

Printed Name _____ Signature _____

Calculus II Quiz #5

Show your work and clearly label your answers on this quiz. *No scrap paper, calculators, or notes are allowed* (or needed). This quiz is scored out of 100 points. (There are 120 points possible.) You have 60 minutes to complete the quiz.

To get credit on a problem, you *must* show work. Even if you can do the work in your head, the point of these exercises is to get you to articulate your thought processes.

(5+3+2 pts each) For each sequence,

- (a) list the first 5 terms;
- (b) say if the sequence converges (and to what limit) or diverges (and how);
- (c) say if the sequence is: bounded/unbounded, strictly/monotonic increasing/decreasing.

Problem 1 $a_n = \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{3}\right), n \geq 0$

Problem 2 $b_n = \frac{4n^2}{n^2+5}, n \geq 1$

Problem 3 $c_1 = 0.1, c_2 = 3, c_{n+2} = c_n c_{n+1}, n \geq 1$

Problem 4 $d_1 = 1, d_2 = 4, d_{n+2} = d_n d_{n+1}, n \geq 1$

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(5+3+2 pts each) For each series,

- (a) list the first 5 terms in the sequence of partial sums;
- (b) say if the series converges (and to what limit) or diverges (and how);
- (c) say if the series is: bounded/unbounded, strictly/monotonic increasing/decreasing.

Problem 5 $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{2}{5}\right)^n$

Problem 6 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3}{n}$

Problem 7 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3}{2^n}$

Problem 8 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \ln\left(\frac{n}{n+2}\right)$

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(5+5 pts each) For each decimal,

- (a) rewrite the decimal as a geometric series;
- (b) rewrite the decimal as a ratio of whole numbers (in lowest terms).

Problem 9 $0.\overline{45}$

Problem 10 $0.3\overline{2}$

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(4+4+2 pts each)

- (a) Use the integral test to determine if the series converges or diverges.
- (b) Use the comparison test to determine if the series converges or diverges.
- (c) Give the limit, if the series converges; explain the divergence if the series diverges.

Problem 11 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{5}{n^2}$

Problem 12 $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{6n^2-5}{6n^3-15n+2}$