

Conditional Distributions

- Conditional distributions are probability distributions over some variables given fixed values of others

Conditional Distributions

$$P(W|T = hot)$$

W	P
sun	0.8
rain	0.2

$$P(W|T = cold)$$

W	P
sun	0.4
rain	0.6

$$P(W|T)$$

Joint Distribution

$$P(T, W)$$

T	W	P
hot	sun	0.4
hot	rain	0.1
cold	sun	0.2
cold	rain	0.3



Normalization Trick

$P(T, W)$

T	W	P
hot	sun	0.4
hot	rain	0.1
cold	sun	0.2
cold	rain	0.3

$$\begin{aligned}P(W = s|T = c) &= \frac{P(W = s, T = c)}{P(T = c)} \\&= \frac{P(W = s, T = c)}{P(W = s, T = c) + P(W = r, T = c)} \\&= \frac{0.2}{0.2 + 0.3} = 0.4\end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}P(W = r|T = c) &= \frac{P(W = r, T = c)}{P(T = c)} \\&= \frac{P(W = r, T = c)}{P(W = s, T = c) + P(W = r, T = c)} \\&= \frac{0.3}{0.2 + 0.3} = 0.6\end{aligned}$$

$P(W|T = c)$

W	P
sun	0.4
rain	0.6



Normalization Trick

$P(T, W)$

T	W	P
hot	sun	0.4
hot	rain	0.1
cold	sun	0.2
cold	rain	0.3

SELECT the joint probabilities matching the evidence



$P(c, W)$

T	W	P
cold	sun	0.2
cold	rain	0.3

NORMALIZE the selection (make it sum to one)



$P(W|T = c)$

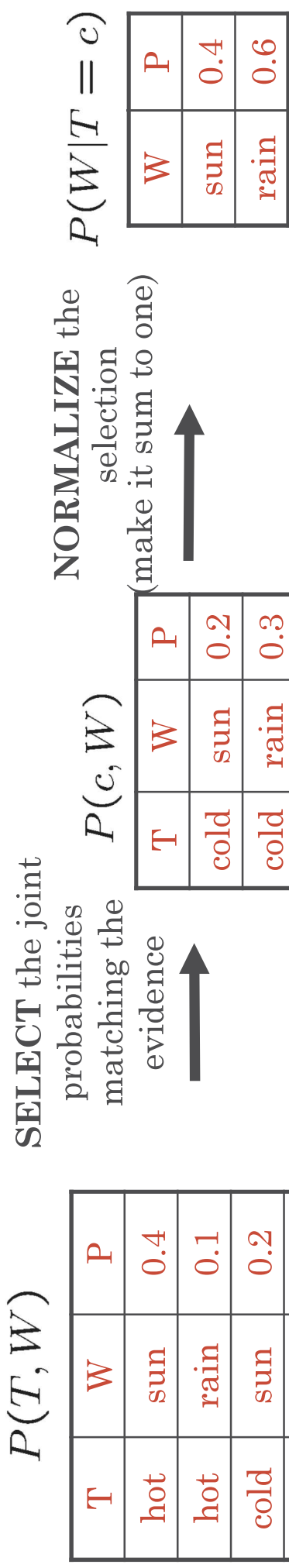
W	P
sun	0.4
rain	0.6

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(W = s|T = c) &= \frac{P(W = s, T = c)}{P(T = c)} \\
 &= \frac{P(W = s, T = c)}{P(W = s, T = c) + P(W = r, T = c)} \\
 &= \frac{0.2}{0.2 + 0.3} = 0.4
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(W = r|T = c) &= \frac{P(W = r, T = c)}{P(T = c)} \\
 &= \frac{P(W = r, T = c)}{P(W = s, T = c) + P(W = r, T = c)} \\
 &= \frac{0.3}{0.2 + 0.3} = 0.6
 \end{aligned}$$



Normalization Trick



- Why does this work? Sum of selection is $P(\text{evidence})!$ ($P(T=c)$, here)

$$P(x_1|x_2) = \frac{P(x_1, x_2)}{P(x_2)} = \frac{P(x_1, x_2)}{\sum_{x_1} P(x_1, x_2)}$$

