

today

Due: Final Project: proposal, moodboard, research

Objects /

Final Project - exchange, plan

Student Presentations

Reading Ch 9, 8

Monday, Feb 29

Due: Final Project Proposal

Text + AV + data

rapid fire- proposal presentations: 1 min each

Student Presentations

objects

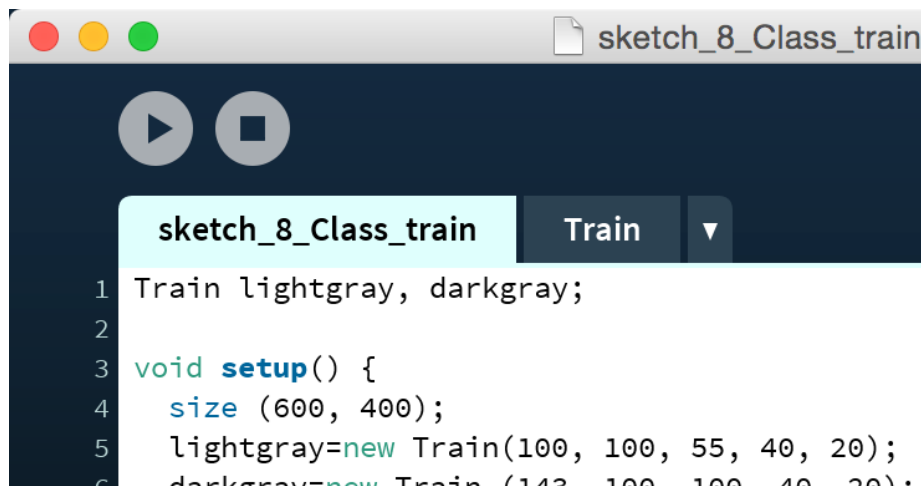
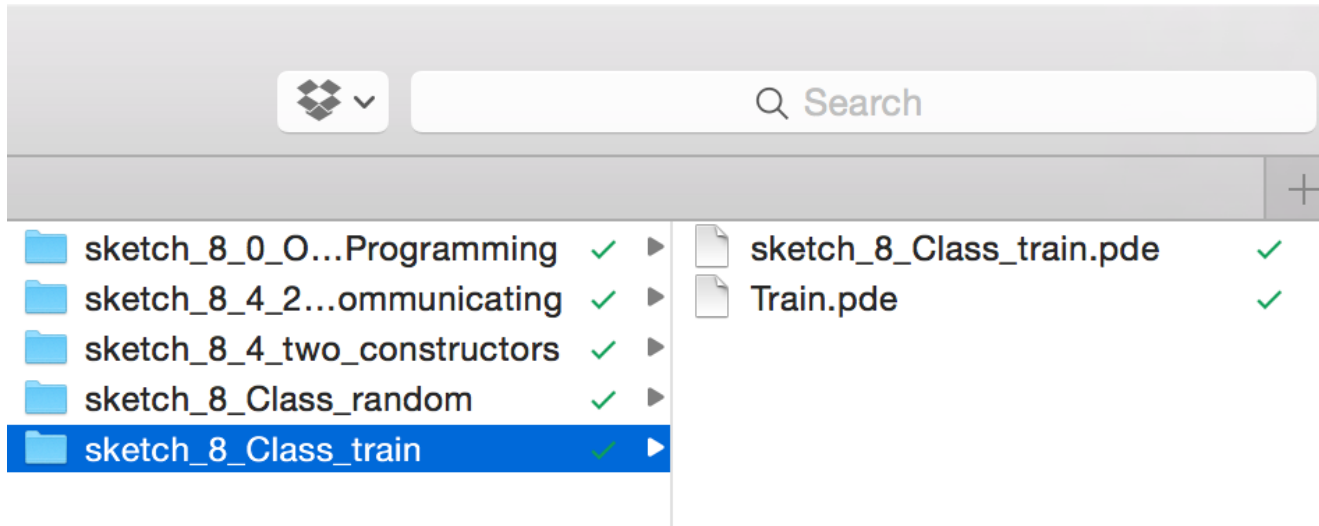
objects

object-oriented programming (OOP)

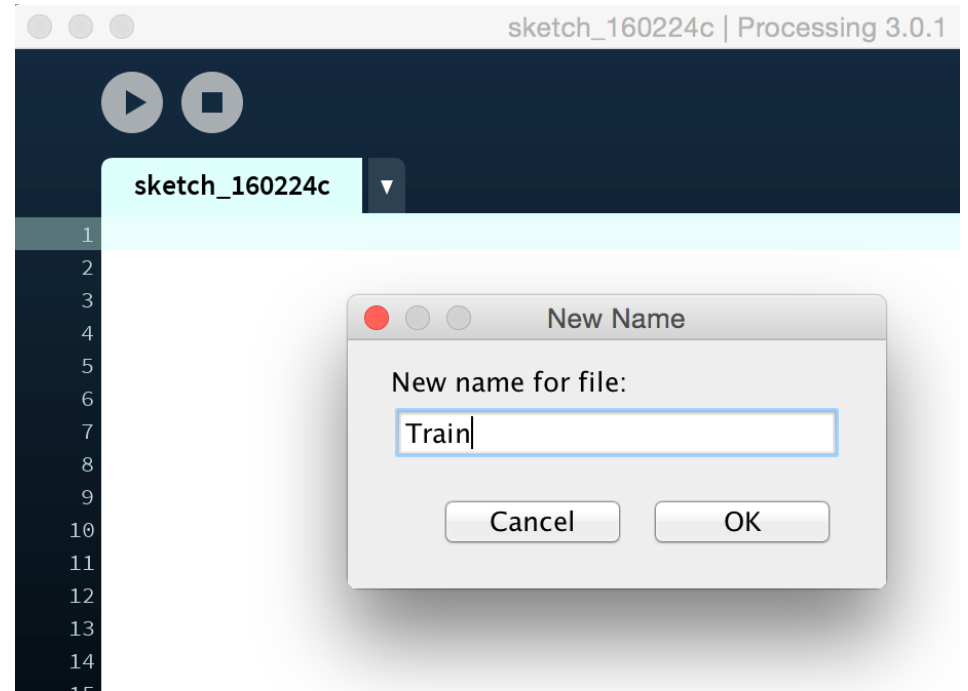
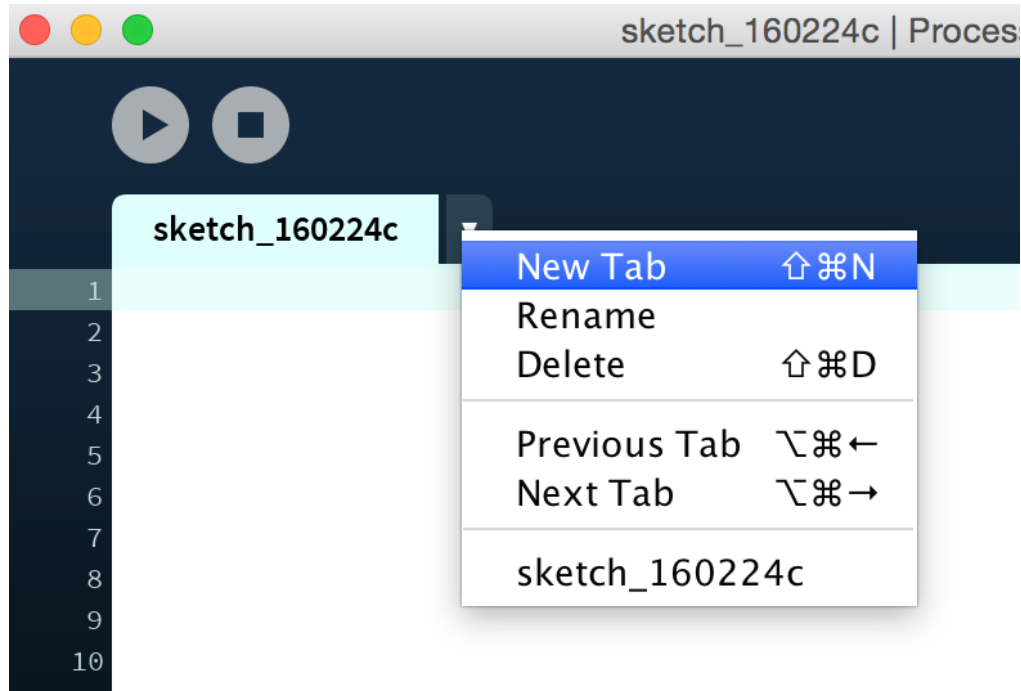
purpose:

- to structure long codes more effectively for management
- divide and conquer
- AND, still have the code work!

codes will now have **2** parts!



two parts, but
one continuous piece of code!



sketch_8_Class_train.pde

```
Train lightgray, darkgray;

void setup() {
  size (600, 400);

  lightgray=new Train(100, 100, 55, 40, 20);
  darkgray=new Train (143, 100, 100, 40, 20);
}

void draw() {
  background(255);

  lightgray.display();
  lightgray.travel();

  darkgray.display();
  darkgray.travel();
}
```

Train.pde

```
class Train {
```

```
  float x;
  float y;
  float r;
  float w;
  float h;
```

```
  Train (float tempX, float tempY, float tempR,
         float tempW, float tempH) {
```

```
    x=tempX;
    y=tempY;
    r=tempR;
    w=tempW;
    h=tempH;
```

```
  }
```

```
  void display() {
    noStroke();
    fill(r);
    rect(x, y, w, h);
  }
```

```
  void travel() {
    x++;
  }
```

```
}
```

define a Class: fields and methods

Train.pde

```
class Train {
```

```
float x;  
float y;  
float r;  
float w;  
float h;
```

```
Train (float tempX, float tempY, float tempR,  
       float tempW, float tempH) {  
  
  x=tempX;  
  y=tempY;  
  r=tempR;  
  w=tempW;  
  h=tempH;  
}
```

```
void display() {  
  noStroke();  
  fill(r);  
  rect(x, y, w, h);  
}  
void travel() {  
  x++;  
}
```

```
}
```

1

fields:

imagine all possible
variables needed

names

data type

2

methods:

what will it do?

display on screen

travel

define a Class: constructor

Train.pde

```
class Train {
```

```
  float x;  
  float y;  
  float r;  
  float w;  
  float h;
```

```
  Train (float tempX, float tempY, float tempR,  
         float tempW, float tempH) {
```

```
    x=tempX;  
    y=tempY;  
    r=tempR;  
    w=tempW;  
    h=tempH;  
  }
```

```
  void display() {  
    noStroke();  
    fill(r);  
    rect(x, y, w, h);  
  }  
  void travel() {  
    x++;  
  }
```

```
}
```

3

constructor:

- assign initial values to fields
- specified variable order

- always has the same name as the class

make objects

sketch_8_Class_train.pde

```
Train lightgray, darkgray;
```

```
void setup() {  
  size (600, 400);
```

```
  lightgray=new Train(100, 100, 55,  
40, 20);  
  darkgray=new Train (143, 100, 100,  
40, 20);  
}
```

```
void draw() {  
  background(255);
```

```
  lightgray.display();  
  lightgray.travel();  
  
  darkgray.display();  
  darkgray.travel();  
}
```

a

declare object variables:

- lightgray
- darkgray

b

make objects in setup()

- make two trains (use keyword **new**)
- follow specified variable order

- lightgray
- darkgray

c

access object's methods in draw()

lightgray will

- display
- travel

class

A *class* is the specification for an object:

1. fields
2. methods
3. constructor

main part of your code (for lack of a better word)

contain objects (each object is an *instance* of a class)

each instance can have a choice of associated fields and methods

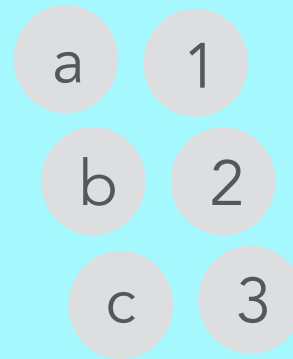
```
lightgray.display();
```

```
lightgray.travel();
```

```
darkgray.display();
```

```
//darkgray.travel();
```

practice your



understand the logic
memorize the syntax!
variations on it next class!

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