Vera Institute of Justice

Criminal Justice Issues and Prisoners' Rights

https://www.vera.org/blog/improving-the-health-and-wellbeing-of-incarcerated-mothers

Public Facing Advocacy Writing

The United States has the highest maternal death rate in the developed world, with 26 women dying out of every 100,000 live births.

For Black mothers, this danger is even more acute, with a maternal death rate that is three to four times that of non-Hispanic white mothers. The CDC Foundation estimates that 60 percent of all maternal deaths in the U.S. are preventable.

Maintaining maternal health is of vital importance for both mother and child. But when pregnant women are incarcerated, the situation becomes more complicated.

In 2002, the most recent data available, the Bureau of Justice Statistics estimated that <u>5 percent of women in jail</u> nationwide were pregnant. Women are the <u>fastest growing population behind bars</u> today and nearly <u>80 percent of incarcerated women are mothers</u>.

Shandra Williams was one of them. Reporter Rowan Moore Gerety profiled Williams for a two-part episodeairing this week and nexton the open-source podcast 70 Million. Williams, who spent much of her pregnancy in a Texas jail on a probation violation, described her experience of being away from her husband and unable to see a doctor, not receiving medical attention for cramps and bleeding, and being placed in solitary confinement after her water broke. Her pregnancy helped lead to the changing of laws in Texas to better protect the health and safety of pregnant women behind bars.

Women coming into jail often are already <u>experiencing high-risk pregnancies</u>. But, like Williams, many expectant mothers receive limited to no medical care while behind bars, according to a <u>Bureau of Justice Statistics report</u>. They may be <u>shackled during their pregnancies</u>, and even while giving birth. They may also be separated from their children soon after giving birth, preventing them from breastfeeding and denying them the many benefits medical experts have identified for both moms and newborns of skin-to-skin contact.

A lot of places are not thinking about pregnant women, says the Vera Institute of Justices <u>Elizabeth Swavola</u>, a program manager and coauthor of the report <u>Overlooked: Women and Jails in an Era of Reform</u>.

Researchers like Swavola note that there are best practices for jurisdictions interested in improving their care of pregnant women behind bars

All of these strategies could dramatically improve the lives of pregnant women in custody. But Swavola says the best way to help pregnant women stay healthy is to keep them out of our nations jails and prisons in the first place.

In recent years, <u>states like Oklahoma</u>, <u>Oregon</u>, and <u>Illinois</u> have experimented with pretrial diversion programs aimed at keeping pregnant women out of jail while theyre waiting for their cases to resolve. And mother-focused legal services <u>like I reported on last season for 70 Million</u> could help women post bail and meet court requirements to stay out of jail. Free to see their doctors and get the support they need from family members, these women will have a much better chance at having the safe and healthy pregnancies they deserve.

Nissa Rhee is a reporter based in Chicago whose work has appeared in the Christian Science Monitor, Chicago Reader, and Radio Netherlands Worldwide. She reported on women in Oklahoma prisons for 70 Million, an open-source podcast from Lantigua Williams & Co., made possible by a grant from the Safety and Justice Challenge at the John D. and Catherine T. MacArthur Foundation.

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