ACLU Ohio

Criminal Justice Issues and Prisoners' Rights

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Public Facing Advocacy Writing

Skip to main content

Below is our Policy Counsel Claire Chevrier's proponent testimony on Senate Bill 182. This was delivered to the Senate Judiciary Committee on June 16, 2021.

Dear Chairman Manning, Vice Chair McColley, Ranking Member Thomas, and members of the Senate Judiciary Committee:

My name is Claire Chevrier, and I am a resident of Columbus, Ohio and Policy Counsel at the ACLU of Ohio. Thank you for the opportunity to present proponent testimony on Senate Bill 182, which the ACLU of Ohio strongly supports.

Adam Coy, the former police officer indicted for the murder of Andre Hill, is home with his family awaiting trial after posting a \$1 million bond. Preston Chaney died of COVID-19 in a Houston jail because he couldnt post his \$100 bond. Money bail has never kept us safe; its just about providing the wealthy with a way out of jail while leaving everyone else behind bars.

Currently, every municipal court in Ohio has a bond schedule that covers misdemeanors and many also cover felonies. Bond schedules are tables that on one side typically list a crime (e.g. theft) or crime type (e.g. first degree misdemeanor) and a corresponding dollar amount that an accused individual can post in order to free themselves from jail. These bond schedules are used before an individual has the opportunity to see a judge, and they vary widely across the state. They typically do not consider an individuals ability to pay, nor do they provide judges the opportunity to step in if there is a safety concern. This creates a two-tiered system of justice: If youre wealthy and dangerous you can go home, and if youre poor and pose no threat you remain in jail.

Once accused individuals see a judge, this scenario is often repeated; if a judge sets financial conditions of release, wealthy individuals again get the opportunity to buy their freedom and those without the funds languish in jail. This system of wealth-based detention is dangerous for two main reasons.

SB 182 is not just a bail reform bill; its a necessary public safety measure. This bill reimagines bond schedules so they maintain their efficiency while protecting our community. By establishing a presumption of release, SB 182 creates for everyone the release path bond schedules reserve for the wealthy.

It also adds a necessary safety component. Under the presumption of release, everyone must get released within 24 hours *unless* a judge or prosecutor is concerned the individual poses a threat, in which case the individual can remain detained and get a hearing within 48 hours for most crimes. This initial release decision is not an added requirementit does not require a hearing or findingsit just gives judges the opportunity to step in and stop someone from being released. This means, for the first time, initial release decisions will be hinged on whether someone poses a threat, not how much money they have.⁵

While SB 182 is a public safety bill, not all reform efforts have centered public safety like it does. New York, for example, initially reformed its pretrial system by prohibiting judges from setting money bail for most crimes and it did not have preventative detention as an option. SB 182 does the opposite: it maintains judges ability to set money bail for *any* crime after making certain findings, it centers and expands preventative detention, and it gives judges more opportunities to step in to set conditions of release and contemplate detention. While other versions of reform have created safety problems, SB 182 addresses the safety problems that already exist.

There are many other reasons to support SB 182 in addition to public safety.

Its unsurprising that so many people across Ohio are passionate about bail reform. 75% of Ohio voters believe that Ohios criminal justice system is in need of reform. 77% favor requiring a hearing on release options and conditions in front of a judge within 48 hours. 69% believe in creating a release path for most people to go home the same day as their arrest if they do not pose a threat. Each of these proposals was supported by a majority of Republicans and Democrats. 10

Good policy earns strange bedfellows. Together with conservative organizations, faith leaders, survivor advocacy groups, and stakeholders across the state, the ACLU of Ohio is a proud member of a broad coalition that support bail reform. We are grateful for the leadership of Senators McColley and S. Huffman and ask that you join them and vote yes on SB 182.

¹https://abc6onyourside.com/news/local/former-columbus-police-officer-adam-coy-post-bond-released-from-jail

²https://www.houstonchronicle.com/news/houston-texas/crime/article/harris-county-jail- indifference-human-suffering-15926278.php

³https://www.vera.org/downloads/publications/Justice-Denied-Evidence-Brief.pdf

⁴https://www.buckeyeinstitute.org/library/doclib/2017-12-11-Money-Bail-Making-Ohio-a-More-Dangerous-Place- to-Live-By-Daniel-J-Dew.pdf

⁵SB 182 also promotes public safety by strengthening and expanding preventative detentionor the opportunity for judges to detain individuals charged with the most serious crimes for the entire pretrial period without relying on money bail.

 $\frac{6}{https://www.acluohio.org/sites/default/files/ACLUofOhio_OhioCouldSaveBigByImplementingBailReform-AFiscalImpactAnalysis_2020-0913.pdf$

⁷https://www.acluohio.org/sites/default/files/fiscalimpactreport-addendum_2021-0312.pdf

⁸https://www.acluohio.org/sites/default/files/ACLUofOhio_BailReform-FiscalImpactAnalysis_RacialDisparitiesInOurCourtSystem_2020-1105.pdf

⁹https://www.vera.org/downloads/publications/Justice-Denied-Evidence-Brief.pdf

 $^{10} \underline{\text{https://www.acluohio.org/sites/default/files/field_documents/bailpolling_one-pager_2021-0323.pdf}$

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