6. Customer Constrains

1. Customer Segment(S)



Who is your customer? i.e. working parents of 0-5 y.o. kids



What constraints prevent your customers from taking action or limit their choices of solutions?

i.e. spending power, budget, no cash, network connection, available devices

Using many sensors is difficult. An unlimited or continuous internet connection is required for success.

5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS



Explore

AS

differentiate

Which solutions are available to the customers when they face the problem. or need to get the job done? What have they tried in the past? What pros & cons do these solutions have? i.e. pen

The irrigation process is automated using IoT. Meteorological data and field parameters were collected processed to automate the irrigation process.

2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS 18-P



Which jobs-to-be-done (or problems) do you address for your customers? There could be more than one; explore different sides.

The customer for this product is a farmer who grows crops. Our goal is to help them, monitor field parameters remotely. This product saves agriculture from extinction.

The cloud is used to store and transmit data using IoT. The Weather API is used to help farmers make decisions. Farmers can make decisions through mobile applications.

9.PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE



CC

What is the real reason that this problem exists? What is the back story behind the need to do this job?

Frequent changes and unpredictable weather and climate made it difficult for farmers to engage in agriculture. These factors play an important role in deciding whether to water your plants. Fields are difficult to monitor when the farmer is not at the field, leading to crop damage.

7. BEHAVIOUR



What does your customer do to address the problem and get the job

i.e. Directly related: find the right solar panel installer, calculate usage and benefits; indirectly associated: customers spend free time on volunteering work (i.e. Greenpeace)

Use a proper drainage system to overcome the effects of excess water from heavy rain. Use of hybrid plants that are resistant to pests.

3. TRIGGERS



W hat triggers customers to act? i.e., seeing their neighbor installing solar panels, reading about a more efficient solution in the news.

Farmers struggle to provide adequate irrigation. Inadequate water supply reduces yields and affects farmers' profit levels. Farmers have a hard time predicting the weather.

4. EMOTION'S: BEFORE / AFTER



How do customers feel when they face a problem of a job and afterwards? i.e. lost, insecure > confident, in control - use it in your communication strategy & design.

BEFORE: Lack of knowledge in weather forecasting → Random decisions → low yield. AFTER: Data from reliable source → correct decision → high yield.

10. YOUR SOLUTION



If you are working on an existing business, write down your current solution first, fill in the canvas, and check how much it fits reality.

Our product collects data from various types of sensors and sends the values to our main server. It also collects weather data from the Weather API. The final decision to irrigate the crop is made by the farmer using a mobile application

8.CHANNELS OF BEHAVIOUR



If you are working on an existing business, write down your current solution first, fill in the canvas, and check how much it fits reality. If you are working on a new business proposition, then keep it blank until you fill in the canvas and come up with a solution that fits within customer limitations, solves a problem and matches customer behavior.

ONLINE: Providing online assistance to the farmer, in providing knowledge regarding the pH and moisture level of the soil. Online assistance to be provided to the user in using the product.

OFFLINE: Awareness camps to be organized to teach the importance and advantages of the automation and IoT in the development of agriculture.