## **Human Rights First**

## Discrimination, Detention, and Deportation: Immigration & Refugees

## https://www.humanrightsfirst.org/resource/detaining-people-seeking-protection-inhumane-unnecessary-and-wasteful

## **Policy Isssue Resources**

Work With Asylum Seekers

If you are seeking asylum, we can help

Areas of Focus

**Current Initiatives** 

Jailing people seeking asylum protection in U.S. immigration detention centers is a cruel and costly mistake.

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DHS has existing <u>legal authority</u> to place asylum seekers who request protection at the United States border whether at or between ports of entry into regular removal proceedings and to release these families and individuals to wait for court proceedings in the community, rather than subject them to detention and expedited removalan extremely <u>flawed</u> process that risks returning refugees to persecution and torture. They can be released on parole a <u>legal mechanism</u> through which DHS can process an individual into the United States for humanitarian reasons or significant public benefit to avoid the use of detention. In addition, asylum seekers who have been subjected to expedited removal and received a positive credible fear determination can also be released from custody on parole under the <u>2009 DHS</u> <u>Parole Directive</u>, if they establish their identity and demonstrate they are not a flight or security risk.

While DHS has discretion to set additional conditions when granting parole, given that the <u>overwhelming majority</u> of asylum seekers appear for their immigration hearings, the agency should avoid the imposition of <u>cruel</u> and unnecessary restrictive monitoring conditions, such as the use of ankle shackles. Ankle shackles <u>inflict</u> enormous physical and psychological harm, result in social isolation and employment discrimination, are disproportionately used against Black immigrants, and, like detention, are unnecessary and ineffective.

Studies have repeatedly confirmed that asylum seekers overwhelmingly appear for hearings after they are released from DHS custody, rendering the use of costly immigration detention unnecessary to ensure future appearance. Appearance rates are even higher where asylum seekers are represented by counsel. For example, 96 percent of non-detained immigrants represented by a lawyer attended all of their hearings from 2008 to 2018.

In addition to being unnecessary, detention is fiscally wasteful. Community-based case management alternatives are far less costly, as well as more humane and effective. For instance, a family case management program piloted by DHS from January 2016 to June 2017 demonstrated high levels of success, including a 99 percent appearance rate for hearings. This program cost about \$36 a day per family while family detention costs almost \$320 a day per person in family detention centers.

[1] The administration can<u>refer asylum seekers</u> for full asylum interviews with U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services asylum officers in their destination locations, ramping up asylum office staffing to fully adjudicate asylum requests, which will result in quicker initial decisions and reduce the number of individuals ultimately referred to immigration court hearings. These full asylum office adjudications should not be conducted within the expedited removal process, which would limit due process.

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Letter

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