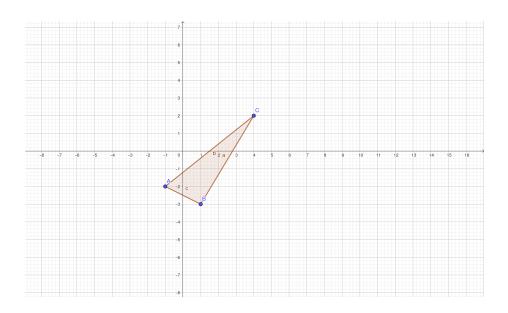
8.26

b)

Specification: Check if these points form a right angled triangle:

$$A(-1|-2)$$

$$B(1|-3)$$



Definitions:

$$\vec{a} = \vec{BC}$$

$$\vec{b} = \vec{CA}$$

$$\vec{c} = \vec{AB}$$

Exercises:

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = a_x * b_x + a_y * b_y \tag{1}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = -1 * 1 + -2 * -3 \tag{2}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = -1 + 6 \tag{3}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = 5 \tag{4}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c} = a_x * c_x + a_y * c_y \tag{5}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c} = -1 * 4 + -2 * 2 \tag{6}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c} = -4 + -4 \tag{7}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c} = -8 \tag{8}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c} = b_x * c_x + b_y * c_y \tag{9}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c} = 1 * 4 + -3 * 2 \tag{10}$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c} = 4 + -6 \tag{11}$$

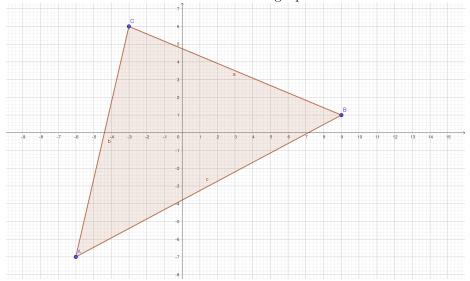
$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c} = -2 \tag{12}$$

Answer: The triangle is not a right angle as none of the angles α , β , γ are 90°. This is shown be the fact that none of the dot products of the triangles sides are 0.

8.29

1)

Specification: Find the mistake in the following equations:



$$\vec{c} = \vec{AB}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 15 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$c = |\vec{c}|$$

$$= 17cm$$

$$\vec{a} = \vec{BC}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -12 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a = |\vec{a}|$$

$$= 13cm$$

$$\cos(\beta) = \frac{\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c}}{|\vec{a}| * |\vec{b}|}$$

$$= \frac{\binom{15}{8} * \binom{-12}{5}}{13 * 17}$$

$$= -\frac{140}{221}$$

$$= -0.633...$$

$$\beta = \arccos(-0.633...)$$

 $\approx 129.31^{\circ}$

$$A = \frac{a * c * \sin(\beta)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{13 * 17 * \sin(129.31^{\circ})}{2}$$

$$\approx 85.5cm^{2}$$

Answer: The obtuse value of β (129.31°) was used instead of the acute value of β (50.69°). This didn't affect the result because $\sin(\beta)$ returns the same value for the obtuse and the acute value of β

$$\sin(\alpha) = \sin(180^{\circ} - \alpha)$$

$$\sin(129.31^\circ) = 0.77368$$
$$\sin(50.69^\circ) = 0.77368$$

8.31

Specification: An isosceles triangle ABC, which is named in the mathematically positive direction, has the base AB with A(-2|-1), B(4|7) and the height h=10E. Calculate the missing point C, the angle ϕ which is enclosed by \vec{AB} and \vec{AC} , and the area A_{rea} of the triangle.

Definitions:

$$h = 10E$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{c} = \vec{AB}$$

$$\vec{c_m} = \vec{OA} + \frac{1}{2}\vec{c}$$

Exercise:

$$\vec{c} = \vec{B} - \vec{A}$$

$$\vec{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{c} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{c_m} = \begin{pmatrix} -2\\-1 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 6\\8 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$\vec{c_m} = \begin{pmatrix} -2\\-1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 3\\4 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$\vec{c_m} = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{c_n} = \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{c_{n0}} = \frac{1}{|\vec{c_n}|} \vec{c_n}$$

$$\vec{c_{n0}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{(-8)^2 + 6^2}} \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{c_{n0}} = \frac{1}{10} \begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{c_{n0}} = \begin{pmatrix} -0.8 \\ 0.6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{OC} = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\3 \end{pmatrix} + 10 \begin{pmatrix} -0.8\\0.6 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$\vec{OC} = \begin{pmatrix} -7\\9 \end{pmatrix}$$

8.33

1)

Specification: Given are the points pA(120|10), $pB_1(150|140)$, and $pB_2(500|250)$. Calculate the angle β that encloses the horizontal and the vector $p\overrightarrow{ApB_1}$.

Definitions: Let \vec{i} be the horizontal enclosing β .

Exercise:

$$\vec{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 150 \\ 140 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 120 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$\vec{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 30.0 \\ 130.0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\cos(\beta) = \frac{\vec{AB} \cdot \vec{i}}{|\vec{AB}| * |\vec{i}|}$$

$$\beta = \arccos(\frac{\vec{AB} \cdot \vec{i}}{|\vec{AB}| * |\vec{i}|})$$

$$\beta = \arccos(\frac{\binom{30.0}{130.0} \cdot \binom{1}{0}}{\sqrt{30.0^2 + 130.0^2}})$$

$$\beta = \arccos(\frac{30}{133.416640641})$$

$$\beta = 77.0053832081^{\circ}$$

Answer: The angle β that is enclosed by the horizontal and the vector \vec{AB} has a value of 77.0053832081°.

2)

Specification: Calculate the angle between the vectors $\vec{B_1A}$ and $\vec{B_1B_2}$.

Exercise:

$$\vec{B_1 A} = \begin{pmatrix} 120 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 150 \\ 140 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$\vec{B_1 A} = \begin{pmatrix} -30.0 \\ -130.0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{B_1 B_2} = -1.0$$

$$\vec{B_1 B_2} = \begin{pmatrix} 350.0 \\ 110.0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\cos(\alpha) = \frac{\vec{B_1} A \cdot \vec{B_1} \vec{B_2}}{|\vec{B_1} A| * |\vec{B_1} \vec{B_2}|}$$