Lesson 23: Inference for Bivariate Data

Homework

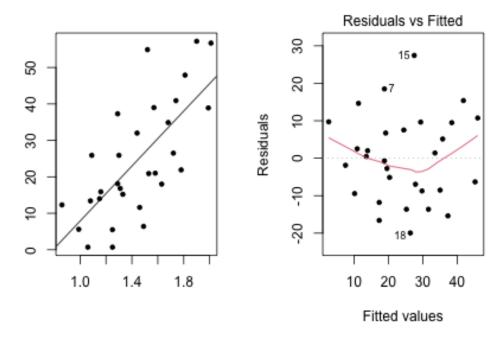
Solutions

3

A

Please note that the steps show rounded numbers, but that the final answers to the problems are calculated without rounding.

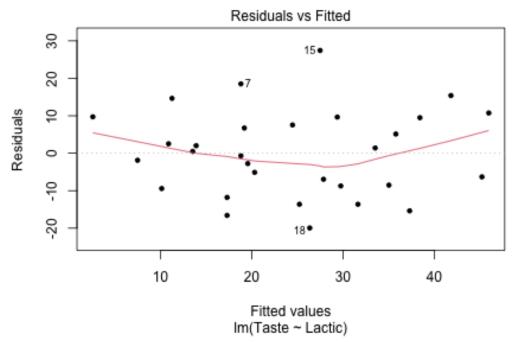
Problem Part		Solution
1	-	Estimated linear regression equation:
		$\hat{Y} = b_0 + b_1 X$
		True linear regression equation:
		$Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X + \epsilon$
2	-	See the wiki for a review of this important concept.



The appropriate graphs to check for a linear relationship are a scatterplot and a residual plot. The scatterplot

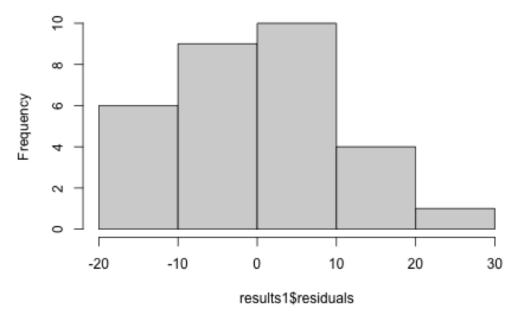
3

В



The appropriate graph to check for constant variance is a residual plot. There is no pattern in the residual p

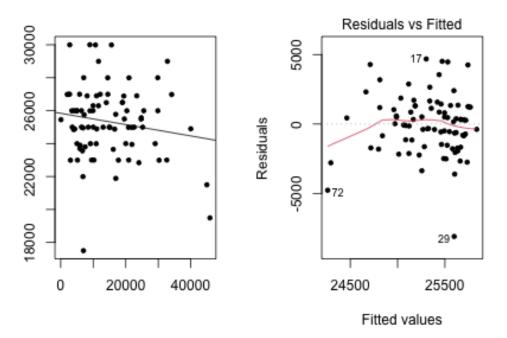
Histogram of results1\$residuals



3 C The appropriate graph to check for a normal error term is a histogram of the residuals. The shape of the histogram r=0.704

 $5 \qquad \hat{Y} = -29.859 + 37.72X$

Problem Part		Solution	
6	-	Y = 49.73	
7	-	(22.999, 52.441) We are 95% confident that the slope of the true true linear regression line of Lactic with Taste is between 22.999 and 52.441.	
8	-	$H_0: eta_1 = 0 \ H_a: eta_1 eq 0$	
9	-	t = 5.249	
10	-	P-value = 0.00001405	
11	-	reject the null hypothesis	
12	-	There is sufficient evidence to suggest that the slope of the true linear regression line does not equal zero. We conclude that there is a linear relationship between the concentration of lactic acid in cheese and the quality of its taste.	



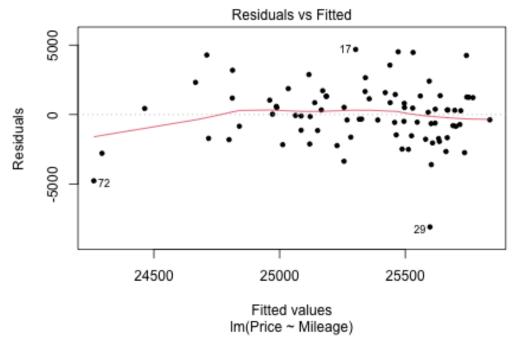
The appropriate graphs to check for a linear relationship are a scatterplot and a residual plot. The scatterple

13

A

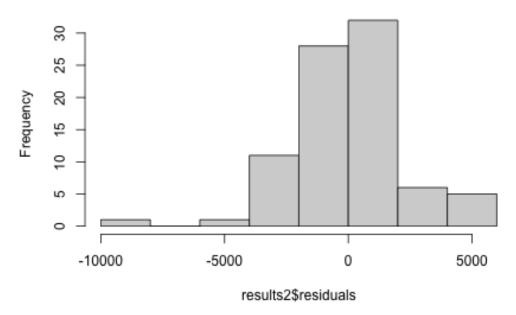
13

В



The appropriate graph to check for constant variance is a residual plot. There is no pattern in the residual p

Histogram of results2\$residuals



13 \mathbf{C} The appropriate graph to check for normal error terms is a histogram of the residuals. The distribution app

$$\begin{split} \hat{Y} &= 25,838.626 + -0.034X \\ Y &= 22,401.192 \end{split}$$
14

15

Problem Part		Solution	
16	-	(-0.073, 0.004) We are 90% confident that the slope of the true true linear regression line of Lactic with Taste is between -0.073 and 0.004.	
17	-	$H_0: \beta_1 = 0$ $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$	
18	-	t = -1.476	
19	-	P-value = 0.144	
20	-	fail to reject the null hypothesis	
21	-	There is insufficient evidence to suggest that the slope of the true linear regression line does not equal zero. We conclude that there is not a linear relationship between the mileage of a Prius listed for sale and its price.	
22	-	r = -0.181	
23	_	$\hat{Y} = 62.825 + -18.236X$	
24	-	Y = 49.148	
25	-	(-41.855, 5.383) We are 95% confident that the slope of the true true linear regression line of Lead with BRS is between -41.855 and 5.383.	
26	-	$H_0: \beta_1 = 0$ $H_a: \beta_1 \neq 0$	
27	-	t = -1.54	
28	-	P-value = 0.128	
29	-	fail to reject the null hypothesis	
30	-	There is insufficient evidence to suggest that the slope of the true linear regression line does not equal zero. We conclude that there is not a linear relationship between a child's level of lead exposure and his or her behavioral rating.	
31	-	d. The actual Y value was 4.5 units higher than the predicted Y value	