# 2020

# **BOTANY — HONOURS**

Paper: DSE-A-1

(Biostatistics)

Full Marks: 50

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

### 1. Answer any five of the following:

(a)	What is frequency distribution?	2
(b)	Write two limitations of statistics.	1+1
(c)	What do you mean by discrete variables?	2
(d)	Define primary data with example.	1+1
(e)	Define null hypothesis with example.	2
(f)	Define statistical error. How it is different from mistake?	1+1
(g)	What do you mean by 'Population' and 'Sample'?	1+1
(h)	Define cumulative frequency distribution and mention one of its use.	1+1

### 2. Answer any two of the following:

(a) What are the advantages of 'Arithmatic mean' and 'mode value'?

(b) How does the standard deviation help for analysing the data in case of normal distribution?

What is bimodal distribution?

4+1

(c) Five persons A, B, C, D, E occupy seats in a row at random. What is the probability that A and B sit next to each other?

#### 3. Answer any three of the following:

(a) Explain why the standard deviation is regarded as superior to other measures of dispersion. What is its chief defect? The grain length of a variety in rice is given below:

Grain length in mm	9-11	12-14	15-17	18-20
No. of grains	3	5	9	3

Calculate the mean and standard error of grain length of the variety.

3+2+2+3

5

- (b) What do you mean by Hardy-Weinberg Equilibrium? Mention the factors affecting the equilibrium. In a study of a tribe from central Asia 26 Albino individuals are found in a total population of 6000. Albinism is recessive to normal skin colour. Calculate the expected allele frequencies and genotype frequencies if the population is in Hardy-Weinberg Equilibrium. How many of tribal individuals are estimated to be carriers of the recessive albino allele?

  2+3+3+2
- (c) Define coefficient of variation. What are the special uses of this measure? Find the coefficient of variation from the following and comment on that.

weight (gm)	110-119	120-129	130-139	140-149	150-159	160-169	170-179	180-189
Frequency	5	7	12	20	16	10	7	3

- (d) Selfing of a hybrid plant, produced a population with 120 pink flowers and 88 white flowers. Explain the data with  $\chi^2$  analysis. Find out the segregation ratio and test the goodness of fit. Comment on the nature of segregation. [ $\chi^2$  table value is 3.84 for 1 degree of freedom at 0.05 probability level].
- (e) (i) Four cards are drawn consecutively four times from a pack of 52 cards. Find the chances of drawing an ace, a king, a queen and a jack. The cards are not replaced after each withdrawal.
  - (ii) What is the probability of getting a king or a club from a pack of 52 cards?
  - (iii) Define conditional probability.

4+4+2