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J068

ASSIGNMENT 2: NUMPY BASICS

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import time

In [2]: A=np.array([[0,1,2],[3,4,5],[6,7,8]])
A
Out[2]: array([[0, 1, 2],
               [3, 4, 5],
               [6, 7, 8]])

In [3]: B=np.array([[10,11,12],[13,14,15],[16,17,18]])
B
Out[3]: array([[10, 11, 12],
               [13, 14, 15],
               [16, 17, 18]])

In [4]: C=np.array([[20,21,22],[23,24,25],[26,27,28]])
C
Out[4]: array([[20, 21, 22],
               [23, 24, 25],
               [26, 27, 28]])
```

AB!=BA

```
In [5]: np.dot(A,B)
Out[5]: array([[ 45,  48,  51],
               [162, 174, 186],
               [279, 300, 321]])

In [6]: np.dot(B,A)
Out[6]: array([[105, 138, 171],
               [132, 174, 216],
               [159, 210, 261]])
```

A(BC)=(AB)C

```
In [7]: A.dot(B.dot(C))
Out[7]: array([[ 3330,  3474,  3618],
               [12078, 12600, 13122],
               [20826, 21726, 22626]])

In [8]: (A.dot(B)).dot(C)
Out[8]: array([[ 3330,  3474,  3618],
               [12078, 12600, 13122],
               [20826, 21726, 22626]])
```

A(B+C)=AB + AC

```
In [10]: d1=np.dot(A,(B+C))
d1
Out[10]: array([[120, 126, 132],
                [444, 468, 492],
                [768, 810, 852]])

In [11]: d2=np.dot(A,B) + np.dot(A,C)
d2
Out[11]: array([[120, 126, 132],
                [444, 468, 492],
                [768, 810, 852]])
```

AI=IA

```
In [12]: I=np.identity(3)
I
Out[12]: array([[1., 0., 0.],
                [0., 1., 0.],
                [0., 0., 1.]])

In [14]: AI=np.dot(A,I)
IA=np.dot(I,A)
AI
Out[14]: array([[0., 1., 2.],
                [3., 4., 5.],
                [6., 7., 8.]])

In [15]: IA
Out[15]: array([[0., 1., 2.],
                [3., 4., 5.],
                [6., 7., 8.]])
```

INVERSE MATRIX

```
In [17]: C_inv=np.linalg.inv(C)
C_inv
Out[17]: array([[ -3.46430741e+14,  6.92861481e+14, -3.46430741e+14],
                [ 6.92861481e+14, -1.38572296e+15,  6.92861481e+14],
                [-3.46430741e+14,  6.92861481e+14, -3.46430741e+14]])

In [22]: mat=np.random.randint(100,500,(5,5))
mat
Out[22]: array([[444, 261, 267, 496, 423],
                [315, 284, 326, 149, 273],
                [259, 297, 374, 372, 430],
                [340, 126, 283, 234, 408],
                [118, 424, 450, 493, 201]])
```

COMPARING LOOPS AND INBUILT FUNCTION

```
In [29]: import timeit
import numpy as np
a = list(range(100))
b = np.array(range(100))
t1 = timeit.timeit("[i + 1 for i in a]", setup="from __main__ import a", number=1000000)
print(t1)

7.322429900000316

In [30]: t2 = timeit.timeit("np.add([1], b)", setup="from __main__ import np, b", number=1000000)
print(t2)

3.5826240999999754

In [ ]: #THIS SHOWS INBUILT FUNCTION IS FASTER
```