

Digital Logic Combinational Circuit

DPP-04

[MCQ]

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1. What are basic gates required to implement a full adder
- 1 EX-OR gate, 1 AND gate
 - 2 EX-OR gate, 1 OR gate
 - 2 EX-OR gate, 2 AND gate, 1 OR gate
 - 1 EX-OR gate, 2 AND gate, 2 OR gate

[NAT]



2. How many half adders are required to implement the following expressions.

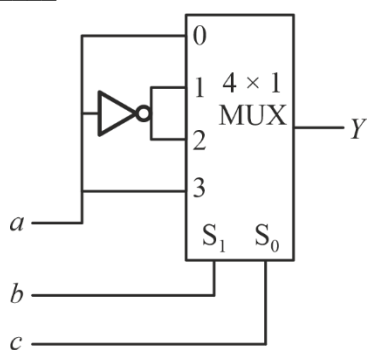
$$D = \bar{A}BC + A\bar{B}C, E = A \oplus B \oplus C$$

$$F = \bar{A}C + ABC + \bar{B}C$$

[MCQ]

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3. The following multiplexer circuit is equivalent to _____.

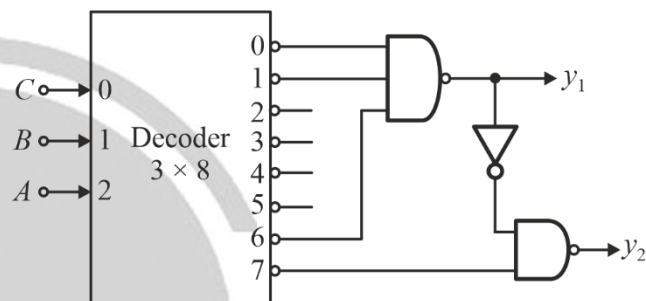


- Implementation of sum equation of full adder
- Implementation of carry equation of full adder
- Implementation of borrow equation of full subtractor
- All the above

[MCQ]

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4. A 3 line to 8 line decoder with three inputs A, B, C and two outputs y_1 and y_2 , is configured as shown below. The minimized expression of outputs will be

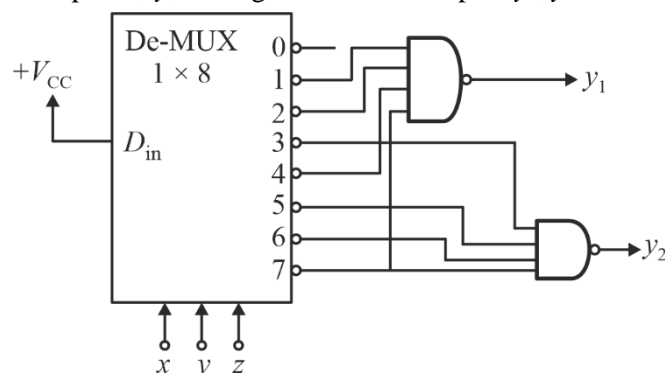


- $y_1 = \bar{A}\bar{B} + AB\bar{C}; y_2 = \bar{A} \oplus B$
- $y_1 = AB + \bar{A}\bar{B}C; y_2 = A \oplus B$
- $y_1 = \bar{A}B + A\bar{C}; y_2 = AB + AC$
- $y_1 = A\bar{B} + \bar{A}C; y_2 = \bar{A}B + \bar{B}C$

[MCQ]

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5. A demultiplexer of size 1×8 with active low outputs, is programmed as shown below. The circuit has three inputs x, y, z and generates two outputs y_1, y_2 .



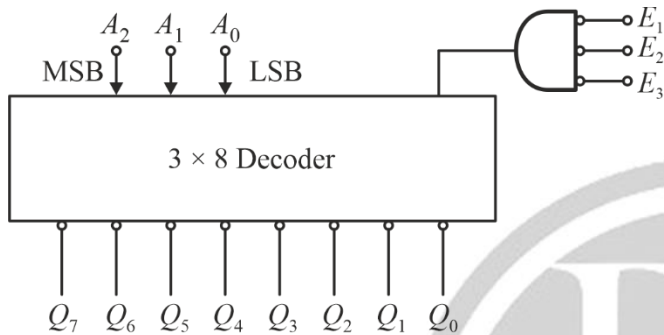
What is this circuit?

- (a) Half subtractor (b) Full subtractor
(c) Half adder (d) Full adder

[MCQ]

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6. The logic diagram of a 3×8 decoder with active low outputs is shown below. What is state of outputs Q_7, \dots, Q_0 for the set of inputs $E_3 = E_1 = 1, E_2 = 0, A_2 = A_1 = 1$ and $A_0 = 0$?

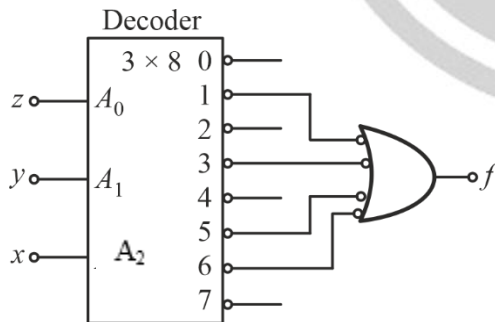


- (a) 1111 1111 (b) 1011 1111
(c) 1111 0111 (d) 0000 0000

[MCQ]

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7. A 3 line to 8 line decoder with active low outputs, is used to realize Boolean function involving three variables x, y and z (x is MSB and z is LSB) as shown below.



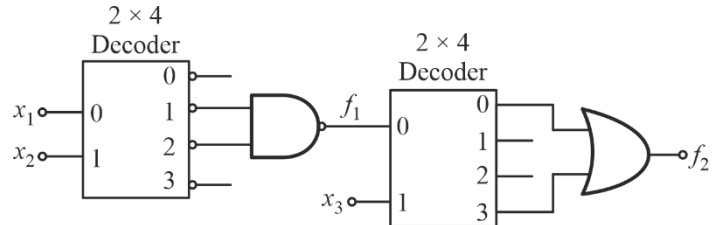
The minimized Boolean function $f(x, y, z)$ in POS format, will be

- (a) $(\bar{x} + \bar{y} + \bar{z})(x + y + z)(x + \bar{y} + \bar{z})(\bar{x} + y + \bar{z})$
(b) $(\bar{x} + \bar{y} + z)(\bar{x} + y + z)(x + \bar{y} + z)(x + y + \bar{z})$
(c) $(x + z)(y + z)(\bar{x} + \bar{y} + \bar{z})$
(d) $(\bar{x} + \bar{z})(\bar{y} + \bar{z})(x + y + z)$

[MCQ]

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8. Two 2×4 decoders one with active low outputs and another with active high output are interconnected as shown below. The output function $f_2(x_3, x_2, x_1)$ will be

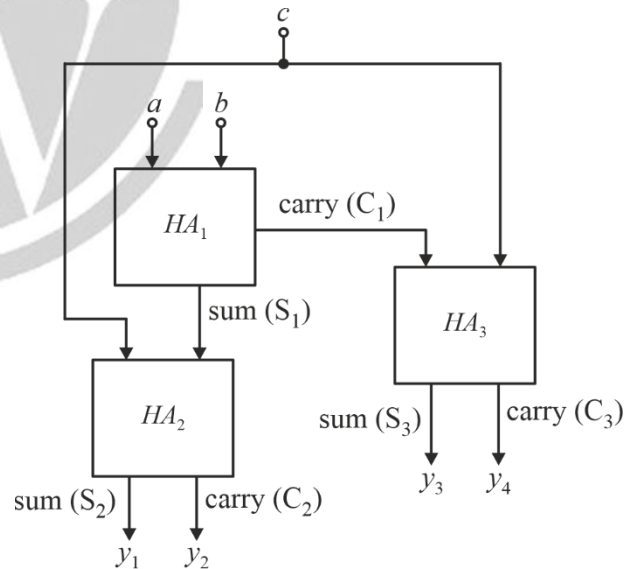


- (a) $f_2 = (x_1 \oplus x_2) \odot x_3$
(b) $f_2 = (x_1 \odot x_2) \odot x_3$
(c) $f_2 = (x_1 \oplus x_2) \oplus x_3$
(d) $f_2 = (x_1 \oplus x_2) \oplus x_3$

[MCQ]

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9. Three half adders HA_1, HA_2 and HA_3 are inter-coupled as shown below. The four output functions y_1, y_2, y_3 and y_4 are expressed in terms of inputs a, b and c . Which one of the following output expressions, is correct?

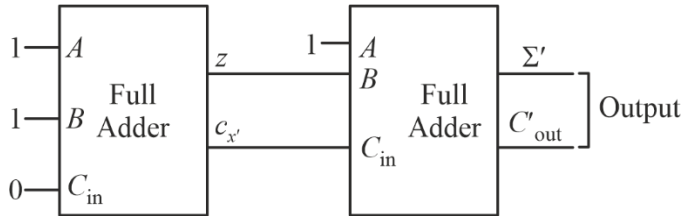


- (a) $y_1 = (a \oplus b)c$
(b) $y_2 = (a \oplus b) \oplus c$
(c) $y_3 = ab \oplus c$
(d) $y_4 = a(b \oplus c)$

[MCQ]

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10. Determine the outputs for the circuit shown below.



- (a) $\Sigma' = 1, C'_{out} = 1$
- (b) $\Sigma' = 0, C'_{out} = 0$
- (c) $\Sigma' = 0, C'_{out} = 1$
- (d) $\Sigma' = 1, C'_{out} = 0$

[MCQ]

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11. How many half adders, will be required to add two k bit numbers?

- (a) $2k + 1$
- (b) $2k - 1$
- (c) $2k$
- (d) $2(k + 1)$

[NAT]

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12. Eight 1-bit full adders are cascaded. Each 1-bit full adder generates carry out bit in 10 ns and sum bit in 30 ns. The number of addition performed per second, will be _____ $\times 10^7$.



Answer Key

1. c
2. 3
3. a
4. a
5. d
6. a
7. c
8. a
9. c
10. c
11. b
12. 1



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