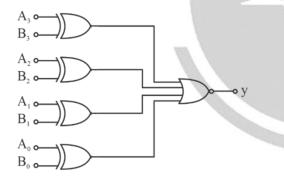
## **Subject : Digital Logic Combinational Circuit**

**DPP - 01** 

- 1. Let  $x=x_1x_0$  and  $y=y_1y_0$  be unsigned 2-bit numbers. The function F=1 if x>y and F=0 otherwise. The minimal sum of product expression for F, is
  - (a)  $y_1y_0 + x_0y_0 + \overline{x_1}\overline{x_0}y_1$
  - (b)  $x_0 y_1 + y_1 y_0 + x_1 x_0$
  - (c)  $y_1 x_1 + y_0 x_1 x_0 + y_1 y_0 x_0$
  - (d)  $x_1 y_1 + x_0 y_0 y_1 + x_0 x_1 y_0$
- 2. The two 4 bit numbers  $A_3$   $A_2$   $A_1$   $A_0$  and  $B_3$   $B_2$   $B_1$   $B_0$  are applied to a comparator circuit shown below. A pair of correct input numbers forcing the output y = 0, will be

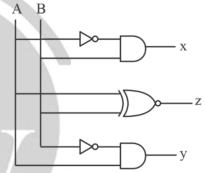


- (a) 1100, 1100
- (b) 0111, 0111
- (c) 1011, 1011
- (d) 1100, 1101

- **3.** The output y of a 2-bit comparator is logic-1 whenever the 2-bit A is greater than 2-bit B the number of combination for which the output is logic 1 is ?
  - (a) 6
- (b) 2
- (c) 1
- (d) 7

## **Common Statement for Question 4 and 5**

A logic Circuit is given,



- **4.** A pair of correct input number (AB) forcing the output x = 1, will be
  - (a) 10
- (b) 01
- (c) 11
- (d) 00
- 5. A pair of correct input number (AB) forcing the output  $\mathbf{Z} = 1$ , will be
  - (a) 00,11
- (b) 01,10
- (c) 00,10
- (d) 11,01

## **Answer Key**

1. (d)

2. (d)

3. (a)

**4. (b)** 

5. (a)





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