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# DEPARTMENT OF CSE COURSE CODE: 23SDCS12A / 23SDCS12R FULL STACK APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT

Date of the Session:/_/	Time of The Session:to
LAB – 4 → Implementation of multiple components a State Management for Routing.	as a "Single Page React App" with Redu
Prerequisites: Having a basic understanding of HTML and CSS is valuable	for building user interfaces and styling your
React components.	
>npm install redux	
Exercise 1:	
Create a single page simple React application with two routes	: Home and About. Implement navigation
links to switch between these routes using Redux.	
Exercise 2:	
Implement a nested routing structure in a React application us	sing Redux. Create a parent route and two
child routes that are rendered within the parent component. A	all these as a single page app.
index.html	
html	
<html lang="en"></html>	
<head></head>	
<meta charset="utf-8"/>	
<li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li><li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li></li>	_
<meta content="width=dev&lt;br&gt;&lt;title&gt;Vite + React&lt;/title&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;/ice-width, initial-scale=1.0" name="viewport"/>	

T E A M F S A D 1 | P a g e

<script type="module" src="/src/main.jsx"></script>

<body>

</body>

<div id="root"></div>

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❖ Watch The Video And Do In Visual Studio https://youtu.be/2Tb4Qe-yPIk?si=1QmPBsAhbByM2D7M

# Page1.jsx

```
import './Style.css';
export default function Page1({store}){

function navigation(event){
   store.dispatch({"type": "page", "data": event.currentTarget.getAttribute("val")})
   }

return(
   <div>
<a onClick={navigation} val={"Page1"}>Page 1</a>
<a onClick={navigation} val={"P2p1"}>Page 2</a>
<br/>
<br/>
<br/>>br/><br/>>This is Page 1
   </div>
);
}
```

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```
P2p1.jsx
import './Style.css';
export default function P2p1({store}){
  function navigation(event){
    store.dispatch({"type": "page","data": event.currentTarget.getAttribute("val")})
  }
return(
  <div>
<a onClick={navigation} val={"Page1"}>Page 1</a>
<a onClick={navigation} val={"P2p1"}>Page 2</a>
<br/><br/><br/>
<a onClick={navigation} val={"P2p1"}>P2 - P1</a>
<a onClick={navigation} val={"P2p2"}>P2 - P2</a>
<br/><br/><br/>
  This is Page 2 - Page 1
  </div>
);
}
```

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# P2p2.jsx

```
import './Style.css';
export default function P2p2({store}){
  function navigation(event){
    store.dispatch({"type": "page","data": event.currentTarget.getAttribute("val")})
  }
return(
  <div>
<a onClick={navigation} val={"Page1"}>Page 1</a>
<a onClick={navigation} val={"P2p1"}>Page 2</a>
<br/><br/><br/>
<a onClick={navigation} val={"P2p1"}>P2 - P1</a>
<a onClick={navigation} val={"P2p2"}>P2-P2</a>
<br/><br/><br/>
This is Page 2 - Page 2
  </div>
);
```

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# Content.jsx

```
import Page1 from "./Page1"
import P2p1 from "./P2p1"
import P2p2 from "./P2p2"
export default function Content({store}){
  function Page(){
    switch(store.getState()){
      case "Page1":
        return (<div> <Page1 store={store}/></div>)
        case "P2p1":
        return (<div> <P2p1 store={store}/></div>)
        case "P2p2":
        return (<div> <P2p2 store={store}/></div>)
        default:
           return (<div> <Page1 store={store}/></div>)
    }
  }
  return(
    <div>
<Page />
    </div>
}
```

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# NavReducer.jsx

```
export default function NavReducer (state="page1",action){
  switch(action.type){
    case"page":
    state = action.data;
    return state;
    default:
      return state;
  }
//action = {"type": "page","data": "page1"}
Style.css
a {
  border: 1px solid yellowgreen;
  padding: 15px;
  margin: 15px;
  background-color: beige;
  border-radius: 20px;
```

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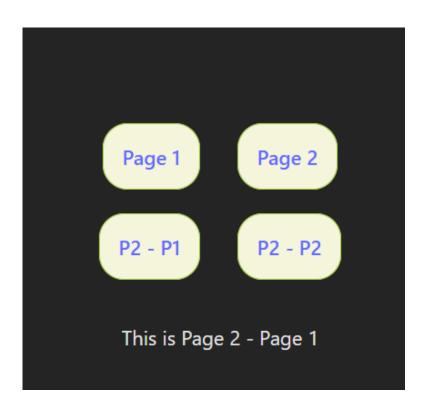
# main.jsx

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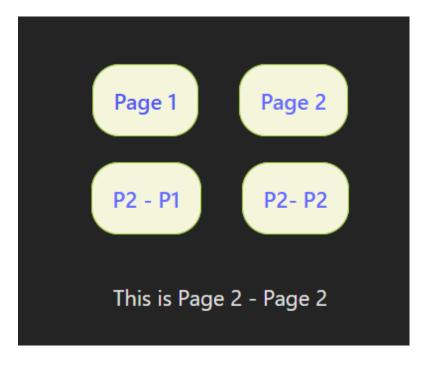
# <mark>Output</mark>





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## **VIVA QUESTIONS:**

- 1. How does Redux help in managing the state of an application?
- Centralizes state management, ensuring consistency.
- Provides predictable state changes via unidirectional data flow.
- Makes debugging easier with time travel and clear separation of concerns.
- 2. List the key components of Redux and their roles?
  - Store: Holds the centralized application state.
  - Actions: Describe state changes.
  - Reducers: Pure functions that define how the state updates.
  - Middleware: Handles side effects like API calls.
  - Dispatch: Sends actions to update state.
  - Subscribers: React to state changes.
- 3. What is the role of reducer and store in any e-commerce application.
- Reducer: Handles logic for actions like adding items to the cart or updating quantities.
- Store: Stores all application data (products, cart, user info) in one place, ensuring consistency.

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- 4. What are the benefits of using Redux in terms of debugging and maintaining application state?
  - Predictable state changes.
  - Redux DevTools for action logging and time travel debugging.
  - Centralized structure simplifies feature addition and bug fixes.
- 5. What is drawback developer need to face without redux?
  - State duplication and inconsistency.
  - · Difficult debugging and scalability.
  - · Tight coupling of components.
  - Harder to manage and sync state across the app.

(For Evaluator's use only)

Comment of the Evaluator (if Any)	Evaluator's Observation  Marks Securedout of 50
	Full Name of the Evaluator:
	Signature of the Evaluator Date of Evaluation:

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