

Cambridge IGCSE™

MATHEMATICS**0580/22**

Paper 2 (Extended)

May/June 2024**MARK SCHEME**Maximum Mark: 70

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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This document consists of **8** printed pages.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptions for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

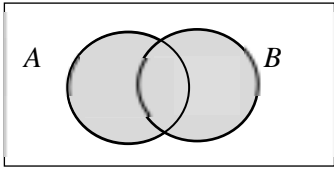
Mathematics-Specific Marking Principles

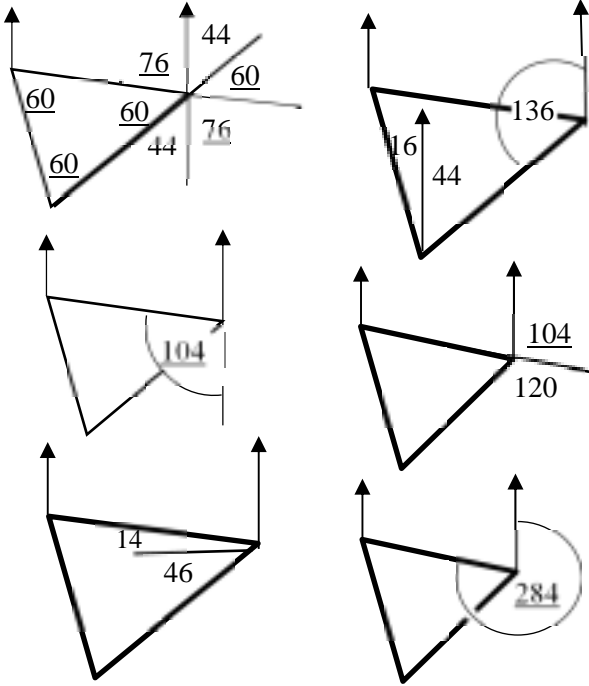
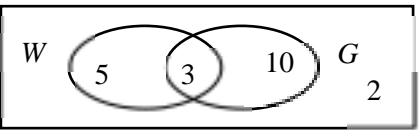
- 1 Unless a particular method has been specified in the question, full marks may be awarded for any correct method. However, if a calculation is required then no marks will be awarded for a scale drawing.
- 2 Unless specified in the question, non-integer answers may be given as fractions, decimals or in standard form. Ignore superfluous zeros, provided that the degree of accuracy is not affected.
- 3 Allow alternative conventions for notation if used consistently throughout the paper, e.g. commas being used as decimal points.
- 4 Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored (isw).
- 5 Where a candidate has misread a number or sign in the question and used that value consistently throughout, provided that number does not alter the difficulty or the method required, award all marks earned and deduct just 1 A or B mark for the misread.
- 6 Recovery within working is allowed, e.g. a notation error in the working where the following line of working makes the candidate's intent clear.

Abbreviations

| | |
|------|----------------------------|
| cao | correct answer only |
| dep | dependent |
| FT | follow through after error |
| isw | ignore subsequent working |
| oe | or equivalent |
| SC | Special Case |
| nfww | not from wrong working |
| soi | seen or implied |


| Question | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks | | | | | | | | |
|----------|--|------|--|---|-----|---|---------|---|---------|---|---|
| 1 | 29 | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 41.7[0] | 2 | M1 for $6.55 \times 4 + 15.5$ | | | | | | | | |
| 3(a) | Correct table <table><tr><td>2</td><td>2 8</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>6 9</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>1 4 8 9</td></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>2 4 7 7</td></tr></table> | 2 | 2 8 | 3 | 6 9 | 4 | 1 4 8 9 | 5 | 2 4 7 7 | 2 | B1 for two rows correct or for fully correct unordered stem-and-leaf diagram |
| 2 | 2 8 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | 6 9 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 1 4 8 9 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | 2 4 7 7 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3(b) | 46 | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | $\frac{1}{6}$ or equivalent fraction | 3 | B2 for $\frac{625}{750}$ oe or M2 for $750 - \frac{750}{4} - 437.5$ oe or M1 for $750 - \frac{750}{4}$ oe or $\frac{750}{4} + 437.5$ oe or $\frac{437.5}{750}$ oe | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | 13 05 or 1 05pm | 2 | M1 for 47 [minutes] | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 0.046 cao | 1 | | | | | | | | | |

| Question | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|--|-----------|---|
| 7 |  | 1 | |
| 8 | 1.75 | 3 | M2 for $\frac{(5700-5000)[\times 100]}{5000 \times 8}$ oe or $\frac{(5700-5000) \times 100}{5000[\times 8]}$ oe or M1 for $[5700 - 5000] = \frac{5000 \times 8 \times r}{100}$ oe or B1 for 87.5 or 0.14 or 1.14 If 0 scored SC1 for answer 14.25 |
| 9(a) | Enlargement [s f] 2 [centre] (1, -1) | 3 | B1 for each |
| 9(b) | image at $(-1, 4)(-1, 5)(1, 4)$ | 2 | B1 for translation by $\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} k \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ |
| 10 | 1.74×10^5 | 1 | |
| 11 | 93 | 2 | M1 for $\frac{3}{40}[\times 1240]$ oe or $\frac{1240}{40}[\times 3]$ oe or $\frac{40}{3} = \frac{1240}{x}$ oe |
| 12 | 52.6 or 52.61 to 52.62 | 2 | M1 for $\cos[...]=\frac{8.5}{14}$ oe |
| 13 | $\frac{9}{4} \times \frac{8}{15}$ oe or $\frac{18}{8} \div \frac{15}{8}$ oe with common denominator | M2 | B1 for $\frac{9}{4}$ oe or $\frac{15}{8}$ oe or M1 for $\frac{\text{their } 9}{4} \times \frac{8}{\text{their } 15}$ oe |
| | $1\frac{1}{5}$ cao | A1 | dep on M2 |

| Question | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|----------|---|------|--|
| 14 | $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 2$ oe | 2 | M1 for $\frac{6-2}{8-0}$ oe or for $y = kx + 2$ |
| 15 | 224 | 3 | <p>M2 for a fully correct method e.g. $360 - (180 - 104 + 60)$ oe</p> <p>or B2 for 120, 136, 44, 46, 14, or 16 in the correct position</p> <p>or B1 for 60, 76, 104 or 284 in the correct position or for interior angle of triangle = 60</p> <p>i.e. these positions for B2 or <u>B1</u>:</p>  |
| 16(a) | 0.2 oe | 1 | |
| 16(b) | 4240 | 3 | <p>M2 for $\frac{1}{2} \times (210 + 320) \times 16$ oe</p> <p>or M1 for one area correct</p> |
| 17 |  | 2 | B1 for 2 sections out of 4 correct |
| 18(a) | tangent ruled at $x = 3$ | 1 | |



| Question | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----------|--|-----------|--|
| 18(b) | 4.8 to 5.8 | 2 | dep on a close attempt at a tangent M1 for $\frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}}$ also dep on close attempt at tangent |
| 19(a) | 12 | 3 | M1 for $y = k(x-1)^2$ oe M1 for $y = \text{their } k(7-1)^2$ oe |
| 19(b) | divided by 3 oe | 1 | |
| 20 | 3.9 | 3 | M2 for $5.2 \times \sqrt[3]{\frac{33.75}{80}}$ oe or M1 for $\frac{\sqrt[3]{33.75}}{\sqrt[3]{80}}$ oe or $\frac{\sqrt[3]{80}}{\sqrt[3]{33.75}}$ oe or $\frac{h^3}{5.2^3} = \frac{33.75}{80}$ oe |
| 21 | $4x^2 + 3x - 85 [= 0]$ or $16y^2 - 113y + 7 [= 0]$ oe simplified | M2 | M1 for $4(x^2 - 18) + 3x = 13$ or $x^2 - 18 = \frac{13-3x}{4}$ or $y = \left(\frac{13-4y}{3}\right)^2 - 18$ oe or better |
| | correct method to solve <i>their</i> quadratic equation e.g. factors, quadratic formula, completing the square | M1 | $\frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{3^2 - 4 \times 4 \times -85}}{2 \times 4}$ oe, $(4x - 17)(x + 5)$ $\frac{-(-113) \pm \sqrt{(-113)^2 - 4 \times 16 \times 7}}{2 \times 16}$ oe, $(16y - 1)(y - 7)$ |
| | $x = -5$ $y = 7$ $x = \frac{17}{4}$ oe $y = \frac{1}{16}$ oe | B2 | B1 for one correct pair or two correct x values or two correct y values If B0 scored and at least 2 method marks scored, SC1 for correct substitution of both of their x values or their y values into $4y + 3x = 13$ or $y = x^2 - 18$ |
| 22(a)(i) | cubic | 1 | |
| 22(a)(ii) | reciprocal | 1 | |

| Question | Answer | Mark | Partial Marks |
|-----------|--|------|--|
| 22(b)(i) | correct sine curve sketch through (0, 0), (180, 0) and (360, 0)  | 2 | M1 for correct sine curve shape through the origin |
| 22(b)(ii) | 203.6 and 336.4 | 3 | B2 for one correct or M1 for $\sin x = -0.4$ oe If 0 or M1 scored, SC1 for two reflex angles with a sum of 540 or two non-reflex angles with a sum of 180 |
| 23(a) | 15 | 1 | |
| 23(b) | $\frac{1}{2}$ oe nfw | 2 | M1 for $\frac{2+3}{2+1+3+4}$ oe or $1 - \frac{4+1}{2+1+3+4}$ oe with either the numerator or denominator correct |
| 24(a) | $\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{b} - \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}$ | 2 | B1 for answer $\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{b} + k\mathbf{a}$ or $j\mathbf{b} - \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}$ or correct unsimplified in terms of a and b |
| 24(b) | $\frac{5}{4}\mathbf{b}$ | 3 | M2 for $\overrightarrow{RS} = \frac{1}{4}\mathbf{b}$ oe or $\overrightarrow{MS} = \frac{3}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{b} - \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}\right)$ oe or $\overrightarrow{NS} = \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{b} - \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}\right)$ oe or M1 for a correct route in terms of vertices and/or a and/or b or B1 for answer $j\mathbf{b}$ where $j > 1$ or $\overrightarrow{RS} = \frac{1}{2}\overrightarrow{MQ}$, $\overrightarrow{RS} = \frac{1}{4}\overrightarrow{OR}$, oe $\overrightarrow{NS} = \frac{1}{2}\overrightarrow{MN}$, $\overrightarrow{MS} = \frac{3}{2}\overrightarrow{MN}$ $\overrightarrow{NS} = \frac{1}{3}\overrightarrow{MS}$ |