Lesson 16: Describing Categorical Data (Proportions)

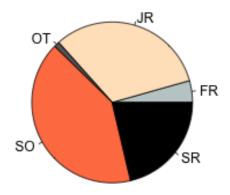
Preparation

Solutions

Please note that the steps show rounded numbers, but that the final answers to the problems are calculated without rounding.

Problem	Part	Solution
1	-	b. Pie Charts
		d. Bar Charts
2	-	$\hat{p} = \frac{x}{n}$
		n = total sample size
		x = number of individuals in sample with the characteristic you are focusing on.
3	-	P or the population proportion
4	-	Standard Deviation of $\hat{p} = \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}$
		n = total sample size
		$p = the true population proportion, which is also the mean of the distribution of \hat{p}$
5	-	Answers may vary: Categorical data groups the individuals in your study into
		categories, while numerical data assigns numbers to the individuals in your study.
		These numbers are a subset of the real numbers and can be discrete or continuous.

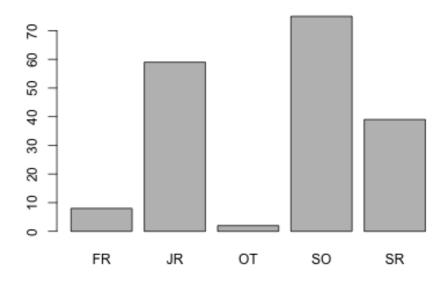
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Problem	Part	Solution
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8	-	Your answers could vary. You could've used proportions to describe the data, described to
		Freshman: Count=8, \hat{p} =0.0437
		Sophmore: Count=75, \hat{p} =0.4098
		Junior : Count=59, \hat{p} =0.3224
		Senior : Count=39, \hat{p} =0.2131
		Other: Count=2, \hat{p} =0.0109
9	A	The mean is 7% or 0.07 in this sample and the standard deviation is 0.0093
9	В	z = 1.073
9	С	Area = 0.1416