

GROUP MEMBERS: A4 Batch

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RDBMS IA - 2 Implementation

Research paper link:

1) Roll no 2021006:

http://ieeexplore.ieee.org.library.somaiya.edu/stamp/stamp.jsp?tp=&arnumber=8993394

2) Roll no 1911052 : http://ieeexplore.ieee.org.library.somaiya.edu/document/8991245

Dataset link: http://eforexcel.com/wp/downloads-16-sample-csv-files-data-sets-for-testing/

Topic: Performance Analysis of Queries in RDBMS vs NoSQL

Implementation Strategy:

- 1) Creating Database on:
 - MySQL
 - MongoDB

Basic four operations were performed on both databases:

- Insert
- Delete
- Select (Query)
- Update
- 2) On both Databases i.e MySQL and MongoDB, data insertion started with the initial 100 records and then the performance comparison was performed. Then the table records were increased to 1000, 5000 and 10,000 respectively.
- 3) For each operation performed in relational and nonrelational databases hypothesis testing was performed. Procedure adopted to perform the hypothesis testing is ANOVA for all the operations using R software.
- 4) Graphical Representation of the analysis



DATABASE CREATION:

1) Creating database in MySQL:

 $\textbf{SYNTAX:} \ \textbf{CREATE DATABASE} \ \textit{database_name};$

USE database_name;

CODE: CREATE DATABASE employee;

USE employee;

OUTPUT:

```
mysql> CREATE DATABASE employee;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.86 sec)
mysql> use employee;
Database changed
mysql> _
```

2) Creating database in MongoDB:

SYNTAX: After starting the mongodb server using mongo command, use: use database name, the database is created.

CODE:

use rdbms_project

```
Enable MongoDB's free cloud-based monitoring service, which will then receive and display metrics about your deployment (disk utilization, CPU, operation statistics, etc).

The monitoring data will be available on a MongoDB website with a unique URL accessible to you and anyone you share the URL with. MongoDB may use this information to make product improvements and to suggest MongoDB products and deployment options to you.

To enable free monitoring, run the following command: db.enableFreeMonitoring()
To permanently disable this reminder, run the following command: db.disableFreeMonitoring()

>---
suse rdbms_project
switched to db rdbms_project
```



3) Creating 'employee table' in MySQL:

```
SYNTAX: CREATE TABLE table_name
          (column1 datatype,
          column2 datatype,
          column3 datatype,
          );
CODE:
```

create table employees (Emp_ID varchar(30)not null, First_name varchar(50), Last_name varchar(50), Gender char(1), City varchar(50));

OUTPUT:

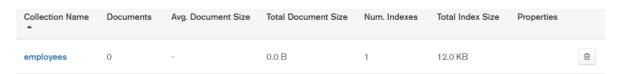
```
mysql> create table employees
    -> (Emp ID varchar(30 )not null,
    -> First_name varchar(50),
    -> Last name varchar(50),
    -> Gender char(1),
    -> City varchar(50));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.64 sec)
```

4) Creating 'employee table' in MongoDB:

SYNTAX:

db.employees.insertOne(query) .. by running this code , employees table is created by

db indicates the rdbms_project database





PERFORMING VARIOUS OPERATIONS ON BOTH THE DATABASES:

I. MySQL:

Operations performed on 100 records:

• INSERT QUERY : Inserting all 100 records.

CODE:

load data infile 'C:/ProgramData/MySQL/MySQL Server 8.0/Uploads/employees100.csv' into table employees fields terminated by ',' lines terminated by '\n'ignore 1 lines (Emp_ID,First_name,Last_name,Gender,City);

OUTPUT:

mysql> load data infile 'C:/ProgramData/MySQL/MySQL Server 8.0/Uploads/employees100.csv' into table employees fields ter minated by ',' lines terminated by '\n'ignore 1 lines (Emp_ID,First_name,Last_name,Gender,City); Query OK, 100 rows affected (0.13 sec) Records: 100 Deleted: 0 Skipped: 0 Warnings: 0

• SELECT QUERY : Selecting all 100 records.

CODE: select * from employees;

OUTPUT: (Screenshot of last part)



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nest	Washington	M	Saranac Lake	
	Moore	F	Albion	
	Jenkins	F	Ellsworth	
	Alexander	M	Jarreau	
liam	Hernandez	M	Mary Esther	
	Washington	M	Portage	
argaret	Allen	F	Richmond Dale	
	Smith	F	Atqasuk	
	Washington	F	Nardin	
İ	Wright	F	Banner	
	Flores	M	Eckert	
ulia	Scott	F	Primm Springs	
	Howard	F	Kline	
	Cooper	F	Arlee	
hua	Stewart	M	New Douglas	
	Anderson	M	Hudson	
ristopher	Nelson	M	Willow Beach	
dd	Hall	M	Randallstown	
	Bryant	F	Conroy	
a	Robinson	F	Stonewall	
	Butler	F	Maxwell	
t	Brooks	F	Haswell	
Larry	Miller	M	East Saint Louis	
thew	Turner	M	Heathsville	
969964 Janice	Parker	F	Whiteman Air Force Base	
	Ross	M	Oneida	
1	Edwards	F	Shreveport	
++				
100 rows in set (0.00 sec)				

• UPDATE QUERY: Updating all 100 records.

CODE:

UPDATE employees SET City='Mumbai' WHERE Gender ='F' OR Gender ='M';

OUTPUT:

```
mysql> UPDATE employees
-> SET City='Mumbai'
-> WHERE Gender ='F' OR Gender ='M';
Query OK, 100 rows affected (0.10 sec)
Rows matched: 100 Changed: 100 Warnings: 0
```

• DELETE QUERY: Deleting all 100 records.

CODE:

DROP TABLE employees;

```
mysql> DROP TABLE employees;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (2.04 sec)
```



K. J. Somaiya College of Engineering, Mumbai - 77 Operations performed on 1000 records :

• INSERT QUERY: Inserting all 1000 records.

CODE:

load data infile 'C:/ProgramData/MySQL/MySQL Server 8.0/Uploads/employees1000.csv' into table employees fields terminated by ',' lines terminated by '\n'ignore 1 lines (Emp_ID,First_name,Last_name,Gender,City);

OUTPUT:

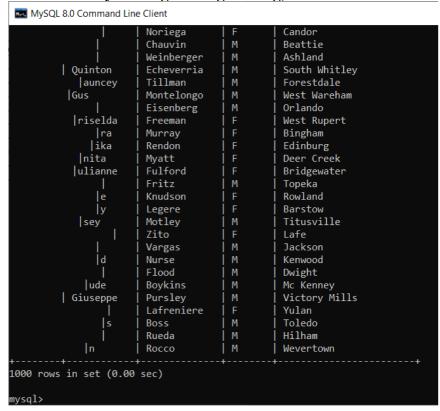
```
mysql> load data infile 'C:/ProgramData/MySQL/MySQL Server 8.0/Uploads/employees1000.csv'
    -> into table employees
    -> fields terminated by ','
    -> lines terminated by '\n'
    -> ignore 1 lines
    -> (Emp_ID,First_name,Last_name,Gender,City);
Query OK, 1000 rows affected (0.60 sec)
Records: 1000 Deleted: 0 Skipped: 0 Warnings: 0
```

• SELECT QUERY : Selecting all 1000 records.

CODE: select * from employees;

OUTPUT: (Screenshot of last part)





• UPDATE QUERY: Updating all 1000 records.

CODE:

UPDATE employees SET City='Mumbai' WHERE Gender ='F' OR Gender ='M';

OUTPUT:

```
mysql> UPDATE employees
-> SET City='Mumbai'
-> WHERE Gender ='F' OR Gender ='M';
Query OK, 1000 rows affected (0.16 sec)
Rows matched: 1000 Changed: 1000 Warnings: 0
```

• DELETE QUERY : Deleting all 1000 records.

CODE:

DROP TABLE employees;



```
mysql> DROP TABLE employees;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (2.18 sec)
```

Operations performed on 5000 records:

• INSERT QUERY: Inserting all 5000 records.

CODE:

load data infile 'C:/ProgramData/MySQL/MySQL Server 8.0/Uploads/employees5000.csv' into table employees fields terminated by ',' lines terminated by '\n'ignore 1 lines (Emp_ID,First_name,Last_name,Gender,City);

OUTPUT:

```
mysql> load data infile 'C:/ProgramData/MySQL/MySQL Server 8.0/Uploads/employees5000.csv'
    -> into table employees
    -> fields terminated by ','
    -> lines terminated by '\n'
    -> ignore 1 lines
    -> (Emp_ID,First_name,Last_name,Gender,City);
Query OK, 5000 rows affected (3.07 sec)
Records: 5000 Deleted: 0 Skipped: 0 Warnings: 0
```

• SELECT QUERY : Selecting all 5000 records.

CODE: select * from employees;

OUTPUT: (Screenshot of last part)

oci combinot of last part	• ,					
	Mcqueen	M	Grove			
	Joiner	M	Honolulu			
ton	Mcclintock	M	Willseyville			
rbert	Treadwell	M	Chestnut Mound			
er	Dejesus	M	Morgantown			
	Villanueva	M	Lacon			
	Rose	F	Lowake			
	Danforth	M	Plummer			
	Emerson	F	Newton			
	Culpepper	F	Hurt			
	Marquez	F	Moundville			
	0den	F	Chagrin Falls			
stino	Hackney	M	Cottage Grove			
	Burrell	M	Dumfries			
	Goodwin	M	Broomfield			
	Brinson	F	Forest			
erto	Harter	M	New York City			
ttni	Cyr	F	Willow Spring			
	Beaudry	M	Burney			
	Emery	F	Madison			
	Dozier	F	Spokane			
+		+	+			
5000 rows in set (0.01 s	5000 rows in set (0.01 sec)					
1000 1003 111 300 (0101 300)						

• UPDATE QUERY : Updating all 5000 records.

CODE:

UPDATE employees



```
SET City='Mumbai'
WHERE Gender ='F' OR Gender ='M';
```

OUTPUT:

```
mysql> UPDATE employees
-> SET City='Mumbai'
-> WHERE Gender ='F' OR Gender ='M';
Query OK, 5000 rows affected (0.23 sec)
Rows matched: 5000 Changed: 5000 Warnings: 0
```

• DELETE QUERY : Deleting all 5000 records.

CODE:

DROP TABLE employees;

OUTPUT:

```
mysql> DROP TABLE employees;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (2.35 sec)
```

Operations performed on 10000 records:

• INSERT QUERY : Inserting all 10000 records.

CODE:

load data infile 'C:/ProgramData/MySQL/MySQL Server 8.0/Uploads/employees10000.csv' into table employees fields terminated by ',' lines terminated by '\n'ignore 1 lines (Emp_ID,First_name,Last_name,Gender,City);

OUTPUT:

```
imysql> load data infile 'C:/ProgramData/MySQL/MySQL Server 8.0/Uploads/employees10000.csv'
    -> into table employees
    -> fields terminated by ','
    -> lines terminated by '\n'
    -> ignore 1 lines
    -> (Emp_ID,First_name,Last_name,Gender,City);
Query OK, 10000 rows affected (4.36 sec)
Records: 10000 Deleted: 0 Skipped: 0 Warnings: 0
```

• SELECT QUERY: Selecting all 10000 records.

CODE: select * from employees;



OUTPUT: (Screenshot of last part)

Î	Buckman	F	Glen			
	Essary	M	Denton			
	Burroughs	F	Saint Mary			
	Arguelles	F	Rochester			
	Boldt	F	Ventura			
ey	Ratchford	F	Koeltztown			
	Schauer	M	Mason			
ann	Frith	F	Fort Huachuca			
Roscoe	Montelongo	M	Temple Bar Marina			
	Delano	M	Cromwell			
	Clyde	F	Cobb			
	Carlile	M	Stamford			
	Galloway	M	Elmwood			
	Breazeale	M	Cushing			
co	Dalton	M	Plainville			
11a	New	F	East Galesburg			
	Lafleur	M	Sequim			
di	Aiken	F	Milton Center			
	Yanez	M	Los Angeles			
ed	Dews	M	Fort Collins			
	Heredia	M	Waterford			
	Barbour	M	Hadlyme			
	Gupta	F	Chance			
	Ney	M	Ronco			
	Weigand	F	Aspermont			
	Hurdle	М	Crown City			
+	+					
10000 rows in set (0.01	10000 rows in set (0.01 sec)					
mysql>						

• UPDATE QUERY: Updating all 10000 records.

CODE:

UPDATE employees SET City='Mumbai' WHERE Gender ='F' OR Gender ='M';

OUTPUT:

```
mysql> UPDATE employees
-> SET City='Mumbai'
-> WHERE Gender ='F' OR Gender ='M';
Query OK, 10000 rows affected (1.40 sec)
Rows matched: 10000 Changed: 10000 Warnings: 0
```

• DELETE QUERY : Deleting all 10000 records.

CODE:

DROP TABLE employees;

OUTPUT:

```
mysql> DROP TABLE employees;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (2.40 sec)
```

II. MongoDB:

Operations performed on 100 records:

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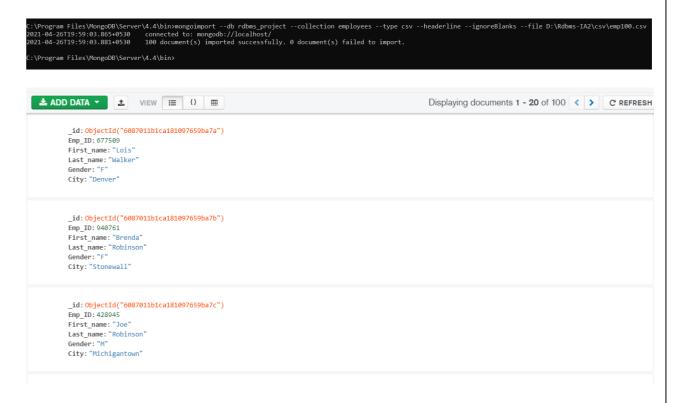
• INSERT QUERY: Inserting all 100 records.

CODE:

Import the csv file into the database using the following command:

mongoimport --db <database name> --collection <collection name> --type <file type> -- headerline --ignoreBlanks -file <file path>

OUTPUT:



• SELECT QUERY : Selecting all 100 records. **CODE**:

db.employees.find({}).limit(100);



OUTPUT:

• UPDATE QUERY: Updating all 100 records.

CODE:

```
db.employees.updateMany({},{$currentDate : {updateTime : {$type : "date"}},$set :
{City : "Mumbai"}})
```

OUTPUT:

```
\label{thm:db.employees.updateMany({},{$currentDate : { updateTime : { $type : "date"}} , $set : {City : "Mumbai"}})}
 "acknowledged" : true, "matchedCount" : 100, "modifiedCount" : 100 }
_id: ObjectId("6087011b1ca181097659ba7a")
                                                       id: ObjectId("6087011b1ca181097659badd")
Emp ID: 677509
                                                       Emp_ID: 704709
First name: "Lois"
                                                       First_name: "Harold"
Last_name: "Walker"
                                                       Last_name: "Nelson"
Gender: "F"
                                                       Gender: "M"
City: "Mumbai"
                                                       City: "Mumbai"
updateTime: 2021-04-26T18:11:45.091+00:00
                                                       updateTime: 2021-04-26T18:11:45.094+00:00
```

• DELETE QUERY : Deleting all 100 records.

CODE:

db.employees.deleteMany({})



OUTPUT:

```
> db.employees.deleteMany({})
{ "acknowledged" : true, "deletedCount" : 100 }
>
```

Operations performed on 1000 records:

• INSERT QUERY : Inserting all 1000 records. **CODE**:

Import the csv file into the database using the following command:

mongoimport --db <database name> --collection <collection name> --type <file type> -- headerline --ignoreBlanks -file <file path>

OUTPUT:

• SELECT QUERY : Selecting all 1000 records.

_id: ObjectId("6086feaa359ae09654420ffd")

Emp_ID: 847634
First_name: "Elmer"
Last_name: "Jason"
Gender: "M"
City: "Mendota"



CODE: db.employees.find({}).limit(1000);

OUTPUT:

• UPDATE QUERY: Updating all 1000 records.

CODE:

```
db.employees.updateMany({},{$currentDate : {updateTime : {$type : "date"}},$set :
{City : "Mumbai"}})
```

OUTPUT:

```
db.employees.updateMany({},{$currentDate : { updateTime : { $type : "date"}} ,$set : {City : "Mumbai"}})

{ "acknowledged" : true, "matchedCount" : 1000, "modifiedCount" : 1000 }

_id: ObjectId("6086feaa359ae09654420ffb")

Emp_ID: 198429

First_name: "Serafina"

Last_name: "Serafina"

Last_name: "Bumgarner"

Gender: "F"

Gender: "F"

City: "Mumbai"

updateTime: 2021-04-26T18:01:31.415+00:00
```

• DELETE QUERY: Deleting all 1000 records.

CODE:

db.employees.deleteMany({})



OUTPUT:

```
> db.employees.deleteMany({})
{ "acknowledged" : true, "deletedCount" : 1000 }
\
```

Operations performed on 5000 records:

• INSERT QUERY : Inserting all 5000 records.

CODE:

Import the csv file into the database using the following command:

mongoimport --db <database name> --collection <collection name> --type <file type> -- headerline --ignoreBlanks -file <file path>

OUTPUT:

```
C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\4.4\bin>mongoimport --db rdbms_project --collection employees --type csv --headerline --ignoreBlanks --file D:\Rdbms-IA2\csv\emp5000.csv
2021-04-26723:05:38.847+0530 connected to: mongodb://localhost/
2021-04-26723:05:38.991+0530 5000 document(s) imported successfully. 0 document(s) failed to import.
C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\4.4\bin>
```

```
__id: ObjectId("6086f9ea54a040a0cebb8285")
Emp_ID: 897387
First_name: "Donald"
Last_name: "Farris"
Gender: "F"
City: "Hodges"

__id: ObjectId("6086f9ea54a040a0cebb8286")
Emp_ID: $26540
First_name: "Goodwin"
Gender: "F"
City: "Rochester"

__id: ObjectId("6086f9ea54a040a0cebb8287")
Emp_ID: 636366
First_name: "City: "Rochester"

__id: ObjectId("6086f9ea54a040a0cebb8287")
Emp_ID: 636366
First_name: "Bertram"
Last_name: "Carlisle"
Gender: "A"
City: "Hamilton"
```

SELECT QUERY : Selecting all 5000 records.
 CODE : db.employees.find({}).limit(5000)



OUTPUT:

• UPDATE QUERY: Updating all 5000 records.

CODE:

```
 db.employees.updateMany(\{\}, \{\$currentDate : \{updateTime : \{\$type : "date"\}\}, \$set : \{City : "Mumbai"\}\})
```

OUTPUT:

```
b.employees.updateMany({},{$currentDate : { updateTime : { $type : acknowledged" : true, "matchedCount" : 5000, "modifiedCount" : 500
                                                                        "date"}} ,$set : {City : "Mumbai"}})
                                                                     _id: ObjectId("6086f9ea54a040a0cebb960c")
_id: ObjectId("6086f9ea54a040a0cebb8285")
                                                                    Emp_ID: 948300
Emp_ID: 887387
                                                                    First name: "Larhonda"
First_name: "Donald"
                                                                    Last name: "Dozier"
Last_name: "Farris"
                                                                    Gender: "F"
Gender: "F'
                                                                    City: "Mumbai"
City: "Mumbai"
                                                                    updateTime: 2021-04-26T17:39:59.804+00:00
updateTime: 2021-04-26T17:39:59.668+00:00
```

• DELETE QUERY : Deleting all 5000 records.

CODE:

db.employees.deleteMany({})



OUTPUT:

```
> db.employees.deleteMany({})
{ "acknowledged" : true, "deletedCount" : 5000 }
>
```

Operations performed on 10000 records:

• INSERT QUERY: Inserting all 10000 records.

CODE:

Import the csv file into the database using the following command:

mongoimport --db <database name> --collection <collection name> --type <file type> -- headerline --ignoreBlanks -file <file path>

OUTPUT:

```
C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\4.4\bin>mongoimport --db rdbms_project --collection employees --type csv --headerline --ignoreBlanks --file D:\Rdbms-IA2\csv\emp10000.csv
2021-04-26T20:14:14.711+0530 connected to: mongodb://localhost/
2021-04-26T20:14:14.988+0530 10000 document(s) imported successfully. 0 document(s) failed to import.
C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\4.4\bin>
```

```
__id: ObjectId("6086dlbea9dff653287e0e2")
Emp_ID: 198429
First_name: "Serafina"
Last_name: "Bumgarner"
Gender: "F"
City: "Clymer"

__id: ObjectId("6086dlbea9dff653287e0e3")
Emp_ID: 260736
First_name: "Zelda"
Last_name: "Porest"
Gender: "F"
City: "Schenectady"

__id: ObjectId("6086dlbea9dff653287e0e3")
Emp_ID: 260736
First_name: "Yelda"
Last_name: "Forest"
Gender: "F"
City: "Schenectady"

__id: ObjectId("6086dlbea9dff653287e0e4")
Emp_ID: 647173
First_name: "Milan"
Last_name: "Kilan"
Last_name: "Kilan"
Last_name: "Kilan"
City: "Gibson Island"
```

• SELECT QUERY : Selecting all 10000 records.

CODE: db.employees.find({}).limit(10000);



OUTPUT:

• UPDATE QUERY: Updating all 10000 records.

CODE:

```
db.employees.updateMany({},{$currentDate : {updateTime : {$type : "date"}},$set :
{City : "Mumbai"}})
```

OUTPUT:

```
db.employees.updateMany({},{$currentDate : { updateTime : { $type : "date"}} ,$set : {City : "Mumbai"}})
[ "acknowledged" : true, "matchedCount" : 10000, "modifiedCount" : 10000 }
```

```
_id: ObjectId("6086d1beea9dff653287e0e2")
Emp_ID: 198429
First_name: "Serafina"
Last_name: "Bumgarner"
Gender: "F"
City: "Mumbai"
updateTime: 2021-04-26T17:14:09.056+00:00

_id: ObjectId("6086d1beea9dff65328807f1")
Emp_ID: 133641
First_name: "Chas"
Last_name: "Hurdle"
Gender: "M"
City: "Mumbai"
updateTime: 2021-04-26T17:14:09.056+00:00
```

• DELETE QUERY : Deleting all 10000 records.

CODE:

db.employees.deleteMany({})



OUTPUT:

```
> db.employees.deleteMany({})
{ "acknowledged" : true, "deletedCount" : 10000 }
>
```

RESULT (in seconds):

		Number of records			
		100	1000	5000	10000
MySQL	Insert	0.13	0.60	3.07	4.36
	Select	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01
	Update	0.10	0.16	0.23	1.40
	Delete	2.04	2.18	2.35	2.40
MongoDB	Insert	0.016	0.021	0.144	0.277
	Select	0	0	0.002	0.011
	Update	0.003	0.024	0.136	0.319
	Delete	-	-	-	-

Table I. EXECUTION TIME IN SECONDS FOR MySQL AND MONGODB

The above table shows the time in seconds for MySQL and MongoDB for different number of records varying from 100 to 10000.

HYPOTHESIS TESTING: (ANOVA TEST)

For each operation performed in relational and nonrelational databases hypothesis testing can be performed. Procedure adopted to perform the hypothesis testing is ANOVA for all the operations.

1) For Inserting:

Table II provides the timings in seconds needed to insert the records into databases.

MySQL	0.13	0.60	3.07	4.36
MongoDB	0.016	0.021	0.144	0.277

Table II EXECUTION TIME TO INSERT IN SECONDS FOR MySQL AND MONGODB

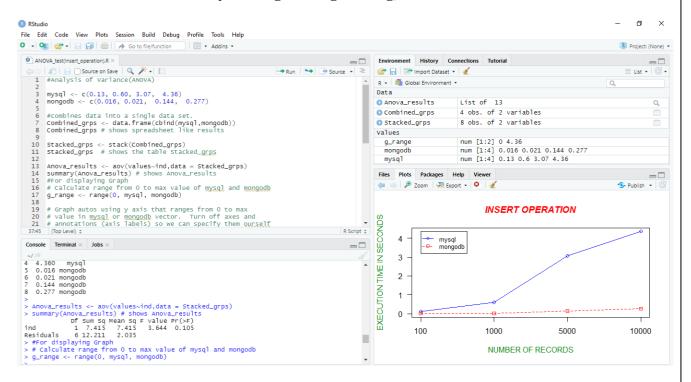
Following hypothesis can be stated:

H0: Performance of Oracle for inserting is not better than the performance of MongoDB.

H1: Performance of Oracle for inserting is better than the performance of MongoDB.

CODE: R studio is used to perform the hypothesis testing using ANOVA test.(File is attached)





ind 1 7.415 7.415 3.644
Residuals 6 12.211 2.035

Table III. PREREQUISITE VALUES TO CALCULATE F calculated

The prerequisite values calculated with reference to insert operation is given in Table III. Based on the prerequisite value F-Ratio is calculated as

F-Ratio = MSbetween / MSwithin [MSbetween i.e MSind & MSwithin i.e MSResiduals from the Table III]

= 7.415 / 2.035= 3.644

Hence, the F_{calculated} is 3.644. F_{tabulated} is 5.99 i.e F_{calculated} < F_{tabulated}.

Therefore the **H0** is accepted which means the performance of MySQL is not better than MongoDB for inserting.

2) For Selecting:

Table IV provides the timings in seconds needed to retrieve the records into databases.



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MySQL	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01
MongoDB	0	0	0.002	0.011

TABLE IV. EXECUTION TIME FOR SELECT OPERATION IN SECONDS FOR MySQL AND MONGODB

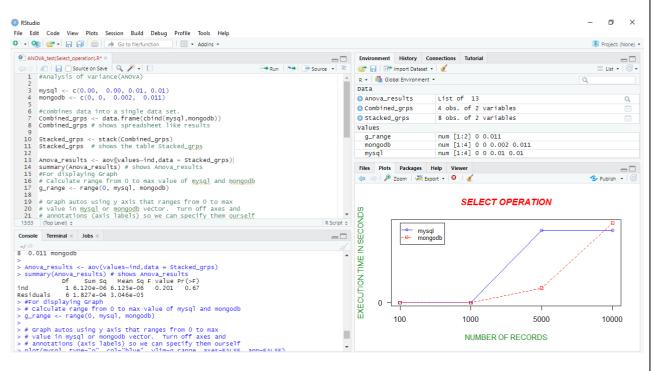
Following hypothesis can be stated:

H0: Performance of Oracle for select operation is not better than the performance of MongoDB.

H1: Performance of Oracle for select operation is better than the performance of MongoDB.

CODE: R studio is used to perform the hypothesis testing using ANOVA test.(File is attached)

OUTPUT:



Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value ind 1 6.120e-06 6.125e-06 0.201 Residuals 6 1.827e-04 3.046e-05

Table V. PREREQUISITE VALUES TO CALCULATE F_{calculated}

The prerequisite values calculated with reference to select operation is given in Table V. Based on the prerequisite value F-Ratio is calculated as



F - Ratio = MSbetween / MSwithin [MSbetween i.e MSind & MSwithin i.e MSResiduals from the Table V]

= 6.125e-06 / 3.046e-05

= 0.201

Hence, the F_{calculated} is 0.201. F_{tabulated} is 5.99 i.e F_{calculated} < F_{tabulated}.

Therefore the H0 is accepted which means the performance of Oracle is not better than MongoDB for select operation.

3) For Updating:

Table VI provides the timings in seconds needed to update the records into databases.

MySQL	0.10	0.16	0.23	1.40
MongoDB	0.003	0.024	0.136	0.319

TABLE VI. EXECUTION TIME TO UPDATE IN SECONDS FOR ORACLE AND MONGODB

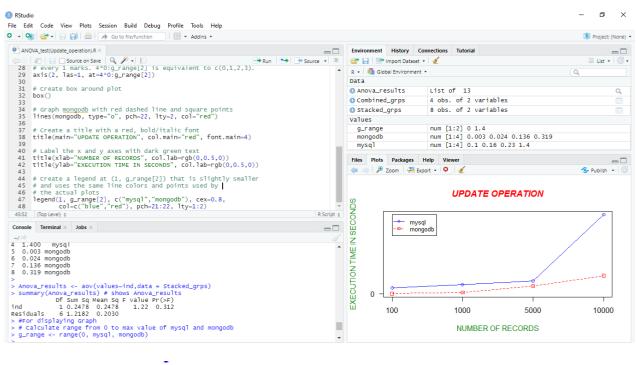
Following hypothesis can be stated:

H0: Performance of Oracle for updating is better than the performance of MongoDB.

H1: Performance of Oracle for updating is not better than the performance of MongoDB.

CODE: R studio is used to perform the hypothesis testing using ANOVA test.(File is attached)

OUTPUT:



Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value I ind 1 0.2478 0.2478 1.22 Residuals 6 1.2182 0.2030



Table VII. PREREQUISITE VALUES TO CALCULATE F calculated

The prerequisite values calculated with reference to updating is given in Table VII. Based on the prerequisite value F-Ratio is calculated as

F – Ratio = MSbetween / MSwithin [MSbetween i.e MSind & MSwithin i.e MSResiduals from the Table VII]

= 0.2478/0.2030

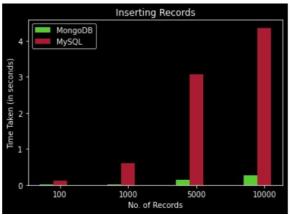
= 1.22

Hence, the $F_{calculated}$ is 1.22. $F_{tabulated}$ is 5.99 i.e $F_{calculated} < F_{tabulated}$. Therefore the H0 is accepted which means the performance of Oracle is not better than MongoDB for updating.



GRAPHICAL REPRESENTATION:

Fig. 1, Fig. 2 and Fig. 3 depicts the graphs for inserting, deleting, select operation and updating based on the time in milliseconds respectively. As it can be observed from the graphs that for insert, delete and select operations the time taken by oracle system is comparatively high whereas time taken by oracle during update it is less.



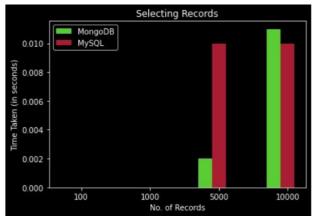


Fig. 1. Comparison for Insert

Fig. 2. Comparison for Select

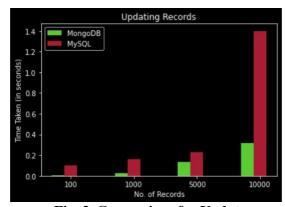


Fig. 3. Comparison for Update

CONCLUSION:

Thus, a comparison study has been done to realize that the non-relational databases perform better than the relational databases. Considering the data set which was taken for the experiment, it can be verified from the hypothesis testing that, MongoDb performs better for insert, update and select operation as compared to mysql.