


Problem 1

5 cards, 3 black {1, 2, 3}, 2 red {1, 2}
randomly pick 2.

- o (R₁, B₁) o, (R₂, B₁) o, (B₁, B₂)
- o (R₁, B₂) o, (R₂, B₂) o, (B₁, B₃)
- o (R₁, B₃) o, (R₃, B₃) o, (B₂, B₃)
- o o (R₁, R₂) o,

i. o Both cards are red.

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{1st } x \text{ 2nd} \\ &= \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{4} \\ &= \frac{2}{20} \\ &= \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{10}}} \end{aligned}$$

ii. Known at least 1 red, & both are red.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{o At least 1 red} &= \text{Total} - \text{No red} \\ &= c(5, 2) - c(3, 2) \\ &= 10 - 3 \\ &= 7 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\text{Both Red Case}}{\text{At least 1 red}} = \frac{1}{7}$$

iii. known one is red = {1}, & both are red

$$\begin{aligned} \text{o Favorable case} &= \frac{1}{4} \\ \text{o Total sample} &= \underline{\underline{\frac{4}{4}}} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 2.

i. $\frac{1}{4}$ th time go in every pot

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Winning per ball} &= \frac{1}{4} \times 1 + \frac{1}{4} \times 2 + \frac{1}{4} \times 3 + \frac{1}{4} \times 4 \\ &= \frac{10}{4}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Total 4 balls} &= \frac{10}{4} \times 4 \\ &= \underline{\underline{10}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{ii. each probability} &= \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2}{3} \\ &= \frac{1}{6}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Winning per ball} &= \frac{1}{6} \times 1 + \frac{1}{6} \times 2 + \frac{1}{6} \times 3 + \frac{1}{6} \times 4 \\ &= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{2}{6} + \frac{3}{6} + \frac{4}{6} \\ &= \frac{10}{6} \\ &= \frac{5}{3}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Total 4 balls} &= \frac{5}{3} \times 4 \\ &= \underline{\underline{\frac{20}{3}}}\end{aligned}$$

of 1 Problem 3

1. $1 = 00001, 2 = 00010, 4 = 00100, 8 = 01000, 16 = 10000,$
 2. $3 = 00011, 5 = 00101, 6 = 00110, 9 = 01001, 10 = 01010, 24 = 11000$
 $12 = 01100, 17 = 10001, 18 = 10010, 20 = 10100,$
 3. $\textcircled{7} = 00111, \textcircled{11} = 01011, \textcircled{13} = 01101, \textcircled{14} = 01110, \textcircled{19} = 10011, \textcircled{21} = 10101$
 $\textcircled{22} = 10110, \textcircled{25} = 11001, \textcircled{26} = 11010, \textcircled{28} = 11100.$ $n=10$
 4. $\textcircled{15} = 01111, \textcircled{23} = 10111, \textcircled{27} = 11011, \textcircled{29} = 11101, \textcircled{30} = 11110,$
 5. $\textcircled{31} = 11111,$

1. $S = 32, n = 10$
 $P(W=3) = \frac{n}{S} = \frac{10}{32} = 0.3125$

2. $n = 6$
 $P(W=3 \cap \text{Odd}) = \frac{n}{S} = \frac{6}{32} = 0.1875$

3. $n = 6, S = 10$
 $P(\text{Odd} | W=3) = \frac{n}{S} = \frac{6}{10} = 0.6$

4. Expected per card = $\frac{\text{Possible of 1 in 5 places}}{\text{Sample space}}$
 $= \frac{c(5,1) \times 1 + c(5,2) \times 2 + c(5,3) \times 3 + c(5,4) \times 4 + c(5,5) \times 5}{32}$
 $= \frac{5 + 20 + 30 + 20 + 5}{32} = \frac{80}{32} = \frac{5}{2}$

Total 3 cards = Expected per card $\times 3$
 $= \frac{5}{2} \times 3 = \frac{15}{2} = 7.5$

5. Sum = 13 { (5,5,3), (5,4,4) }, 5 can not occur 2 times
 $P(\text{Sum}=13) = \frac{\text{Possible of sum of 13}}{\text{Sample space}}$
 $= \frac{6}{32} = 0.1875$

Problem 4

infected

$$P(I) = 0.2$$

infected positive

$$P(P/I) = 0.9$$

Uninfected positive

$$P(P/U) = 0.5$$

Uninfected

$$P(U) = 1 - 0.2$$

$$= 0.8$$

$$\begin{aligned}1. \quad P(P) &= P(P/I) \times P(I) + P(P/U) \times P(U) \\&= 0.9 \times 0.2 + 0.5 \times 0.8 \\&= 0.18 + 0.4 \\&= \underline{\underline{0.58}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}2. \quad P(V/P) &= \frac{P(I)}{P(P)} \\&= \frac{0.2}{0.58} \\&= \underline{\underline{0.345}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}3. \quad P(N) &= 1 - P(P) \\&= 1 - 0.58 \\&= 0.42\end{aligned}$$

$$P(T_1) = P(P) = 0.58$$

$$\begin{aligned}P(T_2) &= P(I) \times [1 - P(P/I)] \\&= 0.2 \times (1 - 0.9) \\&= 0.02\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Total probability} &= P(T_1) \cdot P(T_2) \\&= 0.58 \times 0.02 \\&= \underline{\underline{0.0116}}\end{aligned}$$