Center for Constitutional Rights

Torture, Former Combatants, Political Prisoners, Terror Suspects, & Terrorists

https://ccrjustice.org/home/press-center/press-releases/international-criminal-court-shutters-investigation-us-torture

Public Facing Advocacy Writing

Contact: press@ccrjustice.org

September 27, 2021Prosecutor Karim A.A. Khan of the International Criminal Court (ICC) this morning released a <u>statement</u> indicating that the court will end its investigation into torture and other crimes committed by U.S. personnel arising out of the armed conflict in Afghanistan, or with a nexus thereto, and at so-called "black sites" in other ICC member countries. In announcing that he was seeking to resume his Afghanistan investigation, Khan said he will focus on the alleged crimes of the Taliban and the Islamic State-Khorasan Province and deprioritize other aspects, obliquely referring to U.S. crimes and those by Afghan national forces.

The United States has refused to hold accountable the civilian and military leaders responsible for torture of thousands of primarily Muslim men and boys committed as part of the so-called war on terror. If such a decision is allowed to stand, the ICCthe court of last resort for those denied justice elsewherewill have virtually ensured that victims of torture and other crimes committed by U.S. officials will be denied redress.

This announcement comes after the ICC appeals chamber <u>authorized</u> an investigation into U.S. torture and other crimes as requested by the former prosecutor, Fatou Bensouda last year. It also follows a campaign of attacks on ICC staff and anti-ICC measures by President Trump and other U.S. officials, including placing the former prosecutor and one of her senior staff on the U.S. sanctions list. The Biden administration only <u>repealed those measures</u> in April 2021.

If the Prosecutor is indeed shuttering, or deprioritizing, the courts investigation of U.S. torture at black sites and detention centers, hes telling war criminals around the world that the U.S. playbook of delay and intimidation works, said <u>Katherine Gallagher</u>, a senior staff attorney at the Center for Constitutional Rights and ICC Victims Legal Representative. It also validates one of the core criticisms of the ICC: that it only takes action against politically weaker individuals or nations while giving Western powers a pass.

The Center for Constitutional Rights represents Sharqawi Al-HajjandGuled Duran, who were tortured in CIA black sites, proxydetention, and Department of Defense facilities, and sent to the prison at Guantnamo, where they remain indefinitely. For years, these men have sought to have their day in court and participated in ICC proceedings, including a filing just last week, yet the ICC did not notify them of the Prosecutors decision. Along with the rest of the public, they learned the news via press release.

The Prosecutors purview covers not only crimes committed in Afghanistan but also those with a nexus to the war there. As such, the investigation could have held accountable U.S. officials responsible for crimes committed in black sites around the world, including in Poland, Lithuania, and Romania, as well as other crimes by the U.S. and international forces, such as those arising out of drone strikes. Although the United States is not a party to the ICC, the court has jurisdiction over crimes committed by U.S. personnel in the territory of member states.

While human rights defenders say it is a positive step that *some* investigation of crimes against Afghan civilians is moving forward, this move represents a troubling start for Mr. Khan, who recently began a nine-year term as ICC Prosecutor. To explain his decision, he cited the withdrawal of U.S. forces and a lack of resources.

The ICC, especially the Prosecutors office, is under-resourced, and that means crimes that should have already been investigatedwhether by the Taliban or U.S. forceshave been left unaddressed. This is a real problem both because it undermines investigations and because its a backdoor way for member states to control the court through the budget, said Gallagher. But this does not and cannot justify letting the United States get away with its worldwide torture regime. Todays announcement marks a concerning day for the ICC and international justice.

For more information, visit the Center for Constitutional Rights case page.

The Center for Constitutional Rights works with communities under threat to fight for justice and liberation through litigation, advocacy, and strategic communications. Since 1966, the Center for Constitutional Rights has taken on oppressive systems of power, including structural racism, gender oppression, economic inequity, and governmental overreach. Learn more at ccrjustice.org.

Please contact us for general press inquiries, or to set up interviews.

We can connect you with just the right person at CCR for the story youre working on.

666 Broadway 7th Floor New York, NY 10012

Main: 212-614-6464 Donations: 212-614-6448 Fax: 212-614-6499

Contact us

Privacy Policy

2019 Center for Constitutional Rights

Main: 212-614-6464 Donations: 212-614-6448 Fax: 212-614-6499

Contact us

Privacy Policy

2019 Center for Constitutional Rights

Main: 212-614-6464 Donations: 212-614-6448 Fax: 212-614-6499

Contact us

Privacy Policy

2019 Center for Constitutional Rights

Get the latest