

# Complete SQL and EF Core Setup Guide for C# Developers

A comprehensive guide covering development environment setup, SQL fundamentals, and Entity Framework Core implementation for C# developers targeting Azure SQL Database.

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## Part 1: Development Environment Setup

### System Requirements

#### Minimum Hardware Requirements:

- 4 GB RAM (8 GB recommended)
- x64 Processor with 1.4 GHz (2 GHz or higher recommended)
- 20 GB available hard disk space
- Super VGA 800×600 monitor or better
- Internet connection for downloads and Azure services

#### Supported Operating Systems:

- Windows 10 version 1809 or later
- Windows 11 (all versions)
- Windows Server 2016 or later

#### Prerequisites Checklist:

- [ ] Administrator privileges on the development machine
- [ ] Stable internet connection

- ☐ Microsoft account for Azure services
- ☐ Valid Azure subscription (free tier available)

## Part 2: SQL Server Installation

### Option 1: SQL Server 2022 Developer Edition (Recommended)

#### Step 1: Download SQL Server 2022

1. Visit the official Microsoft SQL Server download page:  
<https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/sql-server/sql-server-downloads>
2. Click on "**Developer**" under the free editions section
3. Download the installer (approximately 4.2 MB launcher)

#### Step 2: Run the Installation

1. Double-click the downloaded `SQL2022-SSEI-Dev.exe` file
2. Choose installation type:
  - **Basic**: Default configuration (quick setup)
  - **Custom**: Full control over features and settings
  - **Download Media**: Download full installer for offline installation
3. **Recommended**: Choose **Custom** for learning purposes

#### Step 3: Feature Selection

Select the following features for development:

- ☐ Database Engine Services (Required)
- ☐ SQL Server Replication
- ☐ Full-Text and Semantic Extractions for Search
- ☐ Data Quality Services
- ☐ Analysis Services
- ☐ Reporting Services - Native
- ☐ Integration Services
- ☐ Management Tools - Complete

#### Step 4: Instance Configuration

Instance Configuration:

- Instance Type: Default instance
- Instance Name: MSSQLSERVER (default)
- Instance ID: MSSQLSERVER
- Instance root directory: C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\

#### Step 5: Server Configuration

Service Accounts:

- SQL Server Database Engine: NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
- SQL Server Agent: NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM

Authentication Mode:

- Mixed Mode (SQL Server Authentication and Windows Authentication)
- Set strong SA password: [YourStrongPassword123!]
- Add Current User as SQL Server Administrator

## Step 6: Database Engine Configuration

Data Directories:

- Data root directory: C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL16.MSSQLSERVER\MSSQL\Data
- User database directory: C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL16.MSSQLSERVER\MSSQL\
- Log directory: C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL16.MSSQLSERVER\MSSQL\Data
- Backup directory: C:\Program Files\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL16.MSSQLSERVER\MSSQL\Backup

## Step 7: Complete Installation

1. Review configuration summary
2. Click **Install** (installation takes 15-30 minutes)
3. Note the installation completion status
4. Record instance names and configuration details

## Option 2: SQL Server 2025 Preview (Latest Features)

### Download and Setup:

1. Visit: <https://www.microsoft.com/sql-server/sql-server-2025>
2. Fill registration form for preview access
3. Download SQL2025-SSEI-Eval.exe
4. Follow similar installation steps as SQL Server 2022

### Key Differences in SQL Server 2025:

- Enhanced AI integration capabilities
- Improved performance optimizations
- New security features
- Better cloud integration

## Post-Installation Verification

### Test SQL Server Installation:

1. Open **SQL Server Configuration Manager**
2. Verify services are running:
  - SQL Server (MSSQLSERVER): Running
  - SQL Server Agent (MSSQLSERVER): Running

### 3. Test connection using Command Prompt:

```
sqlcmd -S localhost -E
SELECT @@VERSION;
GO
EXIT
```

## Part 3: Azure SQL Database Setup

### Creating Azure Account and Subscription

#### Step 1: Azure Account Setup

1. Visit <https://portal.azure.com>
2. Sign up for free Azure account (includes \$200 credit)
3. Verify email and phone number
4. Complete identity verification

#### Step 2: Navigate to SQL Database Service

1. Log into Azure Portal
2. Search for **"SQL databases"** in the top search bar
3. Click **"Create SQL database"**

### Creating Azure SQL Database

#### Step 3: Basic Configuration

Project Details:

- Subscription: [Your subscription name]
- Resource Group: Create new "rg-sql-learning-dev"

Database Details:

- Database name: "LearningSQLDB"
- Server: Create new server

#### Step 4: Server Configuration

Server Details:

- Server name: "learningsql-server-[unique-suffix]"
- Location: Select nearest region (e.g., East US, West Europe)
- Authentication method: Use SQL authentication

Admin Credentials:

- Server admin login: "sqladmin"
- Password: [Strong password with special characters]
- Confirm password: [Same password]

#### Step 5: Compute and Storage Configuration

#### Service Tier Options:

##### Development/Testing:

- Basic: 5 DTU, 2GB storage (\$5/month)
- Standard S0: 10 DTU, 250GB storage (\$15/month)

##### Production:

- Standard S1: 20 DTU, 250GB storage (\$30/month)
- Premium P1: 125 DTU, 500GB storage (\$465/month)

Recommended for Learning: Basic or Standard S0

### Step 6: Additional Settings

#### Data Source:

- Use existing data: None
- Sample: AdventureWorksLT (recommended for learning)
- Backup: None

#### Networking:

- Connectivity method: Public endpoint
- Allow Azure services: Yes
- Add current client IP: Yes

#### Security:

- Enable Microsoft Defender for SQL: No (for learning)
- Ledger: Off

### Step 7: Review and Create

1. Review all configuration settings
2. Add tags if needed:
  - Environment: Development
  - Purpose: Learning
3. Click **"Create"** (deployment takes 5-10 minutes)

## Post-Creation Configuration

### Step 8: Configure Firewall Rules

1. Navigate to your SQL server in Azure Portal
2. Go to **"Security" > "Networking"**
3. Add firewall rules:
  - Rule name: "MyHomeIP"
  - Start IP: [Your public IP]
  - End IP: [Your public IP]
4. Enable **"Allow Azure services and resources to access this server"**

### Step 9: Test Connection

Connection string format:

```
Server=tcp:[your-server-name].database.windows.net,1433;  
Initial Catalog=[database-name];  
Persist Security Info=False;  
User ID=[admin-username];  
Password=[admin-password];  
MultipleActiveResultSets=False;  
Encrypt=True;  
TrustServerCertificate=False;  
Connection Timeout=30;
```

## Part 4: Visual Studio and .NET Setup

### Visual Studio 2022 Installation

#### Step 1: Download Visual Studio

1. Visit <https://visualstudio.microsoft.com/downloads/>
2. Choose **Visual Studio 2022 Community** (free)
3. Download the installer

#### Step 2: Workload Selection

Select these workloads during installation:

- ☐ **ASP.NET and web development**
- ☐ **.NET desktop development**
- ☐ **Data storage and processing**
- ☐ **Azure development**

#### Individual Components to Add:

- ☐ SQL Server Data Tools (SSDT)
- ☐ Entity Framework 6 tools
- ☐ NuGet package manager
- ☐ Git for Windows
- ☐ GitHub Copilot (optional)

#### Step 3: Complete Installation

Installation time: 30-60 minutes depending on selected components

### .NET 8 SDK Verification

#### Check .NET Installation:

Open Command Prompt or PowerShell:

```
dotnet --version
dotnet --list-sdks
dotnet --list-runtimes
```

Expected output should show .NET 8.0 or later.

**If .NET 8 is Missing:**

1. Visit <https://dotnet.microsoft.com/download>
2. Download .NET 8 SDK
3. Run installer with administrator privileges

## VS Code Setup (Alternative)

**If Using VS Code:**

1. Download from <https://code.visualstudio.com/>
2. Install essential extensions:
  - C# Dev Kit
  - SQL Server (mssql)
  - Azure Account
  - Azure Databases
  - NuGet Package Manager

## Part 5: Entity Framework Core Installation

### Project Creation and EF Core Setup

**Step 1: Create New .NET Project**

Using Visual Studio:

1. File → New → Project
2. Select "ASP.NET Core Web API"
3. Project name: "LearningEFCore"
4. Framework: .NET 8.0
5. Authentication: None (for learning)

Using CLI:

```
dotnet new webapi -n LearningEFCore
cd LearningEFCore
```

**Step 2: Install EF Core Packages**

**Via Package Manager Console (Visual Studio):**

```
Install-Package Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.SqlServer
Install-Package Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Tools
Install-Package Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Design
```

**Via .NET CLI:**

```
dotnet add package Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.SqlServer
dotnet add package Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Tools
dotnet add package Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Design
```

**Via NuGet Package Manager (Visual Studio):**

1. Right-click project → Manage NuGet Packages
2. Browse tab → Search "Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.SqlServer"
3. Install latest stable version
4. Repeat for Tools and Design packages

**Step 3: Verify Installation**

Check your `.csproj` file should contain:

```
<PackageReference Include="Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.SqlServer" Version="8.0.0" />
<PackageReference Include="Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Tools" Version="8.0.0" />
<PackageReference Include="Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Design" Version="8.0.0" />
```

## EF Core Tools Installation

**Global Tools Installation:**

```
dotnet tool install --global dotnet-ef
```

**Verify EF Tools:**

```
dotnet ef --version
```

**Update EF Tools (if needed):**

```
dotnet tool update --global dotnet-ef
```

## Part 6: Database Tools Installation



# SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS)

## Step 1: Download SSMS

1. Visit: <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/ssms/download-sql-server-management-studio-ssms>
2. Download latest version (SSMS-Setup-ENU.exe)
3. Current version: 20.2 or later

## Step 2: Install SSMS

1. Run installer as administrator
2. Choose installation location (default recommended)
3. Installation time: 10-15 minutes
4. Restart if prompted

## Step 3: Configure SSMS for Local SQL Server

1. Launch SSMS
2. Connect to Database Engine:
  - Server name: localhost or .\MSSQLSERVER
  - Authentication: Windows Authentication
  - Click Connect

## Step 4: Configure SSMS for Azure SQL

1. File → Connect Object Explorer
2. Server name: [your-server].database.windows.net
3. Authentication: SQL Server Authentication
4. Login: [your-admin-username]
5. Password: [your-password]

# Azure Data Studio (Cross-Platform Alternative)

## Step 1: Download and Install

1. Visit: <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/products/data-studio/>
2. Download for your operating system
3. Install with default settings

## Step 2: Install Extensions

Recommended extensions:

- SQL Database Projects
- Schema Compare
- SQL Server Import
- PowerShell

### Step 3: Connect to Databases

1. New Connection
2. Add both local SQL Server and Azure SQL connections
3. Save connection profiles for easy access

## Part 7: SQL Fundamentals

### Database Design Principles

#### Understanding Relational Concepts

##### Entity-Relationship Modeling:

- **Entities:** Objects or things (Customer, Order, Product)
- **Attributes:** Properties of entities (CustomerName, OrderDate, ProductPrice)
- **Relationships:** Connections between entities (Customer places Orders)

##### Normalization Rules:

1. **First Normal Form (1NF):** Eliminate repeating groups
2. **Second Normal Form (2NF):** Eliminate partial dependencies
3. **Third Normal Form (3NF):** Eliminate transitive dependencies

##### Example Schema Design:

```
-- Customer entity
CREATE TABLE Customers (
    CustomerID INT IDENTITY(1,1) PRIMARY KEY,
    FirstName NVARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    LastName NVARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    Email NVARCHAR(255) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
    Phone NVARCHAR(20),
    City NVARCHAR(50),
    Country NVARCHAR(50),
    CreatedDate DATETIME2 NOT NULL DEFAULT SYSDATETIME()
);

-- Product entity
CREATE TABLE Products (
    ProductID INT IDENTITY(1,1) PRIMARY KEY,
    ProductName NVARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
    Description NVARCHAR(MAX),
    CategoryID INT NOT NULL,
    UnitPrice DECIMAL(10,2) NOT NULL CHECK (UnitPrice >= 0),
    UnitsInStock INT NOT NULL DEFAULT 0,
    IsActive BIT NOT NULL DEFAULT 1,
    CreatedDate DATETIME2 NOT NULL DEFAULT SYSDATETIME()
);

-- Order entity
CREATE TABLE Orders (
```

```

    OrderID INT IDENTITY(1,1) PRIMARY KEY,
    CustomerID INT NOT NULL,
    OrderDate DATETIME2 NOT NULL DEFAULT SYSDATETIME(),
    OrderNumber AS ('ORD-' + RIGHT('000000' + CAST(OrderID AS VARCHAR(6)), 6)) PERSISTED,
    TotalAmount DECIMAL(12,2) NOT NULL DEFAULT 0,
    OrderStatus NVARCHAR(20) NOT NULL DEFAULT 'Pending',

    CONSTRAINT FK_Orders_Customers
        FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID) REFERENCES Customers(CustomerID),

    CONSTRAINT CK_Orders_Status
        CHECK (OrderStatus IN ('Pending', 'Processing', 'Shipped', 'Delivered', 'Cancelled'
);

-- OrderItems junction table (many-to-many relationship)
CREATE TABLE OrderItems (
    OrderItemID INT IDENTITY(1,1) PRIMARY KEY,
    OrderID INT NOT NULL,
    ProductID INT NOT NULL,
    Quantity INT NOT NULL CHECK (Quantity > 0),
    UnitPrice DECIMAL(10,2) NOT NULL CHECK (UnitPrice >= 0),

    CONSTRAINT FK_OrderItems_Orders
        FOREIGN KEY (OrderID) REFERENCES Orders(OrderID),

    CONSTRAINT FK_OrderItems_Products
        FOREIGN KEY (ProductID) REFERENCES Products(ProductID),

    -- Prevent duplicate items in same order
    CONSTRAINT UK_OrderItems_Order_Product
        UNIQUE (OrderID, ProductID)
);

```

## Data Types and Constraints

### Choosing Appropriate Data Types:

```

-- Numeric types
TINYINT          -- 0 to 255 (1 byte)
SMALLINT         -- -32,768 to 32,767 (2 bytes)
INT              -- -2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647 (4 bytes)
BIGINT           -- Large integers (8 bytes)
DECIMAL(p,s)     -- Exact numeric (price: DECIMAL(10,2))
FLOAT            -- Approximate numeric (scientific calculations)

-- String types
CHAR(n)          -- Fixed-length (country codes: CHAR(2))
NCHAR(n)         -- Fixed-length Unicode
VARCHAR(n)       -- Variable-length (names: VARCHAR(50))
NVARCHAR(n)      -- Variable-length Unicode (recommended)
NVARCHAR(MAX)    -- Large text (up to 2GB)

-- Date/Time types
DATE             -- Date only (2025-09-10)
TIME             -- Time only (14:30:00.0000000)

```

```

DATETIME2      -- Preferred datetime type
DATETIMEOFFSET -- With timezone awareness

-- Other types
BIT            -- Boolean (0/1)
UNIQUEIDENTIFIER -- GUID
VARBINARY(MAX) -- Binary data (files, images)

```

### Implementing Constraints:

```

-- Primary Key (clustered by default)
ALTER TABLE Customers
ADD CONSTRAINT PK_Customers PRIMARY KEY (CustomerID);

-- Foreign Key with referential actions
ALTER TABLE Orders
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Orders_Customers
    FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID) REFERENCES Customers(CustomerID)
    ON DELETE RESTRICT -- Prevent deletion if orders exist
    ON UPDATE CASCADE; -- Update CustomerID in orders if changed

-- Unique constraints
ALTER TABLE Customers
ADD CONSTRAINT UK_Customers_Email UNIQUE (Email);

-- Check constraints
ALTER TABLE Products
ADD CONSTRAINT CK_Products_Price
    CHECK (UnitPrice >= 0 AND UnitPrice <= 99999.99);

-- Default constraints
ALTER TABLE Orders
ADD CONSTRAINT DF_Orders_OrderDate
    DEFAULT (SYSDATETIME()) FOR OrderDate;

-- Computed columns
ALTER TABLE Orders
ADD OrderYear AS YEAR(OrderDate) PERSISTED;

```

## Fundamental Querying

### Basic SELECT Operations:

```

-- Simple selection with filtering
SELECT CustomerID, FirstName, LastName, Email
FROM Customers
WHERE Country = 'USA'
    AND City IN ('New York', 'Los Angeles', 'Chicago')
ORDER BY LastName, FirstName;

-- Using wildcards and pattern matching
SELECT ProductName, UnitPrice
FROM Products
WHERE ProductName LIKE '%Phone%'

```

```

    OR ProductName LIKE '%Tablet%'
ORDER BY UnitPrice DESC;

-- Working with dates
SELECT OrderID, CustomerID, OrderDate, TotalAmount
FROM Orders
WHERE OrderDate >= DATEADD(MONTH, -3, GETDATE())
    AND OrderDate < DATEADD(DAY, 1, CAST(GETDATE() AS DATE))
ORDER BY OrderDate DESC;

-- Top N and paging
SELECT TOP 10 CustomerID, FirstName, LastName,
    (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Orders o WHERE o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID) AS OrderCount
FROM Customers c
ORDER BY OrderCount DESC;

-- Modern paging with OFFSET/FETCH
SELECT CustomerID, FirstName, LastName, Email
FROM Customers
ORDER BY LastName, FirstName
OFFSET 20 ROWS FETCH NEXT 10 ROWS ONLY;

```

#### Advanced Filtering and Functions:

```

-- Case expressions
SELECT
    ProductName,
    UnitPrice,
    CASE
        WHEN UnitPrice < 20 THEN 'Budget'
        WHEN UnitPrice < 100 THEN 'Standard'
        ELSE 'Premium'
    END AS PriceCategory,

-- Date functions
    YEAR(CreatedDate) AS CreatedYear,
    MONTH(CreatedDate) AS CreatedMonth,
    DATEDIFF(DAY, CreatedDate, GETDATE()) AS DaysOld

FROM Products
WHERE IsActive = 1;

-- String functions
SELECT
    CustomerID,
    UPPER(LEFT(FirstName, 1)) + LOWER(SUBSTRING(FirstName, 2, 100)) AS FirstName,
    UPPER(LEFT(LastName, 1)) + LOWER(SUBSTRING(LastName, 2, 100)) AS LastName,
    LEFT(Email, CHARINDEX('@', Email) - 1) AS EmailUsername,
    REPLACE(Phone, '-', '.') AS FormattedPhone
FROM Customers;

-- Null handling
SELECT
    CustomerID,
    FirstName,
    LastName,

```

```
ISNULL(Phone, 'No phone provided') AS Phone,  
COALESCE(City, Country, 'Unknown location') AS Location  
FROM Customers;
```

## Joins and Relationships

### Inner Joins (Return matching records only):

```
-- Simple inner join  
SELECT  
    c.CustomerID,  
    c.FirstName + ' ' + c.LastName AS CustomerName,  
    o.OrderID,  
    o.OrderDate,  
    o.TotalAmount  
FROM Customers c  
INNER JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID  
WHERE o.OrderDate >= DATEADD(MONTH, -1, GETDATE())  
ORDER BY o.OrderDate DESC;  
  
-- Multiple table joins  
SELECT  
    c.FirstName + ' ' + c.LastName AS CustomerName,  
    o.OrderNumber,  
    o.OrderDate,  
    p.ProductName,  
    oi.Quantity,  
    oi.UnitPrice,  
    (oi.Quantity * oi.UnitPrice) AS LineTotal  
FROM Customers c  
    INNER JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID  
    INNER JOIN OrderItems oi ON o.OrderID = oi.OrderID  
    INNER JOIN Products p ON oi.ProductID = p.ProductID  
WHERE o.OrderStatus = 'Delivered'  
ORDER BY o.OrderDate DESC, o.OrderID, p.ProductName;
```

### Left Joins (Include all records from left table):

```
-- Customers with their order count (including customers with no orders)  
SELECT  
    c.CustomerID,  
    c.FirstName + ' ' + c.LastName AS CustomerName,  
    c.Email,  
    COUNT(o.OrderID) AS OrderCount,  
    ISNULL(SUM(o.TotalAmount), 0) AS TotalSpent,  
    MAX(o.OrderDate) AS LastOrderDate  
FROM Customers c  
    LEFT JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID  
GROUP BY c.CustomerID, c.FirstName, c.LastName, c.Email  
ORDER BY OrderCount DESC, TotalSpent DESC;  
  
-- Find customers who have never placed an order  
SELECT  
    c.CustomerID,
```

```

        c.FirstName + ' ' + c.LastName AS CustomerName,
        c.Email,
        c.CreatedDate
FROM Customers c
    LEFT JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
WHERE o.CustomerID IS NULL
ORDER BY c.CreatedDate DESC;

```

#### Right and Full Outer Joins:

```

-- Right join example (rarely used, but good to understand)
SELECT
    p.ProductName,
    ISNULL(SUM(oi.Quantity), 0) AS TotalSold
FROM OrderItems oi
    RIGHT JOIN Products p ON oi.ProductID = p.ProductID
GROUP BY p.ProductID, p.ProductName
ORDER BY TotalSold DESC;

-- Full outer join (all customers and all orders, even orphaned ones)
SELECT
    ISNULL(c.FirstName + ' ' + c.LastName, 'Unknown Customer') AS CustomerName,
    ISNULL(o.OrderNumber, 'No Order') AS OrderNumber,
    o.OrderDate,
    o.TotalAmount
FROM Customers c
    FULL OUTER JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
ORDER BY c.CustomerID, o.OrderDate;

```

#### Self Joins and Advanced Patterns:

```

-- Employee hierarchy example (self-join)
-- First, create an Employees table structure
CREATE TABLE Employees (
    EmployeeID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    FirstName NVARCHAR(50),
    LastName NVARCHAR(50),
    Title NVARCHAR(50),
    ManagerID INT NULL,
    FOREIGN KEY (ManagerID) REFERENCES Employees(EmployeeID)
);

-- Self join to show employee-manager relationships
SELECT
    e.FirstName + ' ' + e.LastName AS Employee,
    e.Title AS EmployeeTitle,
    m.FirstName + ' ' + m.LastName AS Manager,
    m.Title AS ManagerTitle
FROM Employees e
    LEFT JOIN Employees m ON e.ManagerID = m.EmployeeID
ORDER BY m.LastName, e.LastName;

```

# Aggregation and Grouping

## Basic Aggregations:

```
-- Simple aggregation functions
SELECT
    COUNT(*) AS TotalCustomers,
    COUNT(Phone) AS CustomersWithPhone,  -- Excludes NULLs
    COUNT(DISTINCT Country) AS Countries,
    MIN(CreatedDate) AS FirstCustomer,
    MAX(CreatedDate) AS LatestCustomer
FROM Customers;

-- Aggregate with filtering
SELECT
    COUNT(*) AS TotalOrders,
    SUM(TotalAmount) AS GrandTotal,
    AVG(TotalAmount) AS AverageOrderValue,
    MIN(TotalAmount) AS SmallestOrder,
    MAX(TotalAmount) AS LargestOrder,
    STDEV(TotalAmount) AS StandardDeviation
FROM Orders
WHERE OrderDate >= DATEADD(YEAR, -1, GETDATE())
    AND OrderStatus = 'Delivered';
```

## GROUP BY Operations:

```
-- Sales by month
SELECT
    YEAR(OrderDate) AS OrderYear,
    MONTH(OrderDate) AS OrderMonth,
    DATENAME(MONTH, OrderDate) AS MonthName,
    COUNT(*) AS OrderCount,
    SUM(TotalAmount) AS MonthlyRevenue,
    AVG(TotalAmount) AS AvgOrderValue
FROM Orders
WHERE OrderDate >= DATEADD(YEAR, -2, GETDATE())
GROUP BY YEAR(OrderDate), MONTH(OrderDate), DATENAME(MONTH, OrderDate)
ORDER BY OrderYear DESC, OrderMonth DESC;

-- Customer analysis
SELECT
    c.Country,
    c.City,
    COUNT(DISTINCT c.CustomerID) AS CustomerCount,
    COUNT(o.OrderID) AS TotalOrders,
    SUM(o.TotalAmount) AS TotalRevenue,
    AVG(o.TotalAmount) AS AvgOrderValue
FROM Customers c
    LEFT JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
GROUP BY c.Country, c.City
HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT c.CustomerID) >= 5  -- Cities with at least 5 customers
ORDER BY TotalRevenue DESC;
```

## HAVING Clause and Advanced Grouping:



```

-- Find top customers (those with more than $1000 in total purchases)
SELECT
    c.CustomerID,
    c.FirstName + ' ' + c.LastName AS CustomerName,
    COUNT(o.OrderID) AS OrderCount,
    SUM(o.TotalAmount) AS TotalPurchases,
    AVG(o.TotalAmount) AS AvgOrderValue,
    MIN(o.OrderDate) AS FirstOrder,
    MAX(o.OrderDate) AS LastOrder
FROM Customers c
    INNER JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
WHERE o.OrderStatus = 'Delivered'
GROUP BY c.CustomerID, c.FirstName, c.LastName
HAVING SUM(o.TotalAmount) > 1000
    AND COUNT(o.OrderID) >= 3
ORDER BY TotalPurchases DESC, OrderCount DESC;

-- Product performance analysis
SELECT
    p.ProductID,
    p.ProductName,
    COUNT(DISTINCT oi.OrderID) AS OrdersWithProduct,
    SUM(oi.Quantity) AS TotalQuantitySold,
    SUM(oi.Quantity * oi.UnitPrice) AS TotalRevenue,
    AVG(oi.UnitPrice) AS AvgSellingPrice,
    p.UnitPrice AS CurrentPrice
FROM Products p
    LEFT JOIN OrderItems oi ON p.ProductID = oi.ProductID
    LEFT JOIN Orders o ON oi.OrderID = o.OrderID AND o.OrderStatus = 'Delivered'
GROUP BY p.ProductID, p.ProductName, p.UnitPrice
HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT oi.OrderID) > 0 -- Only products that have been sold
ORDER BY TotalRevenue DESC;

```

## Window Functions and Advanced Analytics

### Ranking Functions:

```

-- Rank customers by total purchases
SELECT
    c.CustomerID,
    c.FirstName + ' ' + c.LastName AS CustomerName,
    SUM(o.TotalAmount) AS TotalPurchases,
    RANK() OVER (ORDER BY SUM(o.TotalAmount) DESC) AS PurchaseRank,
    ROW_NUMBER() OVER (ORDER BY SUM(o.TotalAmount) DESC) AS RowNum,
    DENSE_RANK() OVER (ORDER BY SUM(o.TotalAmount) DESC) AS DenseRank
FROM Customers c
    INNER JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
WHERE o.OrderStatus = 'Delivered'
GROUP BY c.CustomerID, c.FirstName, c.LastName
ORDER BY TotalPurchases DESC;

-- Partition by category
SELECT
    p.ProductID,

```

```

    p.ProductName,
    p.CategoryID,
    p.UnitPrice,
    RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY p.CategoryID ORDER BY p.UnitPrice DESC) AS PriceRankInCategory,
    AVG(p.UnitPrice) OVER (PARTITION BY p.CategoryID) AS CategoryAvgPrice
FROM Products p
WHERE p.IsActive = 1
ORDER BY p.CategoryID, PriceRankInCategory;

```

### Running Totals and Moving Averages:

```

-- Daily sales with running totals
SELECT
    CAST(o.OrderDate AS DATE) AS OrderDate,
    COUNT(*) AS DailyOrders,
    SUM(o.TotalAmount) AS DailyRevenue,

    -- Running totals
    SUM(COUNT(*)) OVER (ORDER BY CAST(o.OrderDate AS DATE)) AS RunningOrderCount,
    SUM(SUM(o.TotalAmount)) OVER (ORDER BY CAST(o.OrderDate AS DATE)) AS RunningRevenue,

    -- Moving averages (7-day window)
    AVG(SUM(o.TotalAmount)) OVER (
        ORDER BY CAST(o.OrderDate AS DATE)
        ROWS BETWEEN 6 PRECEDING AND CURRENT ROW
    ) AS SevenDayAvgRevenue

FROM Orders o
WHERE o.OrderDate >= DATEADD(MONTH, -3, GETDATE())
    AND o.OrderStatus = 'Delivered'
GROUP BY CAST(o.OrderDate AS DATE)
ORDER BY OrderDate;

```

### Lead/Lag Functions:

```

-- Customer purchase patterns
WITH CustomerOrders AS (
    SELECT
        c.CustomerID,
        c.FirstName + ' ' + c.LastName AS CustomerName,
        o.OrderID,
        o.OrderDate,
        o.TotalAmount,
        ROW_NUMBER() OVER (PARTITION BY c.CustomerID ORDER BY o.OrderDate) AS OrderSequence
    FROM Customers c
    INNER JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
    WHERE o.OrderStatus = 'Delivered'
)
SELECT
    CustomerID,
    CustomerName,
    OrderID,
    OrderDate,
    TotalAmount,
    OrderSequence,

```

```

-- Previous order information
LAG(OrderDate) OVER (PARTITION BY CustomerID ORDER BY OrderDate) AS PreviousOrderDate,
LAG(TotalAmount) OVER (PARTITION BY CustomerID ORDER BY OrderDate) AS PreviousOrderAmount

-- Next order information
LEAD(OrderDate) OVER (PARTITION BY CustomerID ORDER BY OrderDate) AS NextOrderDate,

-- Days between orders
DATEDIFF(DAY,
    LAG(OrderDate) OVER (PARTITION BY CustomerID ORDER BY OrderDate),
    OrderDate
) AS DaysSinceLastOrder

FROM CustomerOrders
ORDER BY CustomerID, OrderDate;

```

## Subqueries and Common Table Expressions

### Scalar Subqueries:

```

-- Add customer's total order count to each order
SELECT
    o.OrderID,
    o.CustomerID,
    (SELECT FirstName + ' ' + LastName
     FROM Customers c
     WHERE c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID) AS CustomerName,
    o.OrderDate,
    o.TotalAmount,
    (SELECT COUNT(*)
     FROM Orders o2
     WHERE o2.CustomerID = o.CustomerID) AS CustomerTotalOrders
FROM Orders o
WHERE o.OrderDate >= DATEADD(MONTH, -1, GETDATE())
ORDER BY o.OrderDate DESC;

```

### Correlated Subqueries:

```

-- Find customers whose last order was more than 6 months ago
SELECT
    c.CustomerID,
    c.FirstName + ' ' + c.LastName AS CustomerName,
    c.Email,
    (SELECT MAX(o.OrderDate)
     FROM Orders o
     WHERE o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID) AS LastOrderDate
FROM Customers c
WHERE EXISTS (
    SELECT 1 FROM Orders o
    WHERE o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID
)
AND (
    SELECT MAX(o.OrderDate)

```

```

        FROM Orders o
        WHERE o.CustomerID = c.CustomerID
    ) &lt; DATEADD(MONTH, -6, GETDATE())
    ORDER BY LastOrderDate DESC;

```

```

-- Products never ordered
SELECT
    p.ProductID,
    p.ProductName,
    p.UnitPrice,
    p.UnitsInStock
FROM Products p
WHERE NOT EXISTS (
    SELECT 1 FROM OrderItems oi
    WHERE oi.ProductID = p.ProductID
)
AND p.IsActive = 1
ORDER BY p.UnitPrice DESC;

```

### Common Table Expressions (CTEs):

```

-- Recursive CTE for employee hierarchy
WITH EmployeeHierarchy AS (
    -- Anchor: Top-level managers (no manager)
    SELECT
        EmployeeID,
        FirstName + ' ' + LastName AS EmployeeName,
        Title,
        ManagerID,
        0 AS Level,
        CAST(FirstName + ' ' + LastName AS NVARCHAR(1000)) AS HierarchyPath
    FROM Employees
    WHERE ManagerID IS NULL

    UNION ALL

    -- Recursive: Employees with managers
    SELECT
        e.EmployeeID,
        e.FirstName + ' ' + e.LastName,
        e.Title,
        e.ManagerID,
        eh.Level + 1,
        CAST(eh.HierarchyPath + ' -&gt; ' + e.FirstName + ' ' + e.LastName AS NVARCHAR(1000)) AS HierarchyPath
    FROM Employees e
    INNER JOIN EmployeeHierarchy eh ON e.ManagerID = eh.EmployeeID
)
SELECT
    EmployeeID,
    EmployeeName,
    Title,
    Level,
    HierarchyPath
FROM EmployeeHierarchy
ORDER BY Level, EmployeeName;

```

```

-- Multiple CTEs for complex analysis
WITH MonthlySales AS (
    SELECT
        YEAR(OrderDate) AS SalesYear,
        MONTH(OrderDate) AS SalesMonth,
        SUM(TotalAmount) AS MonthlyRevenue,
        COUNT(*) AS MonthlyOrders
    FROM Orders
    WHERE OrderStatus = 'Delivered'
        AND OrderDate >= DATEADD(YEAR, -2, GETDATE())
    GROUP BY YEAR(OrderDate), MONTH(OrderDate)
),
SalesGrowth AS (
    SELECT
        SalesYear,
        SalesMonth,
        MonthlyRevenue,
        MonthlyOrders,
        LAG(MonthlyRevenue) OVER (ORDER BY SalesYear, SalesMonth) AS PreviousMonthRevenue,
        MonthlyRevenue - LAG(MonthlyRevenue) OVER (ORDER BY SalesYear, SalesMonth) AS RevenueGrowth
    FROM MonthlySales
)
SELECT
    SalesYear,
    SalesMonth,
    DATENAME(MONTH, DATEFROMPARTS(SalesYear, SalesMonth, 1)) AS MonthName,
    MonthlyRevenue,
    MonthlyOrders,
    PreviousMonthRevenue,
    RevenueGrowth,
    CASE
        WHEN PreviousMonthRevenue > 0
        THEN (RevenueGrowth * 100.0 / PreviousMonthRevenue)
        ELSE NULL
    END AS GrowthPercent
FROM SalesGrowth
ORDER BY SalesYear, SalesMonth;

```

## Part 8: EF Core Implementation

### Entity Classes and DbContext Setup

#### Creating Entity Classes:

```

// Customer entity with proper conventions
public class Customer
{
    public int CustomerID { get; set; }

    [Required]
    [MaxLength(50)]
    public string FirstName { get; set; } = string.Empty;
}

```

```

[Required]
[MaxLength(50)]
public string LastName { get; set; } = string.Empty;

[Required]
[MaxLength(255)]
[EmailAddress]
public string Email { get; set; } = string.Empty;

[MaxLength(20)]
public string? Phone { get; set; }

[MaxLength(50)]
public string? City { get; set; }

[MaxLength(50)]
public string? Country { get; set; }

public DateTime CreatedDate { get; set; } = DateTime.UtcNow;

// Navigation properties
public virtual ICollection<Order> Orders { get; set; } = new List<Order>();
}

// Product entity
public class Product
{
    public int ProductID { get; set; }

    [Required]
    [MaxLength(100)]
    public string ProductName { get; set; } = string.Empty;

    public string? Description { get; set; }

    public int CategoryID { get; set; }

    [Column(TypeName = "decimal(10,2)")]
    [Range(0, 99999.99)]
    public decimal UnitPrice { get; set; }

    public int UnitsInStock { get; set; } = 0;

    public bool IsActive { get; set; } = true;

    public DateTime CreatedDate { get; set; } = DateTime.UtcNow;

    // Navigation properties
    public virtual ICollection<OrderItem> OrderItems { get; set; } = new List<OrderItem>();
}

// Order entity
public class Order
{
    public int OrderID { get; set; }

```

```

public int CustomerID { get; set; }

public DateTime OrderDate { get; set; } = DateTime.UtcNow;

[MaxLength(20)]
public string OrderNumber { get; set; } = string.Empty;

[Column(TypeName = "decimal(12,2)")]
public decimal TotalAmount { get; set; }

[MaxLength(20)]
public string OrderStatus { get; set; } = "Pending";

// Navigation properties
public virtual Customer Customer { get; set; } = null!;
public virtual ICollection<OrderItem> OrderItems { get; set; } = new List<OrderItem>();
}

// OrderItem entity (junction table)
public class OrderItem
{
    public int OrderItemID { get; set; }

    public int OrderID { get; set; }

    public int ProductID { get; set; }

    [Range(1, int.MaxValue)]
    public int Quantity { get; set; }

    [Column(TypeName = "decimal(10,2)")]
    [Range(0, 99999.99)]
    public decimal UnitPrice { get; set; }

    // Navigation properties
    public virtual Order Order { get; set; } = null!;
    public virtual Product Product { get; set; } = null!;
}

```

#### Creating the DbContext:

```

public class LearningDbContext : DbContext
{
    public LearningDbContext(DbContextOptions<LearningDbContext> options) : base(options)
    {
    }

    // DbSet
    public DbSet<Customer> Customers => Set<Customer>();
    public DbSet<Product> Products => Set<Product>();
    public DbSet<Order> Orders => Set<Order>();
    public DbSet<OrderItem> OrderItems => Set<OrderItem>();

    protected override void OnModelCreating(ModelBuilder modelBuilder)
    {
        base.OnModelCreating(modelBuilder);
    }
}

```

```

// Customer configuration
modelBuilder.Entity<Customer>(entity =>
{
    entity.HasKey(e => e.CustomerID);

    entity.Property(e => e.CustomerID)
        .UseIdentityColumn();

    entity.HasIndex(e => e.Email)
        .IsUnique()
        .HasDatabaseName("IX_Customers_Email");

    entity.Property(e => e.CreatedDate)
        .HasDefaultValueSql("SYSDATETIME()");
});

// Product configuration
modelBuilder.Entity<Product>(entity =>
{
    entity.HasKey(e => e.ProductID);

    entity.Property(e => e.ProductID)
        .UseIdentityColumn();

    entity.Property(e => e.UnitPrice)
        .HasColumnType("decimal(10,2)");

    entity.Property(e => e.CreatedDate)
        .HasDefaultValueSql("SYSDATETIME()");

    entity.HasCheckConstraint("CK_Products_UnitPrice",
        "[UnitPrice] >= 0 AND [UnitPrice] <= 99999.99");
});

// Order configuration
modelBuilder.Entity<Order>(entity =>
{
    entity.HasKey(e => e.OrderID);

    entity.Property(e => e.OrderID)
        .UseIdentityColumn();

    entity.Property(e => e.TotalAmount)
        .HasColumnType("decimal(12,2)");

    entity.Property(e => e.OrderDate)
        .HasDefaultValueSql("SYSDATETIME()");

    // Computed column for OrderNumber
    entity.Property(e => e.OrderNumber)
        .HasComputedColumnSql("( 'ORD-' + RIGHT('000000' + CAST([OrderID] AS VARCHAR(8)), 6) ");

    entity.HasCheckConstraint("CK_Orders_Status",
        "[OrderStatus] IN ('Pending', 'Processing', 'Shipped', 'Delivered', 'Cancel

```



```

        // Foreign key relationship
        entity.HasOne(e => e.Customer)
            .WithMany(c => c.Orders)
            .HasForeignKey(e => e.CustomerID)
            .OnDelete(DeleteBehavior.Restrict)
            .HasConstraintName("FK_Orders_Customers");
    });

    // OrderItem configuration
    modelBuilder.Entity<OrderItem>(entity =>
    {
        entity.HasKey(e => e.OrderItemID);

        entity.Property(e => e.OrderItemID)
            .UseIdentityColumn();

        entity.Property(e => e.UnitPrice)
            .HasColumnType("decimal(10,2)");

        entity.HasCheckConstraint("CK_OrderItems_Quantity", "[Quantity] > 0");
        entity.HasCheckConstraint("CK_OrderItems_UnitPrice", "[UnitPrice] >= 0");

        // Composite unique constraint
        entity.HasIndex(e => new { e.OrderID, e.ProductID })
            .IsUnique()
            .HasDatabaseName("IX_OrderItems_Order_Product");

        // Foreign key relationships
        entity.HasOne(e => e.Order)
            .WithMany(o => o.OrderItems)
            .HasForeignKey(e => e.OrderID)
            .OnDelete(DeleteBehavior.Cascade)
            .HasConstraintName("FK_OrderItems_Orders");

        entity.HasOne(e => e.Product)
            .WithMany(p => p.OrderItems)
            .HasForeignKey(e => e.ProductID)
            .OnDelete(DeleteBehavior.Restrict)
            .HasConstraintName("FK_OrderItems_Products");
    });

    // Seed data (optional)
    SeedData(modelBuilder);
}

private static void SeedData(ModelBuilder modelBuilder)
{
    // Seed customers
    modelBuilder.Entity<Customer>().HasData(
        new Customer
        {
            CustomerID = 1,
            FirstName = "John",
            LastName = "Doe",
            Email = "john.doe@example.com",
            City = "New York",

```

```

        Country = "USA",
        CreatedDate = new DateTime(2024, 1, 1)
    },
    new Customer
    {
        CustomerID = 2,
        FirstName = "Jane",
        LastName = "Smith",
        Email = "jane.smith@example.com",
        City = "London",
        Country = "UK",
        CreatedDate = new DateTime(2024, 1, 2)
    }
);

// Seed products
modelBuilder.Entity<Product>().HasData(
    new Product
    {
        ProductID = 1,
        ProductName = "Laptop Pro",
        CategoryID = 1,
        UnitPrice = 1299.99m,
        UnitsInStock = 50,
        CreatedDate = new DateTime(2024, 1, 1)
    },
    new Product
    {
        ProductID = 2,
        ProductName = "Wireless Mouse",
        CategoryID = 1,
        UnitPrice = 29.99m,
        UnitsInStock = 200,
        CreatedDate = new DateTime(2024, 1, 1)
    }
);
}
}

```

## Configuration and Dependency Injection

### Program.cs Configuration (.NET 8):

```

using LearningEFCore.Data;
using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;

var builder = WebApplication.CreateBuilder(args);

// Add services to the container
builder.Services.AddControllers();
builder.Services.AddEndpointsApiExplorer();
builder.Services.AddSwaggerGen();

// Configure Entity Framework
builder.Services.AddDbContext<LearningDbContext>(options =>

```

```

{
    // For local SQL Server
    // options.UseSqlServer(builder.Configuration.GetConnectionString("DefaultConnection"))

    // For Azure SQL Database
    options.UseSqlServer(builder.Configuration.GetConnectionString("AzureSqlConnection"));

    // Development configuration
    if (builder.Environment.IsDevelopment())
    {
        options.EnableSensitiveDataLogging();
        options.EnableDetailedErrors();
        options.LogTo(Console.WriteLine);
    }
});

// Register application services
builder.Services.AddScoped<ICustomerService, CustomerService>();
builder.Services.AddScoped<IOrderService, OrderService>();

var app = builder.Build();

// Configure the HTTP request pipeline
if (app.Environment.IsDevelopment())
{
    app.UseSwagger();
    app.UseSwaggerUI();

    // Auto-migrate database in development
    using (var scope = app.Services.CreateScope())
    {
        var context = scope.ServiceProvider.GetRequiredService<LearningDbContext>();
        try
        {
            context.Database.Migrate();
        }
        catch (Exception ex)
        {
            var logger = scope.ServiceProvider.GetRequiredService<ILogger<Program>>();
            logger.LogError(ex, "An error occurred creating the DB.");
        }
    }
}

app.UseHttpsRedirection();
app.UseAuthorization();
app.MapControllers();

app.Run();

```

#### appsettings.json Configuration:

```

{
  "ConnectionStrings": {
    "DefaultConnection": "Server=localhost;Database=LearningEFCore;Trusted_Connection=True;
    "AzureSqlConnection": "Server=tcp:your-server.database.windows.net,1433;Initial Catalog

```

```

},
"Logging": {
  "LogLevel": {
    "Default": "Information",
    "Microsoft.AspNetCore": "Warning",
    "Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore": "Information"
  }
},
"AllowedHosts": "*"
}

```

## Migrations and Database Management

### Creating and Managing Migrations:

```

# Create initial migration
dotnet ef migrations add InitialCreate

# View migration SQL without applying
dotnet ef migrations script

# Apply migrations to database
dotnet ef database update

# Create migration for specific changes
dotnet ef migrations add AddProductCategories

# Rollback to specific migration
dotnet ef database update PreviousMigrationName

# Remove last migration (if not applied)
dotnet ef migrations remove

# Generate SQL script for production deployment
dotnet ef migrations script InitialCreate AddProductCategories -o migration.sql

# Update to specific migration
dotnet ef database update AddProductCategories

# Reset database (remove and recreate)
dotnet ef database drop --force
dotnet ef database update

```

### Custom Migration Example:

```

public partial class AddCustomIndexes : Migration
{
    protected override void Up(MigrationBuilder migrationBuilder)
    {
        // Create custom indexes for performance
        migrationBuilder.Sql(@"
            CREATE INDEX IX_Orders_CustomerID_OrderDate
            ON Orders(CustomerID, OrderDate DESC)
            INCLUDE (TotalAmount, OrderStatus);

```

```

        ");

        migrationBuilder.Sql(@"
            CREATE INDEX IX_OrderItems_ProductID
            ON OrderItems(ProductID)
            INCLUDE (Quantity, UnitPrice);
        ");

        // Add computed column
        migrationBuilder.Sql(@"
            ALTER TABLE Orders
            ADD OrderYear AS YEAR(OrderDate) PERSISTED;
        ");
    }

    protected override void Down(MigrationBuilder migrationBuilder)
    {
        migrationBuilder.Sql("DROP INDEX IX_Orders_CustomerID_OrderDate ON Orders;");
        migrationBuilder.Sql("DROP INDEX IX_OrderItems_ProductID ON OrderItems;");
        migrationBuilder.Sql("ALTER TABLE Orders DROP COLUMN OrderYear;");
    }
}

```

## Repository Pattern and Service Layer

### Repository Interface and Implementation:

```

// Generic repository interface
public interface IRepository<T> where T : class
{
    Task<T> GetByIdAsync(int id);
    Task<IEnumerable<T>> GetAllAsync();
    Task<IEnumerable<T>> FindAsync(Expression<Func<T, bool>> predicate);
    Task<T> AddAsync(T entity);
    Task UpdateAsync(T entity);
    Task DeleteAsync(int id);
    Task<int> CountAsync(Expression<Func<T, bool>>? predicate = null);
    Task<bool> ExistsAsync(int id);
}

// Customer-specific repository interface
public interface ICustomerRepository : IRepository<Customer>
{
    Task<Customer> GetByEmailAsync(string email);
    Task<IEnumerable<Customer>> GetCustomersWithOrdersAsync();
    Task<PaginatedResult<Customer>> GetPagedAsync(int page, int pageSize, string search);
    Task<IEnumerable<Customer>> GetTopCustomersByRevenueAsync(int count);
}

// Repository implementation
public class CustomerRepository : ICustomerRepository
{
    private readonly LearningDbContext _context;

    public CustomerRepository(LearningDbContext context)
    {
        _context = context;
    }
}

```

```

{
    _context = context;
}

public async Task<Customer?> GetByIdAsync(int id)
{
    return await _context.Customers
        .Include(c => c.Orders)
        .FirstOrDefaultAsync(c => c.CustomerID == id);
}

public async Task<IEnumerable<Customer>> GetAllAsync()
{
    return await _context.Customers
        .AsNoTracking()
        .OrderBy(c => c.LastName)
        .ThenBy(c => c.FirstName)
        .ToListAsync();
}

public async Task<IEnumerable<Customer>> FindAsync(Expression<Func<Cu
{
    return await _context.Customers
        .AsNoTracking()
        .Where(predicate)
        .ToListAsync();
}

public async Task<Customer> AddAsync(Customer entity)
{
    _context.Customers.Add(entity);
    await _context.SaveChangesAsync();
    return entity;
}

public async Task UpdateAsync(Customer entity)
{
    _context.Entry(entity).State = EntityState.Modified;
    await _context.SaveChangesAsync();
}

public async Task DeleteAsync(int id)
{
    var customer = await _context.Customers.FindAsync(id);
    if (customer != null)
    {
        _context.Customers.Remove(customer);
        await _context.SaveChangesAsync();
    }
}

public async Task<int> CountAsync(Expression<Func<Customer, bool>>? p
{
    return predicate == null
        ? await _context.Customers.CountAsync()
        : await _context.Customers.CountAsync(predicate);
}

```

```

}

public async Task<bool> ExistsAsync(int id)
{
    return await _context.Customers.AnyAsync(c => c.CustomerID == id);
}

public async Task<Customer?> GetByEmailAsync(string email)
{
    return await _context.Customers
        .FirstOrDefaultAsync(c => c.Email == email);
}

public async Task<IEnumerable<Customer>> GetCustomersWithOrdersAsync()
{
    return await _context.Customers
        .Include(c => c.Orders)
        .Where(c => c.Orders.Any())
        .AsNoTracking()
        .ToListAsync();
}

public async Task<PaginatedResult<Customer>> GetPagedAsync(int page, int pa
{
    var query = _context.Customers.AsQueryable();

    if (!string.IsNullOrEmpty(search))
    {
        query = query.Where(c =>
            c.FirstName.Contains(search) ||
            c.LastName.Contains(search) ||
            c.Email.Contains(search));
    }

    var totalCount = await query.CountAsync();

    var customers = await query
        .OrderBy(c => c.LastName)
        .ThenBy(c => c.FirstName)
        .Skip((page - 1) * pageSize)
        .Take(pageSize)
        .AsNoTracking()
        .ToListAsync();

    return new PaginatedResult<Customer>(customers, totalCount, page, pageSize);
}

public async Task<IEnumerable<Customer>> GetTopCustomersByRevenueAsync(int
{
    return await _context.Customers
        .Select(c => new {
            Customer = c,
            TotalRevenue = c.Orders.Where(o => o.OrderStatus == "Delivered").Sum(o =
        })
        .OrderByDescending(x => x.TotalRevenue)
        .Take(count)

```

```

        .Select(x => x.Customer)
        .AsNoTracking()
        .ToListAsync();
    }
}

// Pagination helper class
public class PaginatedResult<T>
{
    public IEnumerable<T> Data { get; }
    public int TotalCount { get; }
    public int Page { get; }
    public int PageSize { get; }
    public int TotalPages => (int)Math.Ceiling((double)TotalCount / PageSize);
    public bool HasPreviousPage => Page > 1;
    public bool HasNextPage => Page < TotalPages;

    public PaginatedResult(IEnumerable<T> data, int totalCount, int page, int pageSize)
    {
        Data = data;
        TotalCount = totalCount;
        Page = page;
        PageSize = pageSize;
    }
}

```

#### Service Layer Implementation:

```

// Customer service interface
public interface ICustomerService
{
    Task<CustomerDto> GetCustomerAsync(int id);
    Task<IEnumerable<CustomerListDto>> GetAllCustomersAsync();
    Task<PaginatedResult<CustomerListDto>> GetPagedCustomersAsync(int page, int pageSize);
    Task<CustomerDto> CreateCustomerAsync(CreateCustomerDto dto);
    Task<bool> UpdateCustomerAsync(int id, UpdateCustomerDto dto);
    Task<bool> DeleteCustomerAsync(int id);
    Task<CustomerStatsDto> GetCustomerStatsAsync(int id);
}

// DTOs for data transfer
public record CustomerDto(
    int CustomerID,
    string FirstName,
    string LastName,
    string Email,
    string? Phone,
    string? City,
    string? Country,
    DateTime CreatedDate,
    int OrderCount,
    decimal TotalSpent
);

public record CustomerListDto(
    int CustomerID,

```



```

        string FullName,
        string Email,
        string? City,
        string? Country,
        int OrderCount
    );

    public record CreateCustomerDto(
        string FirstName,
        string LastName,
        string Email,
        string? Phone,
        string? City,
        string? Country
    );

    public record UpdateCustomerDto(
        string FirstName,
        string LastName,
        string? Phone,
        string? City,
        string? Country
    );

    public record CustomerStatsDto(
        int CustomerID,
        string FullName,
        int TotalOrders,
        decimal TotalSpent,
        decimal AverageOrderValue,
        DateTime? LastOrderDate,
        DateTime? FirstOrderDate
    );

    // Customer service implementation
    public class CustomerService : ICustomerService
    {
        private readonly ICustomerRepository _customerRepository;
        private readonly ILogger<CustomerService> _logger;

        public CustomerService(ICustomerRepository customerRepository, ILogger<CustomerService> logger)
        {
            _customerRepository = customerRepository;
            _logger = logger;
        }

        public async Task<CustomerDto?> GetCustomerAsync(int id)
        {
            var customer = await _customerRepository.GetByIdAsync(id);
            return customer == null ? null : MapToDto(customer);
        }

        public async Task<IEnumerable<CustomerListDto>> GetAllCustomersAsync()
        {
            var customers = await _customerRepository.GetAllAsync();
            return customers.Select(MapToListDto);
        }
    }

```

```

}

public async Task<PaginatedResult<CustomerListDto>> GetPagedCustomersAsync(
{
    var result = await _customerRepository.GetPagedAsync(page, pageSize, search);
    var dtos = result.Data.Select(MapToListDto);
    return new PaginatedResult<CustomerListDto>(dtos, result.TotalCount, result.P
}

public async Task<CustomerDto> CreateCustomerAsync(CreateCustomerDto dto)
{
    // Validate email uniqueness
    var existing = await _customerRepository.GetByEmailAsync(dto.Email);
    if (existing != null)
    {
        throw new InvalidOperationException("Email already exists");
    }

    var customer = new Customer
    {
        FirstName = dto.FirstName,
        LastName = dto.LastName,
        Email = dto.Email,
        Phone = dto.Phone,
        City = dto.City,
        Country = dto.Country
    };

    var created = await _customerRepository.AddAsync(customer);
    _logger.LogInformation("Created customer {CustomerId} with email {Email}", created.

    return MapToDto(created);
}

public async Task<bool> UpdateCustomerAsync(int id, UpdateCustomerDto dto)
{
    var customer = await _customerRepository.GetByIdAsync(id);
    if (customer == null) return false;

    customer.FirstName = dto.FirstName;
    customer.LastName = dto.LastName;
    customer.Phone = dto.Phone;
    customer.City = dto.City;
    customer.Country = dto.Country;

    await _customerRepository.UpdateAsync(customer);
    _logger.LogInformation("Updated customer {CustomerId}", id);

    return true;
}

public async Task<bool> DeleteCustomerAsync(int id)
{
    var exists = await _customerRepository.ExistsAsync(id);
    if (!exists) return false;

```

```

        await _customerRepository.DeleteAsync(id);
        _logger.LogInformation("Deleted customer {CustomerId}", id);

        return true;
    }

    public async Task<CustomerStatsDto> GetCustomerStatsAsync(int id)
    {
        var customer = await _customerRepository.GetByIdAsync(id);
        if (customer == null)
            throw new ArgumentException("Customer not found", nameof(id));

        var deliveredOrders = customer.Orders.Where(o => o.OrderStatus == "Delivered").T

        return new CustomerStatsDto(
            customer.CustomerID,
            $"{customer.FirstName} {customer.LastName}",
            deliveredOrders.Count,
            deliveredOrders.Sum(o => o.TotalAmount),
            deliveredOrders.Any() ? deliveredOrders.Average(o => o.TotalAmount) : 0,
            deliveredOrders.Any() ? deliveredOrders.Max(o => o.OrderDate) : null,
            deliveredOrders.Any() ? deliveredOrders.Min(o => o.OrderDate) : null
        );
    }

    private static CustomerDto MapToDto(Customer customer)
    {
        var deliveredOrders = customer.Orders.Where(o => o.OrderStatus == "Delivered").T
        return new CustomerDto(
            customer.CustomerID,
            customer.FirstName,
            customer.LastName,
            customer.Email,
            customer.Phone,
            customer.City,
            customer.Country,
            customer.CreatedDate,
            deliveredOrders.Count,
            deliveredOrders.Sum(o => o.TotalAmount)
        );
    }

    private static CustomerListDto MapToListDto(Customer customer)
    {
        return new CustomerListDto(
            customer.CustomerID,
            $"{customer.FirstName} {customer.LastName}",
            customer.Email,
            customer.City,
            customer.Country,
            customer.Orders.Count
        );
    }
}

```

## Advanced Querying Techniques

### Complex LINQ Queries:

```
public class OrderService : IOrderService
{
    private readonly LearningDbContext _context;

    public OrderService(LearningDbContext context)
    {
        _context = context;
    }

    // Get orders with customer and product details
    public async Task<IEnumerable<OrderDetailDto>> GetOrdersWithDetailsAsync(int customerId)
    {
        var query = _context.Orders
            .Include(o => o.Customer)
            .Include(o => o.OrderItems)
            .ThenInclude(oi => oi.Product)
            .AsQueryable();

        if (customerId.HasValue)
        {
            query = query.Where(o => o.CustomerID == customerId.Value);
        }

        return await query
            .Select(o => new OrderDetailDto
            {
                OrderID = o.OrderID,
                OrderNumber = o.OrderNumber,
                OrderDate = o.OrderDate,
                CustomerName = $"{o.Customer.FirstName} {o.Customer.LastName}",
                CustomerEmail = o.Customer.Email,
                TotalAmount = o.TotalAmount,
                OrderStatus = o.OrderStatus,
                Items = o.OrderItems.Select(oi => new OrderItemDto
                {
                    ProductName = oi.Product.ProductName,
                    Quantity = oi.Quantity,
                    UnitPrice = oi.UnitPrice,
                    LineTotal = oi.Quantity * oi.UnitPrice
                }).ToList()
            })
            .OrderByDescending(o => o.OrderDate)
            .AsNoTracking()
            .ToListAsync();
    }

    // Monthly sales report with growth calculation
    public async Task<IEnumerable<MonthlySalesDto>> GetMonthlySalesReportAsync(int months)
    {
        var startDate = DateTime.UtcNow.AddMonths(-months);

        return await _context.Orders
```

```

        .Where(o => o.OrderDate >= startDate && o.OrderStatus == "Delivered")
        .GroupBy(o => new { Year = o.OrderDate.Year, Month = o.OrderDate.Month })
        .Select(g => new MonthlySalesDto
        {
            Year = g.Key.Year,
            Month = g.Key.Month,
            OrderCount = g.Count(),
            TotalRevenue = g.Sum(o => o.TotalAmount),
            AverageOrderValue = g.Average(o => o.TotalAmount)
        })
        .OrderBy(m => m.Year)
        .ThenBy(m => m.Month)
        .AsNoTracking()
        .ToListAsync();
    }

// Product performance analysis
public async Task<IEnumerable<ProductPerformanceDto>> GetProductPerformance()
{
    return await _context.Products
        .Select(p => new ProductPerformanceDto
        {
            ProductID = p.ProductID,
            ProductName = p.ProductName,
            CurrentPrice = p.UnitPrice,
            UnitsInStock = p.UnitsInStock,
            TotalOrders = p.OrderItems.Count(oi => oi.Order.OrderStatus == "Delivered"),
            TotalQuantitySold = p.OrderItems
                .Where(oi => oi.Order.OrderStatus == "Delivered")
                .Sum(oi => oi.Quantity),
            TotalRevenue = p.OrderItems
                .Where(oi => oi.Order.OrderStatus == "Delivered")
                .Sum(oi => oi.Quantity * oi.UnitPrice),
            AverageSellingPrice = p.OrderItems
                .Where(oi => oi.Order.OrderStatus == "Delivered")
                .Average(oi => (decimal?)oi.UnitPrice) ?? 0
        })
        .Where(p => p.TotalOrders > 0)
        .OrderByDescending(p => p.TotalRevenue)
        .AsNoTracking()
        .ToListAsync();
}

// Customer purchasing patterns
public async Task<IEnumerable<CustomerPurchasePatternDto>> GetCustomerPurchasePatterns()
{
    return await _context.Customers
        .Where(c => c.Orders.Any(o => o.OrderStatus == "Delivered"))
        .Select(c => new CustomerPurchasePatternDto
        {
            CustomerID = c.CustomerID,
            CustomerName = $"{c.FirstName} {c.LastName}",
            FirstOrderDate = c.Orders
                .Where(o => o.OrderStatus == "Delivered")
                .Min(o => o.OrderDate),
            LastOrderDate = c.Orders

```

```

        .Where(o => o.OrderStatus == "Delivered")
        .Max(o => o.OrderDate),
    TotalOrders = c.Orders.Count(o => o.OrderStatus == "Delivered"),
    TotalSpent = c.Orders
        .Where(o => o.OrderStatus == "Delivered")
        .Sum(o => o.TotalAmount),
    AverageOrderValue = c.Orders
        .Where(o => o.OrderStatus == "Delivered")
        .Average(o => o.TotalAmount),
    DaysBetweenFirstAndLast = EF.Functions.DateDiffDay(
        c.Orders.Where(o => o.OrderStatus == "Delivered").Min(o => o.OrderDate),
        c.Orders.Where(o => o.OrderStatus == "Delivered").Max(o => o.OrderDate)
    )
})
.OrderByDescending(c => c.TotalSpent)
.AsNoTracking()
.ToListAsync();
}
}

```

## Performance Optimization

### Query Optimization Techniques:

```

public class OptimizedQueryService
{
    private readonly LearningDbContext _context;

    public OptimizedQueryService(LearningDbContext context)
    {
        _context = context;
    }

    // Compiled queries for frequently used operations
    private static readonly Func<LearningDbContext, int, Task<Customer?>> GetCustomerByIdCompiled =
        EF.CompileAsyncQuery((LearningDbContext context, int id) =>
            context.Customers
                .Include(c => c.Orders)
                .FirstOrDefault(c => c.CustomerID == id));

    private static readonly Func<LearningDbContext, string, Task<Customer?>> GetCustomerByEmailCompiled =
        EF.CompileAsyncQuery((LearningDbContext context, string email) =>
            context.Customers.FirstOrDefault(c => c.Email == email));

    public async Task<Customer?> GetCustomerByIdOptimizedAsync(int id)
    {
        return await GetCustomerByIdCompiled(_context, id);
    }

    public async Task<Customer?> GetCustomerByEmailOptimizedAsync(string email)
    {
        return await GetCustomerByEmailCompiled(_context, email);
    }

    // Projection to avoid loading unnecessary data
}

```

```

public async Task<IEnumerable<CustomerSummaryDto>> GetCustomerSummariesAsync
{
    return await _context.Customers
        .Select(c => new CustomerSummaryDto
        {
            CustomerID = c.CustomerID,
            FullName = c.FirstName + " " + c.LastName,
            Email = c.Email,
            OrderCount = c.Orders.Count(),
            LastOrderDate = c.Orders.Max(o => (DateTime?)o.OrderDate)
        })
        .AsNoTracking()
        .ToListAsync();
}

// Split queries for large includes
public async Task<IEnumerable<Order>> GetOrdersWithAllDataAsync(int customerId)
{
    return await _context.Orders
        .AsSplitQuery()
        .Include(o => o.Customer)
        .Include(o => o.OrderItems)
        .ThenInclude(oi => oi.Product)
        .Where(o => o.CustomerID == customerId)
        .AsNoTracking()
        .ToListAsync();
}

// Bulk operations (EF Core 7+)
public async Task<int> BulkUpdateOrderStatusAsync(string fromStatus, string toStatus)
{
    return await _context.Orders
        .Where(o => o.OrderStatus == fromStatus)
        .ExecuteUpdateAsync(s => s.SetProperty(o => o.OrderStatus, toStatus));
}

public async Task<int> BulkDeleteOldOrdersAsync(DateTime cutoffDate)
{
    return await _context.Orders
        .Where(o => o.OrderDate < cutoffDate && o.OrderStatus == "Cancelled")
        .ExecuteDeleteAsync();
}

// Raw SQL for complex operations
public async Task<IEnumerable<MonthlySalesReportDto>> GetMonthlySalesReportAsync()
{
    return await _context.Database
        .SqlQueryRaw<MonthlySalesReportDto>(@"
        SELECT
            YEAR(OrderDate) as Year,
            MONTH(OrderDate) as Month,
            DATENAME(MONTH, OrderDate) as MonthName,
            COUNT(*) as OrderCount,
            SUM(TotalAmount) as Revenue,
            AVG(TotalAmount) as AverageOrderValue
        FROM Orders
    ")
        .ToListAsync();
}

```

```

        WHERE OrderStatus = 'Delivered'
        AND OrderDate >= DATEADD(YEAR, -2, GETDATE())
        GROUP BY YEAR(OrderDate), MONTH(OrderDate), DATENAME(MONTH, OrderDate)
        ORDER BY Year DESC, Month DESC")
        .ToListAsync();
    }

    // Stored procedure execution
    public async Task<int> ExecuteMonthlyMaintenanceAsync()
    {
        return await _context.Database.ExecuteSqlRawAsync(
            "EXEC sp_MonthlyMaintenance @ProcessDate = {0}",
            DateTime.UtcNow);
    }
}

```

### Monitoring and Logging:

```

// Custom logging for EF Core queries
public class QueryLoggingInterceptor : IDbCommandInterceptor
{
    private readonly ILogger<QueryLoggingInterceptor> _logger;

    public QueryLoggingInterceptor(ILogger<QueryLoggingInterceptor> logger)
    {
        _logger = logger;
    }

    public override ValueTask<DbDataReader> ReaderExecutedAsync(
        DbCommand command, CommandExecutedEventData eventData,
        DbDataReader result, CancellationToken cancellationToken = default)
    {
        if (eventData.Duration > TimeSpan.FromSeconds(1))
        {
            _logger.LogWarning(
                "Slow query detected: {Duration}ms - {CommandText}",
                eventData.Duration.TotalMilliseconds,
                command.CommandText);
        }

        return new ValueTask<DbDataReader>(result);
    }
}

// Performance monitoring service
public class PerformanceMonitoringService
{
    private readonly LearningDbContext _context;
    private readonly ILogger<PerformanceMonitoringService> _logger;

    public PerformanceMonitoringService(LearningDbContext context, ILogger<PerformanceMonitoringService> logger)
    {
        _context = context;
        _logger = logger;
    }
}

```



```

public async Task<QueryPerformanceReport> GeneratePerformanceReportAsync()
{
    var stopwatch = System.Diagnostics.Stopwatch.StartNew();

    // Test various query patterns
    var customerCount = await _context.Customers.CountAsync();
    var customerTime = stopwatch.ElapsedMilliseconds;

    stopwatch.Restart();
    var orderCount = await _context.Orders.CountAsync();
    var orderTime = stopwatch.ElapsedMilliseconds;

    stopwatch.Restart();
    var complexQuery = await _context.Customers
        .Include(c => c.Orders)
        .ThenInclude(o => o.OrderItems)
        .Take(10)
        .ToListAsync();
    var complexTime = stopwatch.ElapsedMilliseconds;

    return new QueryPerformanceReport
    {
        CustomerCountQuery = customerTime,
        OrderCountQuery = orderTime,
        ComplexIncludeQuery = complexTime,
        TotalCustomers = customerCount,
        TotalOrders = orderCount,
        GeneratedAt = DateTime.UtcNow
    };
}
}

```

## Part 9: Azure Deployment

### Preparing for Production Deployment

#### Environment-Specific Configuration:

```

// Production-ready Program.cs
var builder = WebApplication.CreateBuilder(args);

// Add services
builder.Services.AddControllers();
builder.Services.AddEndpointsApiExplorer();
builder.Services.AddSwaggerGen();

// Configure Entity Framework with different strategies per environment
if (builder.Environment.IsProduction())
{
    // Production configuration
    builder.Services.AddDbContext<LearningDbContext>(options =>
    {
        var connectionString = builder.Configuration.GetConnectionString("Production");
    });
}

```

```

        options.UseSqlServer(connectionString, sqlOptions =>
        {
            sqlOptions.CommandTimeout(30);
            sqlOptions.EnableRetryOnFailure(
                maxRetryCount: 3,
                maxRetryDelay: TimeSpan.FromSeconds(10),
                errorNumbersToAdd: null);
        });

        // Production optimizations
        options.EnableServiceProviderCaching();
        options.EnableSensitiveDataLogging(false);
    });
}
else if (builder.Environment.IsStaging())
{
    // Staging configuration
    builder.Services.AddDbContext<LearningDbContext>(options =>
    {
        var connectionString = builder.Configuration.GetConnectionString("Staging");
        options.UseSqlServer(connectionString);
        options.EnableDetailedErrors();
    });
}
else
{
    // Development configuration
    builder.Services.AddDbContext<LearningDbContext>(options =>
    {
        var connectionString = builder.Configuration.GetConnectionString("Development");
        options.UseSqlServer(connectionString);
        options.EnableSensitiveDataLogging();
        options.EnableDetailedErrors();
        options.LogTo(Console.WriteLine);
    });
}

// Add health checks
builder.Services.AddHealthChecks()
    .AddDbContextCheck<LearningDbContext>();

// Register application services
builder.Services.AddScoped<ICustomerRepository, CustomerRepository>();
builder.Services.AddScoped<ICustomerService, CustomerService>();

var app = builder.Build();

// Configure pipeline
if (app.Environment.IsDevelopment())
{
    app.UseSwagger();
    app.UseSwaggerUI();

    // Auto-migrate in development only
    await EnsureDatabaseAsync(app.Services);
}

```

```

app.UseHttpsRedirection();
app.UseHealthChecks("/health");
app.UseAuthorization();
app.MapControllers();

await app.RunAsync();

// Helper method for database initialization
static async Task EnsureDatabaseAsync(IServiceProvider services)
{
    using var scope = services.CreateScope();
    var context = scope.ServiceProvider.GetRequiredService<LearningDbContext>();
    var logger = scope.ServiceProvider.GetRequiredService<ILogger<Program>>();

    try
    {
        await context.Database.MigrateAsync();
        logger.LogInformation("Database migration completed successfully");
    }
    catch (Exception ex)
    {
        logger.LogError(ex, "An error occurred while migrating the database");
        throw;
    }
}

```

## Azure SQL Configuration and Security

### Secure Connection String Management:

```

{
  "ConnectionStrings": {
    "Development": "Server=localhost;Database=LearningEFCore_Dev;Trusted_Connection=True;Tr
    "Staging": "Server=tcp:learningsql-staging.database.windows.net,1433;Initial Catalog=Le
    "Production": "Server=tcp:learningsql-prod.database.windows.net,1433;Initial Catalog=Le
  },
  "KeyVault": {
    "VaultUrl": "https://learningsql-kv.vault.azure.net/"
  }
}

```

### Using Azure Key Vault for Secrets:

```

// Configure Key Vault in Program.cs
if (builder.Environment.IsProduction() || builder.Environment.IsStaging())
{
    var keyVaultUrl = builder.Configuration["KeyVault:VaultUrl"];
    if (!string.IsNullOrEmpty(keyVaultUrl))
    {
        builder.Configuration.AddAzureKeyVault(
            new Uri(keyVaultUrl),
            new DefaultAzureCredential());
    }
}

```

```

}

// Custom configuration class
public class DatabaseConfiguration
{
    public string ConnectionString { get; set; } = string.Empty;
    public int CommandTimeout { get; set; } = 30;
    public int MaxRetryCount { get; set; } = 3;
    public bool EnableRetryOnFailure { get; set; } = true;
    public bool EnableSensitiveDataLogging { get; set; } = false;
}

// Configure with options pattern
builder.Services.Configure<DatabaseConfiguration>((
    builder.Configuration.GetSection("Database")));

```

## CI/CD Pipeline Configuration

**GitHub Actions Workflow (.github/workflows/deploy.yml):**

```

name: Deploy to Azure

on:
  push:
    branches: [ main ]
  pull_request:
    branches: [ main ]

env:
  AZURE_WEBAPP_NAME: learningefc-api
  AZURE_WEBAPP_PACKAGE_PATH: '.'
  DOTNET_VERSION: '8.x'

jobs:
  build-and-test:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest

    steps:
      - uses: actions/checkout@v3

      - name: Setup .NET
        uses: actions/setup-dotnet@v3
        with:
          dotnet-version: ${ env.DOTNET_VERSION }

      - name: Restore dependencies
        run: dotnet restore

      - name: Build
        run: dotnet build --no-restore --configuration Release

      - name: Test
        run: dotnet test --no-build --configuration Release --verbosity normal

      - name: Generate migration scripts

```

```

    run: |
      dotnet ef migrations script --startup-project src/LearningEFCore \
        --project src/LearningEFCore \
        --output migration.sql \
        --idempotent

- name: Upload migration script
  uses: actions/upload-artifact@v3
  with:
    name: migration-script
    path: migration.sql

- name: Publish
  run: dotnet publish --no-build --configuration Release --output ./publish

- name: Upload artifact
  uses: actions/upload-artifact@v3
  with:
    name: webapp
    path: ./publish

deploy-staging:
  needs: build-and-test
  runs-on: ubuntu-latest
  if: github.ref == 'refs/heads/main'
  environment: staging

  steps:
    - name: Download artifact
      uses: actions/download-artifact@v3
      with:
        name: webapp

    - name: Download migration script
      uses: actions/download-artifact@v3
      with:
        name: migration-script

    - name: Deploy to staging
      uses: azure/webapps-deploy@v2
      with:
        app-name: ${env.AZURE_WEBAPP_NAME}-staging
        publish-profile: ${secrets.AZURE_WEBAPP_PUBLISH_PROFILE_STAGING}
        package: .

    - name: Run database migration
      uses: azure/sql-action@v1
      with:
        server-name: learningsql-staging.database.windows.net
        connection-string: ${secrets.AZURE_SQL_CONNECTION_STRING_STAGING}
        sql-file: './migration.sql'

deploy-production:
  needs: [build-and-test, deploy-staging]
  runs-on: ubuntu-latest
  if: github.ref == 'refs/heads/main'

```

```

environment: production

steps:
- name: Download artifact
  uses: actions/download-artifact@v3
  with:
    name: webapp

- name: Download migration script
  uses: actions/download-artifact@v3
  with:
    name: migration-script

- name: Deploy to production
  uses: azure/webapps-deploy@v2
  with:
    app-name: ${env.AZURE_WEBAPP_NAME}
    publish-profile: ${secrets.AZURE_WEBAPP_PUBLISH_PROFILE}
    package: .

- name: Run database migration
  uses: azure/sql-action@v1
  with:
    server-name: learningsql-prod.database.windows.net
    connection-string: ${secrets.AZURE_SQL_CONNECTION_STRING}
    sql-file: './migration.sql'

```

## Part 10: Troubleshooting and Best Practices

### Common Issues and Solutions

#### Connection String Issues:

```

// Connection string troubleshooting helper
public class ConnectionStringValidator
{
    public static async Task<bool> TestConnectionAsync(string connectionString)
    {
        try
        {
            using var connection = new SqlConnection(connectionString);
            await connection.OpenAsync();

            using var command = connection.CreateCommand();
            command.CommandText = "SELECT 1";
            var result = await command.ExecuteScalarAsync();

            return result?.ToString() == "1";
        }
        catch (Exception ex)
        {
            Console.WriteLine($"Connection test failed: {ex.Message}");
            return false;
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
}

public static void ValidateConnectionString(string connectionString)
{
    if (string.IsNullOrEmpty(connectionString))
        throw new ArgumentException("Connection string cannot be null or empty");

    var builder = new SqlConnectionStringBuilder(connectionString);

    if (string.IsNullOrEmpty(builder.DataSource))
        throw new ArgumentException("Server name is required");

    if (string.IsNullOrEmpty(builder.InitialCatalog))
        throw new ArgumentException("Database name is required");

    Console.WriteLine($"Server: {builder.DataSource}");
    Console.WriteLine($"Database: {builder.InitialCatalog}");
    Console.WriteLine($"Authentication: {(builder.IntegratedSecurity ? "Windows" : "SQL
}
}

```

#### Migration Issues:

```

# Common EF Core troubleshooting commands

# Check current migration status
dotnet ef migrations list

# View what changes would be applied
dotnet ef migrations script --from LastAppliedMigration

# Reset migrations (development only)
dotnet ef database drop --force
dotnet ef migrations remove --force
dotnet ef migrations add InitialCreate
dotnet ef database update

# Fix "pending migration" errors
dotnet ef database update --verbose

# Generate idempotent scripts for production
dotnet ef migrations script --idempotent --output deploy.sql

```

#### Performance Troubleshooting:

```

// Query performance analyzer
public class QueryPerformanceAnalyzer
{
    private readonly LearningDbContext _context;
    private readonly ILogger<QueryPerformanceAnalyzer> _logger;

    public QueryPerformanceAnalyzer(LearningDbContext context, ILogger<QueryPerformanceA
    {
        _context = context;
    }
}

```

```

        _logger = logger;
    }

    public async Task<string> AnalyzeQueryPlanAsync(string sql)
    {
        try
        {
            // Enable actual execution plan
            await _context.Database.ExecuteSqlRawAsync("SET STATISTICS IO ON");
            await _context.Database.ExecuteSqlRawAsync("SET STATISTICS TIME ON");

            var planQuery = $"@
                SET SHOWPLAN_ALL ON
                {sql}
                SET SHOWPLAN_ALL OFF";

            var plan = await _context.Database
                .SqlQueryRaw<string>(planQuery)
                .ToListAsync();

            return string.Join("\n", plan);
        }
        catch (Exception ex)
        {
            _logger.LogError(ex, "Error analyzing query plan for: {Sql}", sql);
            return $"Error: {ex.Message}";
        }
    }

    public async Task<Dictionary<string, object>> GetDatabaseStatsAsync()
    {
        var stats = new Dictionary<string, object>();

        try
        {
            // Get table sizes
            var tableSizes = await _context.Database
                .SqlQueryRaw<TableSizeInfo>(@"
                SELECT
                    t.name AS TableName,
                    p.rows AS RowCount,
                    SUM(a.total_pages) * 8 AS TotalSpaceKB
                FROM sys.tables t
                INNER JOIN sys.indexes i ON t.object_id = i.object_id
                INNER JOIN sys.partitions p ON i.object_id = p.object_id AND i.index_id = p.index_id
                INNER JOIN sys.allocation_units a ON p.partition_id = a.container_id
                WHERE t.name IN ('Customers', 'Orders', 'OrderItems', 'Products')
                GROUP BY t.name, p.rows
                ORDER BY p.rows DESC")
                .ToListAsync();

            stats["TableSizes"] = tableSizes;

            // Get index usage
            var indexUsage = await _context.Database
                .SqlQueryRaw<IndexUsageInfo>(@"

```



```

        SELECT
            OBJECT_NAME(s.object_id) AS TableName,
            i.name AS IndexName,
            s.user_seeks,
            s.user_scans,
            s.user_lookups,
            s.user_updates
        FROM sys.dm_db_index_usage_stats s
        INNER JOIN sys.indexes i ON s.object_id = i.object_id AND s.index_id =
            WHERE OBJECT_NAME(s.object_id) IN ('Customers', 'Orders', 'OrderItems',
.ToListAsync());

        stats["IndexUsage"] = indexUsage;

    }
    catch (Exception ex)
    {
        _logger.LogError(ex, "Error getting database stats");
    }

    return stats;
}
}

public class TableSizeInfo
{
    public string TableName { get; set; } = string.Empty;
    public long RowCount { get; set; }
    public long TotalSpaceKB { get; set; }
}

public class IndexUsageInfo
{
    public string TableName { get; set; } = string.Empty;
    public string IndexName { get; set; } = string.Empty;
    public long UserSeeks { get; set; }
    public long UserScans { get; set; }
    public long UserLookups { get; set; }
    public long UserUpdates { get; set; }
}

```

## Production Best Practices

### Error Handling and Resilience:

```

// Resilient database service wrapper
public class ResilientDatabaseService<T> where T : class
{
    private readonly IRepository<T> _repository;
    private readonly ILogger<ResilientDatabaseService<T>> _logger;
    private readonly RetryPolicy _retryPolicy;

    public ResilientDatabaseService(
        IRepository<T> repository,
        ILogger<ResilientDatabaseService<T>> logger)

```

```

    {
        _repository = repository;
        _logger = logger;
        _retryPolicy = new RetryPolicy(3, TimeSpan.FromSeconds(2));
    }

    public async Task<TResult> ExecuteWithRetryAsync<TResult>(
        Func<Task<TResult>>> operation,
        string operationName)
    {
        return await _retryPolicy.ExecuteAsync(async () =>
        {
            try
            {
                _logger.LogDebug("Executing {OperationName}", operationName);
                var result = await operation();
                _logger.LogDebug("Successfully executed {OperationName}", operationName);
                return result;
            }
            catch (SqlException ex) when (IsTransientError(ex))
            {
                _logger.LogWarning(ex, "Transient error in {OperationName}, will retry", operationName);
                throw;
            }
            catch (Exception ex)
            {
                _logger.LogError(ex, "Non-transient error in {OperationName}", operationName);
                throw;
            }
        });
    }

    private static bool IsTransientError(SqlException ex)
    {
        // Common transient error codes
        var transientErrors = new[] { 2, 53, 121, 233, 997, 11001, 40197, 40501, 40613 };
        return transientErrors.Contains(ex.Number);
    }
}

public class RetryPolicy
{
    private readonly int _maxRetries;
    private readonly TimeSpan _baseDelay;

    public RetryPolicy(int maxRetries, TimeSpan baseDelay)
    {
        _maxRetries = maxRetries;
        _baseDelay = baseDelay;
    }

    public async Task<T> ExecuteAsync<T>(Func<Task<T>>> operation)
    {
        var attempt = 0;
        while (true)
        {

```

```

        try
        {
            return await operation();
        }
        catch (Exception) when (attempt < _maxRetries)
        {
            attempt++;
            var delay = TimeSpan.FromMilliseconds(_baseDelay.TotalMilliseconds * Math.Pow(2, attempt));
            await Task.Delay(delay);
        }
    }
}

```

### Monitoring and Health Checks:

```

// Custom health check for database
public class DatabaseHealthCheck : IHealthCheck
{
    private readonly LearningDbContext _context;
    private readonly ILogger<DatabaseHealthCheck> _logger;

    public DatabaseHealthCheck(LearningDbContext context, ILogger<DatabaseHealthCheck> logger)
    {
        _context = context;
        _logger = logger;
    }

    public async Task<HealthCheckResult> CheckHealthAsync(
        HealthCheckContext context,
        CancellationToken cancellationToken = default)
    {
        try
        {
            // Simple connectivity test
            await _context.Database.ExecuteSqlRawAsync("SELECT 1", cancellationToken);

            // Test table access
            var customerCount = await _context.Customers.CountAsync(cancellationToken);

            var data = new Dictionary<string, object>
            {
                ["CustomerCount"] = customerCount,
                ["DatabaseName"] = _context.Database.GetDbConnection().Database,
                ["ServerVersion"] = _context.Database.GetDbConnection().ServerVersion
            };

            return HealthCheckResult.Healthy("Database is accessible", data);
        }
        catch (Exception ex)
        {
            _logger.LogError(ex, "Database health check failed");
            return HealthCheckResult.Unhealthy("Database is not accessible", ex);
        }
    }
}

```

```
// Register health checks
builder.Services.AddHealthChecks()
    .AddCheck<DatabaseHealthCheck>("database")
    .AddDbContextCheck<LearningDbContext>("efcore");
```

## Security Best Practices

### Secure Configuration:

```
// Secure database configuration
public class SecureDatabaseConfiguration
{
    public static void ConfigureSecureDefaults(DbContextOptionsBuilder options, string conn
    {
        options.UseSqlServer(connectionString, sqlOptions =>
        {
            // Security settings
            sqlOptions.CommandTimeout(30);

            // Connection resilience
            sqlOptions.EnableRetryOnFailure(
                maxRetryCount: 3,
                maxRetryDelay: TimeSpan.FromSeconds(10),
                errorNumbersToAdd: null);
        });

        // Disable sensitive data logging in production
        options.EnableSensitiveDataLogging(false);

        // Enable service provider caching for performance
        options.EnableServiceProviderCaching();

        // Configure warnings
        options.ConfigureWarnings(warnings =>
        {
            warnings.Throw(RelationalEventId.QueryClientEvaluationWarning);
            warnings.Throw(CoreEventId.IncludeIgnoredWarning);
        });
    }
}

// Input validation and SQL injection prevention
public class SecureQueryService
{
    private readonly LearningDbContext _context;

    public SecureQueryService(LearningDbContext context)
    {
        _context = context;
    }

    // Always use parameterized queries
    public async Task<IEnumerable<Customer>> SearchCustomersSecureAsync(string
```

```

// Validate input
if (string.IsNullOrWhiteSpace(searchTerm))
    return Enumerable.Empty<Customer>();

// Sanitize input
searchTerm = searchTerm.Trim();
if (searchTerm.Length > 50)
    searchTerm = searchTerm.Substring(0, 50);

// Use parameterized query (EF Core handles this automatically)
return await _context.Customers
    .Where(c => c.FirstName.Contains(searchTerm) ||
        c.LastName.Contains(searchTerm) ||
        c.Email.Contains(searchTerm))
    .Take(100) // Limit results
    .AsNoTracking()
    .ToListAsync();
}

// When using raw SQL, always parameterize
public async Task<IEnumerable<CustomerRevenueDto>> GetCustomerRevenueSecure
{
    // Validate date range
    if (endDate < startDate)
        throw new ArgumentException("End date must be after start date");

    if ((endDate - startDate).TotalDays > 365)
        throw new ArgumentException("Date range cannot exceed 365 days");

    return await _context.Database
        .SqlQueryRaw<CustomerRevenueDto>(@"
        SELECT
            c.CustomerID,
            c.FirstName + ' ' + c.LastName AS CustomerName,
            SUM(o.TotalAmount) AS TotalRevenue
        FROM Customers c
            INNER JOIN Orders o ON c.CustomerID = o.CustomerID
        WHERE o.OrderDate >= @startDate
            AND o.OrderDate <= @endDate
            AND o.OrderStatus = 'Delivered'
        GROUP BY c.CustomerID, c.FirstName, c.LastName
        ORDER BY TotalRevenue DESC",
        new SqlParameter("@startDate", startDate),
        new SqlParameter("@endDate", endDate))
        .ToListAsync();
}
}

```

## Conclusion

This comprehensive guide covers everything needed to master SQL and Entity Framework Core for C# development, from initial setup through production deployment on Azure. The combination of solid SQL fundamentals with modern EF Core patterns provides a robust foundation for building scalable, maintainable data-driven applications.

Key takeaways include understanding relational design principles, mastering T-SQL for Azure SQL Database, implementing clean architecture patterns with EF Core, and following security and performance best practices for production

deployments.

The 8-week learning plan provides a structured approach to building expertise incrementally, while the troubleshooting section ensures you can handle common challenges effectively. With this knowledge, you'll be well-equipped to build professional-grade applications that leverage both the productivity of EF Core and the performance capabilities of well-designed SQL databases.