Experiment #	<to be="" by<br="" filled="">STUDENT&gt;</to>	Student ID	<to be="" by="" filled="" student=""></to>
Date	<to be="" by<br="" filled="">STUDENT&gt;</to>	Student Name	[@KLWKS_BOT] THANOS

# Lab 7: Configuration of ARP and Static Routing using Cisco network switch and verify the connectivity

Date of the Session://	Session Time:to
Learning outcome:	

- Understand the role of a router in a computer network and its importance in facilitating communication between different network segments.
  - Gain familiarity with Huawei L3 network switches and their specific features and capabilities related to router functionality and static routing.

#### **Pre-Lab Task:**

1. Explain the purpose of a router in a network infrastructure. How does a router differ from other networking devices, such as switches and hubs?

A router directs data between different networks, determining the best path for transmission. Unlike switches (Layer 2, MAC-based) and hubs (broadcasts to all devices), routers operate at Layer 3 using IP addresses for network communication.

- 2. Describe the key components and interfaces of a Huawei L3 network switch that enable routing functionality. What features or capabilities does the switch offer for routing?
- Components: CPU, memory, routing table, switching fabric, Ethernet/SFP ports.
- Routing Features: Static & dynamic routing, VLAN routing, ACLs for security, QoS for traffic management.

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- 3. What is static routing, and how does it differ from dynamic routing protocols? When would it be appropriate to use static routing in a network setup?
- Static Routing: Manually configured, fixed paths.
- Dynamic Routing: Uses protocols (OSPF, RIP, BGP) to adapt to network changes.
- Use Static Routing: Small/stable networks, enhanced security, predictable traffic routes.

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#### In Lab Task:

Basic Router setup using Huawei L3 network switch and Static Routing.

# Writing space for the Problem:(For Student's use only)

# **Device Configuration details**

Device Name(Label)	Interface	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Default Gateway address
PC0	FastEthrenet0	10.0.0.2	255.0.0.0	10.0.0.1
PC1	FastEthrenet0	10.0.0.3	255.0.0.0	10.0.0.1
PC2	FastEthrenet0	12.0.0.2	255.0.0.0	12.0.0.1
PC3	FastEthrenet0	12.0.0.3	255.0.0.0	12.0.0.1
Router - A	g0/0	10.0.01	255.0.0.0	
Router - A	s0/0/0	11.0.01	255.0.0.0	
Router - B	g0/0	12.0.01	255.0.0.0	
Router - B	s0/0/0	11.0.0.2	255.0.0.0	

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Date	<to be="" by="" filled="" student=""></to>	Student Name	[@KLWKS_BOT] THANOS

#### Router - A

Router>en

Router#config t

Router(config)#int g0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 10.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shut

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#int s0/0/0

Router(config-if)#clock rate 64000

Router(config-if)#ip address 11.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shut

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#ip route 12.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 11.0.0.2

### Router – B

Router>en

Router#config t

Router(config)#int g0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 12.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shut

Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#int s0/0/0

Router(config-if)#ip address 11.0.2 255.0.0.0

Router(config-if)#no shut

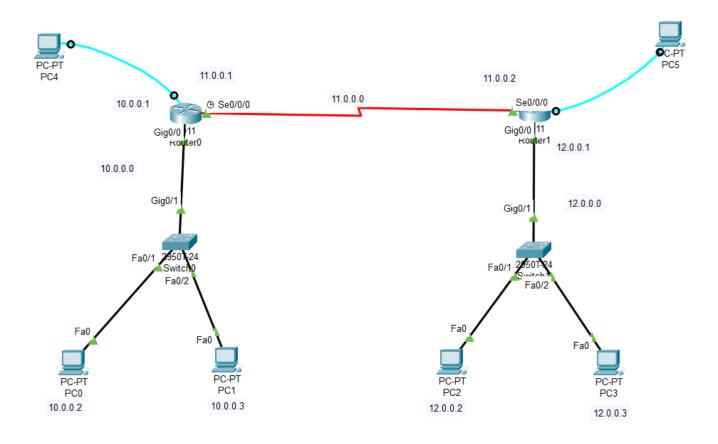
Router(config-if)#exit

Router(config)#ip route 10.0.0.0 255.0.0.0 11.0.0.1

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### **DIAGRAM**



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#### Post Lab Task:

1. Describe the topology you configured using the Huawei L3 network switch and the router. What devices were connected, and what was the purpose of each device in the network?

The topology included a **Huawei L3 switch** and a **router**, with PCs connected to different VLANs.

The switch handled inter-VLAN routing, while the router provided WAN connectivity.

2. Explain the concept of static routing and its significance in network environments. How did you configure static routes on the Huawei L3 network switch to enable communication between different networks?

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3. Describe the syntax and parameters used for configuring static routes on the Huawei L3 network switch. How did you specify the destination network and the next-hop router?

Example:		
plaintext	⊡ Сору	ٷ Edit
ip route-static 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1		
This routes traffic to 192.168.2.0/24 via 192.168.1.1.		

<b>Evaluator Remark (if Any):</b>	
	Marks Secured out of 50
	Signature of the Evaluator with Date

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