

# **Creation and Distribution of a Torrent File in a Peer-to-Peer (P2P) Environment**

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## **1. Introduction**

Peer-to-Peer (P2P) computing is a decentralized communication model where each participant (peer) can act as both a client and a server. BitTorrent is a popular P2P protocol used for efficient file sharing without relying on a central server.

In this experiment, a .torrent file is created using **qBittorrent**, and the file is shared between two peers to demonstrate decentralized file distribution, seeding, downloading, and file integrity verification.

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## **2. Objective**

- To create a .torrent file for a selected file
  - To configure tracker information
  - To seed the file from one peer
  - To download the file from another peer
  - To verify file integrity after download
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## **3. Software and Environment**

### **Component Details**

Torrent Client qBittorrent

Peer 1      Seeder (Original file owner)

Peer 2      Downloader

Tracker      Public UDP Trackers

## Component Details

File Shared B.Tech\_IT.pdf

Network Internet / LAN

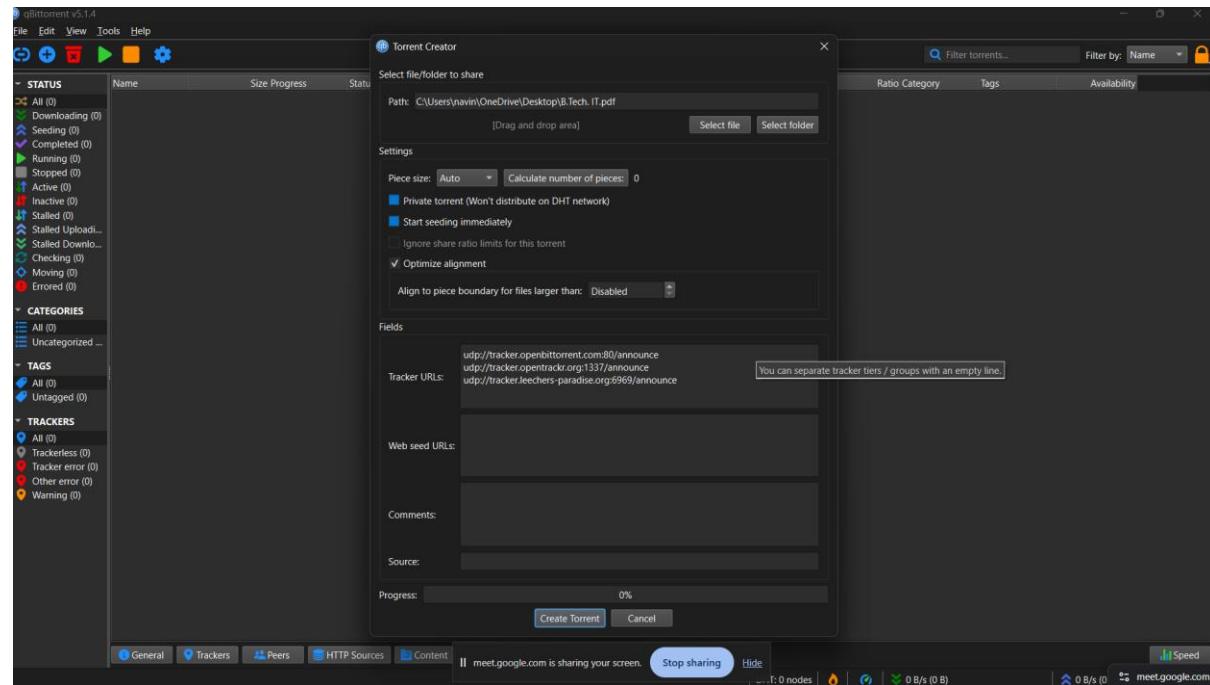
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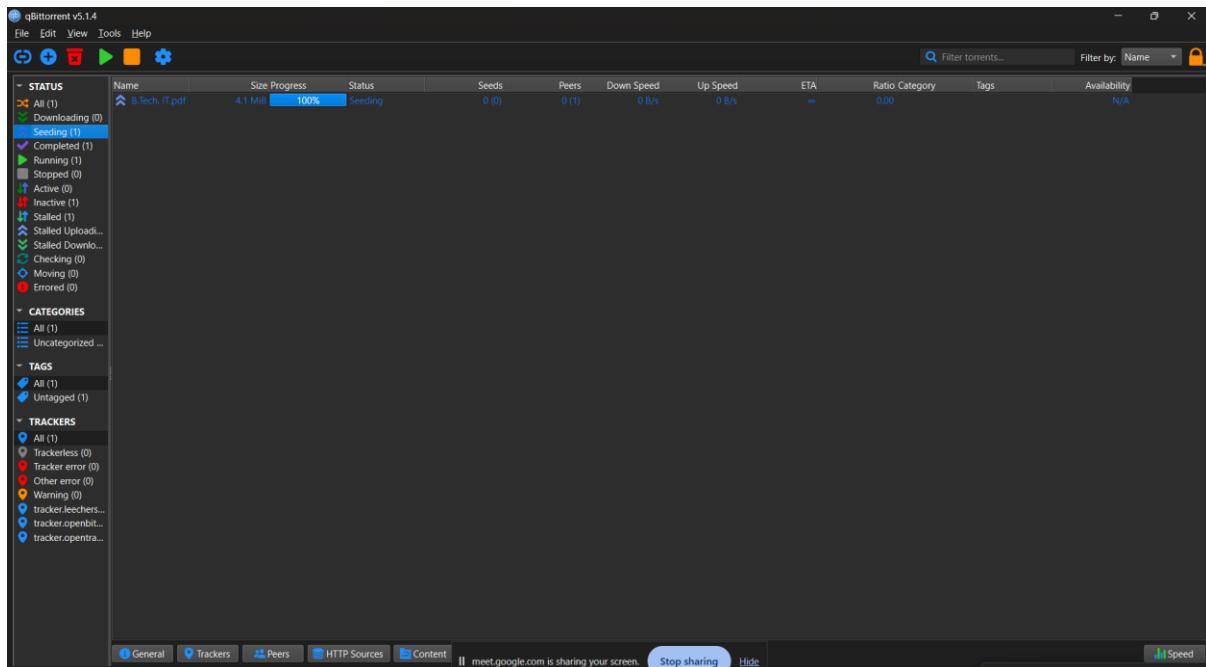
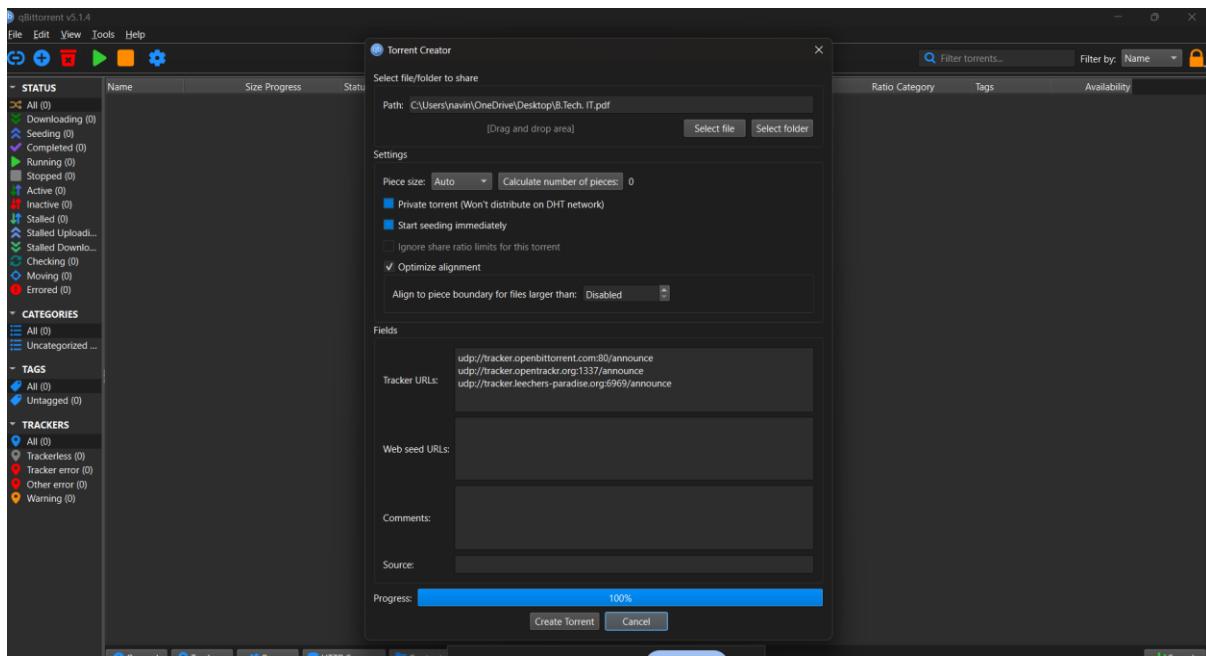
## 4. P2P Architecture

Peer 1 (Seeder) Peer 2 (Downloader)

- No central server stores the file
  - Peers exchange file pieces directly
  - Tracker only helps peers discover each other
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## 5. Torrent Creation Process (Peer 1 – Seeder)





Steps performed:

1. Opened **qBittorrent** → Tools → Torrent Creator
2. Selected the file **B.Tech\_IT.pdf**
3. Added public tracker URLs:
4. **udp://tracker.openbittorrent.com:80/announce**
5. **udp://tracker.opentrackr.org:1337/announce**
6. **udp://tracker.leechers-paradise.org:6969/announce**

7. Clicked **Create Torrent**
  8. .torrent file generated successfully
  9. Torrent started **seeding** (100% progress)
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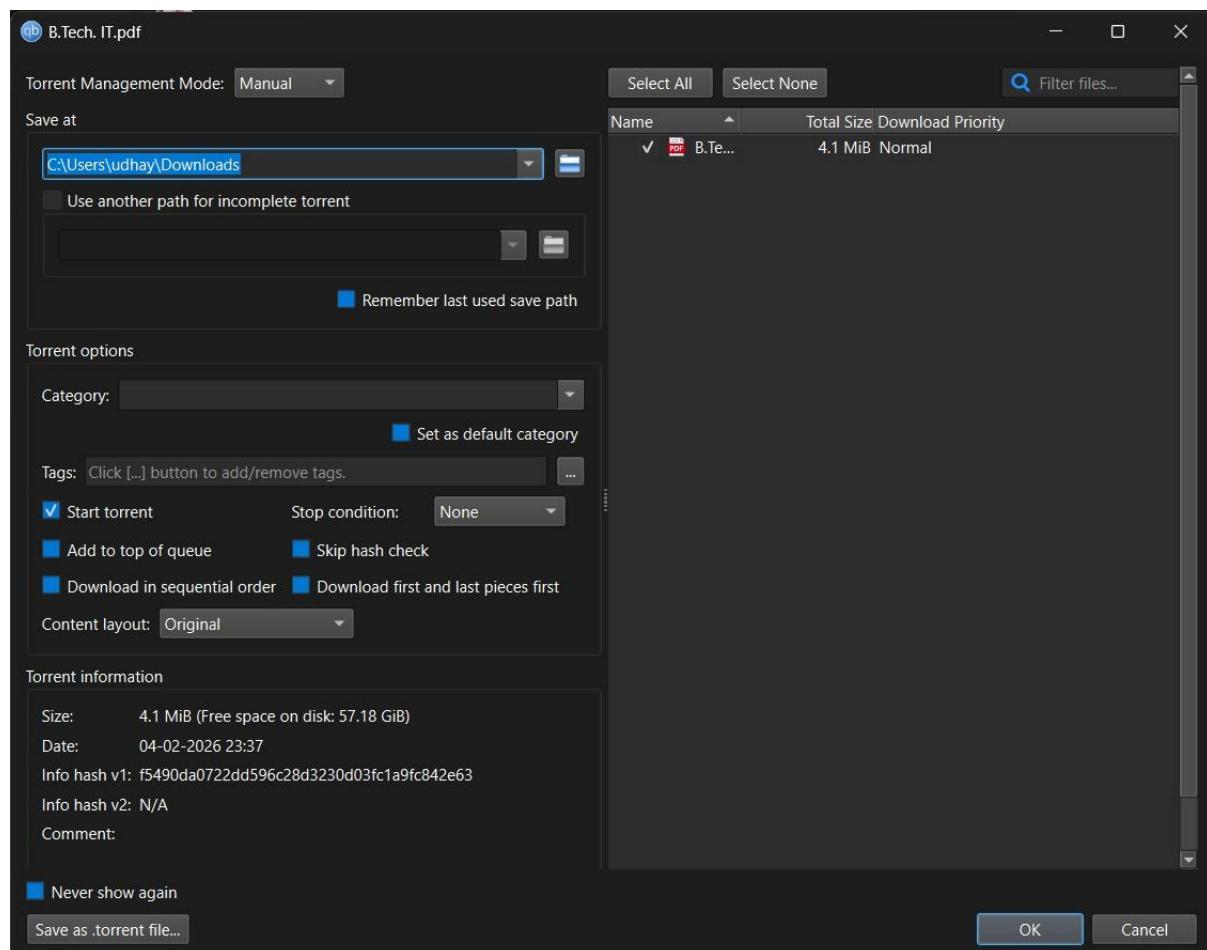
## 6. Tracker Configuration

Trackers are used to help peers find each other.

| Tracker Type        | Purpose                     |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| UDP Public Trackers | Peer discovery              |
| DHT Network         | Decentralized peer lookup   |
| No central server   | Fully decentralized sharing |

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## 7. Torrent Distribution Process (Peer 2 – Downloader)



Steps performed:

1. .torrent file shared with Peer 2
  2. Peer 2 opened the torrent in qBittorrent
  3. Selected download location
  4. Download started from Peer 1 (seeder)
  5. File downloaded completely
  6. qBittorrent automatically verified file integrity (hash check)
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## 8. File Integrity Verification

- BitTorrent divides files into pieces
- Each piece has a hash value
- After download, hashes are verified automatically
- Ensures **no corruption** during transfer

This confirms reliable P2P transfer.

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## 9. Output Observed

| Stage            | Observation                          |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Torrent creation | .torrent file generated              |
| Seeding          | 100% seeding from Peer 1             |
| Downloading      | Peer 2 received file from Peer 1     |
| Verification     | File integrity verified successfully |

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## 10. Advantages of Torrent-Based P2P Sharing

- No central server required
- Efficient bandwidth usage
- Faster downloads using piece sharing
- High reliability due to hash verification
- Scalable with more peers

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## **11. Conclusion**

The torrent file was successfully created and distributed in a P2P environment using qBittorrent. The file was seeded from one peer and downloaded by another peer with complete integrity verification. This experiment demonstrates decentralized file sharing using BitTorrent concepts and highlights the effectiveness of peer-to-peer computing.