

Indian Law Resource Center

Indigenous Peoples' Rights

<https://indianlaw.org/issue/law-reform>

Campaign and Advocacy

Changing the unjust and unworkable legal framework applied to Native tribes is the core of our work in the United States. Indian and Alaska Native nations live under a system of federal law that is unconstitutional, obsolete, and so deeply flawed that it makes it all but impossible for Native nations to improve their economic and social conditions.

Clarifying and improving current federal Indian law is absolutely necessary for Indian nations to gain meaningful control of their lands and improve their economic and social well-being. Tribes could solve their own problems if they had a genuine opportunity and if the law applied to them were reasonably fair and consistent with the Constitution.

The United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples, which we helped to win, has encouraged many Indian nations to seek long-needed changes using the Declaration as an agenda for change.

Uncovering the Links Between Law Reform and Poverty Reduction

We are eager to find ways to examine and document the connection between the legal impediments to tribes sovereignty and development and the persistent poverty in Indian communities to strengthen our arguments on the need for changing federal Indian law.

Native Land Law

Our ground-breaking book, *Native Land Law: General Principles of Law Relating to Native Lands and Resources*, identifies the major failures of federal Indian law and sets forth 17 general principles of law that would clarify or remedy these failures. The book describes the major elements of law that would make up a new framework of law that is consistent with the United States Constitution and the UN Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples. The book provides a blueprint for possible legal reforms as well as the scholarly analysis and legal justification for these changes.

Challenging the Plenary Power Rule: The Battle of the Timbisha Shoshone Tribe

The Timbisha Shoshone Tribe, based in Death Valley California, is among those Indian nations enduring an especially long and nasty fight in its dealings with the United States and Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) a 165-year long battle.

Mohawk Nation Land Rights and the Right to Equality Before the Law

For more than a generation, we have carried on a suit to help the Mohawks recover ownership of their lands. We are doing it both to benefit the Mohawk Nation to demand that laws benefitting Indians be enforced by the courts and that the courts accord Indian nations equality before the law.

Center staff and board members are participating in information consultations of the current 71st session of the UN General Assembly on Ways to enable the participation of indigenous peoples representatives and institutions in meetings of relevant United Nations bodies on issues affecting them.

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Our Law Reform project is directed at increasing understanding and support for the sovereign rights of Indian and Alaska Native nations and assisting them in winning needed improvements in federal law. The law affecting tribes is terribly antiquated and unfair.

UN Seeks input from Indigenous Peoples

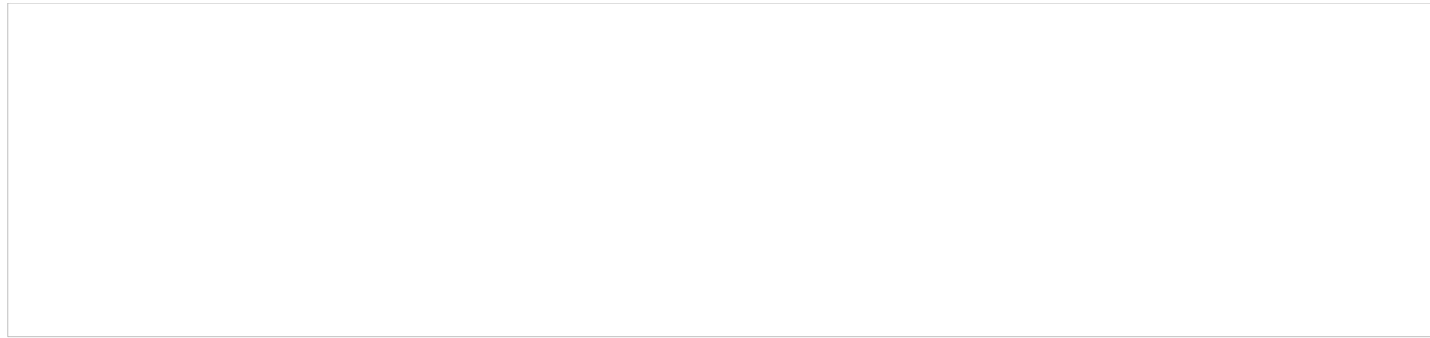
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On September 22 and 23, 2014, the United Nations held the World Conference on Indigenous Peoples in order to share perspectives and best practices on the realization of the rights of indigenous peoples, including to pursue the objectives of the UN Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples. The World Conference resulted in a concise, action-oriented outcome document with major commitments by the UN and member states to advance the rights of indigenous peoples.

The Indian Law Resource Center has been working for over 30 years to help the Mohawk Nation reclaim thousands of acres of land that is rightfully theirs.

An example of the unfairness of federal law and the injustice of federal administrative action to Indian tribes is the recent treatment of the Timbisha Shoshone Tribe, a small tribe in Death Valley, California. Some years ago, the Timbisha Shoshone Tribe and other Western Shoshone tribes were awarded compensation by the Indian Claims Commission, and the money was placed in the U.S. Treasury in trust for the tribes.



We are a non-profit law and advocacy organization.

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