

Plotting predictors

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Example: predicting wages

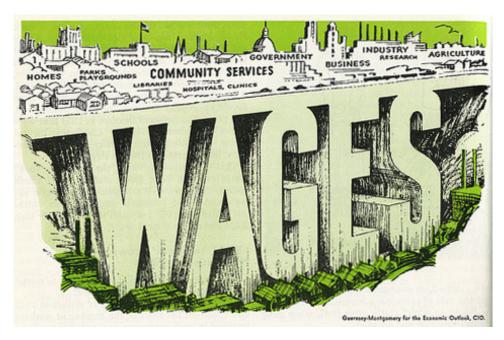


Image Credit http://www.cahs-media.org/the-high-cost-of-low-wages

Data from: ISLR package from the book: Introduction to statistical learning

Example: Wage data

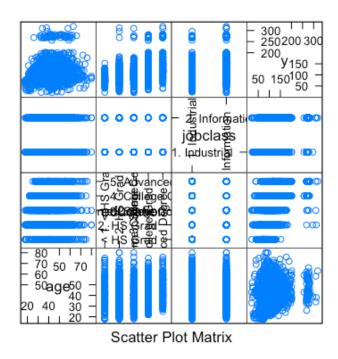
```
library(ISLR); library(ggplot2); library(caret);
data(Wage)
summary(Wage)
```

```
maritl
    year
                  age
                                  sex
                                                                      race
                           1. Male :3000
                                           1. Never Married: 648
                                                                 1. White: 2480
                    :18.0
Min.
      :2003
             Min.
             1st Qu.:33.8
                                           Married
                                                          :2074
                                                                 2. Black: 293
1st Qu.:2004
                           2. Female:
Median :2006
             Median :42.0
                                           3. Widowed
                                                          : 19
                                                                3. Asian: 190
             Mean :42.4
                                           4. Divorced
      :2006
                                                          : 204
                                                                 4. Other: 37
Mean
3rd Qu.:2008
             3rd Qu.:51.0
                                           Separated
                                                          : 55
      :2009
             Max.
                  :80.0
Max.
           education
                                                                                health
                                       region
                                                          jobclass
                                          :3000
1. < HS Grad
                     Middle Atlantic
                                                 1. Industrial :1544 1. <=Good
                :268
                                                                                   : 858
                :971 1. New England
                                                 2. Information:1456 2. >=Very Good:2142
                                     : 0
2. HS Grad
3. Some College
                :650
                     3. East North Central:
4. College Grad
                :685
                     4. West North Central:
5. Advanced Degree: 426
                      5. South Atlantic
                       6. East South Central:
                       (Other)
                                              0
 health ins
               logwage
                               wage
1. Yes:2083
            Min. :3.00 Min. : 20.1
                                                                                          3/14
2. No: 917
            1st Qu.:4.45 1st Qu.: 85.4
```

Get training/test sets

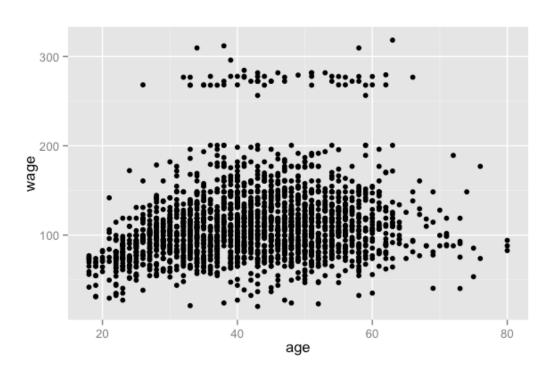
```
[1] 898 12
```

Feature plot (caret package)



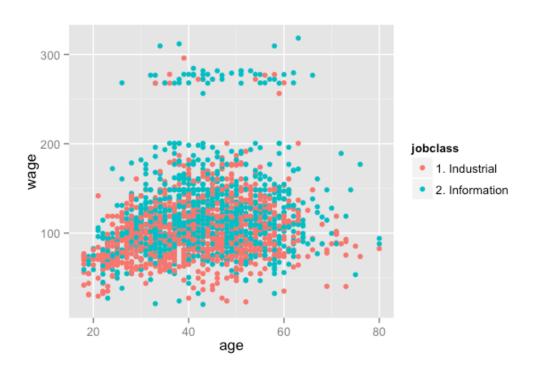
Qplot (*ggplot2* package)

qplot(age,wage,data=training)



Qplot with color (*ggplot2* **package)**

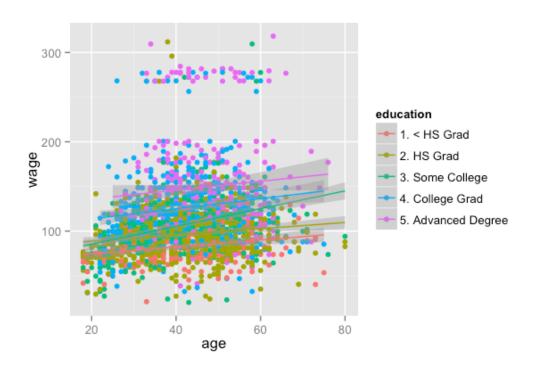
qplot(age,wage,colour=jobclass,data=training)



Add regression smoothers (ggplot2 package)

```
qq <- qplot(age,wage,colour=education,data=training)</pre>
```

qq + geom_smooth(method='lm',formula=y~x)

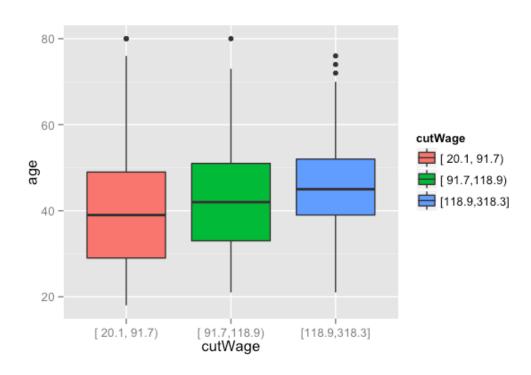


cut2, making factors (*Hmisc* package)

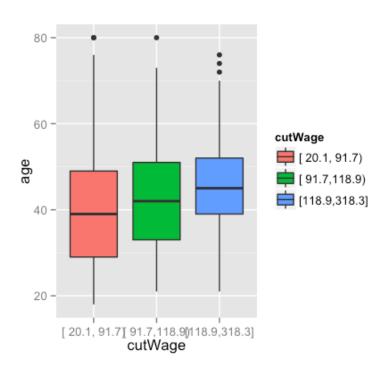
```
cutWage <- cut2(training$wage,g=3)
table(cutWage)</pre>
```

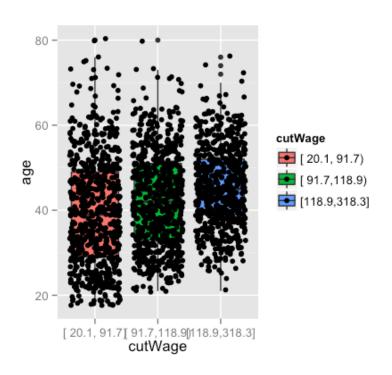
```
cutWage
[ 20.1, 91.7) [ 91.7,118.9) [118.9,318.3]
704 725 673
```

Boxplots with cut2



Boxplots with points overlayed





Tables

```
t1 <- table(cutWage,training$jobclass)
t1
```

```
      cutWage
      1. Industrial 2. Information

      [ 20.1, 91.7)
      437
      267

      [ 91.7,118.9)
      365
      360

      [118.9,318.3]
      263
      410
```

```
prop.table(t1,1)
```

```
      cutWage
      1. Industrial 2. Information

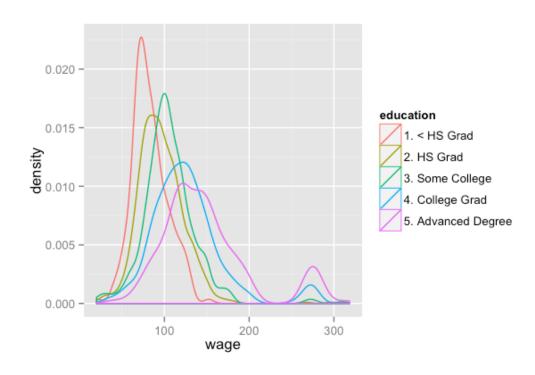
      [ 20.1, 91.7)
      0.6207
      0.3793

      [ 91.7,118.9)
      0.5034
      0.4966

      [118.9,318.3]
      0.3908
      0.6092
```

Density plots

qplot(wage,colour=education,data=training,geom="density")



Notes and further reading

- Make your plots only in the training set
 - Don't use the test set for exploration!
- Things you should be looking for
 - Imbalance in outcomes/predictors
 - Outliers
 - Groups of points not explained by a predictor
 - Skewed variables
- ggplot2 tutorial
- caret visualizations