### DECK36

# Storm w/ PHP IPC Autumn 2014

#### **About Martin & Mike**



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### DECK36

- DECK36 is a young spin-off from ICANS
- Small team of 5 engineers
- Longstanding expertise in designing, implementing and operating complex web systems
- Offering our expert knowledge in:
  - Automation & Operations
  - Architecture & Engineering
  - Rapid Prototyping
- @deck\_36

# WE'RE HERE! What will be going on today?

# WE'RE HERE Roadmap - Part 01

#### Introduction

### **Plug and Play**

• Probably the best kitten game ever invented: Plan 9 From Outer Kitten

#### **Preparation**

Checkout tutorial and sources

### **Technology overview and Hands on Part 1**

Vagrant

# Coffee!

# WE'RE HERE Roadmap - Part 02

#### **Technology overview and Hands on Part 2**

- RabbitMQ, Redis, Storm
- Your own Dev environment for pf9ok!

### Lunch time!

# WE'RE HERE Roadmap - Part 03

#### **Viewing Code**

• Let's go inside the kittens and see how Sf2 plays with Storm.

### **Deploy**

Bring some changes into the game.

# Coffee, again!

# WE'RE HERE Roadmap - Part 04

### **Badge Development**

• Your own Storm-based backend module!

### Cold hops Schorle, finally!

# WE'RE HERE Roadmap - Part 01

#### Introduction

### **Plug and Play**

• Probably the best kitten game ever invented: Plan 9 From Outer Kitten

#### **Preparation**

Checkout tutorial and sources

### **Technology overview and Hands on Part 1**

Vagrant

# PLAN 9 FROM OUTER KITTEN Probably the best game ever invented. Seriously.

### PLAN 9 FROM OUTER KITTEN

### Probably the best game ever. Seriously.



### Play Plan 9.

Register and unlock pixels by matching kittens while the Kitten Robbers try to stop you!

### PLAN 9 FROM OUTER KITTEN Overview

#### **Overview Game Arena**

- One image with all pixels blocked.
- There is a collaborative effort to uncover the whole

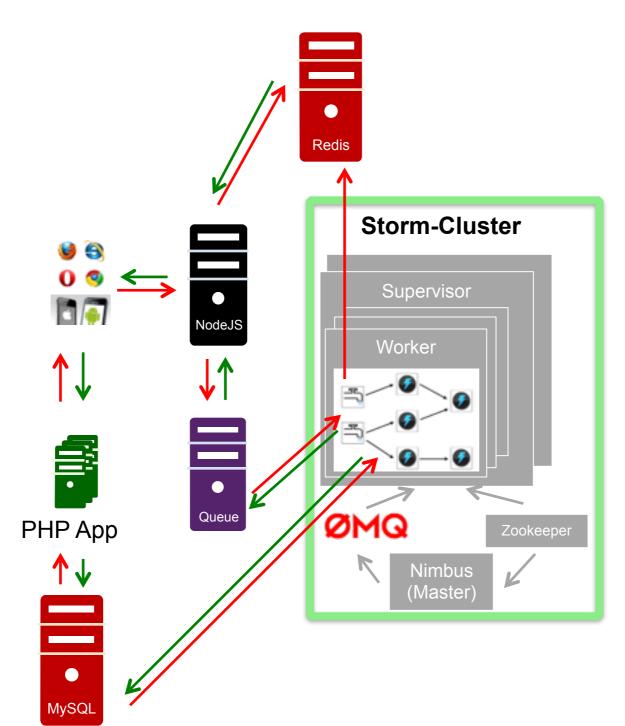
### **Local Playground**

- Your local area represents small part of the image
- You unlock a pixel by matching kittens in a cat-based trial (CBT)!
- One solved CBT will give you 1 point.
- Special events happen based on player behaviour or the surrounding wheeling and dealings of the ill-intended Kitten Robbers!

#### **Special Events Create Player Badges**

This is what we will be implementing.

## PLAN 9 FROM OUTER KITTEN System Architecture



Bring in new logic or update existing by deploying new revisions of existing Topologies

Reuse existing business logic

# PLAN 9 FROM OUTER KITTEN Badges

#### **High Five**

Two players solve a pixel with the same cat at the same time.

#### **Record Breaker and Record Master**

- Points for successful trials accumulate until you fail.
- Each time you fail, a new record is made.
- If you break your own record, you receive **RecordBreaker**
- If you have a Top 3 record, you receive bonus points
- If the points between your new record and your old record is best for all users, you receive RecordMaster

## PLAN 9 FROM OUTER KITTEN Badges

#### **Prime Cat**

- If you made the most points in the last 60 seconds, you receive **PrimeCat**.
- Your points during the next 60s are then doubled.

#### Stumble Blunder a.k.a. LOLCAT

- You fail 5 times in a row, you receive StumbleBlunder.
- You don't receive any points during the next 3 minutes.
- (You need to earn your ability to receive points.)

## PLAN 9 FROM OUTER KITTEN Badges

#### **Kitten Robbers From Outer Space**

- The Kitten Robbers will randomly attack a player.
- (The player will loose the last solved pixel.)
- The player will loose 100 points.

#### **Raider Of The Kitten Robbers**

- If the Kitten Robbers attack you, you fight them off with a **HighFive**.
- (The Raider will receive all points from all other players during the next 60s).
- The Raider will receive 1000 bonus points.

# Hands-on: Installation!

# Plan9 Tutorial Insanity! Easy to use.

Install the VM, IDE, PHP-Web-App, Node-Backend, Storm-PHP-Project

- Follow: <a href="https://github.com/DECK36/plan9\_workshop\_tutorial">https://github.com/DECK36/plan9\_workshop\_tutorial</a>
- Windows < 8? (Please try, but without guarantee).

### Let's start.

### VAGRANT

### VAGRANT

### VMs Configuration and Provisoning

#### "Local cloud"

- Self service
- Instant provisioning
- Cost efficient
- Elastic
- Pay per use



### VAGRANT Providers

#### **Vagrant VM Providers:**

- VirtualBox: "default", works offline, ressource hungry
- Docker: lightweight, requires Linux, good for testing
- AWS EC2: remote VMs, good for automation (Jenkins)
- 3rd party plugins for KVM, libvirt, ESXI, ...

#### **Provisioning:**

- Shell script
- Puppet, apply manifest or run agent
- Chef, solo or client
- Ansible playbooks
- Docker containers

# Coffee!

# WE'RE HERE Roadmap - Part 02

#### **Technology overview and Hands on Part 2**

- RabbitMQ, Redis, Storm
- Your own Dev environment for pf9ok!

### RABBITMQ

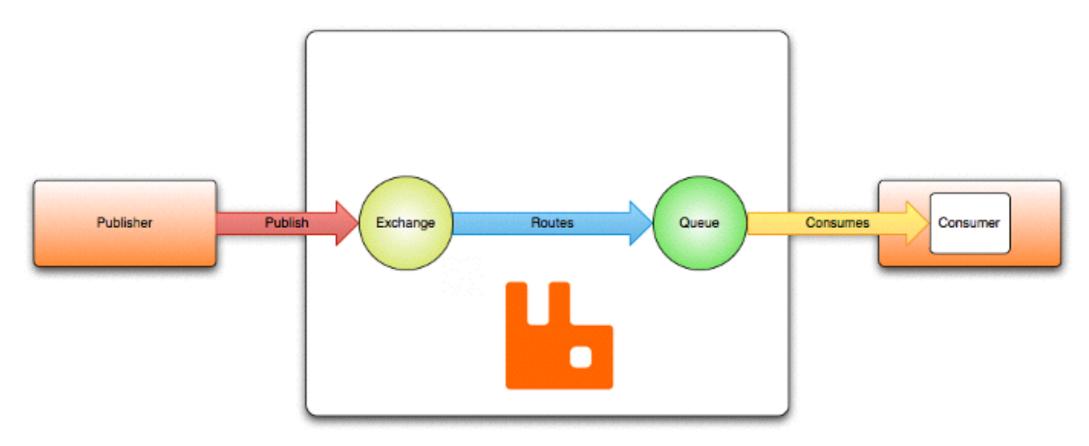
### RabbitMQ

### Message queueing and routing

#### Messaging:

- Implementation of Advanced Message Queuing Protocol (AMQP)
- Message Queue to connect services with reliable delivery

### "Hello, world" example routing

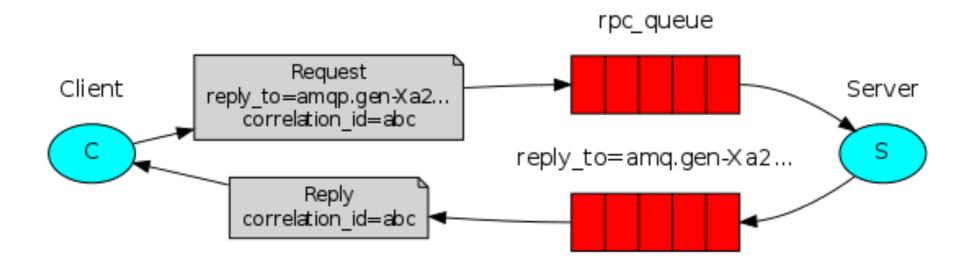


### RabbitMQ

### Message queueing and routing

### **Routing:**

- Features: Exchanges, routing keys
  - allow for advanced routing and forwarding decisions.
- Our use-case: build a channel for RPC



### REDIS

### Redis

### caching and storing key-values

Redis is an open source, BSD licensed, advanced key-value cache and store.

#### Possible clients:

- http://redisdesktop.com/
- Redis-Cli



# Redis caching and storing key-values

### **Redis Data Examples**

Keys		Values	
page:index.html	<b>&gt;</b>	<html><head>[]</head></html>	<— String
count	<del></del> >	898	<— int
plan9_pixel_free	<del></del> >	{{1,2}, {3,4},}	<— SET
user_1	<del></del> >	points=>10, socket_id=>9392	<— HASH
ids	<del></del> >	[1,2,3,4,5]	<— LIST
plan9_highscores	<del></del> >	user_1=>5, user_2=>10	<— Sorted Set

### STORM

## STORM It's like Hadoop, but for Real-Time!

#### Hadoop is cutting-edge and old-school at the same time

- Relatively low / early stage adoption of Hadoop in Germany
- Batch-processing becomes increasingly painful for the business operations
- Storm enables new ways to approach business problems

#### **Before Storm**

- Real-time processing using a network of queues and workers
- Lot's of config, diversity, complicated fault-tolerance, unintuitive to scale
- Hard to reason about system state, hard to fix failures

### STORM It's like Hadoop, but for Real-Time!

#### Storm to the Rescue!

- Abstraction of a queue/worker network
- Like Hadoop MapReduce, but for message streams
  - few core primitives, programming-language agnostic
- Easy to scale, just add machines and increase parallelism settings
- Strong guarantees: each message is processed ("exactly once" possible w/ Trident)
- Explicit project goal: painless cluster management
- Fault-tolerant: tasks will be reassigned if parts break, computation is always continuous

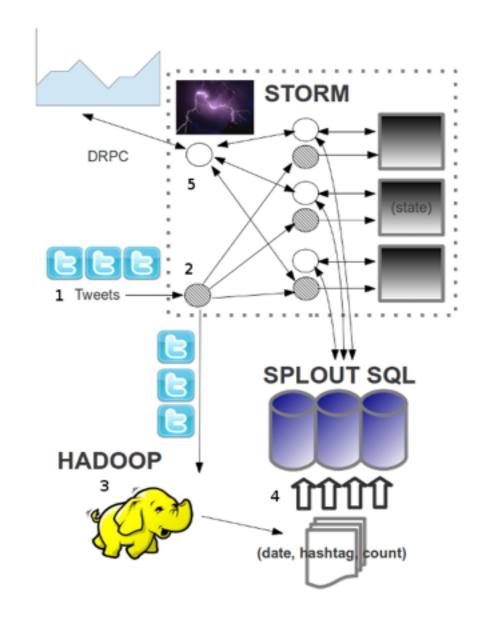
### SOLUTION ARCHITECTURE Lambda Architecture

### The Real-Time Big Data Architecture

Named by Nathan Marz, the creator of Storm. <a href="http://lambda-architecture.net/">http://lambda-architecture.net/</a>

### **Example: Count tweets per #hashtag**

- Tweets come in from Persistent Queue
- Trident Topology to (A) save all data to Hadoop & (B) update Trident State with counts for current day
- 3. Trident Topology triggers Hadoop to compute the counts on "all" raw data
- 4. Push the Hadoop result to database
- 5. Trident Timeline Query via DRPC



http://www.datasalt.com/2013/01/an-example-lambda-architecture-using-trident-hadoop-and-splout-sql/https://github.com/pereferrera/trident-lambda-splout

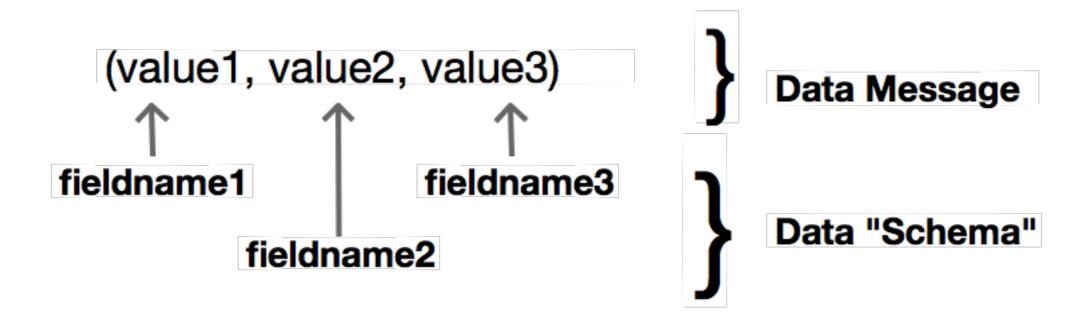
# Storm vs. S4 vs. Samza Yahoo Samoa Apache Spark Streaming Amazon Kinesis Google BigQuery for Streams

### CONCEPTS

# CONCEPTS Tuple

### A tuple is one single "message"

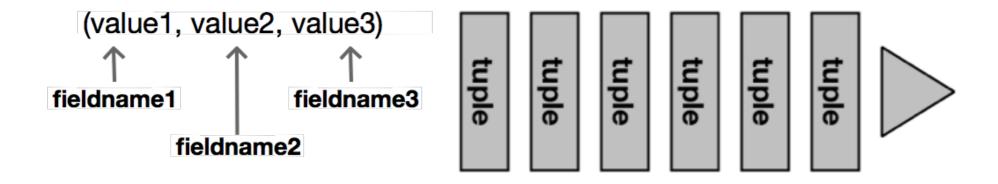
- List (Java ArrayList to be precise) of Objects (= different data)
- A tuple has a "schema" known to storm, but not part of the message



### CONCEPTS Stream

### A "stream" is an unbounded sequence of tuples

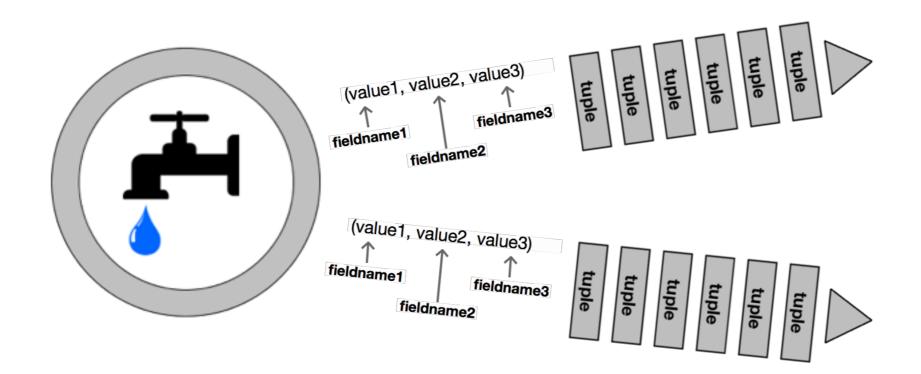
- The "stream" is the core abstraction construct within storm
- "Storm transforms streams into new streams"
- Storm components can consume and produce multiple different streams
- Tuples in a single stream can be handled differently based on a key
- All tuples in a single stream must follow the same "schema"



## CONCEPTS Spout

### A spout is a source of streams

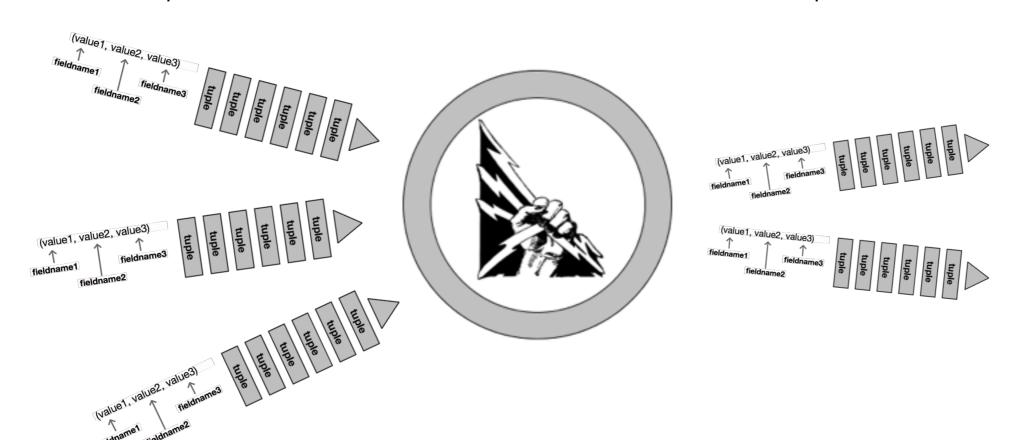
- A spout is one of the core components of storm
- Spouts can be implemented in PHP, node.js, etc. We'll see that later.
- Data comes from an outside infinite source, not triggered by storm events
- A single spout can emit multiple streams with different schemas



### CONCEPTS Bolt

### A bolt is a worker process

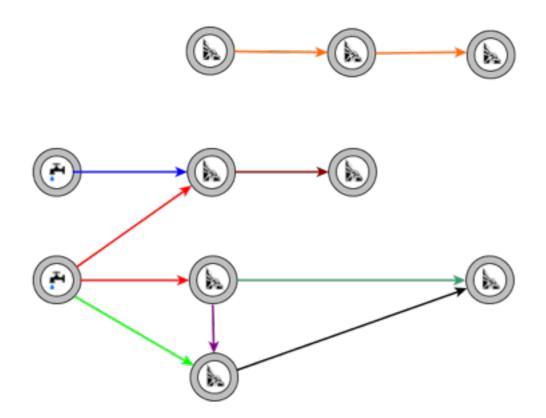
- A bolt is the second core component of storm
- We'll implement bolts later.
- A bolt consumes one or more streams. These can use multiple schemas.
- A bolt emits zero or more streams.
- A bolt can produce side effects. For instance, a database update.



## CONCEPTS Topology

### A topology is a network comprised of spouts and bolts.

- A topology represents a "storm program".
- Storm cluster executes and manages multiple topologies.
- All code for one topology is packaged into a single file.
- The graph representing a single topology can be partitioned.



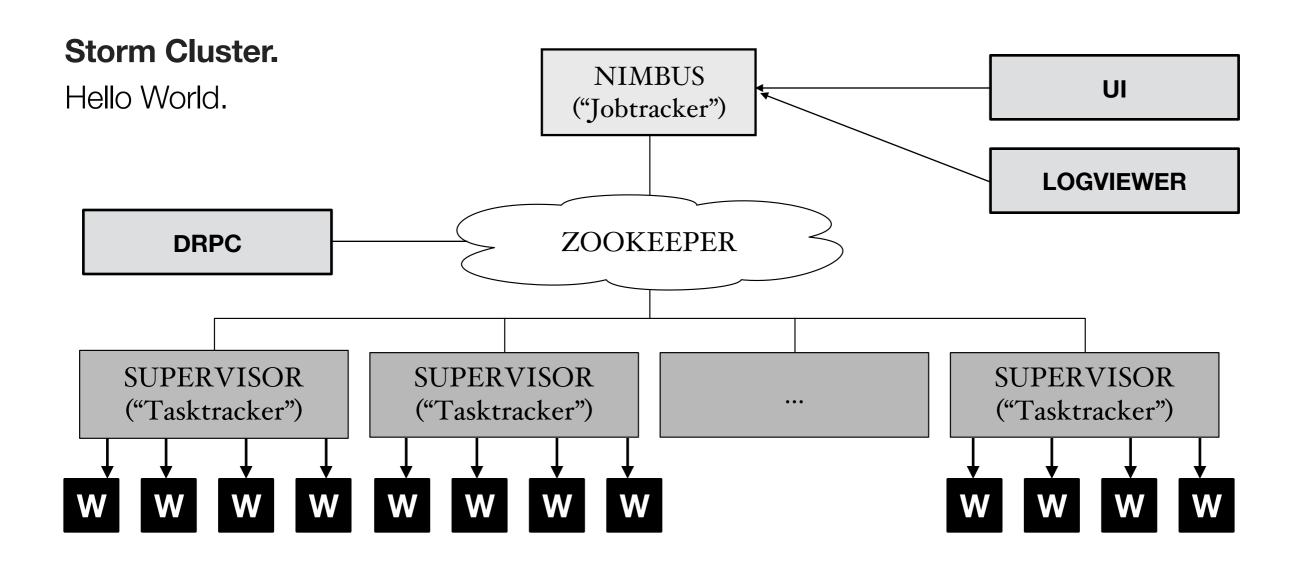
# CONCEPTS Stream Grouping

### Stream Groupings partition \*one\* stream among the tasks of \*one\* target bolt.

- Shuffle grouping: Random, each task gets the amount of tuples.
- <u>Fields</u> grouping: Fields from a tuple can be used as key. Tuples with the same key, will always go to the same task.
- All grouping: Every tuple goes to every task. "Use this grouping with care."

# CONJURING DAEMONS Storm Cluster Setup

### CONJURING DAEMONS Overview



# STORM The Nuts and Bolts

# SPOUT; BOLT Java

```
public class JavaSpout extends BaseRichSpout {
   // private data, constructor, etc.
   @Override
   public void open(Map conf, TopologyContext context, SpoutOutputCollector collector) {
       // Setup output collector
       _collector = collector;
   @Override
   public void nextTuple() {
        _collector.emit(new Values(value1, value2, value3));
   @Override
   public void declareOutputFields(OutputFieldsDeclarer declarer) {
       // use default stream
        declarer.declare(new Fields("fieldname1", "fieldname2", "fieldname3"));
       // declare or more explicit streams
       declarer.declareStream("stream_name", new Fields("fieldname1", "fieldname2", "fieldname3"));
   @Override
   public void cleanup() {
```

```
public class JavaBolt extends BaseRichBolt {
   // private data, constructor, etc.
   @Override
    public void prepare(Map stormConf, TopologyContext context, OutputCollector collector) {
       // Setup output collector
       _collector = collector;
   @Override
    public void execute(Tuple tuple) {
       // anchor (or not) the emitted tuple to the input tuple
       _collector.emit(/* tuple, */ new Values(value1, value2, value3));
       _collector.ack(tuple);
   @Override
    public void declareOutputFields(OutputFieldsDeclarer declarer) {
       // use default stream
        declarer.declare(new Fields("fieldname1", "fieldname2", "fieldname3"));
       // declare or more explicit streams
        declarer.declareStream("stream_name", new Fields("fieldname1", "fieldname2", "fieldname3"));
   @Override
    public void cleanup() {
```

# SPOUT; BOLT **PHP**

```
<?php
require_once('storm.php');
class PHPSpout extends ShellSpout
   protected function nextTuple()
       $this->emit(array($value1, $value2, $value3));
   protected function ack($tuple_id)
        return;
   protected function fail($tuple_id)
        return;
$RandomSpout = new RandomPHPSpout();
$RandomSpout->run();
```

```
<?php
require_once('storm.php');

class EmptyPHPBolt extends BasicBolt
{
    public function process(Tuple $tuple)
    {
        $this->emit($tuple->values);
        // $this->ack($tuple); is automatically called by the PHP Bolt implementation
    }
}
$bolt = new EmptyPHPBolt();
$bolt->run();
```

### TOPOLOGY Java

```
// To launch the topology, we need a Config object. This config is forwarded into every component of the topology.
Config conf = new Config();
// The topology is created through using the topology builder.
TopologyBuilder builder = new TopologyBuilder();
// Now, we can add the components (spouts and bolts) to the topology
int parallelism_hint = 1;
// Random Java Spout: Emits random names.
builder.setSpout("random java spout", new RandomJavaSpout(), parallelism hint);
// Random PHP Spout: Emits random verbs.
builder.setSpout("random_php_spout", new MultilangAdapterSpout("/usr/bin/php", "RandomPHPSpout.php", "", "src", "random"), parallelism_hint);
// Random Node.is Spout: Emits random items.
builder.setSpout("random_nodejs_spout", new MultilangAdapterSpout("/usr/local/bin/node", "RandomNodeJSSpout.js", "", "src", "random"), parallelism_hint);
// Empty (printer) bolts (java + multilang)
builder.setBolt("empty_java_bolt", new EmptyJavaBolt(), parallelism_hint)
     .setNumTasks(4)
     .shuffleGrouping("random_java_spout")
     .shuffleGrouping("random php spout")
     .shuffleGrouping("random_nodejs_spout");
builder.setBolt("empty_php_bolt", new MultilangAdapterBolt("/usr/bin/php", "EmptyPHPBolt.php", "", "src", "random"), parallelism_hint)
     .setNumTasks(4)
     .shuffleGrouping("random_java_spout")
     .shuffleGrouping("random_php_spout")
     .shuffleGrouping("random node;s spout");
// Build and submit the topology to the cluster
StormSubmitter.submitTopology(args[0], conf, builder.createTopology());
```

### RELIABILITY

### **Guaranteed Message Processing**

Storm guarantees that each message coming off a spout will be fully processed.

It might, however, be processed multiple times (more on that in a minute).

And it requires some work by the user.

== You can configure the level of guarantee.

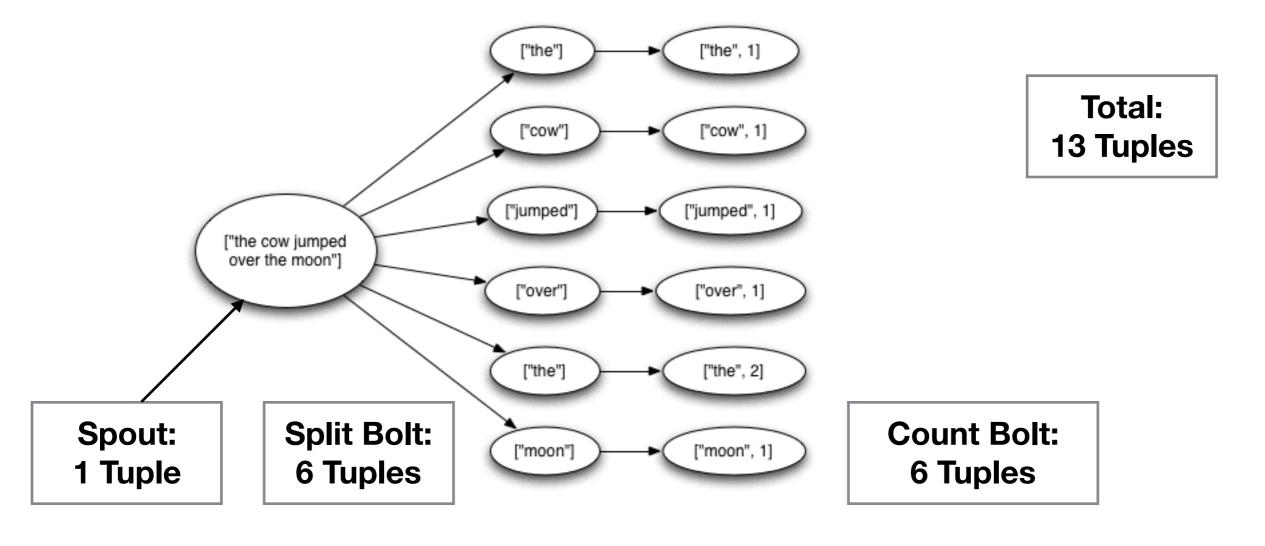
### RELIABILITY

### **Guaranteed Message Processing**

Meet the mighty Tuple Tree.

Example from:

https://github.com/nathanmarz/storm/wiki/Guaranteeing-message-processing



# RELIABILITY Guaranteed Message Processing

"Fully processed" means the whole tuple tree has been processed.

This considers a tuple that was produced by a spout.

A tuple is considered failed when its tree of messages fails to be fully processed within a specified timeout.

Config.TOPOLOGY\_MESSAGE\_TIMEOUT\_SECS

- This timeout can be configured on a topology-specific basis.
- Defaults to 30 seconds.

### Lunch time!

# WE'RE HERE Roadmap - Part 03

### **Viewing Code**

• Let's go inside the kittens and see how Sf2 plays with Storm.

### **Deploy**

Bring some changes into the game.

# Eyes-on: Code!

Symfony2 + Storm PHP Bolts

### Symfony2 + Storm PHP Bolts Configuration and Execution by Sf2

#### **Storm Bundle**

- Each Bolt has a command -> To be executable by Storm
- Each Bolt has a configuration -> storm.yml
- Whole Sf2 universe is accessible in Storm
- Bolts implement storm.php abstract class BasicBolt
- Storm MultilangProtocol works on STDIN and STDOUT
- A bolt waits for Tuples on STDIN
  - -> while(true) to wait for input on STDIN
  - -> If input -> process unit stop word end
    - write something to Redis
- Badges run in Topologies

### Symfony2 + Storm PHP Bolts PHP in Storm

### **StatusLevelTopology**

- Using MultilangBolt to execute Bolt implemented in PHP
- Decide by config which level to send
- all configuration from storm.yml
- Create queue subscribed to plan9 exchange for routing key
- Do the business logic
- Push message to plan9-backchannel

### Deploying the PHP Bolts

### Deploying the PHP Bolts Phar archives for the win

#### **StatusLevelBolt**

- Change storm.yml config (points for status)
- Add new configuration to the phar
- Build the jar
- deploy to the "cluster"

### Deploying the PHP Bolts Phar archives for the win

#### **Environments**

• Environment could become hhvm as well (not provided in the vm)

# Coffee, again!

# WE'RE HERE Roadmap - Part 04

### **Badge Development**

- Create your own plan9 idea.
- Implement a bolt with game logic.
- Play around with the dev environment.
- Play the game.
- Create a pull request for the plan9 repo.

Tick-Tuple Bolt to start over

### Cold hops Schorle, finally!

# TRIDENT API, Functionality, Concepts

# TRIDENT Topology

```
// For Trident, we have the same configuration object as with Storm.
Config conf = new Config();
// We don't use the topology builder directly, but create TridentTopology instead.
TridentTopology topology = new TridentTopology();
// Now, we don't add components to the topology, but we define "streams".
// We can use regular Storm spouts to produce streams:
Stream randomJavaStream
                       = topology.newStream("java random",
                          new RandomJavaSpout());
                       = topology.newStream("php random",
Stream randomPHPStream
                          new MultilangAdapterSpout("/usr/bin/php", "RandomPHPSpout.php", "", "src", "random"));
Stream randomNodejsStream
                       = topology.newStream("nodejs random",
                          new MultilangAdapterSpout("/usr/local/bin/node", "RandomNodeJSSpout.js", "", "src", "random"));
// We can now define new "streams" or "states" that do computation.
// This is similar to one part (a connected subcomponent) of a complete Storm topology.
topology.merge(randomJavaStream, randomPHPStream, randomNodejsStream)
      .each(new Fields("src", "random"), new TridentPrintFilter("MERGED_STREAM"))
       .each(
          new Fields("src", "random"),
                                                                                  // input fields for the function
          new MultilangBoltTridentFunction("/usr/bin/php", "SimpleStreamTupleJoinBolt.php"),
                                                                                  // the function
          new Fields("name", "verb", "object"))
                                                                                  // result fields of the function
                                                                                  // are added to the tuple
      .each(new Fields("name"), new EmptyStringFilter())
       .groupBy(new Fields("name"))
       .aggregate(new Fields("name"), new Count(), new Fields("nTuples"))
       .each(new Fields("name", "nTuples"), new TridentPrintFilter("AGGREGATION RESULT"));
// The TridentTopology contains a topology builder:
StormTopology tridentStormTopology = topology.build();
// We can now submit the Trident topology to the cluster, exactly like any other Storm topology.
StormSubmitter.submitTopology(args[0], conf, topology.build());
```

# TRIDENT STATE Persistent Topology State

```
// We don't use the topology builder directly, but create TridentTopology instead.
TridentTopology topology = new TridentTopology();
// Now, we don't add components to the topology, but we define "streams".
// We can use regular Storm spouts to produce streams:
Stream randomJavaStream
                       = topology.newStream("java_random",
                           new RandomJavaSpout());
                       = topology.newStream("php random",
Stream randomPHPStream
                           new MultilangAdapterSpout("/usr/bin/php", "RandomPHPSpout.php", "", "src", "random"));
                       = topology.newStream("nodejs random",
Stream randomNodeisStream
                           new MultilangAdapterSpout("/usr/local/bin/node", "RandomNodeJSSpout.js", "", "src", "random"));
// We now explicitly define a TridentState. To do so, the last step in the topology must create such.
TridentState countState =
topology.merge(randomJavaStream, randomPHPStream, randomNodejsStream)
       .each(new Fields("src", "random"), new TridentPrintFilter("MERGED_STREAM"))
       .each(new Fields("src", "random"),
          new MultilangBoltTridentFunction("/usr/bin/php", "SimpleStreamTupleJoinBolt.php"),
          new Fields("name", "verb", "object"))
       .each(new Fields("name"), new EmptyStringFilter())
       .groupBy(new Fields("name"))
      // We can simply swap "aggregate" for "persistentAggregate"
       .persistentAggregate(new MemoryMapState.Factory(), new Fields("name"), new Count(), new Fields("count"));
```

# TRIDENT **DRPC**

```
// We now explicitly define a TridentState. To do so, the last step in the topology must create such.
TridentState countState =
topology.merge(randomJavaStream, randomPHPStream, randomNodejsStream)
        .each(new Fields("src", "random"), new TridentPrintFilter("MERGED_STREAM"))
        .each(new Fields("src", "random"),
            new MultilangBoltTridentFunction("/usr/bin/php", "SimpleStreamTupleJoinBolt.php"),
            new Fields("name", "verb", "object"))
        .each(new Fields("name"), new EmptyStringFilter())
        .groupBy(new Fields("name"))
        // We can simply swap "aggregate" for "persistentAggregate"
        .persistentAggregate(new MemoryMapState.Factory(), new Fields("name"), new Count(), new Fields("count"));
// The state can now be accessed anywhere in the topology using "stateQuery".
// We add a distributed remote procedure call (DRPC) service to allow external
// clients to query data based on the stored data.
topology.newDRPCStream("getNameCount")
        .each(new Fields("args"), new Split(), new Fields("name"))
        .groupBy(new Fields("name"))
        .stateQuery(countState, new Fields("name"), new MapGet(), new Fields("count"))
        .each(new Fields("count"), new FilterNull());
```