Comparisons

Persistent Array
Persistent LinkedList
Persistent Stack
Persistent Queue
Persistent Search Tree

We have done BenchMarking using: GoogleBenchMark Tool https://github.com/google/benchmark

Persistent Array

Persistent Array

Time Complexity

Here, V = Total No. Of Version, N = Average Length Of The Array

Strategies	Update(index, version, newVal)	RetrieveData(index, version)
Copy_On_Write	O(length_of_array_at_version) ~ O (N)	O(1)
Fat_Node	O(1)	Between O(1) and O(V)[Worst Case] V = number of versions O(1) (Average)
Log_log_time method (Deitz, 1989)	O(log(log(min(n, v))), n = size of array v = number of versions	O(log(log(min(n, v))), n = size of array v = number of versions

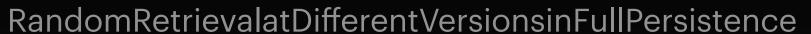
Persistent Array

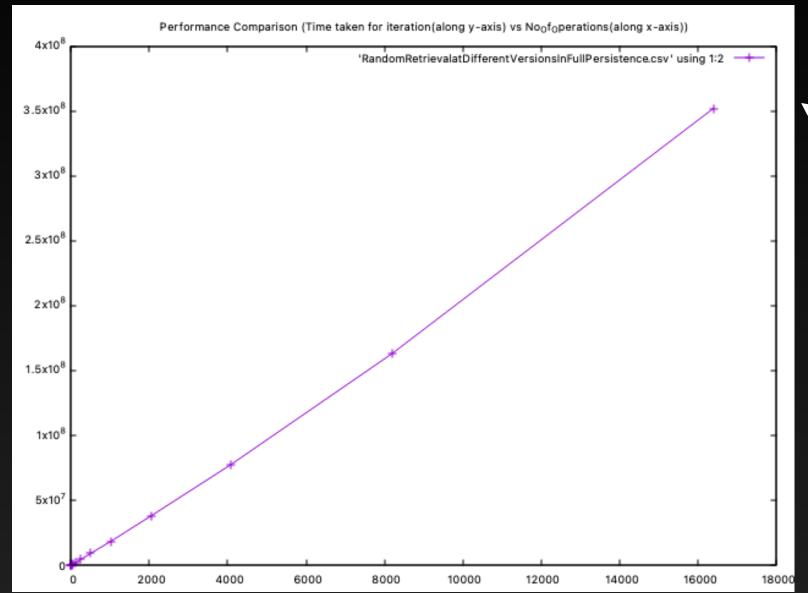
Auxiliary Space

Here, V = Total No. Of Version, N = Average Length Of The Array

Strategies	Category1	Category2
Copy_On_Write	~ O (N^2) To Hold All The Copies of Array At Different Versions	O(V) To Hold The Mapping From Version To Array
Fat_Node	O(N + V) N = size of initial array, V = number of version	O(V) To Hold The Mapping From Version To immediate ancestor version
Log_log_time method (Deitz, 1989)	O(N + V) N = size of initial array, V = number of version	O(V) to arrange the versions in form of list order maintenance tree

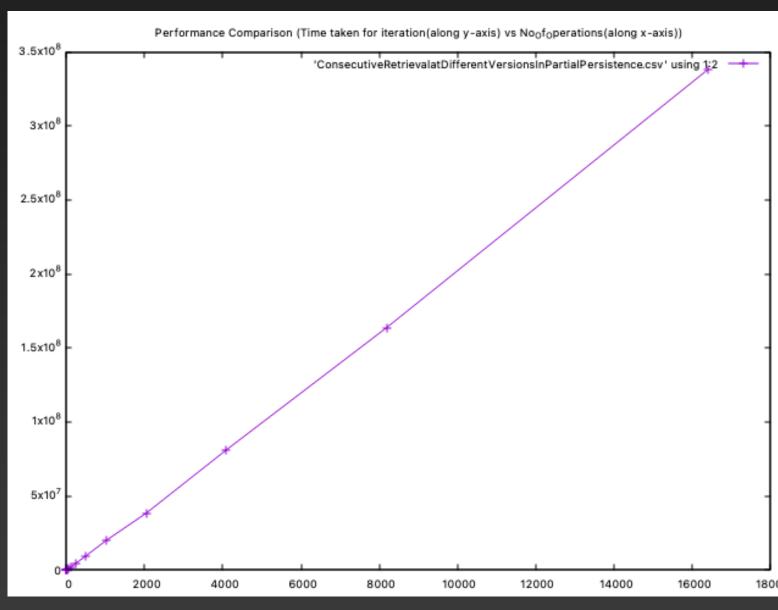
Benchmarking Of FatNode Model



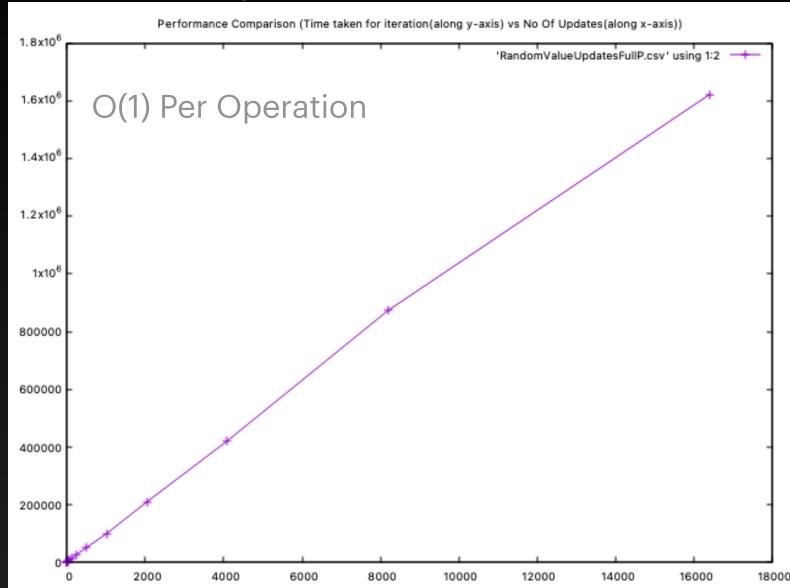


Average O(1) Per Operation

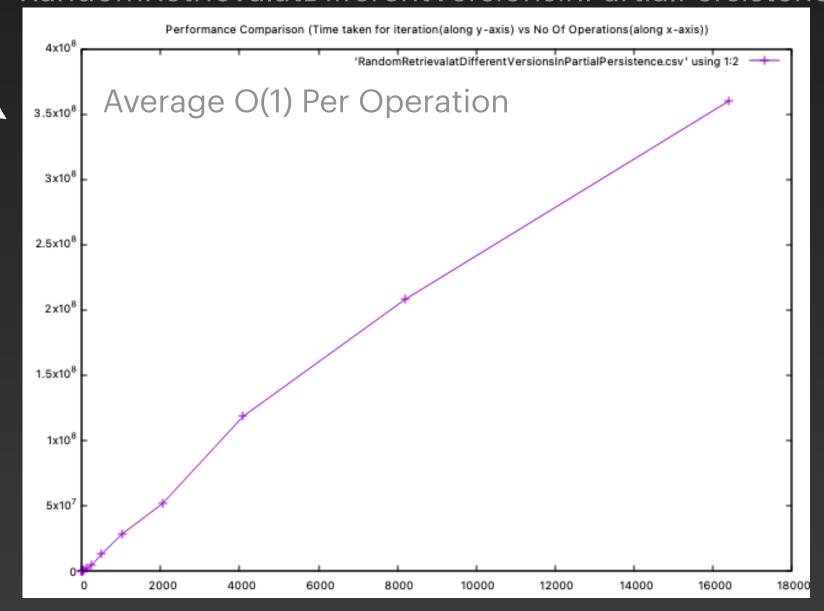
ConsecutiveRetrievalatDifferentVersionsinPartialPersistence



RandomValueUpdatesFullPersistence



RandomRetrievalatDifferentVersionsinPartialPersistence



Partial Persistent Linked List

Partial Persistent Linked List

Time Complexity

Here, V = Total No. Of Version, N = Average Length Of The Linked List Considering All The Versions, m = no. of modifications in a particular position

Strategies	InsertAfter(position) #	DeleteAfter(position) #	UpdateData (position) #	RetrieveData (postition,version)	traverseWholeLL atVer(version)
Fat Node	O(1)	O(1)	O(1)	O(log_x m) [If the versions are stored in a Balanced x_array Tree/ Trie] O(1) [Amortised]	O(N * log_x m)
Path Copying	O(1) for at extreme position O(N) In Average	O(1) for at extreme position O(N) for at Rear	O(1) for at extreme position O(N) for at Rear	O(N)	O(N)
Pointer Machine	O(1) [Amortised]	O(1) [Amortised]	O(1) [Amortised]	O(N)	O(N)
Ephemeral Linked List	O(1)	O(1)	O(1)	O(N) [Only Current Version Supported]	O(N) [Only Current Version Supported]

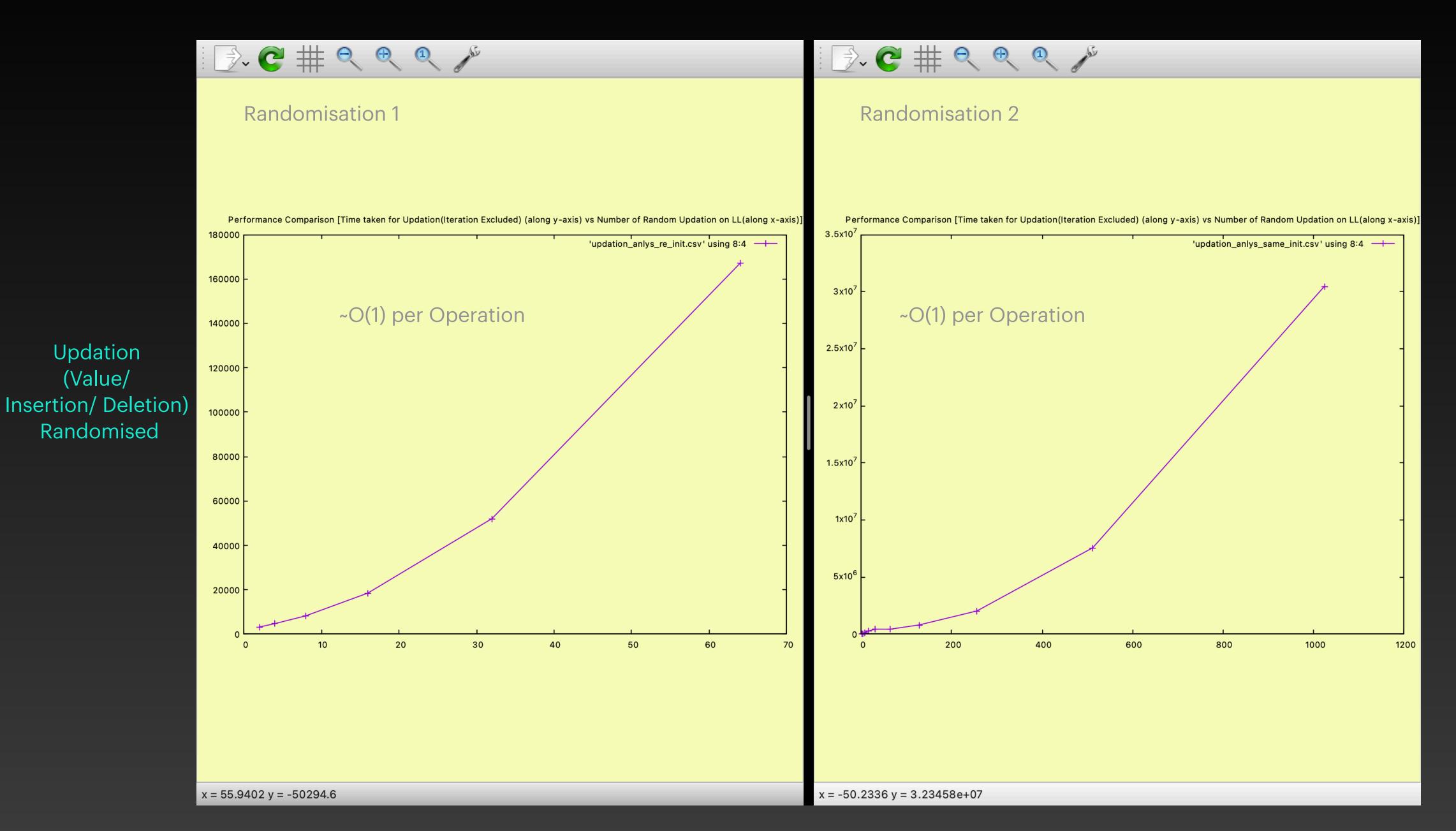
Partial Persistent Linked List

Auxiliary Space

Here, V = Total No. Of Version, N = Average Length Of The Linked List Considering All The Versions

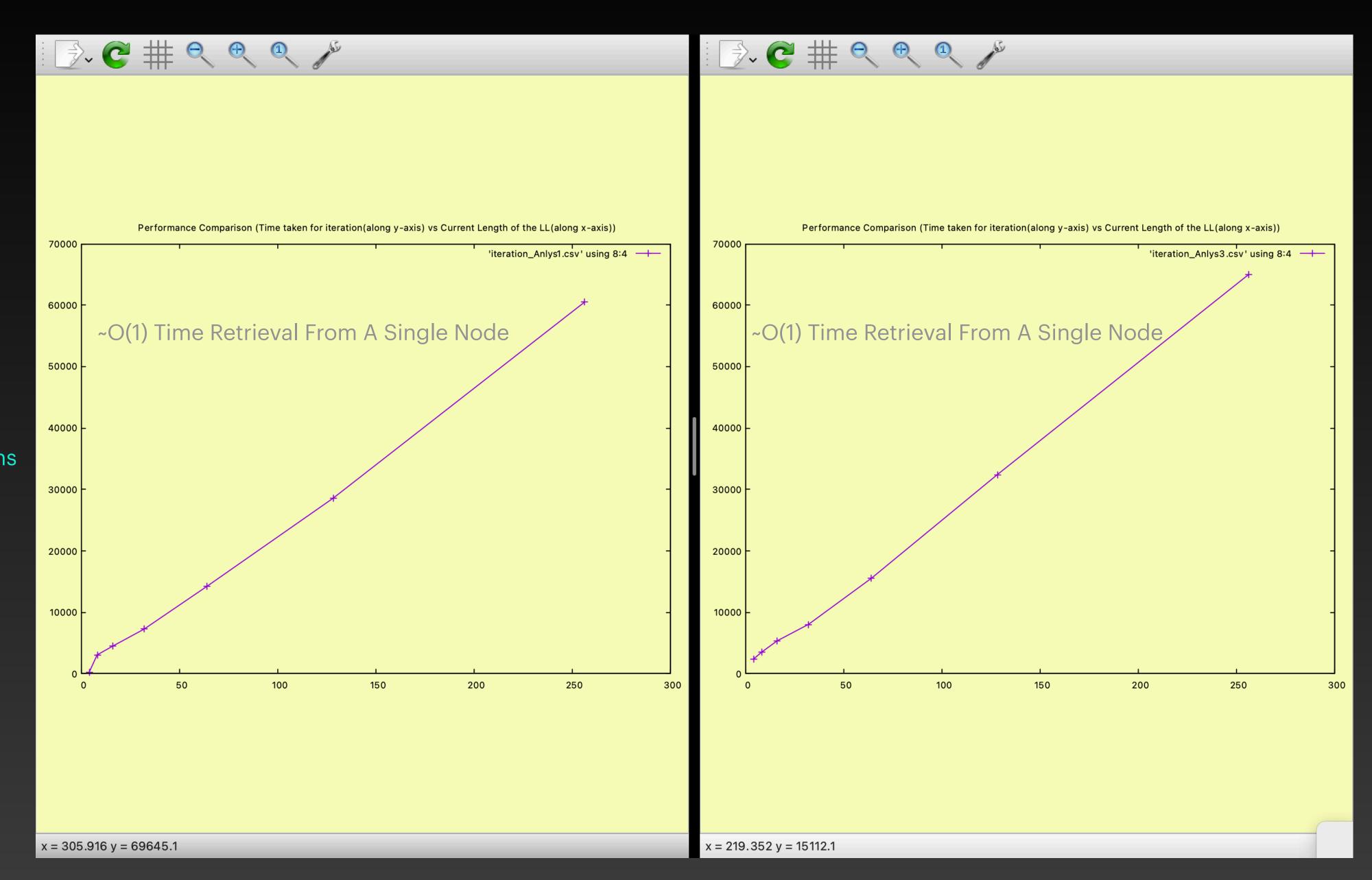
Strategies	Category 1	Category 2
Fat Node	Node Size: # ~ 20byte	O(N + V) to Hold The LinkedList
Path Copying	Node Size: # ~ 12 byte	Best Case: O(N) + O(V) Worst Case: O(N^2) + O(V) to Hold The Tree and Staring Pointers
Pointer Machine	Node Size: # ~ 140 byte	O(V) Amortised to Hold The LinkedList
Ephemeral Linked List	Node Size: # ~ 12 byte	O(N) to Hold The LinkedList

Benchmarking Of Pointer Machine Model



(Value/

Benchmarking Of Pointer Machine Model



Iteration Through
Whole LL
At
Randomised Versions

Full Persistent Linked List

Full Persistent Linked List

Time Complexity

Here, V = Total No. Of Version, N = Average Length Of The Linked List Considering All The Versions

Strategies	InsertAfter(position,ver) #	DeleteAfter(position,ve r) #	UpdateData (position,ver) #	RetrieveData (postition,version)	traverseWholeLL atVer(version)
Fat Node Pointer Machine [With List Maintenance]	O(1) [Amortized] + O(1) [Amortized] [amortised O(1) due for look up and insertions at version tree]	O(1) [Amortized] + O(1) [Amortized] [amortised O(1) due for look up and insertions at version tree]	O(1) [Amortized] + O(1) [Amortized] [amortised O(1) due for look up and insertions at version tree]	O(N) + O(1) [Amortized] [additional amortised O(1) due for look up at version tree]	O(N) * O(1) [additional amortised O(1) due for look up / insertions at version tree]
Path Copying	O(1) for at front O(N) for at Rear	O(1) for at front O(N) for at Rear	O(1) for at front O(N) for at Rear	O(N)	O(N)
Pointer Machine [With List Maintenance]	O(1) [Amortised]	O(1) [Amortised]	O(1) [Amortised]	O(N)	O(N)
Ephemeral Linked List	O(1) [Only Current Version Supported]	O(1) [Only Current Version Supported]	O(1) [Only Current Version Supported]	O(N) [Only Current Version Supported]	O(N) [Only Current Version Supported]

Full Persistent Linked List

Auxiliary Space

Here, V = Total No. Of Version, N = Average Length Of The Linked List Considering All The Versions

Strategies	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3
Fat Node Pointer Machine [With List Maintenance]	Node Size: # ~ 20byte	O(N + V) to Hold The LinkedList	O(V) to hold the Version Tree Here A ScapeGoat Tree
Path Copying	Node Size: # ~ 12 byte	Best Case: O(N) + O(V) Worst Case: O(N^2) + O(V) to Hold The Tree and Staring Pointers	<u>-</u>
Pointer Machine [With List Maintenance]	Node Size: # ~ 200 byte	O(V) [Amortised] to Hold The LinkedList	O(V) to hold the Version Tree Here A ScapeGoat Tree
Ephemeral Linked List	Node Size: # ~ 12 byte	O(N) to Hold The LinkedList	

to store 4 byte Integer | 8 Bye pointers

Persistent Stack

Persistent Stack

Time Complexity

Here, V = Total No. Of Version, N = Average Length Of The Stack Considering All The Versions

Strategies	push(data, version)	pop(version)	getTop(ver)
Using PPL with PM Model	O(1)	O(1)	O(1)
DAG Model	O(1)	O(1)	O(1)
Ephemeral std::stack (C++)	O(1) [Only Current Version Supported]	O(1) [Only Current Version Supported]	O(1) [Only Current Version Supported]

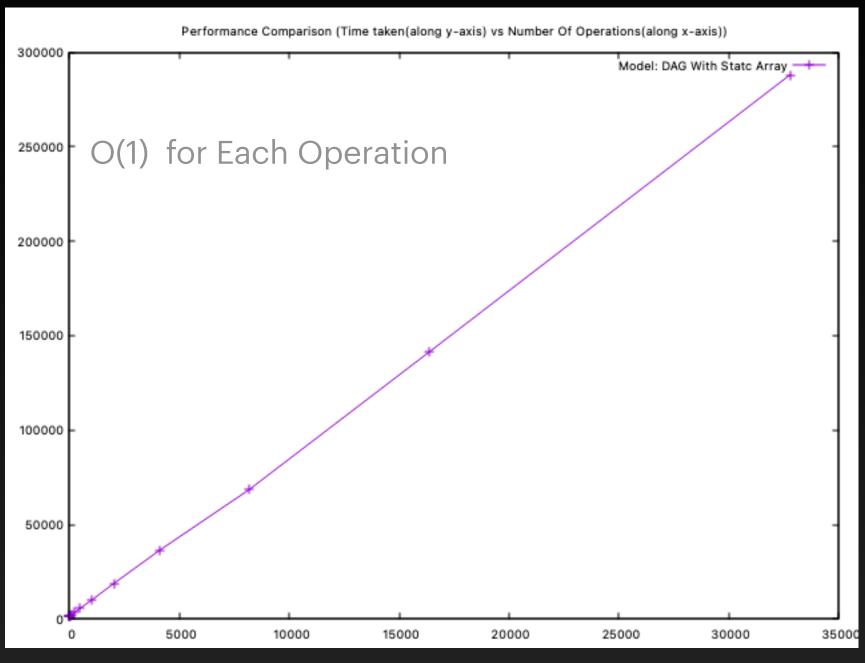
Persistent Stack

Auxiliary Space

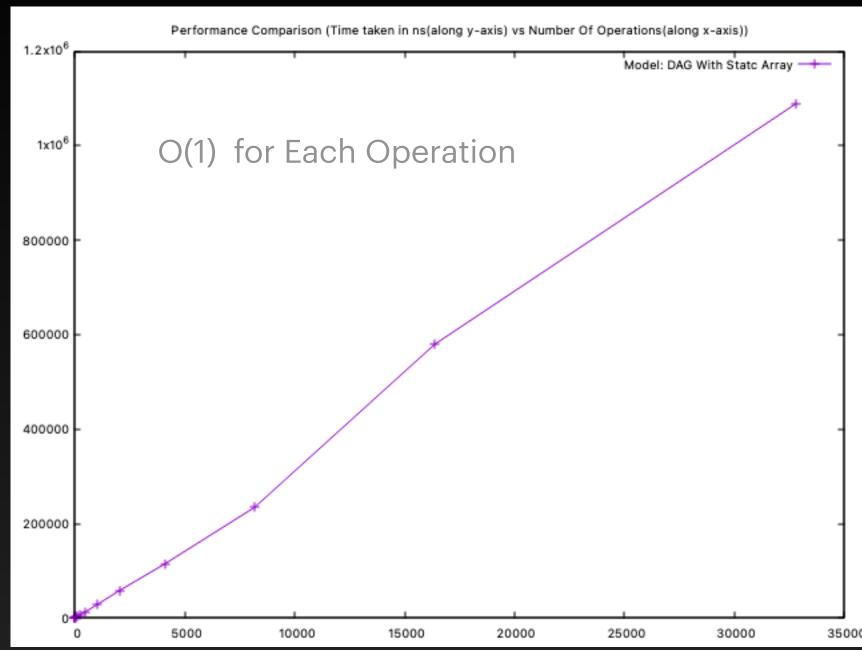
Here, V = Total No. Of Version, N = Average Length Of The Stack Considering All The Versions

Strategies	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3
Using PPL with PM Model	O(V) [Amortized] To Hold The Linked List		
DAG Model	O(V) To Hold The MAP/DAG		
Ephemeral std::stack (C++)	O(N)		<u>-</u>

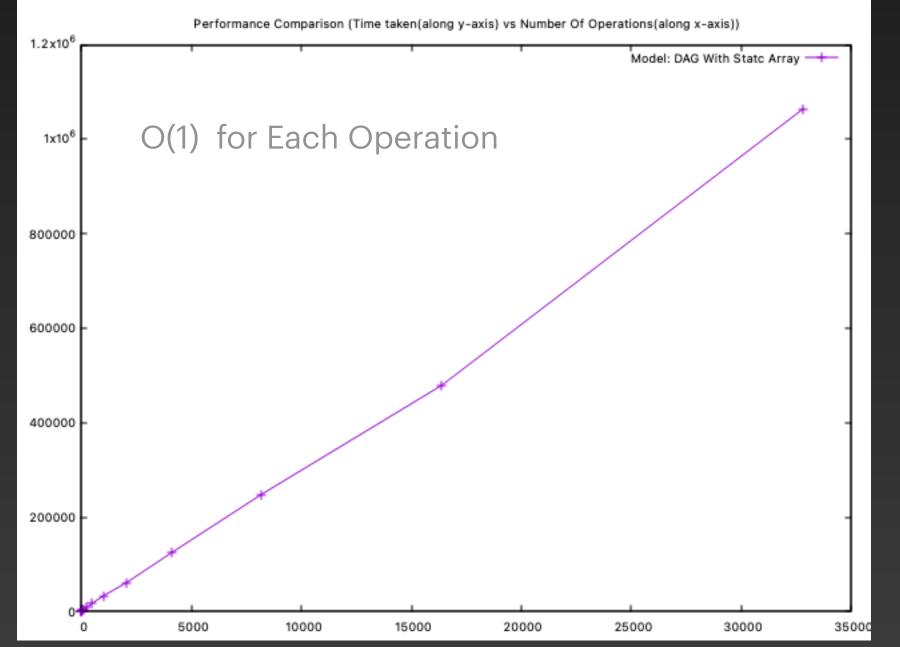
Benchmarking Of DAG Model



Simulation Of Full Persistence



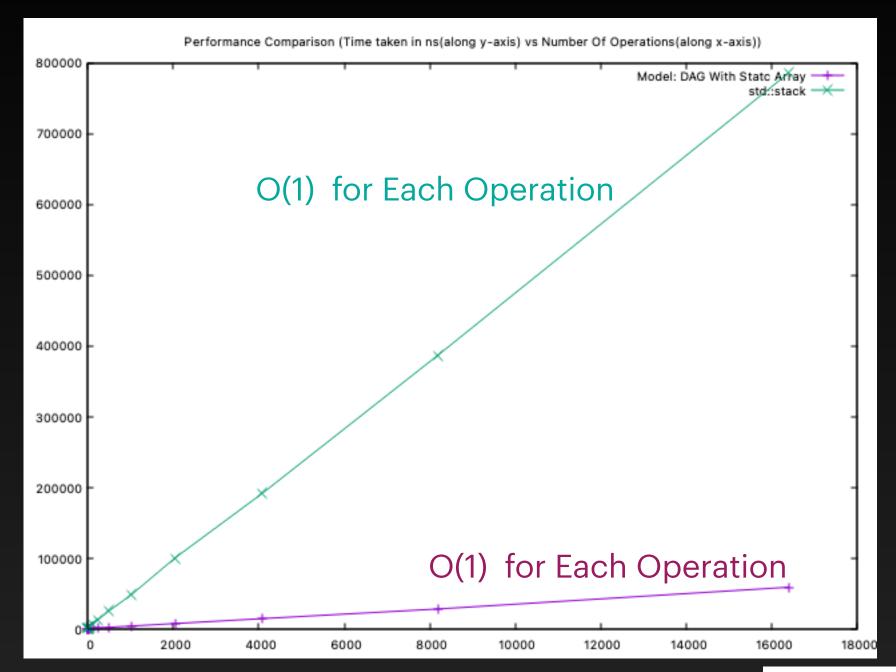
OnlyPush In Randomised Versions



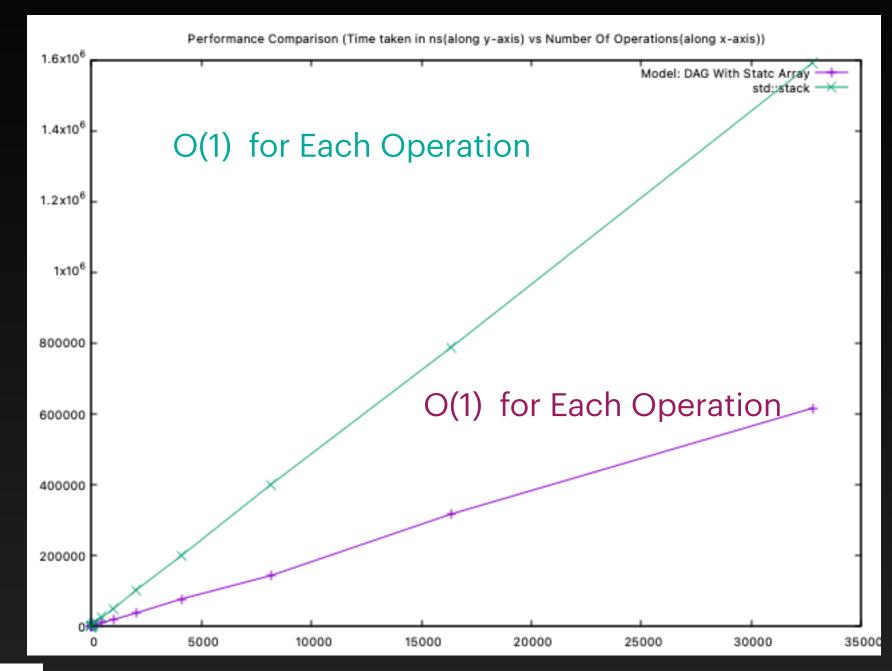
Randomised Push/Pop In Randomised Versions

OnlyPop In Randomised Versions (Pushing Operation is Not Time Profiled)

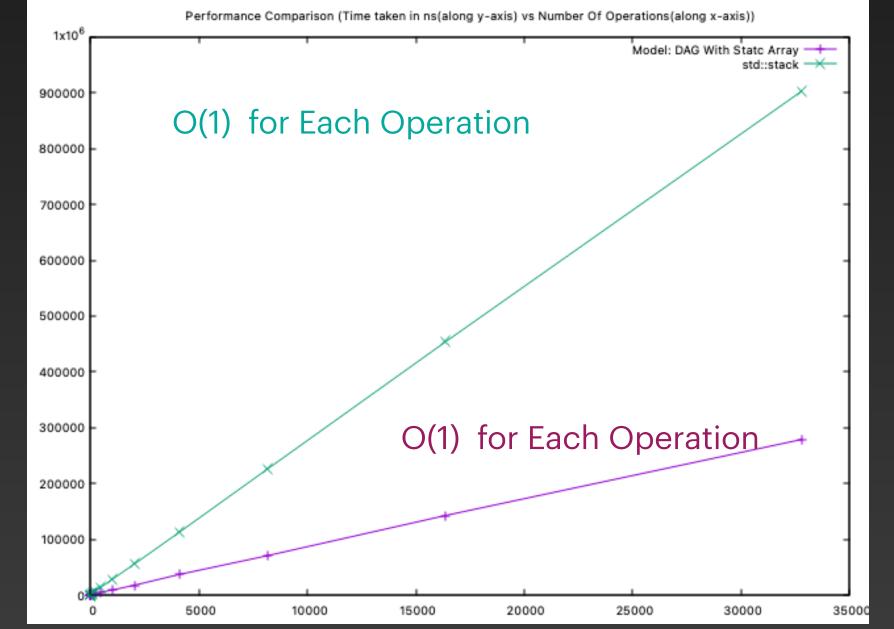
Benchmarking: DAG Model Vs std::stack



Simulation Of Partial Persistence



OnlyPush In latest Versions

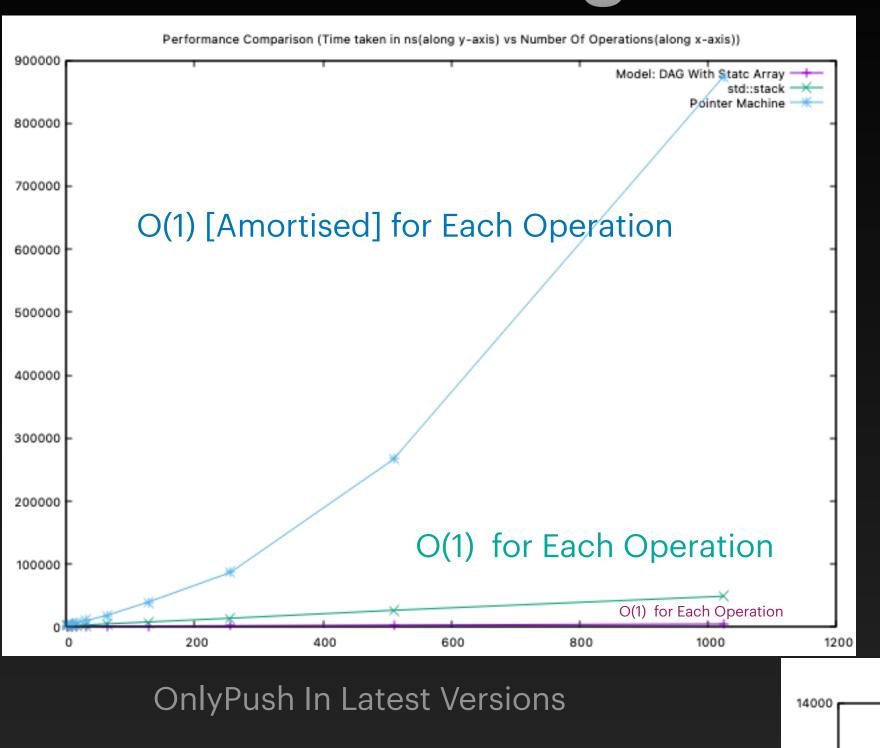


Randomised Push/Pop In Latest Versions

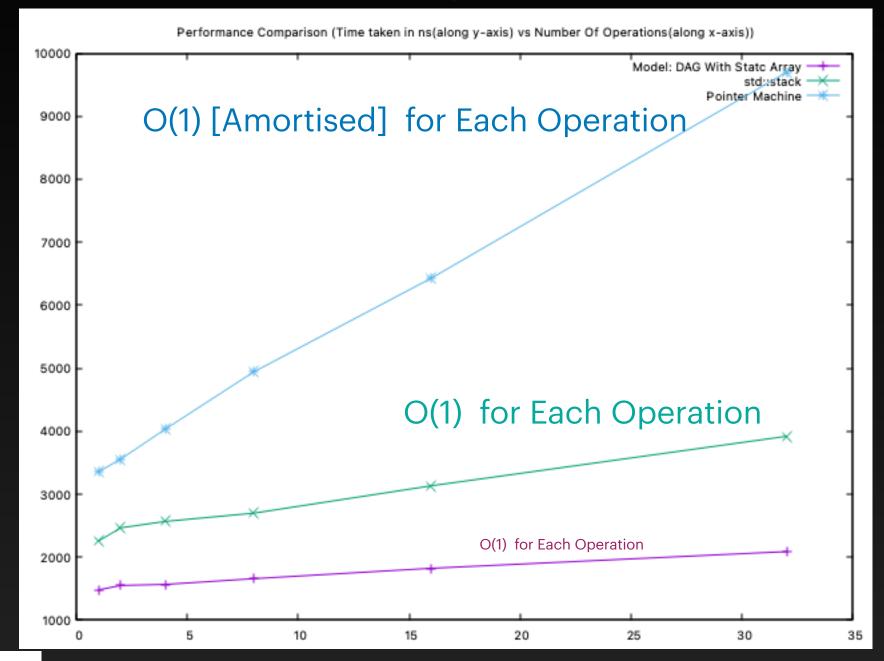
NOTE: We Used Static Array To Handle
In DAG Model, So, It Is Slightly Faster Than
Std::Stack

OnlyPop In Latest Versions (Pushing Operation is Not Time Profiled)

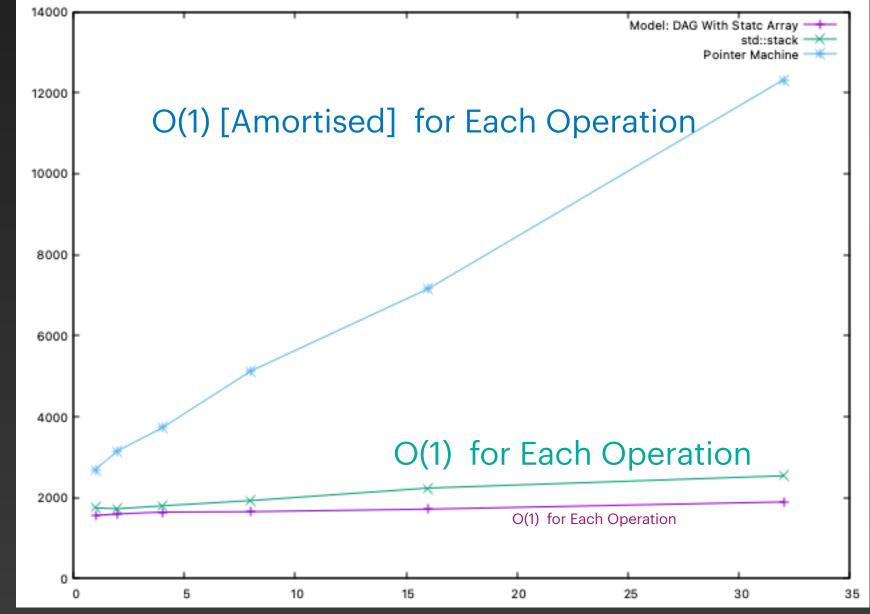
Benchmarking: DAG Model Vs std::stack Vs Stack_Using_PM_PPL



Simulation Of Partial Persistence



Randomised Push/Pop In Latest Versions



Performance Comparison (Time taken in ns(along y-axis) vs Number Of Operations(along x-axis))

NOTE: We Used Static Array To Handle In DAG Model, So, It Is Slightly Faster Than Std::Stack OnlyPop In Latest Versions (Pushing Operation is Not Time Profiled)

Persistent Queue

Persistent Queue

Time Complexity

Here, V = Total No. Of Version, N = Average Length Of The Queue Considering All The Versions

Strategies	enqueue(data, version)	dequeue(version)	getFront(ver)	getRear(rear)
Using PPL with PM Model	O(1)	O(1) [Amortized]	O(1)	O(1)
Reduced Sparse Matrix Model	O(log v) [Here v is current version] O((log V!)/V) ~ O(1)	O(log v) [In Average Case] O(v * log v) [In Worst Case]	O(1) [In Average Case] O(log v) [In Worst Case]	O(1)
Threaded_FPQ #	~O(1)	~O(1)	~O(1)	~O(1)
Ephemeral std::queue (C++)	O(1) [Only Current Version Supported]	O(1) [Only Current Version Supported]	O(1) [Only Current Version Supported]	O(1) [Only Current Version

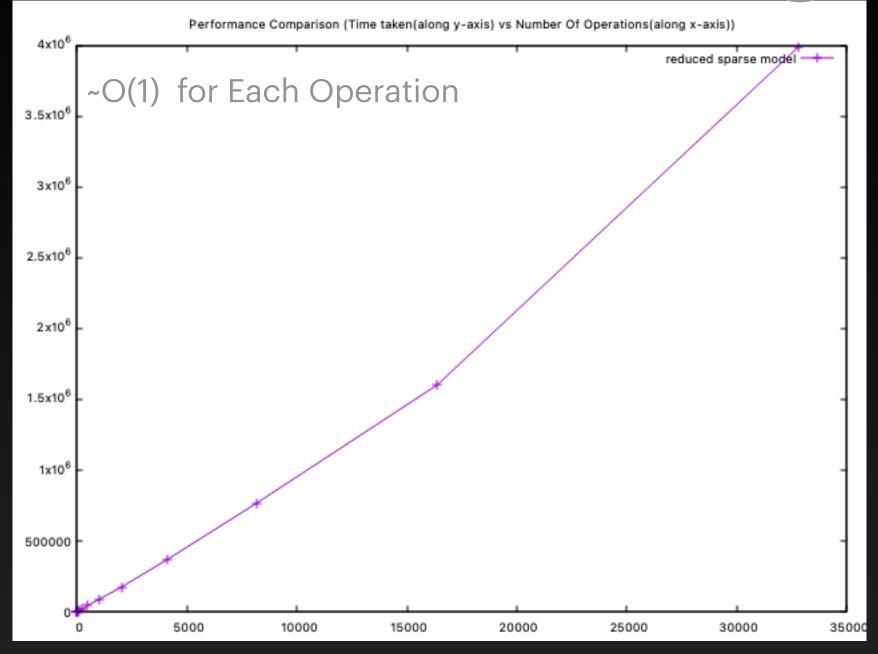
Persistent Queue

Auxiliary Space

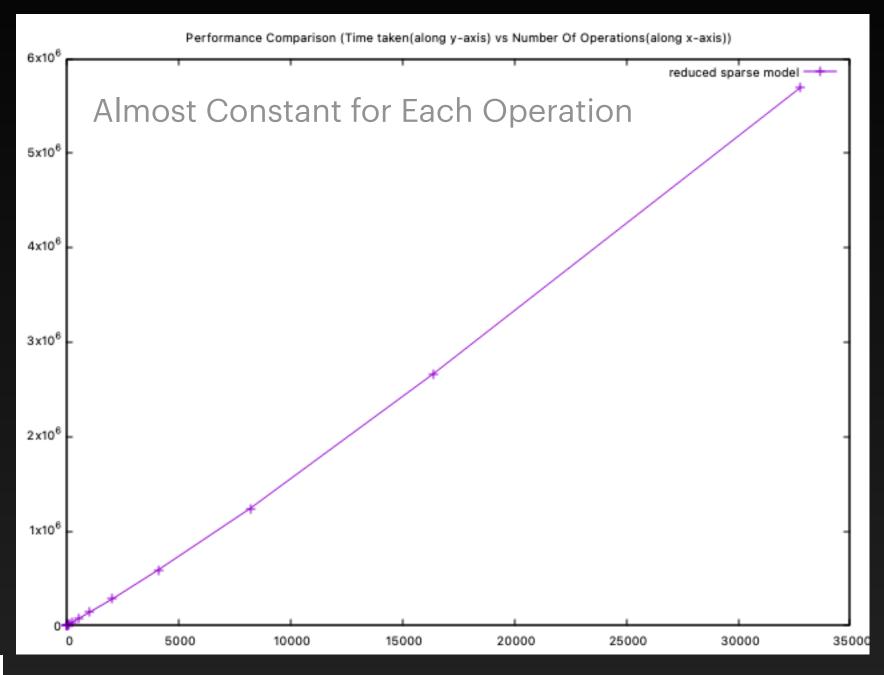
Here, V = Total No. Of Version, N = Average Length Of The Queue Considering All The Versions

Strategies	Category 1	Category 2		Category 3
Using PPL with PM Model	O(V) [Amortized] To Hold The Linked List	O(V) to Hold The MAP for version->rear		
Reduced Sparse Matrix Model	• O (V + log (V!)) to Hold The UP_TABLE	• O (V) to Hold the MAP	• O (V) to Hold the TYPE_OF_VER	
Threaded FPQ	O(no_of_enqueues = n) to Hold The Nodes	O(V) to Hold The Versions	O(1) [Best Case] O(log V) [Balanced Average Case , O(N*V) [Worst Case] To Hold The Thread Directions	Disadvantage Very Low I/O Rate due to Heavy Access To The Heap Memory
Ephemeral std::queue (C+ +)	O(N)			-

Benchmarking Of Reduced Sparse Matrix Model

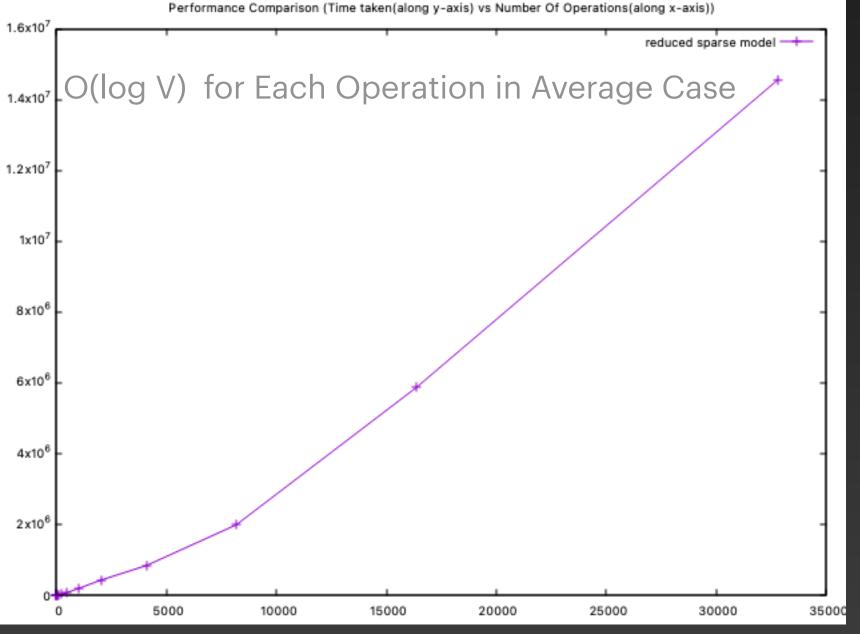


Simulation Of Full Persistence



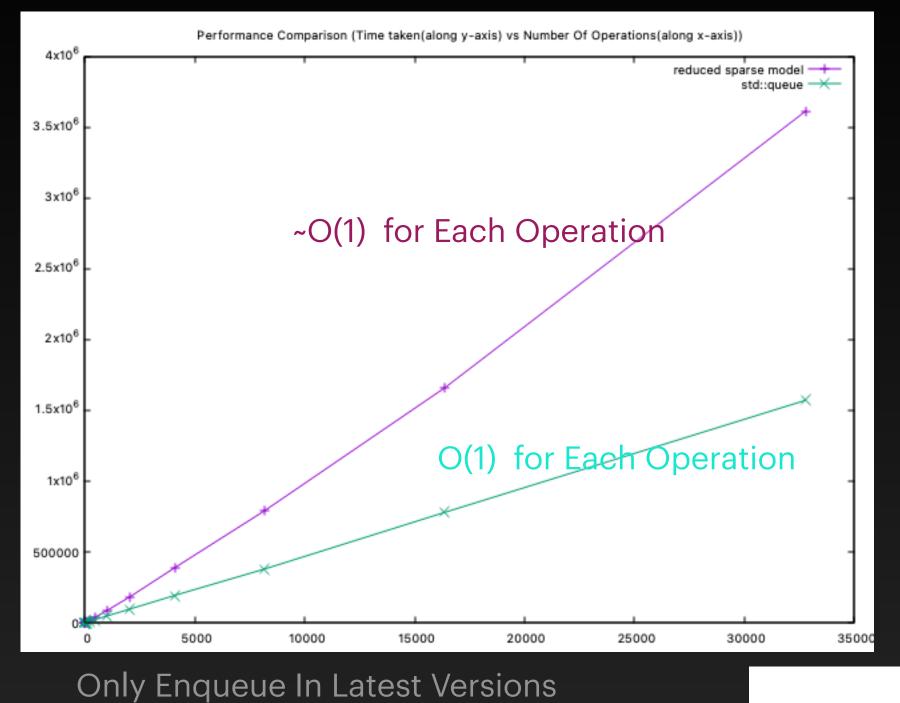
Randomised Enque/Deque In Randomised Versions



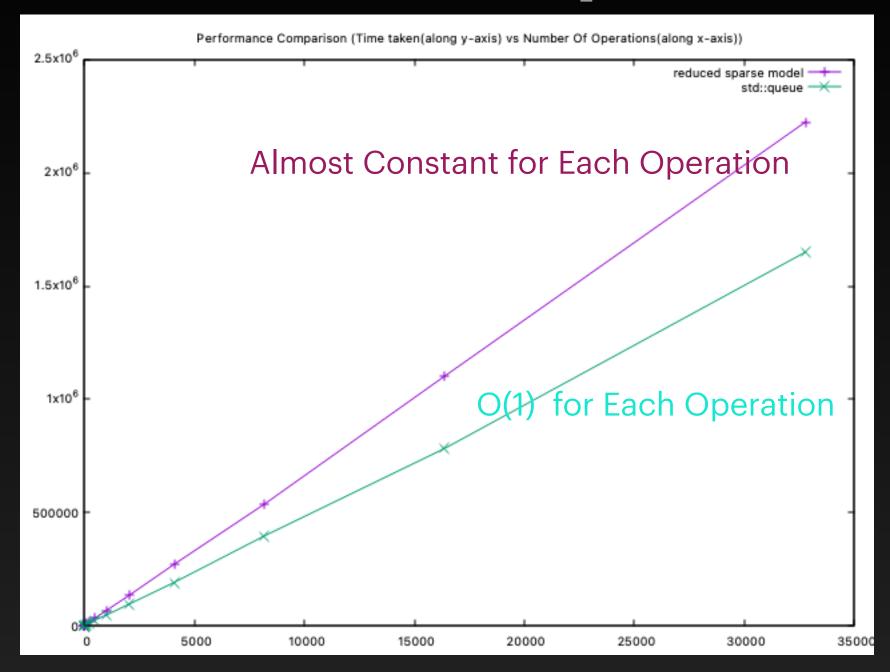


Only Deque In Randomised Versions (Enqueuing Operation is Not Time Profiled)

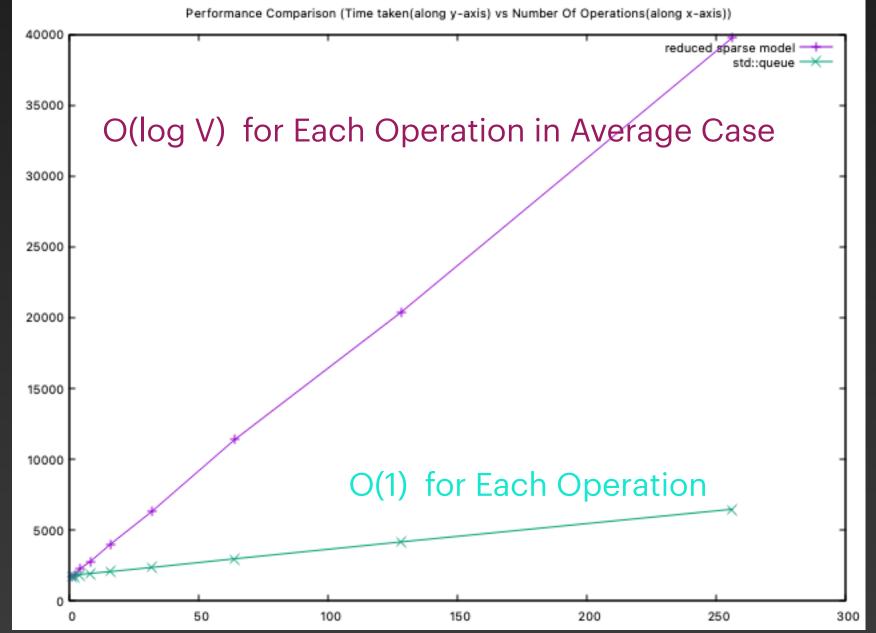
Benchmarking: Reduced Sparse Matrix Model vs std::queue



Simulation Of Partial Persistence

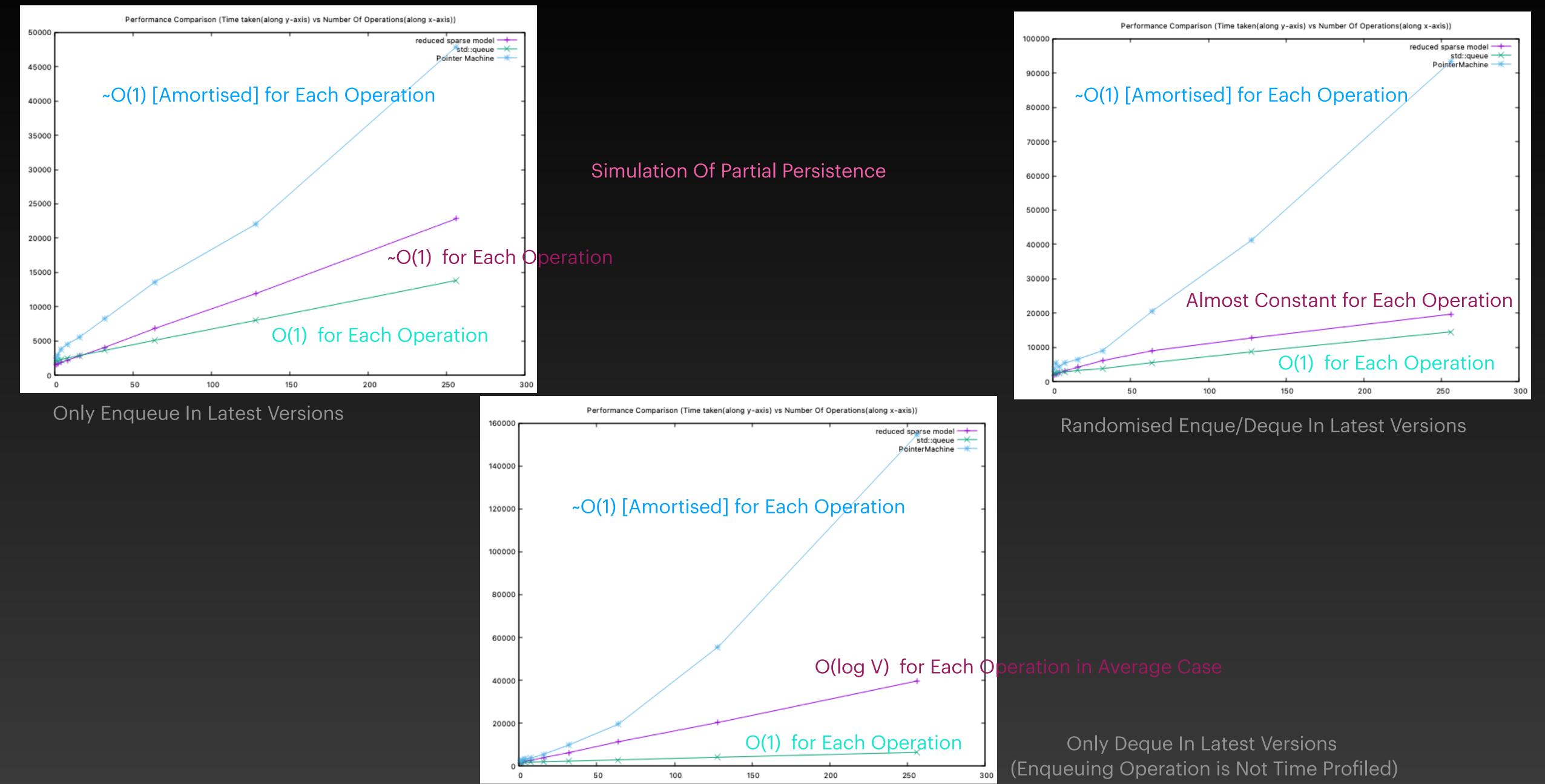


Randomised Enque/Deque In Latest Versions

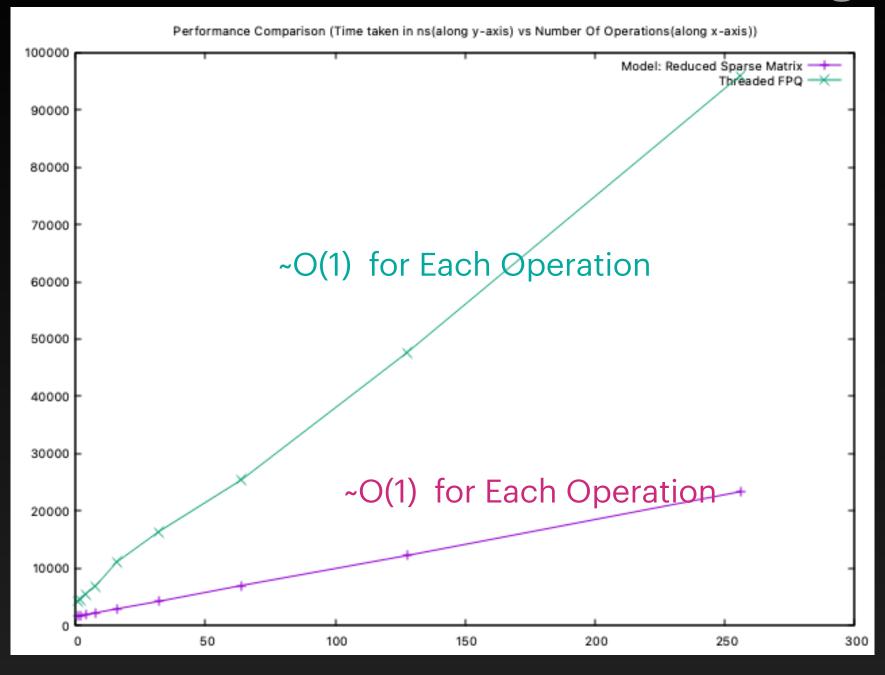


Only Deque In Latest Versions (Enqueuing Operation is Not Time Profiled)

Benchmarking: Reduced Sparse Matrix Model vs std::queue Vs Queue_Using_PM_PPL

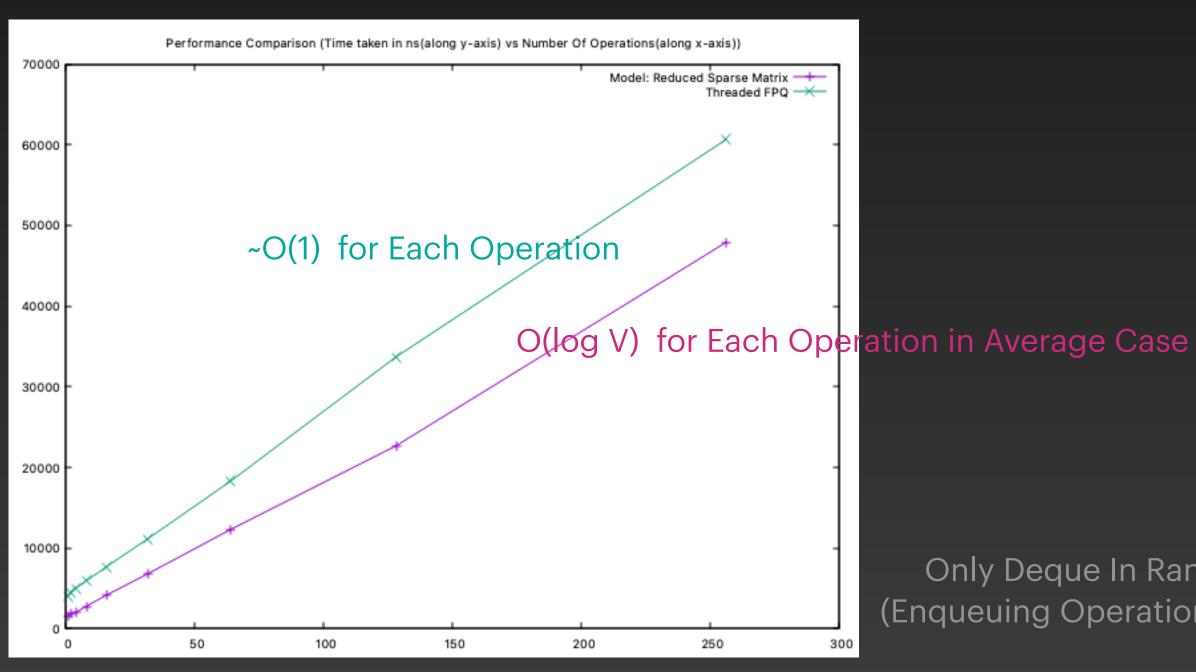


Benchmarking: Reduced Sparse Matrix Model Vs Threaded FPQ

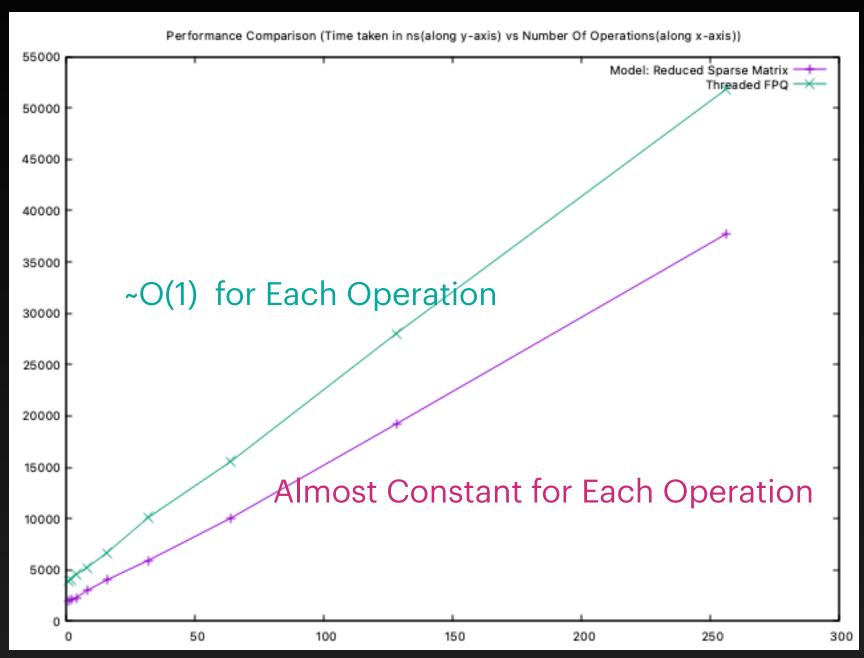


Simulation Of Full Persistence



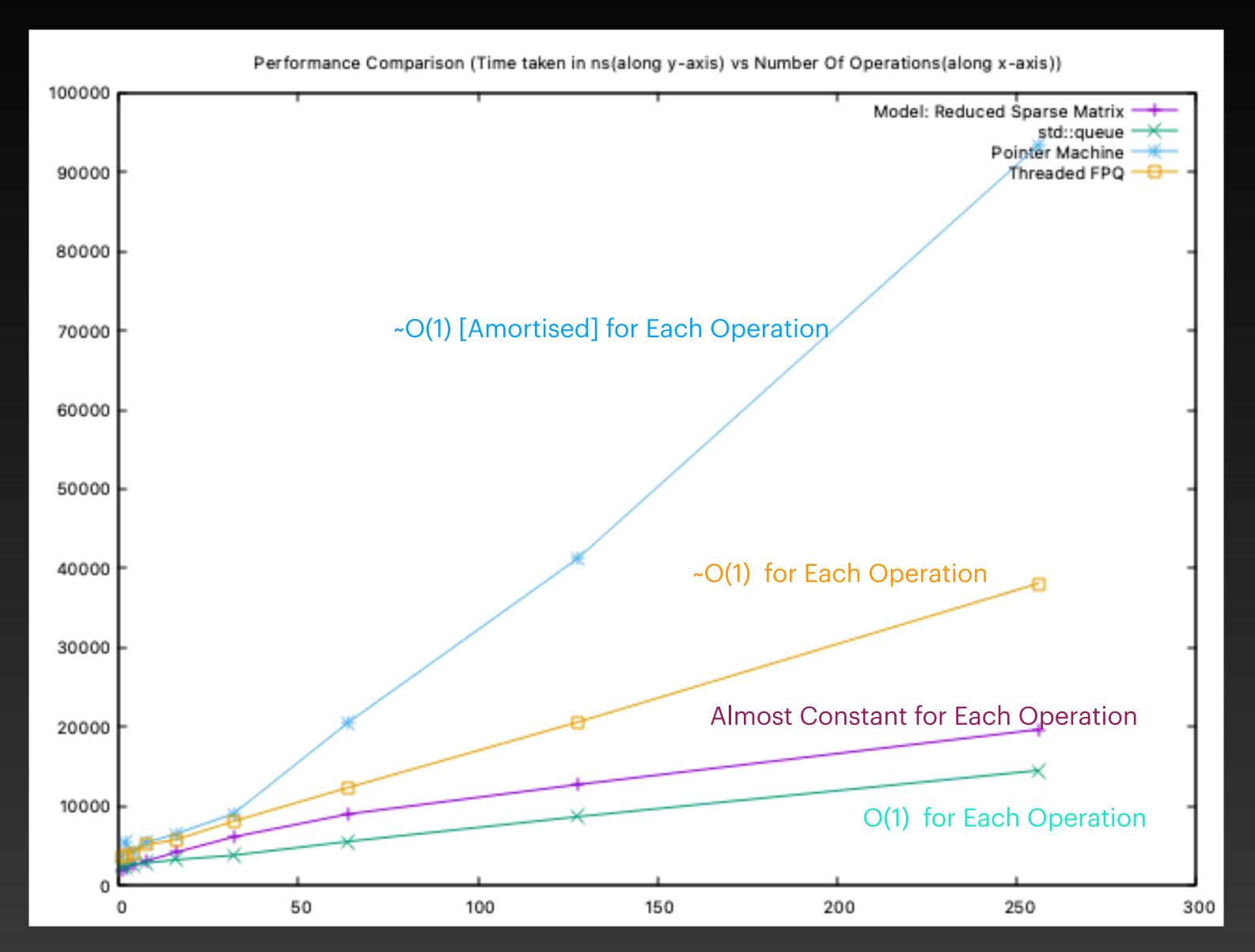


Only Deque In Randomised Versions (Enqueuing Operation is Not Time Profiled)



Randomised Enque/Deque In Randomised Versions

Benchmarking: Reduced Sparse Matrix Model vs std::queue Vs Queue_Using_PM_PPL vs Threaded FPQ

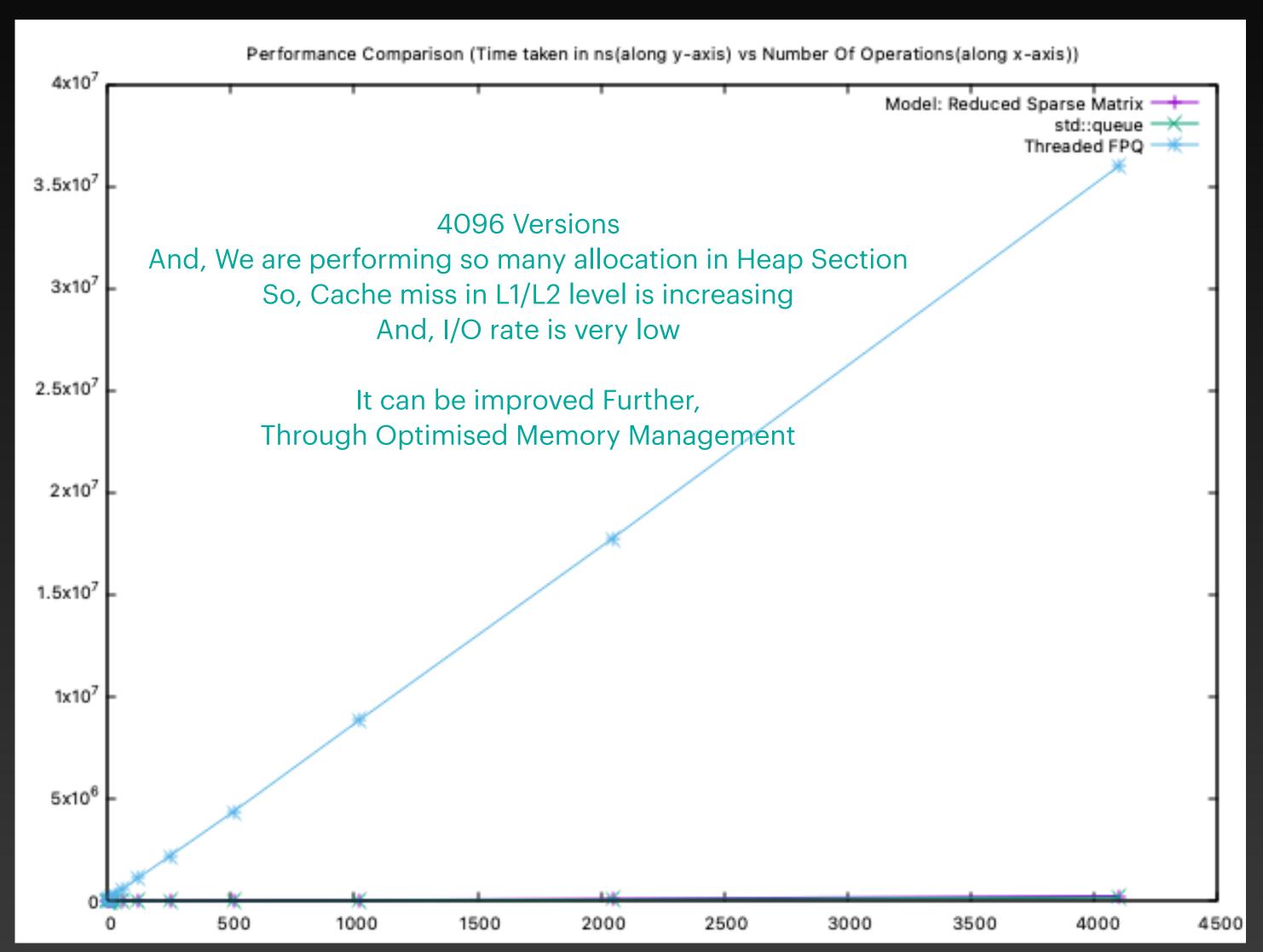


Simulation Of Partial Persistence

Randomised Enque/Dequeue In Consecutive Versions

Issue With Threaded FPQ Model ...

Low I/O Rate Due to poor memory management in C



Issue With Threaded FPQ Model ... / BenchMarking Data

```
~/Desktop/programming/XcodePrj/CM_SIR_PROJECT/Annannyo_q2 — -zsh
                                                                                                ~/Desktop/persistent/MyCode/BenchMarkingWithGoogleBenchmark/src/main/gpp_run/QUEUE_Anannyo — -zsh
  L1 Data 48 KiB (x4)
  L1 Instruction 32 KiB (x4)
  L2 Unified 512 KiB (x4)
  L3 Unified 6144 KiB (x1)
Load Average: 1.40, 1.98, 2.12
                               Time
Benchmark
                                                      Iterations UserCounters...
                           19629 ns
BM QUEUE Wraper/1
                                           19169 ns
                                                            46360 items_per_second=52.167k/s 1
                                                            20668 items_per_second=63.3589k/s 2
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/2
                           32168 ns
                                           31566 ns
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/4
                           53112 ns
                                                            12222 items_per_second=76.59k/s 4
                                           52226 ns
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/8
                          93951 ns
                                                            7158 items_per_second=86.1592k/s 8
                                           92851 ns
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/16
                         171014 ns
                                          169404 ns
                                                            4016 items_per_second=94.4486k/s 16
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/32
                         312674 ns
                                          310172 ns
                                                            2236 items_per_second=103.169k/s 32
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/64
                         602828 ns
                                          599170 ns
                                                            1174 items_per_second=106.815k/s 64
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/128
                        1180954 ns
                                         1171348 ns
                                                             587 items_per_second=109.276k/s 128
                        2344332 ns
                                                             295 items_per_second=109.807k/s 256
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/256
                                         2331366 ns
                                                             152 items_per_second=111.813k/s 512
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/512
                        4598501 ns
                                         4579066 ns
                                                              71 items per second=113.071k/s 1024
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/1024
                        9090952 ns
                                         9056254 ns
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/2048
                        19536364 ns
                                        19327947 ns
                                                               38 items_per_second=105.961k/s 2048
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/4096
                                        39580063 ns
                        40346193 ns
                                                              16 items_per_second=103.486k/s 4096
BM_QUEUE_Wraper_BigO
                        9733.55 N
                                         9571.93 N
BM_QUEUE_Wraper_RMS
                              5 %
                                               4 %
(base) debasmitroy@DEBASMITs-MacBook-Air QUEUE_Anannyo % g++ FP_QUEUE_MAIN_ENQ.cpp -std=c++11 -isystem benchmark/include \-Lbenchmark/build/src -lbenchmark -lpthread -o mybenchma
rk
ld: warning: directory not found for option '-Lbenchmark/build/src'
(base) debasmitroy@DEBASMITs-MacBook-Air QUEUE_Anannyo % ./mybenchmark --benchmark_out="rand_eng_FP_256.csv" --benchmark_out_format=csv
2022-01-23T12:29:27+05:30
Running ./mybenchmark
Run on (8 X 1100 MHz CPU s)
CPU Caches:
  L1 Data 48 KiB (x4)
  L1 Instruction 32 KiB (x4)
  L2 Unified 512 KiB (x4)
  L3 Unified 6144 KiB (x1)
Load Average: 1.51, 1.93, 2.10
                                                         198018 items_per_second=233.318k/s 1
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/1
                           4349 ns
                                           4286 ns
                                                         140919 items_per_second=426.455k/s 2
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/2
                           4823 ns
                                           4690 ns
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/4
                                           5563 ns
                                                         132090 items_per_second=719.071k/s 4
                           5671 ns
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/8
                                                          80764 items_per_second=1.1357M/s 8
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/16
                                                          73691 items_per_second=1.43769M/s 16
                         11422 ns
                                          11129 ns
                                                          42350 items_per_second=1.95348M/s 32
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/32
                         16605 ns
                                          16381 ns
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/64
                         25580 ns
                                                          26858 items_per_second=2.51378M/s 64
                                          25460 ns
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/128
                         48136 ns
                                                          14310 items_per_second=2.67998M/s 128
                                          47762 ns
BM_QUEUE_Wraper/256
                         97095 ns
                                          95942 ns
                                                           7683 items_per_second=2.66827M/s 256
BM_QUEUE_Wraper_BigO
                         382.95 N
                                          378.79 N
BM_QUEUE_Wraper_RMS
                                             14 %
                                                     1
                            15 %
```

Wery Poor I/O Rate @ 4096 Versions

Very decent I/O Rate

@ 256 Versions

Persistent Search Tree

Persistent Search Tree

Time Complexity

Here, V = Total No. Of Version, N = Average Number Of Elements in The Tree Considering All The Versions

Strategies	Updation/Insertion/ Deletion of Data	Retrieval Of Data
Path Copying With Normal BST	O(N) in Worst Case O(1) in Best Case	O(V) + O(N) in Worst Case O(V) + O(1) in Best Case
Path Copying With AVL/RB Tree	O(log2N) in Worst Case O(1) in Best Case	O(V) + O(log2N) in Worst Case O(V) + O(1) in Best Case
Path Copying With Hash Array Mapped Trie	O(log32_(2^64))~O(12)	O(V) + O(log32_(2^64))~O(12)
With Pointer Machine	O(1) Amortised	O(1) Amortised

Persistent Search Tree

Auxiliary Space

Here, V = Total No. Of Version, N = Average Number Of Elements in The Tree Considering All The Versions

Strategies	Category 1	Category 2
Path Copying With Normal Threaded BST	Node Size: # ~ 28 byte	O(N + V) to Hold The Tree and Staring Pointers
Path Copying With AVL/RB Tree	Node Size: # ~ 32 byte	O(N + V) to Hold The Tree and Staring Pointers
Path Copying With Bitmaped Hash Array Mapped Trie	Node Size: # ~ (4+4+64*8) byte [Worst Case] ~ (4+4) byte [Best Case]	O(N + V) to Hold The Tree and Staring Pointers
With Pointer Machine	Node Size: # ~ 250 byte	O(N) [Amortised] to Hold The LinkedList

to store 4 byte Integer | 8 Bye pointers

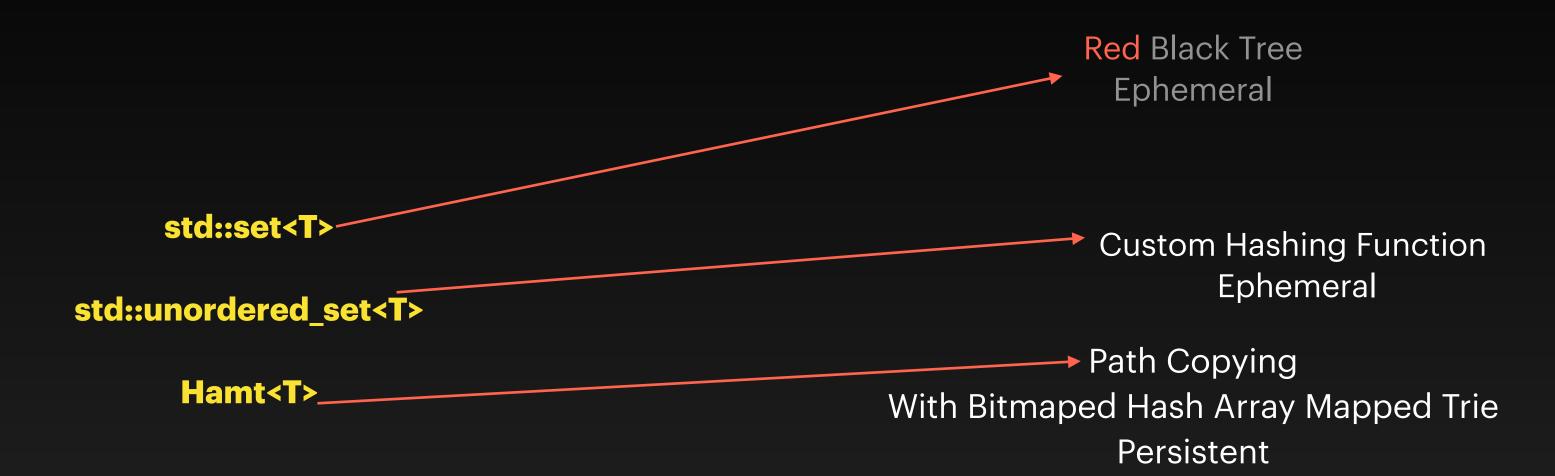
BenchMarking Tool:

Nonius

A C++ micro-benchmarking framework

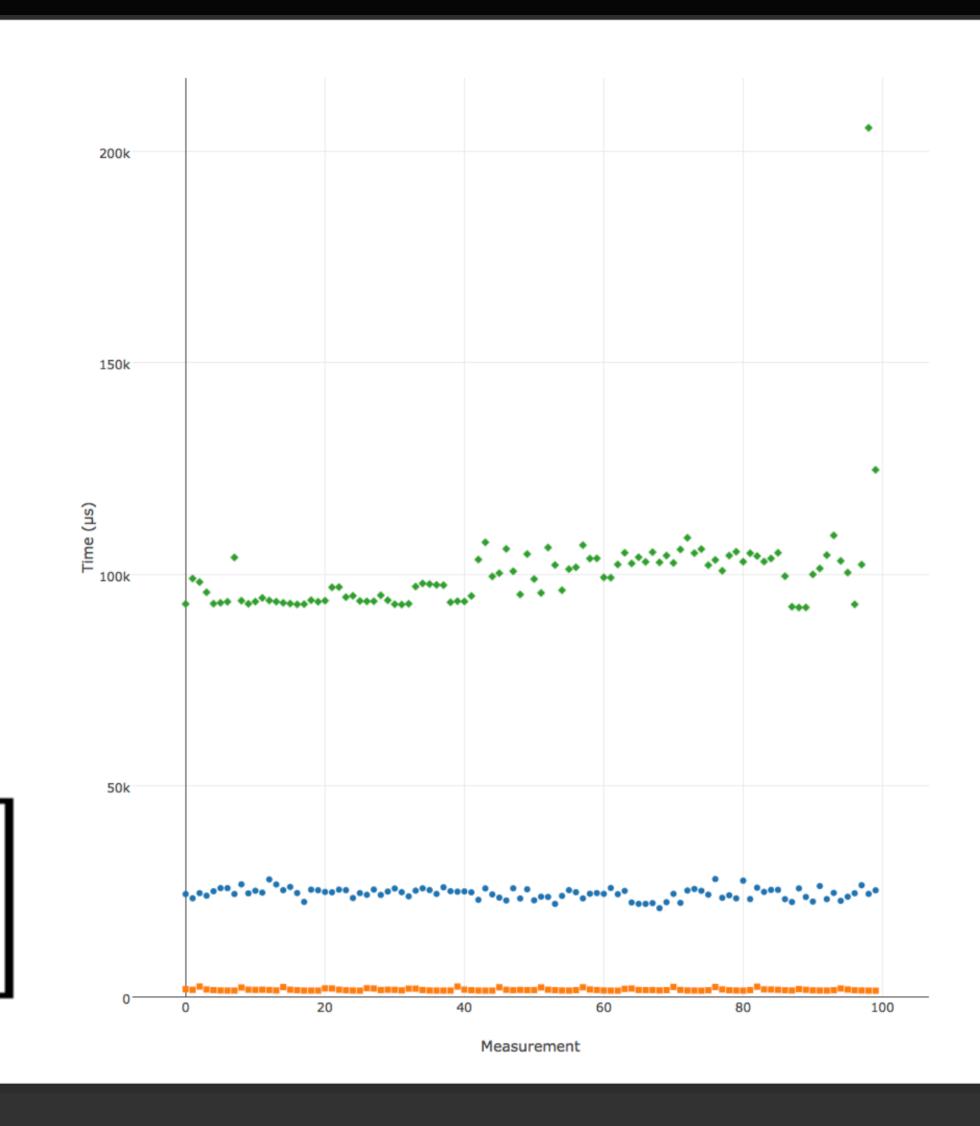
Benchmarking Data Taken From A Talk By Phil Nash, Developer Advocate





insert 100k ints

- set<int>::insert
- unordered_set<int>::insert
- hamt<int>::insert



find 100k ints

- unordered_set<int>::find
- set<int>::find
- hamt<int>::find

