

Threading Issues (Part-2)

Thread Cancellation

Thread cancellation is the task of terminating a thread before it has completed.



If multiple threads are concurrently searching through a database and one thread returns the result, the remaining threads might be canceled.



When a user presses a button on a web browser that stops a web page from loading any further, all threads loading the page are canceled.

A thread that is to be canceled



is often referred to as the **target thread**.



Cancellation of a target thread may occur in two different scenarios:

1. **Asynchronous cancellation:** One thread immediately terminates the target thread.
 2. **Deferred cancellation:** The target thread periodically checks whether it should terminate, allowing it an opportunity to terminate itself in an orderly fashion.
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In situations where:

- Resources have been allocated to a canceled thread
- A thread is canceled while in the midst of updating data it is sharing with other threads.

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With deferred cancellation:

One thread indicates that a target thread is to be canceled.

But cancellation occurs only after the target thread has checked a flag to determine if it should be canceled or not.

This allows a thread to check whether it should be canceled at a point when it can be canceled safely.




```
# include <stdio.h>
```

```
# include <conio.h>
```

```
int main ( )
```

```
{
```

```
if (fork ( ) && fork ( ) )
```

```
fork ( );
```

```
printf ( "engineer" );
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

