefix: str = Field(description="Description of the problem and approach")
    imports: str = Field(description="Code block import statements")
    code: str = Field(description="Code block not including import statements")
```

- Generate code using given problem analysis from problem\_analysis agent
- Format: prefix, imports, code
- Divide import part and code part so that ensure requirements and reduce errors

# Structure of AI Agent



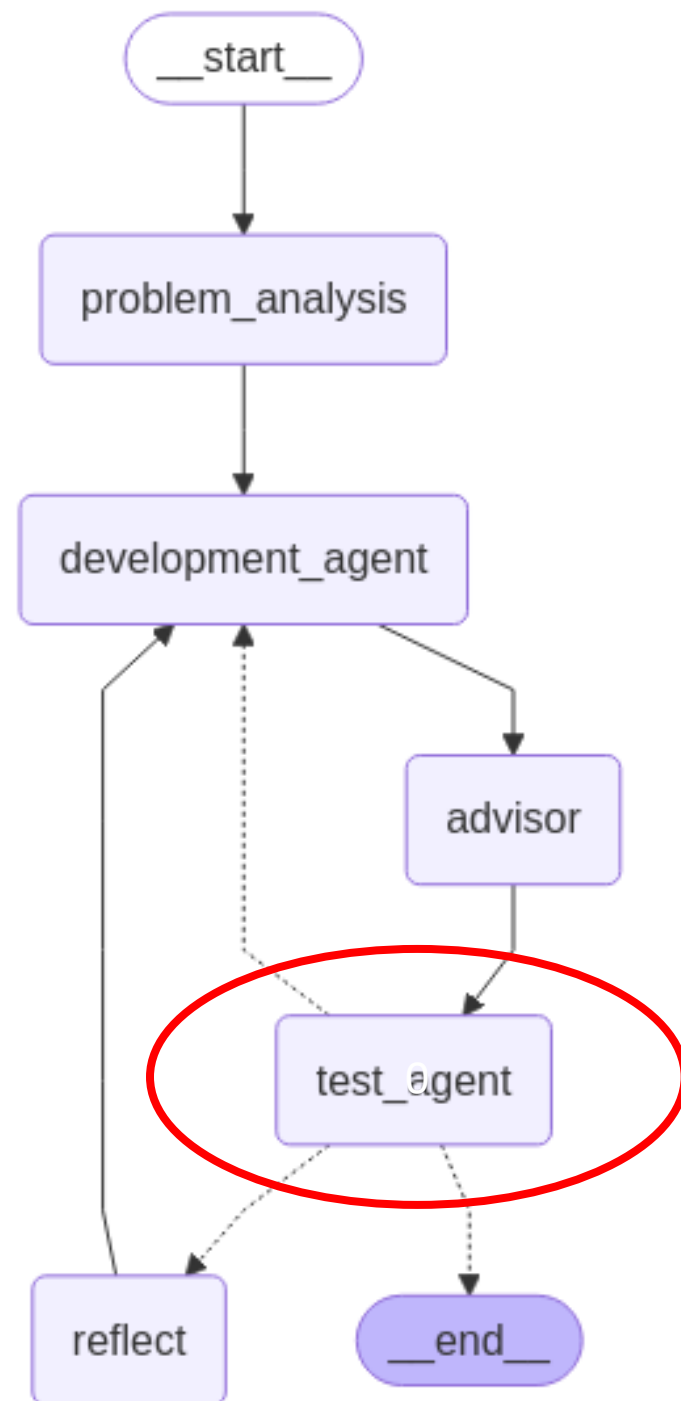
```
advise_prompt = ChatPromptTemplate.from_messages([
    (
        "system",
        """Role: You are a code advisor agent for general codign problems.\n
        You should revise code before running it\n
        Tasks:\n
        1. Review the given code and check whether the code structure is correct or not\n
        2. Revise code where you find lack of logic\n
        3. Revise code where has probability of error\n

        After the all process above, give the revised version of code following the given format. Here is the given code:""",
    ),
    ("placeholder", "{messages}"),
])
```

- Revise code from development\_agent before run, precheck the code
- Divide import part and code part so that ensure requirements and reduce errors



# Structure of AI Agent



## Test\_agent

- Run code and check whether error occurs or not

While iteration  $\neq$  max\_iteration:

if error occurs while running:

go to reflect agent -> reflect code with error analysis

pass error analysis to development\_agent and rewrite code

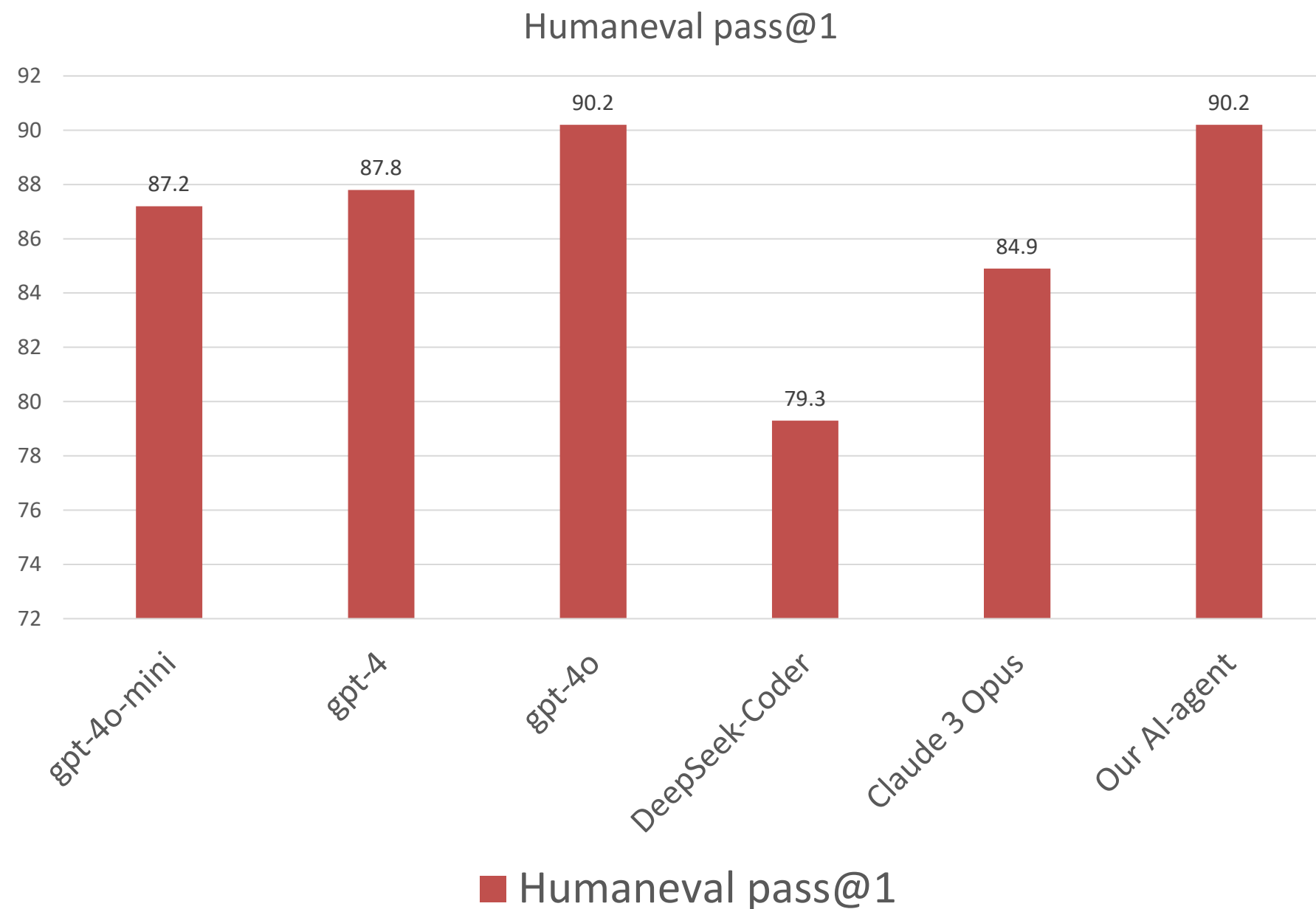
if not error:

export code

break



# Performance



- Since our model is based on gpt-4o-mini, it's reasonable to compare with it.
- Performance at Humaneval Benchmark exceeded score of gpt-4o-mini and other LLMs'.

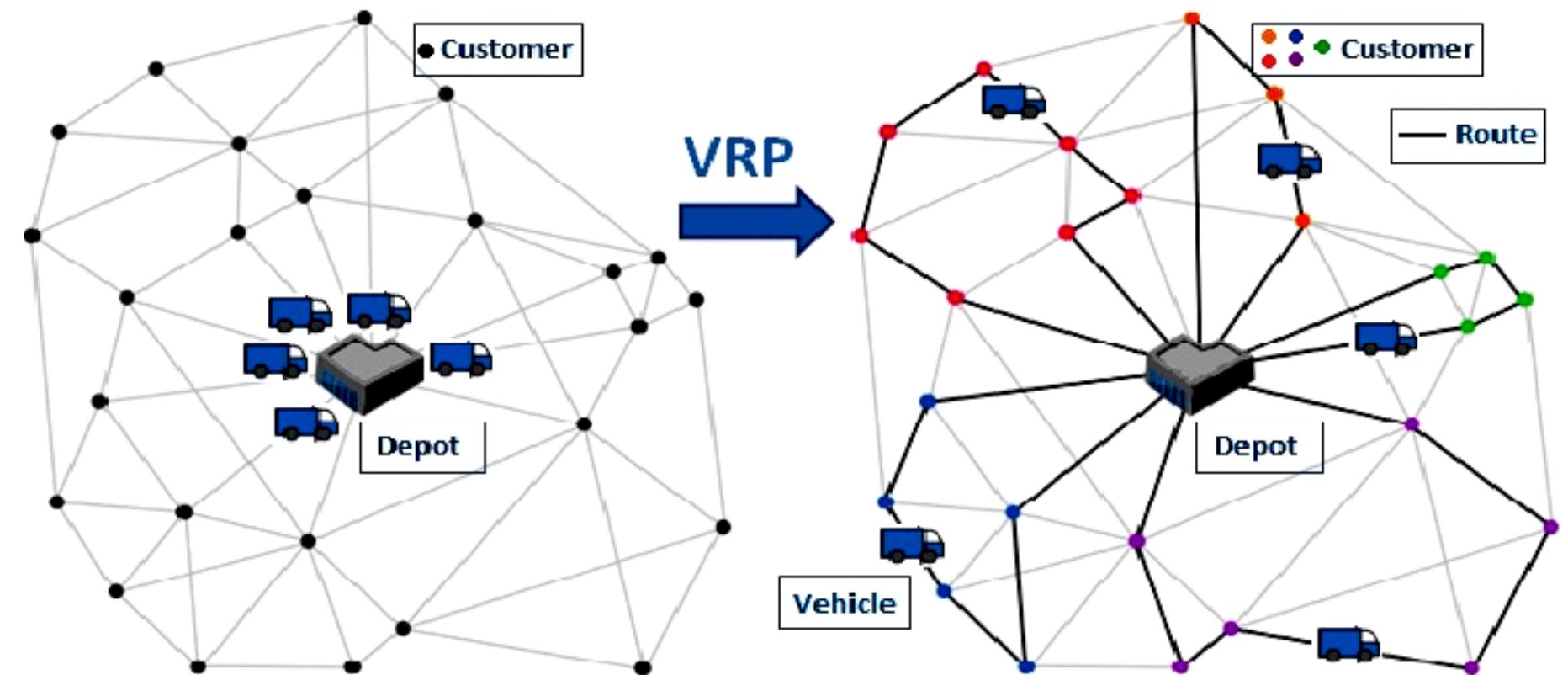
*\* Humaneval: LLM benchmark evaluating code generation for general hand-written problems. Compare percentage for 164 problems.*





## VRPTW: Vehicle Routing Problem with Time Windows

- VRPTW is an extension of the classical Vehicle Routing Problem (VRP), where each customer must be served within a specific time window.
- Vehicles with limited capacity
- Customers with: Demands, Time windows (e.g., 9:00–11:00 AM)
- Minimize cost while respecting time and capacity constraints

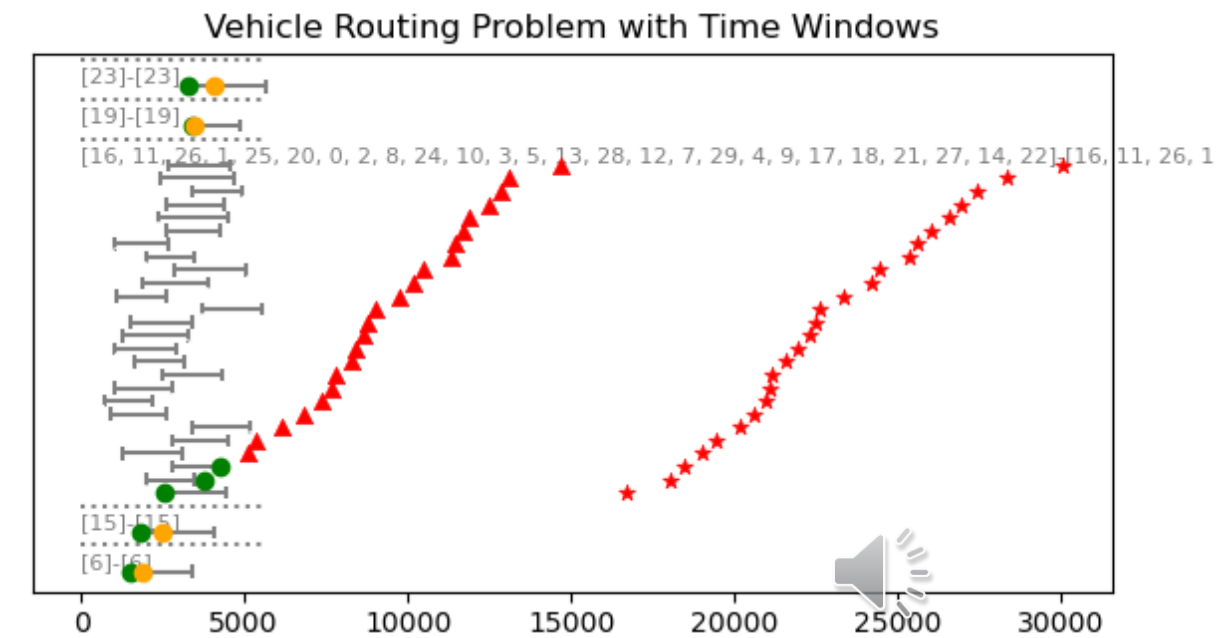
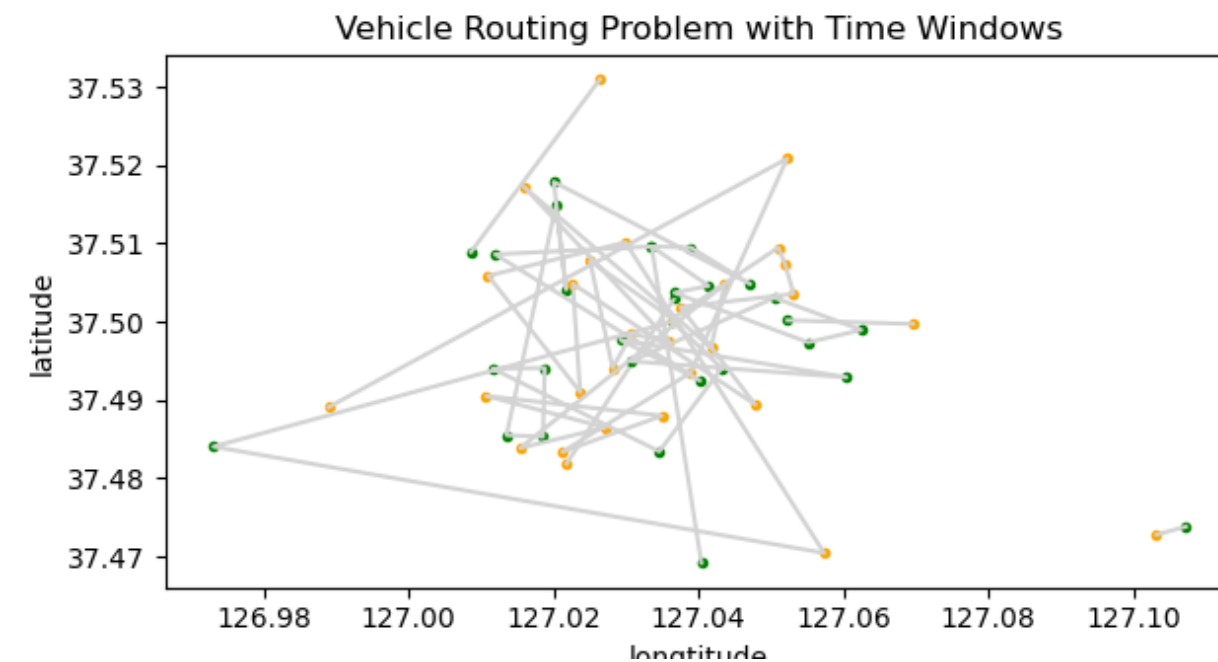


# Compare gpt-4o vs Our AI Agent

## Problem solved by gpt-4o

- User query: Read this file and make the code to solve VRPTW problem following conditions in file + Problem file
- Result Analysis
  - Generated code did not consider most of volume and time window constraints
  - Singular LLM still has difficulties to solve problem which has multiple constraints and definitions.

```
{  
  "algorithm": "simple saving algorithm",  
  "computation_time": 0.005,  
  "average_cost": 6767.43,  
}
```



## Compare gpt-4o-mini vs Our AI Agent

### Problem solved by Our AI Agent

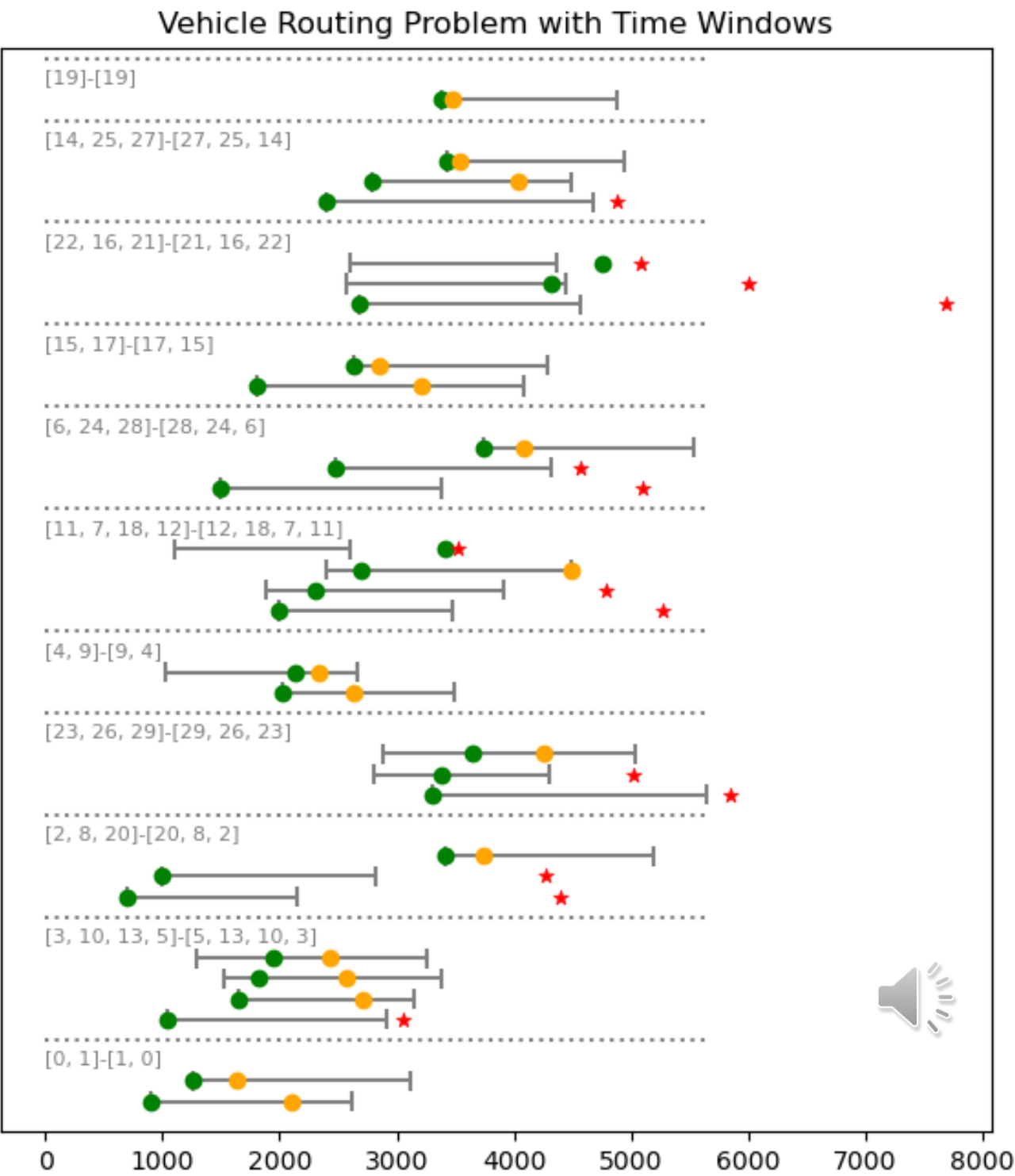
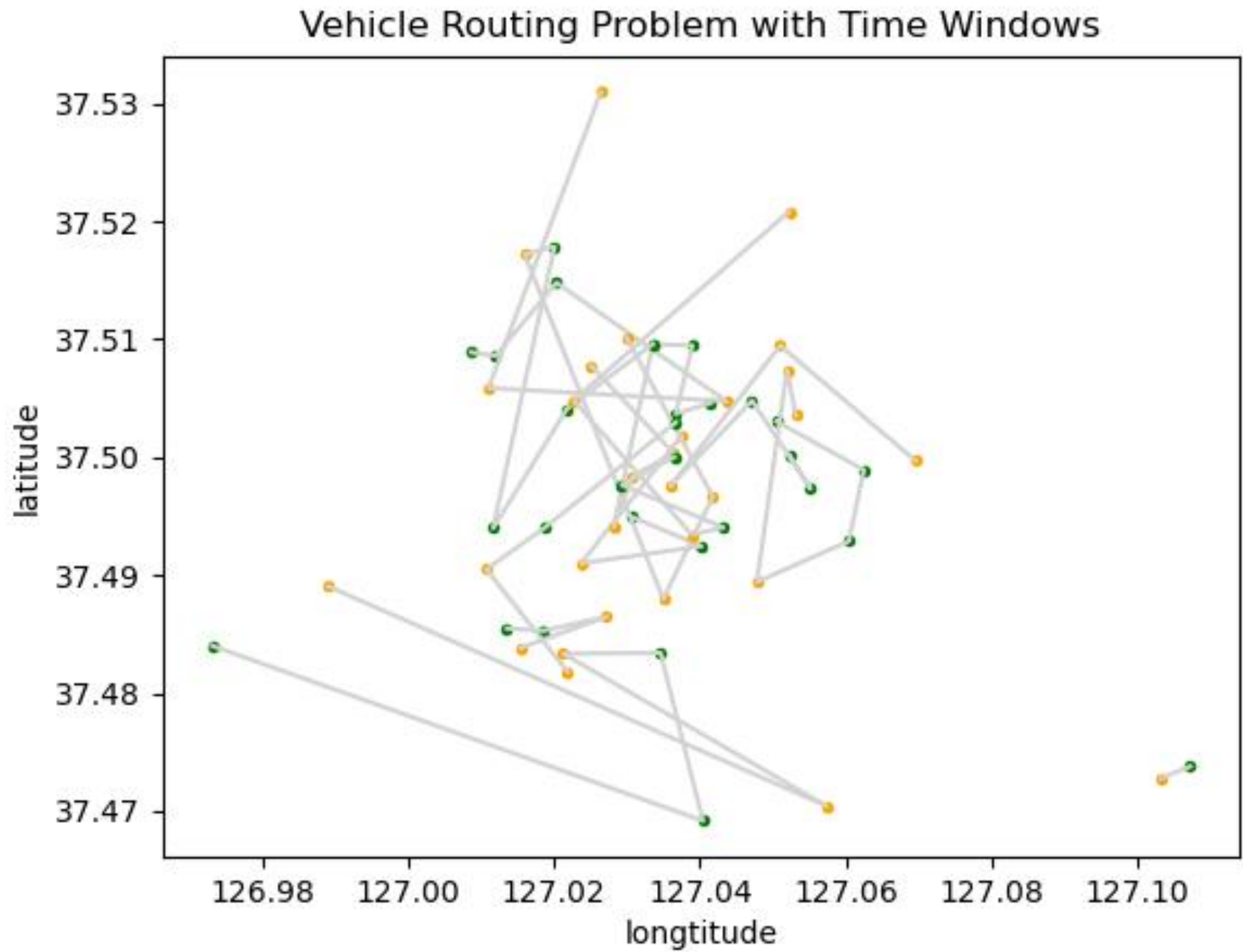
- User query: Read this file and make the code to solve VRPTW problem following conditions in file + Problem file
- Result Analysis
  - Generated code did not consider volume constraint but some of constraints were not followed
  - Merging algorithm has been well defined with considering volume capacity of vehicle.
  - It failed to find the optimal solution but algorithm has been fully constructed.
  - AI Agent showed better performance than singular LLM even though it was based on gpt-4o-mini, which is lighter model.

```
{  
  "algorithm": "simple saving algorithm",  
  "computation_time": 0.005,  
  "average_cost": 3786.71,
```

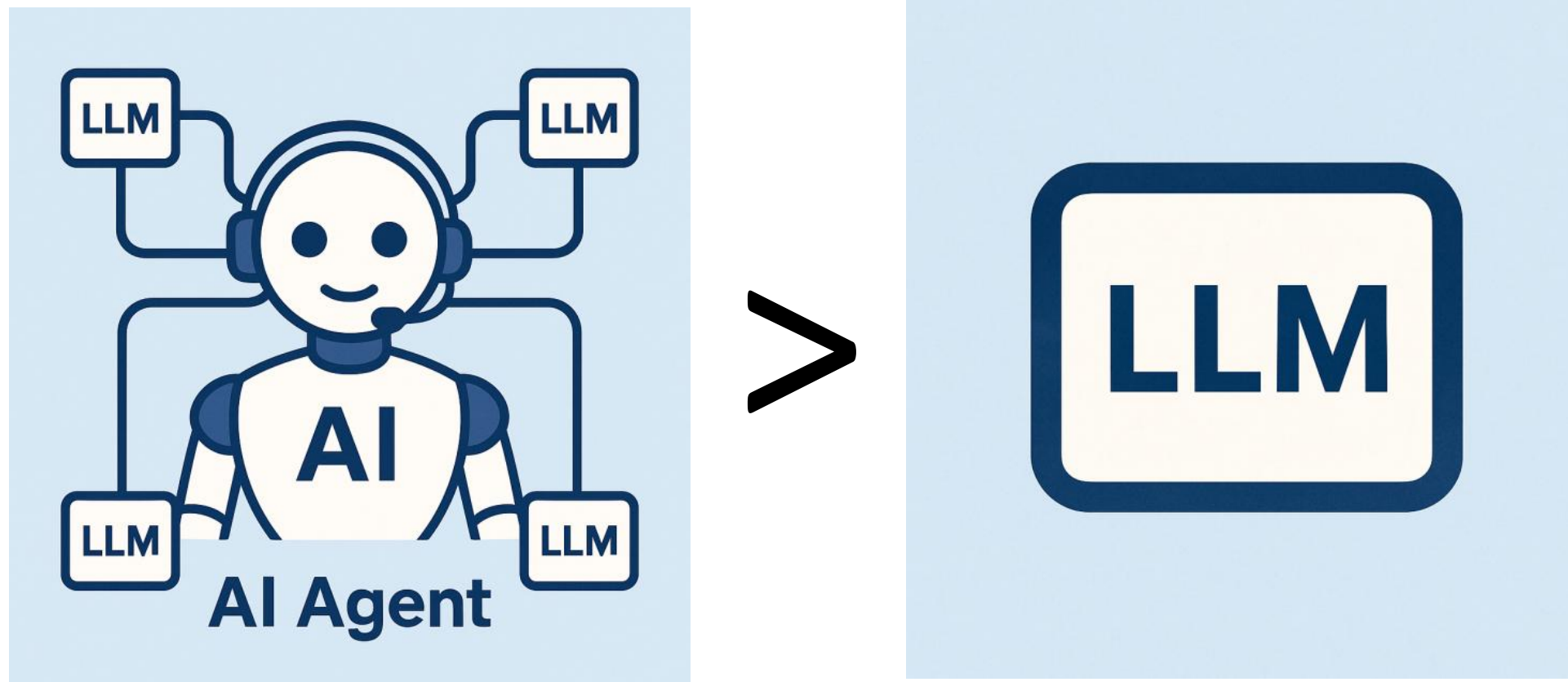




# Compare gpt-4o-mini vs Our AI Agent



## Result



1. Improved Generated Code Quality
2. Access to External Information
3. Minimize human intervention





## Implications & Future outlook

