

Lab 06: Materials

CS423: Computer Graphics

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1 Overview

2 Instructions

We'll look at the behavior of each of the base material types: `MeshBasicMaterial`, `MeshLambertMaterial`, and `MeshPhongMaterial`.

2.1 MeshBasicMaterial

Start with the following HTML document (with the name `03-basic-mesh-material.html`):

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
3 <html>
5 <head>
  <title>Example 03.03 – MeshBasicMaterial</title>
  <script type="text/javascript" src="../libs/three.js"></script>
  <script type="text/javascript" src="../libs/stats.min.js"></script>
  <script type="text/javascript" src="../libs/dat.gui.min.js"></script>
  <style>
    body {
      /* set margin to 0 and overflow to hidden, to go fullscreen */
      margin: 0;
      overflow: hidden;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
19 <div id="Stats-output">
21 </div>
  <!-- Div which will hold the Output -->
23 <div id="WebGL-output">
  </div>
25 <!-- Javascript code that runs our Three.js examples -->
27 <script type="text/javascript" src="03-basic-mesh-material.js">
```

```
29 </script>
    </body>
31 </html>
```

Now let's setup the base scene we want to display:

```
1 // once everything is loaded, we run our Three.js stuff.
3 function init() {
5     var stats = initStats();
7     // create a scene, that will hold all our elements such as objects, cameras and lights.
    var scene = new THREE.Scene();
9
10    // create a camera, which defines where we're looking at.
11    var camera = new THREE.PerspectiveCamera(45,
        window.innerWidth / window.innerHeight,
13        0.1,
        1000);
15    // create a render and set the size
    var renderer;
17    var renderer = new THREE.WebGLRenderer();
    renderer.setClearColor(new THREE.Color(0xEEEEEE, 1.0));
19    renderer.setSize(window.innerWidth, window.innerHeight);
    renderer.shadowMap.enabled = true;
21
22    var groundGeom = new THREE.PlaneGeometry(100, 100, 4, 4);
23    var groundMesh = new THREE.Mesh(groundGeom,
        new THREE.MeshBasicMaterial({ color: 0x777777 }));
25    groundMesh.rotation.x = -Math.PI / 2;
    groundMesh.position.y = -20;
27    scene.add(groundMesh);
29
30    var sphereGeometry = new THREE.SphereGeometry(14, 20, 20);
    var cubeGeometry = new THREE.BoxGeometry(15, 15, 15);
31    var planeGeometry = new THREE.PlaneGeometry(14, 14, 4, 4);
33
34    var meshMaterial = new THREE.MeshBasicMaterial({ color: 0x7777ff });
35
36    var sphere = new THREE.Mesh(sphereGeometry, meshMaterial);
37    var cube = new THREE.Mesh(cubeGeometry, meshMaterial);
    var plane = new THREE.Mesh(planeGeometry, meshMaterial);
39
40    // position the sphere
41    sphere.position.x = 0;
    sphere.position.y = 3;
43    sphere.position.z = 2;
45
46    cube.position = sphere.position;
    plane.position = sphere.position;
47
48    // add the sphere to the scene
49    scene.add(cube);
51
52    // position and point the camera to the center of the scene
    camera.position.x = -20;
    camera.position.y = 50;
    camera.position.z = 40;
55    camera.lookAt(new THREE.Vector3(10, 0, 0));
57
58    // add subtle ambient lighting
```

```

59     var ambientLight = new THREE.AmbientLight(0x0c0c0c);
    scene.add(ambientLight);

61     // add spotlight for the shadows
    var spotLight = new THREE.SpotLight(0xffffff);
63     spotLight.position.set(-40, 60, -10);
    spotLight.castShadow = true;
65     scene.add(spotLight);

67     // add the output of the renderer to the html element
    document.getElementById("WebGL-output").appendChild(renderer.domElement);

69

    // call the render function
71     var step = 0;
    var oldContext = null;

73

    var controls = new function () {
75         this.rotationSpeed = 0.02;
        this.bouncingSpeed = 0.03;

77

        this.opacity = meshMaterial.opacity;
79         this.transparent = meshMaterial.transparent;
        this.visible = meshMaterial.visible;
81         this.side = "front";

83

        this.color = meshMaterial.color.getStyle();
        this.wireframe = meshMaterial.wireframe;
85         this.wireframeLinewidth = meshMaterial.wireframeLinewidth;
        this.wireFrameLineJoin = meshMaterial.wireframeLinejoin;

87

        this.selectedMesh = "cube";

89

    };

91

93     var gui = new dat.GUI();

95

97     var spGui = gui.addFolder("Mesh");
    spGui.add(controls, 'opacity', 0, 1).onChange(function (e) {
        meshMaterial.opacity = e
99    });
    spGui.add(controls, 'transparent').onChange(function (e) {
101        meshMaterial.transparent = e
    });
103    spGui.add(controls, 'wireframe').onChange(function (e) {
        meshMaterial.wireframe = e
105    });
    spGui.add(controls, 'wireframeLinewidth', 0, 20).onChange(function (e) {
107        meshMaterial.wireframeLinewidth = e
    });
109    spGui.add(controls, 'visible').onChange(function (e) {
        meshMaterial.visible = e
111    });
    spGui.add(controls, 'side', ["front", "back", "double"]).onChange(function (e) {

113        switch (e) {
115            case "front":
                meshMaterial.side = THREE.FrontSide;
117                break;
            case "back":
                meshMaterial.side = THREE.BackSide;
119                break;
            case "double":
                meshMaterial.side = THREE.DoubleSide;
121

```

```

123         break;
124     }
125     meshMaterial.needsUpdate = true;
126 });
127 spGui.addColor(controls, 'color').onChange(function (e) {
128     meshMaterial.color.setStyle(e)
129 });
130 spGui.add(controls, 'selectedMesh', ["cube", "sphere", "plane"]).onChange(function (e) {
131
132     scene.remove(plane);
133     scene.remove(cube);
134     scene.remove(sphere);
135
136     switch (e) {
137     case "cube":
138         scene.add(cube);
139         break;
140     case "sphere":
141         scene.add(sphere);
142         break;
143     case "plane":
144         scene.add(plane);
145         break;
146     }
147
148     scene.add(e);
149 });
150
151
152 render();
153
154 function render() {
155     stats.update();
156
157     cube.rotation.y = step += 0.01;
158     plane.rotation.y = step;
159     sphere.rotation.y = step;
160
161     // render using requestAnimationFrame
162     requestAnimationFrame(render);
163     renderer.render(scene, camera);
164 }
165
166 function initStats() {
167     var stats = new Stats();
168     stats.setMode(0); // 0: fps, 1: ms
169     // Align top-left
170     stats.domElement.style.position = 'absolute';
171     stats.domElement.style.left = '0px';
172     stats.domElement.style.top = '0px';
173     document.getElementById("Stats-output").appendChild(stats.domElement);
174     return stats;
175 }
176 }
177 window.onload = init;

```

Save both files and load the HTML file into your browser.

2.2 Lambert Shading

Copy 03-basic-mesh-material.html to 03-lambert-mesh-material.html. And change the name of the Javascript file to 03-lambert-mesh-material.js.

Change the material for the object being rendered from `MeshBasicMaterial` to `MeshLambertMaterial`.
Save and load the HTML file into your browser.

2.3 Phong Shading

Copy `03-basic-mesh-material.html` to `03-phong-mesh-material.html`. And change the name of the Javascript file to `03-phong-mesh-material.js`.

Change the material for the object being rendered from `MeshBasicMaterial` to `MeshPhoneMaterial`.
Save and load the HTML file into your browser.

2.4 Your Turn: A Few Experiments

Try the following:

1. Adjust the color of the object being rendered.
2. Change the location of the spotlight and see how the lighting changes from location to location.

3 Submission instructions

Please create a PDF file with the following:

- A screen-shot of both your webapps displayed in the browser.
- HTML and JS files for each webapp

Attach this PDF file to the submission link in Blackboard.