포팅 메뉴얼

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```

환경

- 1. BackEnd
 - openjdk 17.0.7
 - spring boot 3.1.2
 - mysql 8.0.34
 - redis 5.0.7
 - openvidu 2.28.0
 - intellij 2023.2
- 2. FrontEnd
 - node 18.16.1
 - vue 3.3.4
 - openai 3.3.0
 - vscode 1.79.2

빌드

BackEnd

- 1. 아래 application.yml 파일을 .gitignore 해두었기에 backend/src/main/resources 경로에 추가
- 2. Gradle 실행
- 3. Bootjar 실행

```
spring:
 datasource:
   driver-class-name: com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver
    url: jdbc:mysql://54.180.9.43:3306/ssap?serverTimezone=Asia/Seoul&characterEncoding=UTF-8
    username: ssap
    password: ssap
 jpa:
    hibernate:
     ddl-auto: create
    properties:
      hibernate:
       format_sql: true
        hbm2ddl:
          import_files: 'classpath:static-data.sql'
  mail:
    host: smtp.gmail.com
    port: 587
    username: {your_mail_id}
    password: \ \{your\_mail\_password\}
    properties:
     mail:
          auth: true
```

```
timeout: 5000
          starttls:
           enable: true
  data:
   redis:
     host: 54.180.9.43
     port: 6379
  #s3관련 파일 크기 제한
  servlet:
   multipart:
     max-file-size: 2MB
     max-request-size: 2MB
jwt:
 header: Authorization
  secret: {your_secret}
 token-validity-in-seconds: 86400
# s3관련.
cloud:
  aws:
    s3:
     bucket: ssapbucket #버킷이름
    stack.auto: false #AWS의 자동 CloudFormation구성
    region.static: ap-northeast-2 #한국
    credentials:
     accessKey: {your_accessKey}
     secretKey: {your_accessKey}
# openvidu
openvidu:
    url: https://i9d205.p.ssafy.io:8442/
    secret: ssapssap
  local:
   url: http://localhost:4443/
   secret: MY_SCRET
logging:
  level:
    org.hibernate.sql: debug
    \verb|org.hibernate.orm.jdbc.bind: trace|\\
    com.ssafy.ssap.controller.RoomController: trace
    com.ssafy.ssap.service.RoomService: trace
```

주의 사항

• aws s3 관련 속성은 과금이 발생할 수 있으므로 키 관리 주의

FrontEnd

1. npm run build

배포 특이사항

✓ Jenkins 내에 jdk 버전 17을 직접 설치해주고 설정해야 함

1. Jenkins 컨테이너 안에 접속

```
docker exec -it jenkins-docker_jenkins_1 bash
```

- 2. apt-get update
- 3. apt-get install openjdk-17-jdk -y
- 4. export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java-17-openjdk-amd64
- 5. echo \$JAVA_HOME
- 6. Jenkins는 아직 JAVA_HOME이 11을 가리키고 있으므로 설정 변경

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- a. Jenkins 관리
- b. Global Tool Configuration
- c. Install automatically 체크 해제
- d. Name: openjdk-17-jdk
- e. JAVA_HOME: /usr/lib/jvm/java-17-openjdk-amd64
- ✓ Jenkins 내에 node 설치
- 1. plugin에서 node 설치
- 2. global tools 설정
- 3. 빌드 정보 수정에서 Provide Node & npm bin/ folder to PATH 클릭

nginx 설정

/etc/nginx/sites-available/default

```
server {
 root /var/www/html;
  location / {
          try_files $uri $uri/ /index.html;
           add_header 'Access-Control-Allow-Origin' '*';
           add_header 'Access-Control-Allow-Methods' 'GET, POST, OPTIONS, PUT, DELETE';
add_header 'Access-Control-Allow-Headers' 'DNT, User-Agent, X-Requested-With, If-Modified-Since, Cache-Control, Content-Type, Rang
add_header 'Access-Control-Expose-Headers' 'Content-Length, Content-Range';
  }
  location /api {
           rewrite ^/api(/.*)$ $1 break;
           proxy_pass http://localhost:8080;
           proxy_http_version 1.1;
           proxy_set_header Upgrade $http_upgrade;
           proxy_set_header Connection 'upgrade';
           proxy_set_header Host $host;
           proxy_cache_bypass $http_upgrade;
  listen [::]:443 ssl ipv6only=on; # managed by Certbot
  listen 443 ssl; # managed by Certbot
  ssl_certificate /etc/letsencrypt/live/i9d205.p.ssafy.io/fullchain.pem; # managed by Certbot
  ssl_certificate_key /etc/letsencrypt/live/i9d205.p.ssafy.io/privkey.pem; # managed by Certbot
  include /etc/letsencrypt/options-ssl-nginx.conf; # managed by Certbot
 ssl_dhparam /etc/letsencrypt/ssl-dhparams.pem; # managed by Certbot
```

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